IDENTIFICATION AND QUANTITATIVE DETERMINATION OF STEROIDAL COMPOUNDS IN THE PLANT MATERIAL OF CABBAGE

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Cabbage leaves are also used in folk medicine against various diseases. The leaves, roots, stumps, and seeds of the plant are used as a mixture with honey in lung tuberculosis, in liver disturbances, in peptic ulcer of the stomach and duodenum, in ulcerative colitis, as well as in treatment and prevention of atherosclerosis [4]. The decoction of the seeds is used for gout, pain in the joints, as an antiseptic and a diuretic. Folk medicine recommends that fresh leaves of cabbage can be applied to purulent wounds and ulcers, to the mamma-}

1. Introduction

The study of crops as sources of medicinal preparations obtaining on their basis is actual for pharmacy nowadays. Cabbage (Brassica oleracea L.) is a member of the family Brassicaceae (or Cruciferae). In Ukraine it is grown as a vegetable culture, which has a sufficient raw material base and a big number of varieties. The complex of compounds contained in cabbage gives it many pharmacotherapeutic properties.

In folk medicine of the West and the East cabbage has long been used against various diseases. The leaves, roots, stumps, and seeds of the plant are use [1]. Cabbage juice is prescribed for gastritis and peptic ulcer of the stomach and duodenum, in ulcerative colitis, as well as in a mixture with honey in lung tuberculosis, in liver disor-
expediency of using cabbage in medical practice is confirmed after its experimentally proved anti-ulcer properties [2, 3].

2. Formulation of the problem in a general way, the relevance of the theme and its connection with important scientific and practical issues

Many diseases are accompanied by inflammatory processes. It is known that anti-inflammatory activity is exhibited by such a class of biologically active compounds as steroids.

It has been established that in addition to anti-inflammatory activity, phytosterols exhibit strong anti-sclerotic activity [5, 6]. Investigation of plant sterols conducted in Finland, showed the presence of hypoglycemic effect of these compounds [7]. It has been established that the use of products containing phytosterols significantly reduces the risk of heart diseases [8, 9] and oncological diseases [2]. According to the literature data, in the medicine of different nations the raw materials of plants of the cabbage family are used to treat diseases that are accompanied by inflammatory processes [10, 11]. Cabbage is one of the most valuable food products, which has always been considered as an effective and at the same time harmless therapeutic agent that increases the body's resistance to various diseases. Therefore, the study of steroidal compounds in leaves, seeds and stumps of cabbage can be expedient for their comprehensive study.

3. Analysis of recent research and publications

The analysis of literary sources showed that the cabbage reveals multi-vector pharmacological activity, in particular anti-inflammatory, antibacterial, expectorant, bronchodilatory, diuretic, general strengthening activity [11]. The plant contains carbohydrates, proteins, organic acids, sugars, vitamins, carotene, fatty acids, amino acids, cellulose, macro- and micro-elements, and other compounds [4, 10, 12]. The information on the study of steroidal compounds of cabbage is rather limited in available literature. Therefore, their study in the leaves, seeds and stumps of cabbage of the investigated varieties is of current interest.

4. Identification of aspects of the problem unsolved previously

In Ukraine, cabbage is not a pharmacopoeial plant. A detailed phytochemical study of leaves, seeds and stumps of cabbage, in particular steroidal compounds that exhibit anticancer and anti-inflammatory action, is necessary for the expansion of the range of medicinal plant material [2, 13].

5. Formulation of article’s tasks

For the purpose of in-depth study the qualitative composition and quantitative content of steroidal compounds was determined by the GC/MS method in leaves, seeds and stumps of cabbage of "Snow White", "Ukrainian Autumn" and "Yaroslavna" varieties as they are included in the State Register of Plant Varieties, suitable for distribution in Ukraine, and are more widely cultivated in its territory.

6. Presentation of the main material of the research (methods and objects) with the justification of the results

The objects of the study were the leaves, seeds and stumps of white cabbage of "Snow White", "Ukrainian Autumn" and "Yaroslavna" varieties cultivated and harvested at the sites of the Institute of vegetables and gourd plantation of NAAS in 2016 in Kharkiv region.

The identification and quantification of steroidal compounds were carried out using gas chromatography / mass spectrometry (GC/MS) according to the procedure outlined below [14].

0.05 g of crushed raw material was placed in 2 ml vial, with adding 50 μg of tridecane as an internal standard and 0.6 ml of methylene chloride as a solvent. Vial was maintained for 3 h in an ultrasonic extractor or overnight at room temperature. The obtained extract was transferred to a vial of 2 ml volume and concentrated by blowing with a flow of particularly pure nitrogen (flow rate of 100 ml/min) to a residual extract volume of 10 μl. The introduction of the sample into a chromatographic column was carried out without separating the flow for 0.5 minutes, which allowed the sample to be introduced without loss separation and significantly increase the chromatographic sensitivity (in 10–20 times).

The experiment was conducted on chromatograph Agilent Technologies (USA) 6890 with a mass spectrometric detector 5973 with capillary column DB-5 (diameter 0.25 mm, length – 30 m). The velocity of the carrier gas (helium) was 1.2 ml/min. The temperature of the inlet heater was 350 °C, the temperature of the thermostat was programmed from 50 °C to 320 °C at a rate of 4 deg/min.

The components were identified using NIST05 and WILEY 2007 mass spectrum libraries with a total of 470000 spectra in combination with programs for identifying AMDIS and NIST. Quantitative content of steroids (X, mg/kg) was determined by the method of internal standards by the formula:

\[ X = \frac{P_1 \cdot 50}{P_2 \cdot m}, \]

where \( P_1 \) is the area of the peak of the studied substance; 50 – the mass of the internal standard introduced as a sample, μg; \( P_2 \) – the area of the peak of the standard; m – weight of raw materials, g.

Chromatograms of steroidal compounds in the leaves, seeds and stumps of cabbage are shown in Fig. 1–3. Results of determining the quantitative content of steroid compounds in the raw material of the studied plant are presented in Table. 1.
Fig. 1. Gas chromatograms of the determination of steroidal compounds of plant material of cabbage of "Snow White" variety: a – leaves; b – seeds; c – stumps
Fig. 2. Gas chromatograms of the determination of steroidal compounds of plant material of cabbage of "Ukrainian Autumn" variety: $a$ – leaves; $b$ – seeds; $c$ – stumps
Fig. 3. Gas chromatograms of the determination of steroidal compounds of plant material of cabbage of "Yaroslavna" variety: \(a\) – leaves; \(b\) – seeds; \(c\) – stumps
According to research results, 5 compounds of steroidal nature were identified in the cabbage plant material. In the leaves of "Snow White" cabbage variety 3 steroidal compounds were observed, in "Ukrainian Autumn" and "Yaroslavna" varieties – 4 compounds. The presence of 4 compounds of steroidal nature was determined in the seeds of "Snow White" cabbage, "Ukrainian Autumn" and "Yaroslavna" varieties – 3 compounds. Three types of steroidal compounds have been found in the stumps of all varieties.

As can be seen from the data in the table, the highest content of steroidal compounds was observed in the leaves and seeds of cabbage of "Yaroslavna" variety and comprised 4035.00 mg/kg and 3041.00 mg/kg, respectively. A somewhat lower content of these compounds was found in the "Ukrainian Autumn" stumps, which was 1672.00 mg/kg. The highest content of steroidal compounds was observed in the stumps of cabbage of "Ukrainian Autumn" variety (1672.00 mg/kg). The compound β-sitosterol dominated by content in all varieties of investigated raw materials, that is, in leaves, seeds and stumps of the studied varieties. The ergosta-5,22-dien-3-ol compound was detected only in the seeds of the studied varieties. The ergosta-5,22-dien-3-ol compound comprised 4035.00 mg/kg and 3041.00 mg/kg, respectively. A somewhat lower content of these compounds was found in the "Ukrainian Autumn" stumps, which was 1672.00 mg/kg. The highest content of steroidal compounds was observed in the stumps of cabbage of "Ukrainian Autumn" variety (1672.00 mg/kg). The compound β-sitosterol dominated by content in all varieties of investigated raw materials, that is, in leaves, seeds and stumps of the studied varieties. The ergosta-5,22-dien-3-ol compound was detected only in the seeds of the studied varieties. The ergosta-5,22-dien-3-ol compound comprised 4035.00 mg/kg and 3041.00 mg/kg, respectively. A somewhat lower content of these compounds was found in the "Ukrainian Autumn" stumps, which was 1672.00 mg/kg. The highest content of steroidal compounds was observed in the stumps of cabbage of "Ukrainian Autumn" variety (1672.00 mg/kg). The compound β-sitosterol dominated by content in all varieties of investigated raw materials, that is, in leaves, seeds and stumps of the studied varieties. The ergosta-5,22-dien-3-ol compound was detected only in the seeds of the studied varieties. The ergosta-5,22-dien-3-ol compound comprised 4035.00 mg/kg and 3041.00 mg/kg, respectively. A somewhat lower content of these compounds was found in the "Ukrainian Autumn" stumps, which was 1672.00 mg/kg. The highest content of steroidal compounds was observed in the stumps of cabbage of "Ukrainian Autumn" variety (1672.00 mg/kg).

It should be noted that the total quantity of steroids in the raw material of cabbage of "Snow White" variety dominated in seeds (784.00 mg/kg) and stumps (309.00 mg/kg), for "Ukrainian Autumn" varieties in the leaves (1430.00 mg/kg) and stumps (1672.00 mg/kg), for "Yaroslavna" variety – in the leaves (4035.00 mg/kg) and seeds (3041.00 mg/kg).

7. Conclusions

The article presents the results of experimental research on the identification and determination of the quantitative content of steroidal compounds in leaves, seeds and stumps of cabbage of "Snow White", "Ukrainian Autumn" and "Yaroslavna" Varieties.

1. Using the method of gas chromatography/mass spectrometry steroidal compounds in the raw material of cabbage were identified: in the leaves of "Snow White" variety – 3 compounds, in the leaves of "Ukrainian Autumn" and "Yaroslavna" varieties – 4 compounds, in the seeds of "Snow White" variety – 4 compounds of steroidal nature, in the seeds of "Ukrainian Autumn" and "Yaroslavna" varieties – 3 compounds, in the stumps of all varieties the presence of 3 steroids is established. All kinds of investigated raw materials contained β-sitosterol and campsterol.

2. Quantitative content of steroidal compounds in the studied samples of plant material was determined. It was found that β-sitosterol dominated by content in all investigated raw materials.

3. The obtained experimental data can be used in the development of quality control methods for plant materials of cabbage of "White Snow", "Ukrainian Autumn" and "Yaroslavna" varieties.

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### Table 1

| Compound | Leaves | Seeds | Stumps |
|----------|--------|-------|--------|
| Retention time, min | Content, mg/kg | Retention time, min | Content, mg/kg | Retention time, min | Content, mg/kg |
| Ergosta-5,22-dien-3-ol | 19.80 | 469.00 | 19.82 | 531.00 | 19.85 | 623.00 | 19.90 | 623.00 | 19.86 | 623.00 |
| Campsterol | 21.89 | 34.00 | 21.90 | 315.00 | 21.90 | 532.00 | 19.09 | 147.00 | 19.07 | 252.00 | 19.09 | 600.00 |
| β-Sitosterol | 20.88 | 185.00 | 20.90 | 752.00 | 20.90 | 489.00 | 20.93 | 440.00 | 20.94 | 485.00 | 20.96 | 378.00 | 20.99 | 252.00 | 21.89 | 2148.00 | 20.95 | 224.00 |
| Amyrin | 20.88 | 185.00 | 20.90 | 752.00 | 20.90 | 489.00 | 20.93 | 440.00 | 20.94 | 485.00 | 20.96 | 378.00 | 20.99 | 252.00 | 21.89 | 2148.00 | 20.95 | 224.00 |

Quantitative content of steroidal compounds in the leaves, seeds and stumps of cabbage

| Compound | Amount of identified compounds, mg/kg |
|----------|--------------------------------------|
| Ergosta-5,22-dien-3-ol | 258.00 |
| Campsterol | 1430.00 |
| β-Sitosterol | 4035.00 |
| Amyrin | 784.00 |
| Ergosta-5,22-dien-3-ol | 3041.00 |
| Campsterol | 323.00 |
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