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EFFECTS OF PROPOLIS EXTRACT AND PROPOLIS CANDIES AGAINST Candida albicans ATCC 10231 GROWTH

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ABSTRACT

Objectives: This research was aimed at analyzing the effect of propolis extract and candies on Candida albicans growth.

Methods: After C. albicans was exposed to propolis extract and candies, the minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) and minimum bactericidal concentration (MBC) were determined using spectrophotometry, and post-exposure colonies of C. albicans were counted.

Results: The MIC of propolis extract against C. albicans was determined to be 10% and MBC to be 15%. Furthermore, C. albicans colonies were decreased after propolis extract and candies exposure.

Conclusions: Propolis extract and candies were effective to inhibit C. albicans growth.

Keywords: Candida albicans, Candy, Extract, Propolis.

INTRODUCTION

Candidiasis is an oral soft tissue disease. Candidiasis is an infection which happens because of a fungal growth called Candida. The Candida species is mostly found in the oral cavity, and the one that causes candidiasis is Candida albicans [1]. Propolis is known as an antifungal agent. The previous study has found that propolis has the same effectivity as nystatin antifungal [2]. Propolis is a natural ingredient produced by bees. Propolis is composed of 55% resin and balm such as flavonoid, fenol acid, and caffeic acid phenylethyl ester; 30% beeswax; 10% essential oil; and 5% pollen [3]. One active biochemical substance in propolis is flavonoid, which acts as an antibacterial, antifungal, antiviral, and anti-inflammation agent. There is another bee product besides propolis that contains flavonoid: Honey. However, compared to honey, propolis has the highest antimicrobial activity [4].

Many studies about propolis usage in dentistry have been done, such as the usage of propolis as the base of mouthwash, base of toothpaste, and as a wound healer. Currently, a candy product that contains propolis is being developed and is differentiated by the type of the sweetener used, which is sucrose or palm sugar. Palm sugar is used as a substitute because it contains a lower level of sucrose. Some in vitro studies found that propolis can inhibit C. albicans growth [1,2,4]. However, there is no research about the effect of propolis and propolis candies against C. albicans growth. This research aims to test the propolis extract and candies made by Universitas Indonesia, which contain honey propolis with sucrose sweetener and palm sugar sweetener, and their effect against C. albicans growth.

METHODS

This research was an in vitro laboratory experiment. The samples used were C. albicans ATCC 10231. The C. albicans hatching media used were sterilized using Sabouraud Dextrose Agar (SDA) and Sabouraud Dextrose Broth (SDB). First, propolis extract was diluted using glycerin to obtain propolis extract with different concentrations. The propolis extract concentrations that were used in this research were 0.5%, 1%, 5%, 10%, 15%, and 20%. Then, tubes containing propolis extract in different concentrations were saved in a refrigerator in 4°C until the time we wished to use them. The propolis candies used were propolis candies containing artificial sucrose made by Universitas Indonesia, which contain 5% propolis extract, 3% honey, 41% glucose syrup, 41% sugar, and 10% water; propolis candies containing artificial palm sugar made by Universitas Indonesia, which contain 5% propolis extract, 41% glucose syrup, 41% palm sugar, and 10% water; and X propolis candies, which are throat lozenges available in the market and contain propolis powder, lactitol, polydextrose, vanilla powder, licorice, menthol crystal, acesulfame-K, soy lecithin, and a flavoring agent. Each candy was crushed using a mortar. After they become powder, they were measured using an OHOUS scale to get 4 g of candies. Then, they were filtered using a syringe filter (sartorius 0.22 µL) to get sterilized candy liquid.

The minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) was determined using spectrophotometry. A suspension of 100 µl of C. albicans at a 10^-4 concentration was inserted into a 96-well plate. Then, 100 µl of propolis extract at different concentrations were added. Blank samples, which are samples that contained only propolis extract in each concentration and SDB medium without fungi, were prepared. The plates were anaerobically incubated at 37°C for 48 hrs. After incubation was finished, the optical density (OD) score was read using a microplate reader with a 450 nm wavelength. The inhibition score was stated in percentages. From the 96-well plates containing C. albicans suspensions that had been exposed with propolis extract, 10 µl was taken and inserted into the SDA hatching medium. Then, they were incubated at 37°C for 48 hrs. After incubation finished, fungal colonies were counted. The MIC was counted based on the number of bacteria colonies in SDA medium. About 10 µl of C. albicans that had been exposed to the propolis candies were taken and inserted into the SDA medium. The C. albicans had been exposed to the honey propolis liquid candy containing sucrose, the honey propolis candy containing palm sugar, and the X propolis candy. Then, they were incubated in 37°C for 48 hrs. After incubation finished, fungal colonies were counted.

RESULTS

In this research, 0.5%, 1%, 5%, 10%, 15%, and 20% propolis extract concentrations were used. The results showed that the inhibition score against C. albicans ATCC 10231 increased as the concentration of propolis extract used increased (Table 1).
From Table 1, it can be seen that the 15% concentration propolis extract had the highest mean inhibition score, which was 143.33% (±8.97). ANOVA tests were done to obtain the significance score of the propolis extract in different concentrations compared with the controlled inhibition score without propolis extract, and p<0.025 was acquired in every concentration. Then, the MIC score was determined if the inhibition score reached ≥ 90% and looked visually clear. Based on this research, the 10% concentration propolis extract with a mean inhibition score of 102% (±4.58) was determined to be the propolis extract MIC. Fungal colonies of *C. albicans* ATCC 10231 that had been exposed to the different concentrations of propolis extract (0.5%, 1%, 5%, 10%, 15%, and 20%) were then counted. The number of fungal colonies can be seen in Table 2.

From Table 2, it can be seen that there were a decreasing number of colonies after exposure to the different concentrations of propolis extract compared with the controlled group without the propolis extract. The 0.5% concentration of propolis extract had the highest mean number of colonies, which was $1.10 \times 10^4$ (±13.55). The 15% concentration of propolis extract had the lowest number of colonies, which was 0. ANOVA tests were done to compare each propolis extract concentration to the number of *C. albicans* colonies that grow. They showed a statistically significant difference (p<0.025). The minimum bactericidal concentration (MBC) score could be determined if there were no fungal colonies growing in certain concentration. Based on the earlier findings, we can see that the 15% concentration was the MBC score.

Table 1: Propolis extract inhibition score against *C. albicans* ATCC 10231

| Controlled inhibition score without propolis extract (%) | Propolis extract concentration (%) | Sample | Inhibition score (%) | Inhibition score mean (%)±SD | p-value against controlled sample without propolis extract |
|----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| 0                                                        | 0.5                               | 1      | 28                   | 29±2.64                     | 0.000*                                                   |
|                                                          |                                   | 2      | 27                   |                             |                                                          |
|                                                          |                                   | 3      | 32                   |                             |                                                          |
| 0                                                        | 1                                 | 1      | 62                   | 68.66±9.06                  | 0.000*                                                   |
|                                                          |                                   | 2      | 65                   |                             |                                                          |
|                                                          |                                   | 3      | 78.98                |                             |                                                          |
| 0                                                        | 5                                 | 1      | 89                   | 89.66±1.89                  | 0.000*                                                   |
|                                                          |                                   | 2      | 88                   |                             |                                                          |
|                                                          |                                   | 3      | 91.66                |                             |                                                          |
| 0                                                        | 10                                | 1      | 107                  | 102±4.58                    | 0.000*                                                   |
|                                                          |                                   | 2      | 98                   |                             |                                                          |
|                                                          |                                   | 3      | 101                  |                             |                                                          |
| 0                                                        | 15                                | 1      | 133.56               | 143.33±8.97                 | 0.000*                                                   |
|                                                          |                                   | 2      | 145.23               |                             |                                                          |
|                                                          |                                   | 3      | 151.2                |                             |                                                          |
| 0                                                        | 20                                | 1      | 129.31               | 130.3±1.23                  | 0.000*                                                   |
|                                                          |                                   | 2      | 131.70               |                             |                                                          |
|                                                          |                                   | 3      | 129.98               |                             |                                                          |

*C. albicans: Candida albicans.* *Significant value p<0.025*

Table 2: Number of *C. albicans* ATCC 10231 colonies after exposure to propolis extract in different concentrations

| Controlled *C. albicans* colonies count (10⁴ cell/ml) without propolis extract | Propolis extract concentration (%) | Sample | Candida albicans colonies (10⁴ cell/ml) | Mean Candida albicans colonies (10⁴ cell/ml) ± SD | p value against controlled group without propolis extract* |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| 1460                                                                         | 0.5                               | 1      | 110                                    | 110±13.55                                       | 0.1                                                      |
|                                                                              |                                   | 2      | 97                                     |                                                 |                                                          |
|                                                                              |                                   | 3      | 124                                    |                                                 |                                                          |
|                                                                              | 1                                 | 1      | 86                                     | 85±2.78                                         | 0.080                                                   |
|                                                                              |                                   | 2      | 92                                     |                                                 |                                                          |
|                                                                              |                                   | 3      | 78                                     |                                                 |                                                          |
|                                                                              | 5                                 | 1      | 56                                     | 50±3.92                                         | 0.070                                                   |
|                                                                              |                                   | 2      | 44                                     |                                                 |                                                          |
|                                                                              |                                   | 3      | 49                                     |                                                 |                                                          |
|                                                                              | 10                                | 1      | 31                                     | 26±4.15                                         | 0.050                                                   |
|                                                                              |                                   | 2      | 22                                     |                                                 |                                                          |
|                                                                              |                                   | 3      | 26                                     |                                                 |                                                          |
|                                                                              | 15                                | 1      | 0                                      | 0                                                | 0.000                                                   |
|                                                                              |                                   | 2      | 0                                      |                                                 |                                                          |
|                                                                              |                                   | 3      | 0                                      |                                                 |                                                          |
|                                                                              | 20                                | 1      | 0                                      | 0                                                | 0.000                                                   |
|                                                                              |                                   | 2      | 0                                      |                                                 |                                                          |
|                                                                              |                                   | 3      | 0                                      |                                                 |                                                          |

*C. albicans: Candida albicans.* *Significant value p<0.025*
palm sugar, the number of *C. albicans* colonies were 1300×10^4. Based on the findings in Table 3, there was a decreasing number of *C. albicans* colonies after exposure to the candies, but statistical analysis showed that there was no statistically significant difference (p>0.025) between the effects of the different propolis candies on the number of *C. albicans* ATCC10231 colonies.

### DISCUSSION

In this research, the MIC score for propolis extract against *C. albicans* was the 10% concentration. The minimum killing concentration score attained was the 15% concentration. However, in the 20% concentration, there was a decrease in the inhibition score compared with the 15% concentration. In the propolis extract MIC test against *C. albicans*, there was fluctuation in the concentrations scores. This was because the extract consistency in the 20% concentration was higher than that of the 15% concentration, which affected the OD score when read using a microplate reader. There was a decrease in the number of *C. albicans* ATCC 10231 colonies as the propolis extract concentration increased. This finding parallels research done by Al-Daamy (2015), which tested the effectiveness of many concentrations of propolis against *Candida sp.*. Based on the results found in this research, it can be seen that *C. albicans* is the most reactive fungus to propolis. [5]

Based on the results found in this research, it can be seen that propolis has an effect against *C. albicans* growth. Propolis can obstruct *C. albicans* growth because its active ingredient is flavonoid. This obstruction of growth probably happens because the flavonoid clusters contained in propolis are the same as antifungal agents such as nystatin. Flavonoid, as the active ingredient contained in propolis, is a phenol substance with an −OH cluster, which can be found in nystatin. Phenol substances can inhibit microbes' growth by their penetrative ability. Phenol can bond with the cellular membrane *C. albicans* by producing a hydrogen bond between its hydroxyl group and protein in the cellular membrane. This mechanism then creates an imbalance in the permeability of the cellular membrane. It causes cellular leakage and death. The propolis antifungal mechanism starts with contact between propolis and *C. albicans*. Propolis then inhibits the formation of germ tubes from *C. albicans*, preventing the transition of spores to mycelium. After *C. albicans* is incubated with propolis, vacuolization can be seen, and there are changes and disruptions from the outermost part of the spores, which then causes *C. albicans* intracellular material to come out. This disrupts cellular division and *C. albicans* replication, so *C. albicans* cannot make colonies [9,10]. This research found that 15% concentration propolis extract is effective in killing *C. albicans* ATCC 10231. Meanwhile, exposure to X propolis candy, propolis candy containing palm sugar, and propolis candy containing sucrose showed that propolis candy containing palm sugar was more effective in decreasing *C. albicans* ATCC 10231 growth. The hypothesis in this research was that propolis extract could inhibit *C. albicans* ATCC 10231 growth and that different types of propolis candies could decrease *C. albicans* ATCC 10231 colonies. Based on the results of this research, we can conclude that the hypothesis was accepted.

### CONCLUSION

Propolis extracts were effective in inhibiting *C. albicans* ATCC 10231 growth, as shown with a MIC score of 10% and a MBC of 15%. In addition, propolis-containing candies, such as propolis candy containing sucrose, propolis candy containing palm sugar, and X propolis candy, effectively decreased the growth of *C. albicans* AT 10231 colonies.

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### Table 3: Number of *C. albicans* ATCC 10231 colonies after exposure to different propolis candies

| Treatment types                  | C. albicans colonies count (10⁴ cell/ml) | C. albicans colonies amount (10⁴ cell/ml) | p-value against controlled group without propolis candies |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| 1850                            | Sucrose propolis candy                  | 1480±120                                 | 1500±3.53                                                 | 0.087                                                     |
|                                 | X propolis candy                        | 1530±120                                 |                                                           |                                                           |
|                                 | Palm sugar propolis candy               | 1610±120                                 |                                                           |                                                           |
|                                 |                                        | 1900±120                                 |                                                           |                                                           |
|                                 |                                        | 1270±120                                 |                                                           |                                                           |
|                                 |                                        | 1360±120                                 |                                                           |                                                           |

C. albicans: Candida albicans