ANALYSIS OF SOURCE MOTIONS DERIVED FROM POSITION TIME SERIES

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ABSTRACT. In this paper an attempt is made to extract a systematic part from the source motions obtained from the position time series provided by several IVS Analysis Centers in the framework of the ICRF-2 project. Our preliminary results show that the radio source velocities and the parameters of the systematic part of the velocity field differ substantially between the source position time series, which does not allow us to get a reliable solution for the coefficients of spherical harmonics.

1. INTRODUCTION

Many radio sources observed during astrometric/geodetic VLBI sessions show progressive variations in its position derived from single session solutions. Several physical effects can cause systematic apparent movement of celestial objects. Hence investigation of the radio source apparent velocity field can help in investigations in various fields, such as fundamental physics, cosmology, etc. Several analysis strategies for computation of systematic part in the radio source velocities can be used:

a) estimate source position and velocities from global solution, then fit spherical harmonics to the velocities (Gwinn et al. 1997);

b) compute the coefficients of spherical harmonics as global parameters (MacMillan 2005; Titov 2008a, 2008b);

c) compute velocities from position time series, then fit spherical harmonics to the velocities.

In this paper, we will test the latter approach which, hopefully, can provide a possibility for supplement comparisons and accuracy assessment.
2. DATA USED

For this work we have used 26 source position time series computed at 9 VLBI analysis centers making use of 6 different software, which provides a good opportunity for comparisons.

Table 1 presents data statistics. In the “All sessions” columns, all submitted data are used having at least two sessions (epochs) for the source, which allows us formally to compute the velocity, even not of large scientific meaning.

For more rigorous comparison we also selected the data at common epochs for 17 series. The common epochs were identified by the session name. At this stage we did not use bkg000c series which seems to be just extension of bkg000b with the same positions for the same sessions, gsf000b series which seems to be only preliminary one, aus series which does not contain session ID, and several series with relatively small number of sources. Statistics for thus selected data is shown in Table 1 in the “Common sessions” columns.

3. COMPARISON OF VELOCITIES

The source velocities were computed as weighted linear drift of the submitted source positions with weights inversely proportional to the reported variances of source positions. Since some time series contain positions with unlikely small errors (down to 1 µas in the iaa series), which leads to problems with computing the velocity as the weighted trend, it was decided to use a minimal error value of 20 µas, i.e. all errors less than this value were replaced by 20 µas. No series except iaa were substantially affected by this procedure.

Our programs for computation of source velocities and spherical harmonics has several optional parameters for data selection: the first epoch, minimum number of sessions, minimum data span, maximum error in velocity. The results presented in this section were computed for all the data presented in the original series having at least 5 sessions and 3-year time span.

In Table 2 the results of computation of the median error in velocity computed for are presented. This values may be an index of the scatter of position time series. One can see that some time series are much more noisy than others.

Comparison of velocities obtained from different time series for the same source show sometimes rather large discrepancies. In Fig 1 some examples are given (only data at common epochs were used for rigorous comparison).
| Series | Software   | Time span      | Nsou | Time span      | Nsou |
|--------|------------|----------------|------|----------------|------|
| aus000a| OCCAM-LSC  | 1979–2007      | 75   | —              | —    |
| aus001a| OCCAM-LSC  | 1979–2007      | 578  | —              | —    |
| aus002a| OCCAM-LSC  | 1979–2007      | 470  | —              | —    |
| aus003a| OCCAM-LSC  | 1979–2007      | 503  | —              | —    |
| bkg000b| Calc/Solve | 1984–2007      | 615  | —              | —    |
| bkg000c| Calc/Solve | 1984–2007      | 794  | 1984–2007      | 463  |
| dgf000a| OCCAM-LS   | 1984–2007      | 425  | —              | —    |
| dgf000b| OCCAM-LS   | 1984–2007      | 624  | 1984–2007      | 463  |
| dgf000c| OCCAM-LS   | 1984–2007      | 624  | 1984–2007      | 463  |
| dgf000d| OCCAM-LS   | 1984–2007      | 624  | 1984–2007      | 463  |
| dgf000e| OCCAM-LS   | 1984–2007      | 624  | 1984–2007      | 463  |
| dgf000f| OCCAM-LS   | 1984–2007      | 680  | 1984–2007      | 463  |
| dgf000g| OCCAM-LS   | 1984–2007      | 680  | 1984–2007      | 463  |
| gsf000b| Calc/Solve | 1979–2005      | 721  | —              | —    |
| gsf001a| Calc/Solve | 1979–2007      | 742  | 1984–2007      | 463  |
| gsf002a| Calc/Solve | 1979–2007      | 754  | 1984–2007      | 463  |
| iaa000b| QUASAR     | 1979–2007      | 540  | 1984–2007      | 463  |
| iaa000c| QUASAR     | 1979–2007      | 569  | 1984–2007      | 463  |
| mao000b| SteelBreeze| 1980–2007      | 773  | 1984–2007      | 463  |
| opa000a| Calc/Solve | 1984–2007      | 507  | —              | —    |
| opa000b| Calc/Solve | 1984–2007      | 645  | 1984–2007      | 463  |
| opa001a| Calc/Solve | 1984–2007      | 519  | —              | —    |
| opa002a| Calc/Solve | 1984–2007      | 628  | 1984–2007      | 463  |
| sai000b| ARIADNA    | 1984–2007      | 640  | 1984–2007      | 463  |
| usn000d| Calc/Solve | 1979–2007      | 728  | 1984–2007      | 463  |
| usn001a| Calc/Solve | 1979–2007      | 728  | 1984–2007      | 463  |
Table 2: Median errors in velocities. Unit: µas/yr

| Series   | All sessions | Common sessions |
|----------|--------------|-----------------|
|          | $V_\alpha \cos \delta$ | $V_\delta$ | $V_\alpha \cos \delta$ | $V_\delta$ |
| aus000a  | 7            | 11             | – | – |
| aus001a  | 19           | 28             | – | – |
| aus002a  | 18           | 26             | – | – |
| aus003a  | 18           | 29             | – | – |
| bkg000c  | 14           | 18             | 17 | 21 |
| dgf000a  | 19           | 25             | – | – |
| dgf000b  | 15           | 18             | 18 | 21 |
| dgf000c  | 15           | 21             | 19 | 26 |
| dgf000d  | 15           | 19             | 19 | 23 |
| dgf000e  | 15           | 19             | 19 | 22 |
| dgf000f  | 16           | 23             | 19 | 26 |
| dgf000g  | 16           | 19             | 19 | 23 |
| gsf001a  | 13           | 17             | 15 | 19 |
| gsf002a  | 13           | 17             | 17 | 20 |
| iaa000b  | 15           | 22             | 18 | 22 |
| iaa000c  | 16           | 22             | 20 | 23 |
| mao000b  | 23           | 31             | 25 | 34 |
| opa000a  | 15           | 19             | – | – |
| opa000b  | 16           | 23             | 19 | 28 |
| opa001a  | 15           | 18             | – | – |
| opa002a  | 17           | 19             | 16 | 20 |
| sai000b  | 25           | 37             | 30 | 45 |
| usn000d  | 13           | 18             | 17 | 20 |
| usn001a  | 21           | 29             | 25 | 34 |
Figure 1: Comparison of source velocities obtained from different time series
4. TEST OF HARMONICS

For test purpose, we compute the coefficients of two spherical harmonics \( \Delta H_{12} \) and \( \Delta H_{3} \) (Titov 2008a) using the following formulas:

\[
\mu_\alpha = -\Delta H_{12} \sin 2\alpha ,
\]

\[
\mu_\delta = -\frac{\Delta H_{12}}{4} \cos 2\alpha \sin 2\delta + \frac{\Delta H_{3}}{2} \sin 2\delta .
\]

We tried several options for data selection which produce different results; however, the difference is usually not so large for reasonable values of the selection criteria given above. In Table 3 the results are presented computed for all the data presented in the original series having at least 5 sessions and 3-year time span. It can be noted that using more strict criteria, such as minimum 10 sessions and 10 years of observations gives statistically similar result, with smaller value of the formal error in the harmonics coefficients when more observations are used. In the last row of the table the results are presented corresponding to the cumulative solution including all the velocity estimates merged all the input time series.

5. CONCLUDING REMARKS

Although most results presented in Table 3 are formally statistically reliable, they differ substantially between input time series, and also between various sets of data selected. This fact, along with results of velocity comparison may indicate that source position time series should be used with care for analysis of the fine effects in the source proper motions.

Further study is needed to investigate a possibility to use combined or cumulative solution as the most reliable estimate of spherical harmonics. In particular, careful selection of input series should be performed. For instance, in our cumulative solution dfg data are clearly overweighted due to 6 series used, often with very similar position estimates. On the other hand, it seems to be inappropriate to use only one series from one analysis center because some centers compute two and more series using quite different approaches, and this would be important to compare all of them, because there is no indisputable proof in favor of only one approach.
Table 3: Results of computation of $\Delta H_{12}$ and $\Delta H_{3}$. Unit: $\mu$as

| Series | All sessions | Common sessions |
|--------|--------------|-----------------|
|        | Ns | $\Delta H_{12}$ | $\Delta H_{3}$ | Ns | $\Delta H_{12}$ | $\Delta H_{3}$ |
| aus000a | 71 | -8.76±3.15 | 1.02±2.33 | — | — | — |
| aus001a | 343 | -4.53±1.08 | -2.13±0.87 | — | — | — |
| aus002a | 308 | -0.34±1.22 | -0.47±0.99 | — | — | — |
| aus003a | 322 | -3.80±1.12 | -2.47±0.90 | — | — | — |
| bkg000c | 537 | -1.01±0.83 | 0.85±0.74 | 350 | -0.27±0.91 | -1.27±0.83 |
| dgf000a | 277 | -3.84±1.44 | 4.88±1.49 | — | — | — |
| dgf000b | 476 | -1.66±0.73 | 1.12±0.70 | 350 | -1.06±0.74 | -0.73±0.71 |
| dgf000c | 476 | -0.27±0.90 | 1.23±0.76 | 350 | 0.88±0.93 | -1.08±0.80 |
| dgf000d | 476 | -1.94±0.75 | 1.14±0.72 | 350 | -1.47±0.77 | -0.71±0.73 |
| dgf000e | 476 | -2.08±0.73 | 1.08±0.71 | 350 | -1.71±0.77 | -0.57±0.73 |
| dgf000f | 531 | -0.29±0.86 | 1.27±0.71 | 350 | 0.85±0.97 | -0.88±0.81 |
| dgf000g | 531 | -2.09±0.71 | 1.18±0.67 | 350 | -1.83±0.80 | -0.43±0.75 |
| gsf001a | 582 | -0.62±0.70 | -0.09±0.64 | 350 | -0.77±0.86 | -0.76±0.78 |
| gsf002a | 592 | -0.39±0.65 | 0.64±0.59 | 350 | 0.50±0.83 | -1.46±0.76 |
| iaa000b | 458 | 1.23±1.37 | 0.80±1.16 | 350 | 3.49±1.21 | 1.70±1.08 |
| iaa000c | 481 | 1.15±1.34 | 2.16±1.15 | 350 | 2.75±1.24 | 3.44±1.17 |
| mao000b | 555 | 0.05±1.05 | 1.01±0.86 | 350 | 0.14±1.26 | -0.35±1.07 |
| opa000a | 384 | 0.11±1.10 | -0.46±0.95 | — | — | — |
| opa000b | 510 | -6.14±1.09 | 0.46±0.88 | 350 | -10.55±1.52 | -1.01±1.21 |
| opa001a | 392 | 0.20±0.99 | -0.37±0.87 | — | — | — |
| opa002a | 511 | 0.66±0.87 | -0.53±0.77 | 350 | -0.21±0.94 | 0.15±0.85 |
| sai000b | 501 | -1.96±1.18 | 1.79±0.95 | 350 | 0.27±1.37 | -1.39±1.14 |
| usn000d | 572 | -0.70±0.78 | 0.18±0.70 | 350 | -0.25±0.90 | -1.44±0.81 |
| usn001a | 572 | -5.94±1.22 | 1.53±1.02 | 350 | -6.57±1.67 | -0.28±1.38 |
| All data | 11477 | -1.24±0.19 | 0.62±0.17 | 5950 | -0.54±0.23 | -0.51±0.21 |
6. REFERENCES

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