AUTOMATIC SMART-BIN WITH COMBINED UV ENABLED MICROWAVE BASED DISINFECTION OF HOSPITAL WASTE

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Abstract—In view of the COVID-19 Pandemic, there is an unprecedented importance to the disinfection of the waste generated at the source itself. Normally wastes from the hospitalities are collected without proper dis-infection and are kept without any closure and treated after many days. This will lead to increased multiplication and transmission of viruses. The spreading of many infectious diseases, mainly due to corona virus is increasing day by day. Main factor for the spreading is that the waste materials that are handled by the infected person come in contact with the non-infectious surroundings. To avoid such a situation we are going to implement a project called automatic smart dustbin with Ultraviolet enabled microwave disinfection. Implementation is done with the help of microcontroller, UV lights, UV lamps and microwave generating system. Smart bins can be installed in hospitals, houses and all places where the waste can be deposited without touching the bin and deposited waste will undergo UV enabled microwave disinfection. Compared to other disinfection methods using ultra violet, the microwave disinfection technique is much better. The microwave method results in an average log reduction of 5.06 of viable virus, whereas an UV can reduce it to 4.86.

Keywords: Corona, Microwave, Ultraviolet

I. INTRODUCTION

The objective of the paper is to design and build a prototype for automatic open dustbin that can automatically open the lid when it detects the people who want to throw their trash and waste. The main disadvantages of the disinfection system available today in the field of hospitalities are:

1. At present, highly infectious materials are collected by open methods by healthcare workers and transferred to collection bins. The transferring, opening and closing are all done with hands leading to potential harm to health care workers as well as risk of transmission to other patients.
2. The wastes especially contaminated with secretions, body fluids are kept in the common bin in the wards and ICUs till the bin is full and then disposed. This process can also lead to spill over as well as keeping the highly dangerous material in the patient care area till disposal.
3. The transfer of biohazard and infectious material takes place from various wards and ICUs to designated areas within hospital where facility is available or to another area outside hospital if facility is not available especially in small hospitals, nursing homes, as well as field areas like ambulances, mobile units etc.
4. Nowadays available disinfection systems for face masks as well as the hospital wastes are only a surface disinfection system on which most of the UV systems carryout the disinfection of wastes at the direct contacted surface of light rays. It cannot carry out total penetration.

This paper introduces a combined system that undergoes UV enabled microwave disinfection after closing the lid of the bin for 2 minutes duration inside the specially covered collecting space of the bin. After the process the microwave and UV lights are automatically switched off and the lid gets closed. Whenever a waste material is detected in the bin the cycle continues automatically. Filled bin trays are sealed to a cover without touching the system and can be collected directly outside the bin. The special mechanism used in this system ensures the safety as well as a hygiene of the environment. It would be advantageous and safer to collect and disinfect the various hospital wastes in the wards and ICU at the collection point and enable safe transport to places for disposal. Moreover the proposed technology can also be used outside hospital settings like mobile units, ambulances, isolation areas etc.

II. PROPOSED SYSTEM

Currently Ultraviolet rays and microwave based technology are becoming popular for disinfection. UV light is effective in disinfection of air, water etc. and is good for disinfecting surface. However the disadvantages are it can lead to skin cancer due to long term exposure. The penetrability of UV light is poor and not effective especially considering different hospital waste. (1) Microwave powered UV technology generates both microwave and UV waves to help in disinfection of materials. (2) The advantages of microwave are
rapid disinfection, deeper penetration as well as high microbial reduction that can be achieved compared to UV light. (3) It is safe for human use. We are planning to incorporate microwave technology in our project.

It is a cost effective method for disinfection. When it detects the waste, it automatically opens the lid for collecting and undergoes disinfection after closing the lid.

- The viruses are disintegrated by differential heating and UV exposure in the range of 85 to 95 degree Celsius.
- It uses electrode less UV lamps which get energized by microwave in it.
- The time of sterilization is set for 90 seconds depending on the size and constituents of object.
- It weighs approximately 3 kg with 45cmX30cmX35cm dimensions having 18 litre capacities.
- It can be easily transported from one site to another with wheels connecting to it.
- Portable unit working with 230 voltage AC, takes power of 700 watts

![Fig. 1. Proposed Prototype](image1)

![Fig. 2. Prototype of System](image2)

Fig. 1. Proposed Prototype

Fig. 2. Prototype of System

III. EXPERIMENT AND RESULT

The proposed system undergoes various clinical trials on the Microbiology Department of Sree Chitra Tirunal Institute of medical science and Technology (SCTIMST). It is done various clinical conditions to achieve the better result of microorganism disinfection in the system by Clinical experts. It is selected three kinds of sample for experiment. It puts in the system for various time and temperature settings.

| TYPE OF SAMPLE | TEMPERATURE AND EXPOSURE TIME | OBSERVATION |
|----------------|-------------------------------|-------------|

![Fig. 3 Experiment Result](image3)

![Table of Experiment Result](table1)
| Staphylococcus Aureus | 40-70 degree Celsius & 60 Seconds | Growth observed |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| E. coli               | 40-70 degree Celsius & 60 Seconds | Growth observed |

| Staphylococcus Aureus | 85 degree Celsius & 90 Seconds | Growth observed |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|
| E. coli               | 85 degree Celsius & 90 seconds  | Growth observed |

| Staphylococcus Aureus | 95 degree Celsius & 60 seconds | No Growth Observed |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| E. coli               | 95 degree Celsius & 60 seconds | No Growth Observed |

IV. CONCLUSION
- Sample which is put on the microwave system assisted with 254nm, 3 watts UV bulb at 85 to 95 degree Celsius and an exposure time of 60 to 90 seconds suggests that there is no growth observed and its base for disinfection purposes.

- The device can easily disinfect all kind of hospital masks including the face masks and have the penetrating power to disinfect each side of the waste thereby totally killing the microorganisms compared to other disinfection systems including UV method.
- Proposed system can be used for disinfection of hospital waste thereby reducing the risk of waste collectors and the hazard of being storage of the wastes for a long time.
- This Device could be replicated with local resources and minimum material movement.

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