A global checklist of the 932 fruit fly species in the tribe Dacini (Diptera, Tephritidae)

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Abstract

The correct application of the scientific names of species is neither easy nor trivial. Mistakes can lead to the wrong interpretation of research results or, when pest species are involved, inappropriate regulations and limits on trade, and possibly quarantine failures that permit the invasion of new pest species. Names are particularly challenging to manage when groups of organisms encompass a large number of species, when different workers employ different philosophical views, or when species are in a state of taxonomic flux. The fruit fly tribe Dacini is a species-rich taxon within Tephritidae and contains around a fifth of all known species in the family. About 10% of the 932 currently recognized species are pests of commercial fruits and vegetables, precipitating quarantines and trade embargos. Authoritative species lists consist largely of scattered regional treatments and outdated online resources. The checklist presented here is the first global overview of valid species names for the Dacini in almost two decades, and includes new lure records. By publishing this list both in paper and digitally, we aim to provide a resource for those studying fruit flies as well as researchers studying components of their impact on agriculture. The list is largely a consolidation of previous works, but following the results from recent phylogenetic work, we transfer one subgenus and eight species to different genera: members of the Bactrocera subgenus Jasadacus Hardy, considered to belong to the Zeugodacus group of subgenera, are transferred to genus Zeugodacus; Bactrocera pseudocucurbitae White, 1999, stat. rev., is transferred back to Bactrocera from Zeugodacus; Zeugodacus arisanicus Shiraki, 1933, stat. rev., is transferred back to Zeugodacus from Bactrocera; and Z.
brevipunctatus (David & Hancock, 2017), comb. n.; Z. javanensis (Perkins, 1938), comb. n.; Z. montanus (Hardy, 1983), comb. n.; Z. papuaensis (Malloch, 1939), comb. n.; Z. scutellaris (Bezzi, 1916), comb. n.; Z. semisurstyli (Drew & Romig, 2013), comb. n.; and Z. trilineatus (Hardy, 1955), comb. n. are transferred from Bactrocera to Zeugodacus.

Keywords
global, pest, cryptic, Bactrocera, Zeugodacus, Dacus

Introduction

Despite the current ‘phylogenomic’ age and the generation of large amounts of data on relatively few, selected, organisms, discovering and classifying new species is an ongoing endeavor of basic science that is far from complete (Zhang 2011). Major challenges to advance taxonomic work lie, among others, in the correct application of scientific species names, which in turn depends on the availability of accurate reference databases. Global initiatives to provide reference lists of species names (e.g., Roskov et al. 2017) all include major gaps that can only be filled by taxonomic specialists. Some groups of organisms are particularly challenging to manage because of the number of species they encompass, conceptual differences between workers, or the existence of unresolved problems with species identities or concepts themselves. Simultaneously, those same groups will likely benefit the most from an authoritative overview.

The fruit fly tribe Dacini is a species-rich radiation within Tephritidae and contains around a fifth of all known species in the family (Norrbom et al. 1999, Pape et al. 2011, Schutze et al. 2017). All Dacini members are frugivorous or florivorous and about 10% of the 932 currently recognized species are pests of commercial fruits and vegetables (Fletcher 1987, White and Elson-Harris 1992, Vargas et al. 2015, Freidberg et al. 2017). Among these are some of the world’s economically most important pests, such as the widely introduced oriental fruit fly, Bactrocera dorsalis (Hendel, 1912), carambola fruit fly Bactrocera carambolae Drew & Hancock, 1994, and the melon fly, Zeugodacus cucurbitae (Coquillett, 1899) (De Meyer et al. 2015, Ekesi et al. 2016). The tribe as a whole has received considerable taxonomic attention and new species are continuously being discovered (Fig. 1; Leblanc et al. 2015a, David et al. 2016, 2017). Dacini flies are phenotypically very similar and therefore also one of the most difficult groups of Tephritidae to identify to species-level. Whereas many Tephritidae can be identified from their intricate wing patterns, which are commonly thought to have evolved to deter predators (such as Salticidae jumping spiders [Whitman et al. 1988]), for mating rituals, or territorial behavior, the wings of most Dacini are clear with only a costal band and, usually, an anal streak. The adult chaetotaxy is a set of characters that is usually of value in dipteran species identification, but in Dacini the number of setae is reduced and similar configurations may often be homoplaseous (Hardy 1955, Hancock and Drew 2015). Their body colors, various combinations of black and yellow to red, are commonly thought to have resulted from wasp mimicry and may be under se-
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Figure 1. Accumulation of described species in Dacini through time, with publications that featured large numbers of newly described species indicated at their respective moment. The first species was described in 1790, but during the past fifty years the number of recognized [or known] species has more than doubled to reach the current 932.

Dacini is a tropical and subtropical evolutionary radiation of flies with centers of diversity in Southeast Asia and Sub-Saharan Africa. Early molecular phylogenetic studies focused on pest species, often of a particular region, leading to biased results on the relationships between species that may not accurately reflect monophyletic origins or sister-group assignments (Smith et al. 2003, Nakahara and Muraji 2008, Virgilio et al. 2015). With phylogenetic studies expanding their scope beyond the pest species and increased use of molecular data, it became clear that the initial morphology-based classifications had to be revised and, in particular, the large genus *Bactrocera* had to be split into *Bactrocera* and *Zeugodacus* because the latter is more closely related to *Dacus* (Krosch et al. 2012, Virgilio et al. 2015, San Jose et al. 2018 in press, Dupuis et al. 2017). Following the most recent results, there are currently four genera in Dacini: *Monacrostichus* Bezi, *Dacus* Fabricius, *Bactrocera* Macquart and *Zeugodacus* Hendel.

Collective pressure (White 2006). Diagnostic body color patterns used to separate species are further confounded by considerable intraspecific variation (Leblanc et al. 2015b). The combination of these factors has resulted in a long history of unstable classification and even though molecular phylogenetic studies are now reaching a general consensus, this has not fully trickled down to the nomenclatural level.
(De Meyer et al. 2015, Virgilio et al. 2015, Freidberg et al. 2017), although some authors (e.g., Drew and Romig 2013, 2016, Hancock and Drew 2016) continue to include Zeugodacus within Bactrocera. Ichneumonopsis Hardy is now placed in Gastrozonini (Norrbom et al. 1999, Freidberg et al. 2017). Aside from shifts in generic assignments, taxa have been variably assigned to species complexes, species groups, subgenera and species-complex groups to provide some additional systematic structure, primarily for the purpose of identification keys (Clarke et al. 2005, White 2006, Drew and Romig 2013). These intermediate taxonomic ranks are mostly groups of convenience defined by unique combinations of characters rather than by synapomorphic characters. The largest and most intensively studied is the Bactrocera dorsalis complex with 88 species; the group that, incidentally, also holds the largest number of pest species. This complex, like most others, is not monophyletic (Leblanc et al. 2015b, Virgilio et al. 2015, San Jose et al. 2018 in press) and there has been synonymy of several significant pest species, such as B. papayae Drew & Hancock, 1994, and B. invadens Drew, Tsuruta & White, 2005 with B. dorsalis (San Jose et al. 2013, Schutze et al. 2015a, 2015b). To facilitate communication and progress of our understanding of the group, a reliable taxonomic starting point is badly needed and will enable further studies into the taxonomy and systematics of the tribe.

The most recently published catalogs that covered Dacini globally are now almost two decades old (Norrbom et al. 1999, Norrbom 2004) and scattered regional treatments and keys currently comprise the largest body of references for Dacini. For Southeast Asia, there is a relatively recent two-part work including a revision (Drew and Romig 2013) and the accompanying keys that followed (Drew and Romig 2016). These books have incorporated the previous keys for the B. dorsalis complex of Drew and Hancock (1994), but they did not adopt the latest results from a series of molecular phylogenetic works, including the split of Bactrocera into Bactrocera and Zeugodacus. For other regions, all treatments are older with increased confusion due to differing morphological terminology, species designations, and assignments. For Africa, the most recent works are two treatments from 2006 (Hancock and Drew 2006, White 2006), and for Australasia there is a treatment from 1989 (Drew 1989), including keys, a proposed subgeneric classification, and revisions for the species in the region. As of 2017, the Drew and Romig books on the Asian fauna are in print and available for sale, and the other works are available digitally online and provide important catalogue references. Online resources that aim to provide up-to-date species checklists such as Systema Dipterorum (Pape and Thompson 2013), the Catalogue of Life (Roskov et al. 2017), or the pest-oriented database of the Centre for Agriculture and Biosciences (CABI 2017) are outdated and have not been able to combine the regional treatments appropriately. Valid and invalid names can be verified using the Tephritidae Databases on the COFFHI website (https://coffhi.cphst.org/), but it was primarily designed for host plant information and the tephritid name searches are currently undergoing revision. Other websites, such as the “True Fruit Flies of the Afrotropical Region” (De Meyer and White 2016) or the “PACIFLY” website, covering the Pacific region (Pest Management in the Pacific Project 2003),
contain valuable information, but are limited in scope and are irregularly maintained due to sporadic funding. The checklist presented here is a global overview of valid species names of Dacini. By publishing this list in paper and digital format we hope to provide a resource for those studying fruit fly taxonomy as well as researchers concerned with their impacts on agriculture. The list is largely a consolidation of previous works, but following the results from recent phylogenetic work (Virgilio et al. 2015, San Jose et al. 2018 in press), we transfer one subgenus and eight species to different genera: *Bactrocera* subgenus *Javadacus* Hardy, considered to belong to the *Zeugodacus* group of subgenera by Hancock and Drew (2017), is transferred to genus *Zeugodacus*; *Bactrocera pseudocucurbitae* White, 1999, stat. rev., is transferred back to *Bactrocera* from *Zeugodacus*; *Zeugodacus arisanicus* Shiraki, 1933, stat. rev., is transferred back to *Zeugodacus* from *Bactrocera*; and *Z. brevipunctatus* (David & Hancock, 2017a), comb. n., *Z. javanensis* (Perkins, 1938), comb. n., *Z. montanus* (Hardy, 1983), comb. n., *Z. papuaensis* (Malloch, 1939), comb. n., *Z. scutellarius* (Bezzi, 1916), comb. n., *Z. semisurstyli* (Drew & Romig, 2013), comb. n., and *Z. trilineatus* (Hardy, 1955), comb. n. are transferred from *Bactrocera* to *Zeugodacus*.

**Methods**

**Checklist**

The source data is, for a large part, comprised of regional treatments (Drew 1989, Hancock and Drew 2006, White 2006, Drew and Romig 2013), with additions and revisions from more recent studies (Drew et al. 2011, Yu et al. 2012, Hancock 2015, Hancock and Drew 2015, Hendrichs et al. 2015, Schutze et al. 2015b, David et al. 2016, 2017, Drew and Hancock 2016, Freidberg et al. 2017, Han et al. 2017). Species included in the list are ordered alphabetically by genus. We do not indicate subgeneric or species complex ranks because their biological significance is, at present, unclear (Leblanc et al. 2015b). We do, however, provide the checklist also in spreadsheet form in supplementary material (S1) where these ranks are included and users can sort the species to their preference. For distribution, we use a coarse geographical indication: African or Asia-Pacific. The native region is indicated in the line with the species name, invasive regions are mentioned in the notes. We also include known male lure records for each species: cue-lure, methyl eugenol, isoeugenol and zingerone. Zingerone, first reported as a male lure by Tan and Nishida (2000), has received increased attention in recent years, with new lure records, including species not attracted to the two other lures, for a number of species in Australia and Papua New Guinea (Fay 2012, Royer et al. 2015, 2017). These records are included in the list, along with previously unpublished new records, indicated as such, from our team’s recent surveys carried out in Taiwan, Vietnam, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh and Nepal. For morphological terminology we follow White et al. (2000), which follows that in standard usage for other Diptera and differs somewhat from the older treatments.
Conflicting views

For some species that have recently been synonymized or where there are conflicting views by different authors, we have indicated this under the ‘notes’ for the respective species, so that this may help users to place different views in perspective. It should also be noted that some authors do not follow the elevation of Zeugodacus to genus-level, because this is currently only supported by molecular data and morphological studies are inconclusive (David et al. 2017, Virgilio et al. 2015, San Jose et al. 2018). This affects the placement of nearly 200 species and although we agree that the re-assignment of species may have initially been premature, recent studies corroborate the need to recognize Zeugodacus as a genus to maintain Bactrocera as monophyletic. A 168-species seven-gene phylogeny, including multiple Bactrocera subgenera, shows that Zeugodacus, Bactrocera and Dacus each are monophyletic, and provides moderate statistical support for a sister relationship between Zeugodacus and Dacus (San Jose et al. 2018). A phylogeny with less representatives from Dacini, but 878 molecular loci, provides full statistical support for the sister relationship of Zeugodacus with Dacus, and Bactrocera as sister to both (Dupuis et al. 2017). As such, Bactrocera in the old sense is paraphyletic.

Gender agreement

Because Dacini includes both masculine and feminine genera and because species have been moved between different genera over time, there is some confusion in the literature regarding the correct application of gender agreement. We have paid particular attention to this in the checklist. Most notably, several species names ending in -fer have originally been described without the author indicating if the name should be regarded as a noun or as an adjective. Following section 31.2.2 of the Zoological Code of Zoological Nomenclature (ICZN 1999), such names should be treated as a noun in apposition and the ending should not change when the species is moved to a different genus. This applies to Bactrocera terminifer (Walker, 1860), B. speculifer (Walker, 1865) and B. curvifer (Walker, 1860).

Results

An overview of the current numbers of species split per genus, worldwide and according to the region where they are native, is shown in Table 1. Five species are shared between Africa and the Asia-Pacific regions: Dacus ciliatus, Bactrocera oleae, B. dorsalis, B. latifrons and Zeugodacus cucurbitae. There are no Dacini native to other regions, however, some species have become invasive in various countries outside their native distribution, such as B. dorsalis, B. latifrons and Z. cucurbitae from Asia introduced to Africa and various Pacific islands, B. zonata introduced from Asia to the Indian Ocean islands and the Middle East, including Egypt, and Asian B. carambolae, that invaded
the Guianas and northern Brazil in South America. Two invasive species are native to Africa; *B. oleae* was introduced to the Mediterranean area, western Asia and California and northwestern Mexico in North America, and *D. ciliatus* has invaded the Middle East and the Indian subcontinent (Vargas et al. 2015).

**Checklist**

**Genus Bactrocera Macquart**

*Bactrocera abbreviata* (Hardy, 1974). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Zingerone.  
Notes: Zingerone is a new lure record. *Bactrocera abbreviata* may be a junior synonym of *B. bipistulata*. There are morphological intermediates from Sri Lanka in the UHIM collection with a dark facial band and darker femora.

*Bactrocera abdofuscata* (Drew, 1971). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

*Bactrocera abdolonginqua* (Drew, 1971). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

*Bactrocera abdomininigra* Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

*Bactrocera abdonigella* (Drew, 1971). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera aberrans* (Hardy, 1951). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Isoeugenol.  
Notes: Weakly attracted to isoeugenol (Royer 2015)

*Bactrocera abscondita* (Drew & Hancock, 1981). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera absidata* Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

*Bactrocera abundans* Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera aceraglans* White & Evenhuis, 1999. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

*Bactrocera aceromata* White & Evenhuis, 1999. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

*Bactrocera aemula* Drew, 1989 Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera aenigmatica* (Malloch, 1931). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

*Bactrocera aeroginosa* (Drew & Hancock, 1981). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure, zingerone.

*Bactrocera aethriobasis* (Hardy, 1973). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

*Bactrocera affinibancoftii* Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

*Bactrocera affinidorsalis* (Hardy, 1982). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera affinis* (Hardy, 1954). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

*Bactrocera aglaiae* (Hardy, 1951). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol, zingerone.

*Bactrocera aithogaster* Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera albistrigata de Meijere, 1911. Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest (polyphagous). Cue-lure. Notes: *B. albistrigata* is very similar in appearance to *B. frauenfeldi*. Based on UHIM collection material, the morphological variation of both species is larger than Drew and Romig (2013) suggest. Hardy (1954) considered them synonyms, but they are treated as different species in Drew and Romig (2013). Their populations are likely allopatric, but there appears to be some morphological overlap.

*Bactrocera allwoodi* (Drew, 1979). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera alyxiae* (May, 1953). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure, zingerone.

*Bactrocera amarambalensis* Drew, 2002. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

*Bactrocera ampla* (Drew, 1971). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera amplexa* (Munro, 1984). Africa. Non-pest.

*Bactrocera amplexiseta* (May, 1962). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

*Bactrocera anfracta* Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera angustifasciata* Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

*Bactrocera anomalala* (Drew, 1971). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera anthracina* (Drew, 1971). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera antigone* (Drew & Hancock, 1981). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera apicofuscans* White & Tsuruta, 2001. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

*Bactrocera apiconigroscutella* Drew, 2002. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera apicopicta* Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera aquila* (Drew, 1989). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera aurantifusa* (Drew, 2011). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol. Notes: May be a junior synonym of *B. tryoni*. The latter is supposedly restricted to the eastern side of Australia, *B. aquilonis* to the west. Even though these populations may now be largely allopatric, separated by the arid regions along the border between the Northern Territories and Queensland, they cannot be separated reliably based on morphology or using a population genetic approach with microsatellite data (Gilchrist et al. 2003, Cameron et al. 2010).

*Bactrocera arecae* (Hardy & Adachi, 1954). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest (monophagous).

*Bactrocera asita* Drew, 1989 Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera aterrima* (Drew, 1972). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera atra* (Malloch, 1938). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Notes: Cue-lure is a new lure record from surveys in French Polynesia in 1998.

*Bactrocera atrabifasciata* Drew & Romig, 2001. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera atramentata* (Hering, 1941). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest (monophagous). Cue-lure, zingerone.

*Bactrocera atrifemur* Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

*Bactrocera atriliniellata* Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera aurantia* (Drew & Hancock, 1981). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera aurea* (May, 1952). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Zingerone.

*Bactrocera avittata* Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera balagawii* Drew, 2011. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera bancroftii (Tryon, 1927). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest (oligophagous). Methyl eugenol.

Bactrocera banneri White, 1999. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

Notes: B. banneri and B. coracina are the two members of the subgenus Perkinsidacus in the most recent treatment of these species (Hancock and Drew 2017b), and both may belong in the genus Zeugodacus. They have the shallow emargination of sternite V and the long surstylus lobes of the male genitalia that fit with Zeugodacus, but lack a medial vitta on the scutum and the lateral vittae do not extend anteriorly beyond the transverse suture. Because there is, at present, no molecular data to support either placement and because it is unclear which, if any, of these morphological characters are apomorphic we tentatively leave both species in Bactrocera.

Bactrocera barringtoniae (Tryon, 1927). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

Bactrocera batemani Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

Bactrocera beckeri (Hardy, 1982). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Bactrocera bellisi Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Bactrocera bhutaniae Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Bactrocera biarcurata (Walker, 1865). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

Bactrocera bidentata (May, 1963). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

Bactrocera bifasciata (Hardy, 1982). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Bactrocera biguttula (Bezzi, 1922). Africa. Non-pest.

Bactrocera bimaculata Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Bactrocera binhduongiae Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

Bactrocera bipustulata (Bezzi, 1914). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure, zingerone.

Notes: Zingerone is a new lure record. See further comments under B. abbreviata.

Bactrocera bitungiae Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Bactrocera blairiae Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

Bactrocera brachycera (Bezzi, 1916). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

Bactrocera breviaculeus (Hardy, 1951). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure, zingerone.

Bactrocera brevistrigata (Drew, 1968). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Bactrocera bruneiae Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

Bactrocera brunnea (Perkins & May, 1949). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

Bactrocera brunneola White & Tsuruta, 2001. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Bactrocera bryoniae (Tryon, 1927). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest (oligophagous). Cue-lure, zingerone.

Bactrocera buinensis Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Bactrocera bullata Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

Bactrocera bullifera (Hardy, 1973). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

Bactrocera buloloensis Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

Bactrocera cacuminata (Hering, 1941). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

Bactrocera caledoniensis Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Bactrocera caligiosa (Hardy, 1970). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

Bactrocera calophylli (Perkins & May, 1949). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

Bactrocera captiva Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera carambolae Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest (polyphagous). Methyl eugenol, zingerone.

Notes: Under laboratory conditions, B. carambolae and B. dorsalis can produce fertile F1 hybrids, though with reduced survivability, and there is evidence for hybridization in the wild. Nonetheless, based on a combination of genetic and morphological evidence, they are considered to be two separate species (Ebina and Ohto 2006, Schutze et al. 2015a). The native distribution of B. carambolae is in Southeast Asia, but it is invasive in South America (Guianas and northern Brazil).

Bactrocera carbonaria (Hendel, 1927). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Bactrocera careofascia Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Bactrocera caryae (Kapoor, 1971). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest (polyphagous). Methyl eugenol.

Bactrocera ceylanica Tsuruta & White, 2001. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Bactrocera cheynesiae (Perkins, 1939). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

Bactrocera chettalli David & Ranganath, 2016. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

Bactrocera cibodasae Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Bactrocera cinabaria Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

Bactrocera cinnamea Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Bactrocera circamusae Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Bactrocera citima (Hardy, 1973). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Bactrocera cognata White, 2006. Africa. Non-pest.

Bactrocera cognata (Hardy & Adachi, 1954). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

Bactrocera collita Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

Bactrocera commensurata Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

Bactrocera commina Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

Bactrocera confluens (Drew, 1971). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

Bactrocera congener Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Bactrocera congener Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Bactrocera contermina Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

Bactrocera continua (Bezzi, 1919). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

Bactrocera coracina (Drew, 1971). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

Notes: Maybe should be moved to Zeugodacus, see comments under B. banneri.

Bactrocera correcta (Bezzi, 1916). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest (polyphagous). Methyl eugenol.

Bactrocera costalis (Shiraki, 1933). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Bactrocera curreyi Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Bactrocera curtivitta Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

Bactrocera curvifer (Walker, 1864). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

Bactrocera curvipennis (Froggatt, 1909). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest. Cue-lure.

Bactrocera curvosterna Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Bactrocera dapsiles Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

Bactrocera daruensis Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

Bactrocera decumana (Drew, 1972). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Bactrocera decurtans (May, 1965). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
**Bactrocera diallagma** Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

**Bactrocera diaphana** (Hering, 1953). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

**Bactrocera digressa** Radhakrishnan, 1999. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure, zingerone.

Notes: Zingerone is a new lure record.

**Bactrocera diospyri** Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

**Bactrocera dispar** (Hardy, 1982). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

**Bactrocera distincta** (Malloch, 1931). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest. Cue-lure.

**Bactrocera dongnaiae** Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

**Bactrocera dorsalis** (Hendel, 1912). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest (polyphagous). Methyl eugenol, zingerone.

Notes: **B. dorsalis**, the Oriental fruit fly, is one of the most significant pest species within the Tephritidae, and it is invasive in many areas of Asia, Africa and the Pacific islands (Vargas et al. 2015). Based on a total-evidence approach, **B. papayae**, **B. invadens** and **B. philippinensis** are now considered synonyms of **B. dorsalis**, but these names can still be found in numerous papers and internet website resources. **Bactrocera dorsalis** is known to hybridize with **B. carambolae** and genetic evidence suggests that there is historic hybridization with **B. kandiensis** (Schutze et al. 2015b); see notes under those respective species for further details.

**Bactrocera dorsaloides** (Hardy & Adachi, 1954). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

**Bactrocera dyscrita** (Drew, 1971). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

**Bactrocera ebenea** (Drew, 1971). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

**Bactrocera ektoalangiae** Drew & Hancock, 1999. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

**Bactrocera elongata** Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

**Bactrocera endiandrae** (Perkins & May, 1949). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

**Bactrocera enochra** (Drew, 1972). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

**Bactrocera epicharis** (Hardy, 1970). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

**Bactrocera erubescentis** (Drew & Hancock, 1981). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

**Bactrocera eurycosta** Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

**Bactrocera exigua** (May, 1958). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

**Bactrocera eximia** Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

**Bactrocera expandens** (Walker, 1859). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest.

**Bactrocera exspoliata** (Hering, 1941). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

**Bactrocera facialis** (Coquillett, 1909). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest. Cue-lure.

**Bactrocera fagraea** (Tryon, 1927). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

**Bactrocera fastigata** Tsuruta & White, 2001. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

**Bactrocera fergussoniensis** Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

**Bactrocera fernandoi** Tsuruta & White, 2001. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

**Bactrocera finitima** Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

**Bactrocera flavinotus** (May, 1957). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

**Bactrocera flavipennis** (Hardy 1982). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

**Bactrocera flavoscutellata** Lin & Wang, 2005. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Notes: This is likely a junior synonym of **B. pernigra**. The only distinguishing character is in the width of the basal dark band on the scutellum, but this appears to be
variable (Drew and Romig 2013). Because the characters have only been studied in small sample sizes there has not yet been an official synonymy.

*Bactrocera flavosterna* Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera floresiae* Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

*Bactrocera frauenfeldi* (Schiner, 1868). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest (polyphagous). Cue-lure, zingerone.

Notes: See under *B. albistrigata*.

*Bactrocera froggatti* (Bezzi, 1928). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

*Bactrocera fuliginus* (Drew & Hancock, 1981). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera fulvicauda* (Perkins, 1939). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

*Bactrocera fulvicacies* (Perkins, 1939). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

*Bactrocera fulvifemur* Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera fulvosterna* Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera furcata* David & Hancock, 2017. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

*Bactrocera furfurosa* Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera furvescens* Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera furvilineata* Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera fuscata* Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

*Bactrocera fuscitibia* Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera fuscoformosa* Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera fuscohumeralis* White & Evenhuis, 1999. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

*Bactrocera fuscolobata* Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera fuscoptera* Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

*Bactrocera garrabcia* Bezzi, 1913. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

*Bactrocera gnetum* Drew & Hancock, 1995. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

*Bactrocera gombokensis* Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera grandadisciata* White & Evenhuis, 1999. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

*Bactrocera grandistylus* Drew & Hancock, 1995. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

*Bactrocera halfordiae* (Tryon, 1927). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest.

*Bactrocera halmaherae* Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera hastanata* Tsuruta & White, 2001. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera harriettensis* Ramani & David, 2016. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

*Bactrocera hastigerina* (Hardy, 1954). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest (monophagous).

*Bactrocera hispidula* (May, 1958). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

*Bactrocera hollingsworthi* Drew & Romig, 2001. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera holtmanni* (Hardy, 1974). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera humilis* (Drew & Hancock, 1981). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

*Bactrocera hyalina* (Shiraki, 1933). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

*Bactrocera hypomelaina* Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera icelus* (Hardy, 1974). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

Notes: We continue the use of a masculine epithet like in previous treatments. Hardy did not give an etymology in his description of the species, but ‘icelus’ could...
refer to the Greek mythical figure by that name, or reference to the Greek word for ‘appearance’, and we treat it as a noun in a position.

*Bactrocera illiusiscutellaris* Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure, zingerone.

Notes: Zingerone is a new lure record.

*Bactrocera impunctata* (de Mejeire, 1914). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

*Bactrocera incompta* Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera inconspicua* Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

*Bactrocera inconstans* Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera indecora* (Drew 1971). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera indonesiae* Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol. Zingerone.

*Bactrocera infultata* Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

*Bactrocera invistatita* Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

*Bactrocera involuta* (Hardy, 1982). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera irvingiae* Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

*Bactrocera ismayi* Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

Notes: Methyl eugenol is a new lure record from surveys in Papua New Guinea in 1997/1999.

*Bactrocera jaceobancroftii* Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

*Bactrocera jarvisi* (Tryon, 1927). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest. Cue-lure, zingerone.

*Bactrocera kalimantaniae* Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera kanchanaburi* Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

*Bactrocera kandiensis* Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest (polyphagous).

Methyl eugenol.

Notes: There is likely some (historical) introgression or hybridization between *B. kandiensis* and *B. dorsalis*, and the two cannot be separated reliably using mitochondrial genes (Schutze et al. 2015a, 2015b, San Jose, unpublished data).

*Bactrocera kelaena* Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

*Bactrocera kinabalu* Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera kirki* (Froggatt, 1910). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera kohkongiae* Leblanc, 2015. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera kraussi* (Hardy, 1951). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera kuniyoshii* (Shiraki, 1968). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

*Bactrocera laithieuiuea* Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera lampabilius* (Drew, 1971). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

*Bactrocera lata* (Perkins 1938). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera lateritaenia* Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera laticaudus* (Hardy, 1950). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

*Bactrocera laticosta* Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Bactrocera latifrons* (Hendel, 1915). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest (oligophagous).

Notes: Native to Asia and introduced into Africa and Hawaii.
\textit{Bactrocera latilineata} Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

Notes: Male attractant uncertain, previous lure records are likely incorrect (see Drew 1989).

\textit{Bactrocera latilineola} Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

\textit{Bactrocera latissima} Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

\textit{Bactrocera limbifera} (Bezzi, 1919). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

\textit{Bactrocera linduensis} Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

\textit{Bactrocera lineata} (Perkins, 1939). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest (monophagous). Cue-lure.

\textit{Bactrocera lombokensis} Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

\textit{Bactrocera longicornis} Macquart, 1835. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Notes: Type species for the genus (see Hardy 1976).

\textit{Bactrocera lucida} (Munro, 1939). Africa. Non-pest.

\textit{Bactrocera luteola} (Malloch, 1931). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

\textit{Bactrocera maculigera} Doleschall, 1858. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

\textit{Bactrocera makilingensis} Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

\textit{Bactrocera malaysiensis} Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

\textit{Bactrocera mammalae} Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

\textit{Bactrocera manshii} (Perkins & May, 1949). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

\textit{Bactrocera matsumurai} (Shiraki, 1933). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

\textit{Bactrocera mayi} (Hardy, 1951). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

\textit{Bactrocera mcgregori} (Bezzi, 1919). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

\textit{Bactrocera mediourufula} Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

\textit{Bactrocera megasipilus} (Hardy, 1982). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

\textit{Bactrocera melania} (Hardy & Adachi, 1954). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

\textit{Bactrocera melanogaster} Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

\textit{Bactrocera melanoscutata} Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

\textit{Bactrocera melanotoracica} Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

\textit{Bactrocera melanotus} (Coquillett, 1909). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest. Cue-lure.

\textit{Bactrocera melas} (Perkins & May, 1949). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest. Cue-lure.

Notes: It is uncertain if \textit{B. melas} is a distinct species. Specimens identified as \textit{B. melas} may be a dark form of \textit{B. tryoni}, or hybrids of \textit{B. tryoni} and \textit{B. neohumeralis} (see Hancock et al. 2000).

\textit{Bactrocera melastomatos} Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

\textit{Bactrocera memnonia} (Drew, 1989). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

\textit{Bactrocera menanus} (Munro, 1984). Africa. Non-pest.

\textit{Bactrocera mendosa} (May, 1958). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

\textit{Bactrocera merapiensis} Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

\textit{Bactrocera mesomelas} (Bezzi, 1908a). Africa. Fruit pest (monophagous).

\textit{Bactrocera mesonotaitha} Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

\textit{Bactrocera mesonotochra} Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

\textit{Bactrocera mimulus} (Munro, 1984). Africa. Non-pest.

\textit{Bactrocera minax} (Enderlein, 1920). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest.

\textit{Bactrocera minuscula} Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera minuta (Drew, 1971). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera moluccensis (Perkins, 1939). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest (monophagous). Cue-lure, zingerone.
Bactrocera montyanus (Munro, 1984). Africa. Non-pest.
Bactrocera morobiensis Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera morula Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera mucronis (Drew, 1971). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera muiri (Hardy & Adachi, 1954). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera munroi White, 2004. Africa. Non-pest.
Bactrocera murrayi (Perkins, 1939). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest. Zingerone.
Bactrocera musae (Tryon, 1927). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest (oligophagous). Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera mutabilis (May, 1952). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest.
Bactrocera nanoarcuata Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera nationigrotibialis Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera naucleae Drew & Romig, 2001. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera neoarecae Drew, 2002. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera neocheesmanae Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera neocognata Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera neofulvicauda Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera neohumeralis (Hardy, 1951). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest. Cue-lure, zingerone.
Bactrocera neonigrita Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera neoportunibialis Drew, 2002. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera nepagadeni Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera neopropingua Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera neoritsemai Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera neoxanthodes Drew & Romig, 2001. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera nesiotes (Munro, 1984). Africa. Non-pest.
Bactrocera nigella (Drew, 1968). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera nigra (Tryon, 1927). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera nigrescens (Drew, 1968). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera nigrescentis (Drew, 1971). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera nigricalosa (Drew, 1989). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera nigrifacies Zhang Ji & Chen, 2011. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera nigrifemoralis Li & Wang, 2011. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera nigrivita (Hardy, 1955). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera nigrivenata (Munro, 1937). Africa. Non-pest.
Bactrocera nigrosimulans White & Tsuruta, 2001. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera nigroscutata White & Evenhuis, 1999. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera nigrotibialis (Perkins, 1938). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest (oligophagous). Cue-lure.
Bactrocera nigrovittata Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera notatagena (May, 1953). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera nothaphoebe Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera obfuscata Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera oblineata Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera obliqua (Malloch, 1939). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest.
Bactrocera obliquivenosa Drew & Romig, 2001. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera obscura (Malloch, 1931). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera obscursata (de Meijere, 1911). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera obscurivitta Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera obtrullata White & Evenhuis, 1999. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera occipitalis (Bezzi, 1919). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest. Methyl eugenol.
   Notes: The pest status of this species is uncertain and has possibly been overrated in literature, based on a few obscure rearing records cited in Drew and Hancock (1994).
Bactrocera ochracea Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera ochroma Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest (monophagous). Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera ochromarginis (Drew, 1971). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera ochrosiae (Malloch, 1942). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera ochroversa Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
   Notes: Male attractant uncertain. Label data of collected specimens suggests that they have been collected both with cue lure and methyl eugenol, which seems unlikely. Possibly the traps have been contaminated.
Bactrocera oleae (Gmelin, 1790). Africa. Fruit pest (monophagous).
   Notes: Bactrocera oleae is thought to be native to sub-Saharan Africa, and invasive in North Africa, southern Europe, western Asia, and California and northwestern Mexico in North America.
Bactrocera opacovitta Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera opiliae (Drew & Hardy, 1981). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera osbeckiae Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera pacifica Drew & Romig, 2001. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera pagdeni (Malloch, 1939). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera pallescentis (Hardy, 1955). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera pallida (Perkins & May, 1949). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera paraarecae Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera parabancroftii Drew, 2011. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera parabarringtoniae Drew & Hancock, 1999. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera paradiospyri Chen Zhou & Li, 2011. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera parafrauenfeldi Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera parafraggatti Drew & Romig, 2001. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera paraalattissima Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera paraalimbifera Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera paramusae Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera paranigrita Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera parosbeckiae Drew, 2002. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera paraverbascifoliae Drew, 2002. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera paraxanthodes Drew & Hancock, 1995. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
   Notes: The attraction to methyl eugenol possibly is weak.
Bactrocera parvula (Hendel, 1912). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera passiflorae (Froggatt, 1910). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera patula Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera pectoralis (Walker, 1859). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera pedestris (Bezzi, 1913). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera pendleburyi (Perkins, 1938). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Zingerone.
   Notes: Zingerone is a new lure record.
Bactrocera peneallwoodi Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
   Notes: Male attractant uncertain. Label data of collected specimens suggests that they have been collected both with cue lure and methyl eugenol, which seems unlikely. Possibly the traps have been contaminated.
Bactrocera penebeckerae Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera penecognata Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera penecorrecta Drew, 2002. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera penecostalis Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera penefurva Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera peneobscura Drew & Romig, 2001. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera penephaea Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera pepisalae (Froggatt, 1910). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera perigrapha White & Tsuruta, 2001. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure, zingerone.
   Notes: Zingerone is a new lure record.
Bactrocera perkinsi (Drew & Hancock, 1981). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera pernigra Ito, 1983. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
   Notes: see comments under B. flavoscutellata
Bactrocera peterseni (Hardy, 1970). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera petila Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera phaea (Drew, 1971). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera phaleriae (May, 1956). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera picea (Drew, 1972). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera pictipennis Lin & Zeng, 2011. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera pisina Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera popondettensis Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera profunda Tsuruta & White, 2001. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera prolixa Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera propedistincta Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera propinquua (Hardy & Adachi, 1954). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera pruniae Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest (monophagous).
Bactrocera pseudobeckerae Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera pseudocucurbitae White, 1999, stat. rev. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
   Notes: This species was assigned to the subgenus Parasinodacus by Drew and Romig (2013), and subsequently assigned to genus Zeugodacus by De Meyer et al. (2015). It was assigned to Parasinodacus based on having a medial yellow scutal vitta and
having just two scutellar setae, but it differs from other members of *Parasinodacus* in lacking yellow marks anterior to the transverse suture (= notopleural suture of Drew and Romig 2013), the presence of which is likely a reliable character for assignment to *Zeugodacus* (White 1999, San Jose et al. 2018). In a phylogeny based on molecular data from seven genes, the species is reliably placed within the *Bactrocera* clade (San Jose et al. 2018). We therefore here move the species back to *Bactrocera* and tentatively assign it to the subgenus *Bactrocera*.

*Bactrocera pseudodistincta* (Drew, 1971). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
*Bactrocera pseudoversicolor* Drew, 2002. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
*Bactrocera psidii* (Froggatt, 1899). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest. Cue-lure.
*Bactrocera pulchra* Tryon, 1927. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
*Bactrocera pusilla* (Hardy, 1983). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
*Bactrocera pyrifoliae* Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest (oligophagous).
*Bactrocera quadrata* (May, 1963). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
*Bactrocera quadristosata* (Bezzi, 1928). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest.
*Bactrocera quasiinfulata* Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
*Bactrocera quasineonigrita* Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
*Bactrocera quasipropinqua* Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Conifer.
*Bactrocera quasisisilvicola* Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
*Bactrocera raiensis* Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
*Bactrocera ranganathi* Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
*Bactrocera reclinata* Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
*Bactrocera redunca* (Drew, 1971). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
*Bactrocera repanda* Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
*Bactrocera resina* (Drew, 1971). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
*Bactrocera retrorsa* Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
*Bactrocera rhabdota* Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
*Bactrocera ritsemai* (Weyenbergh, 1869). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
*Bactrocera robertsi* Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
*Bactrocera robiginosa* (May, 1958). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
*Bactrocera romigae* (Drew & Hancock, 1981). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
*Bactrocera rubigina* (Wang & Zhao, 1989). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure, zingerone.

Notes: Zingerone is a new lure record.
*Bactrocera rufescens* (May, 1967). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
*Bactrocera rufiviita* Drew, 2011. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
*Bactrocera rufofuscata* (Drew & Hancock, 1981). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure, zingerone.
*Bactrocera russeola* (Drew & Hancock, 1981). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
*Bactrocera rutengiae* Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
*Bactrocera rutila* (Hering, 1941). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
*Bactrocera samoae* Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera sapaensis Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera satanellus (Hering, 1941). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera seguoji (Hering, 1939). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera selenophora Tsuruta & White, 2001. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera sembaliensis Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera setinervis (Malloch, 1938). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera silvicola (May, 1962). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure, zingerone.
Bactrocera simulata (Malloch, 1939). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera speewahensis Fay & Hancock, 2006. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Zingerone.
Bactrocera splendida (Perkins, 1938). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera strigata (Perkins, 1934). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera sulawesiae Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera suliae Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera sumbawaensis Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera superba Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera symplocos Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera syzygii White & Tsuruta, 2001. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Zingerone.

Notes: Zingerone is a new lure record.
Bactrocera tapahensis Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera tenuifascia (May, 1965). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera terminaliae Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera terminifer (Walker, 1860). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera ternatiae Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera tetrachaeta (Bezzi, 1919). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera thailandica Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera thistletoni Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera tigrina (May, 1953). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Zingerone.
Bactrocera timidula (Perkins, 1938). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera tilmiscii Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera torresiae Huxam & Hancock, 2006. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera tortuosa White & Evenhuis, 1999. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera toxopeusi (Hering, 1953). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Bactrocera trifaria (Drew, 1971). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera trifasciata (Hardy, 1982). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera trilineola Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera trivialis (Drew, 1971). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest. Cue-lure, zingerone.
Bactrocera truncata Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera tryoni (Froggatt, 1897). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest. Cue-lure, zingerone.

Notes: See under B. aquilonis.
Bactrocera tsuneonis (Miyake, 1919). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest.
Bactrocera tuberculata (Bezzi, 1916). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest (polyphagous). Methyl eugenol.
Bactrocera turneri Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Bactrocera umbrosa (Fabricius, 1805). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest (monophagous). Methyl eugenol.

Bactrocera unifasciata (Malloch, 1939). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Bactrocera unilineata Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Bactrocera unimacula Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

Bactrocera unipunctata (Malloch, 1939). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

Bactrocera unistriata (Drew, 1971). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

Bactrocera unimacula Drew & Romig, 2001. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Bactrocera usitata Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Bactrocera uvariae Drew, 2011. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Bactrocera venefica (Hering, 1938). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

Bactrocera verbascifoliae Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

Bactrocera versicolor (Bezzi, 1916). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest (monophagous). Methyl eugenol.

Bactrocera visenotata (Hardy, 1951). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

Bactrocera visenutia Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Bactrocera xanthodes (Broun, 1904). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest. Methyl eugenol.

Bactrocera xanthonidae White & Evenhuis, 1999. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

Bactrocera xanthonidea Li & Wang, 2006. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.

Bactrocera xanthonidea (Broun, 1904). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest. Methyl eugenol.

Bactrocera xanthonidea (Saunders, 1842). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest (polyphagous). Methyl eugenol.

Notes: Natively distributed in Asia, from the Indian subcontinent to Vietnam, and invasive in the Afrotropical and West-Palearctic (Middle East) Regions.

Genus Dacus Fabricius

Dacus abbabae Munro, 1933. Africa. Non-pest.

Dacus abditus (Munro, 1984). Africa. Non-pest.

Dacus abruptus White, 2009. Africa. Non-pest.

Dacus absonifacies (May, 1956). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure, zingerone.

Dacus acutus White, 2009. Africa. Non-pest.

Dacus adenae (Hering, 1940). Africa. Non-pest.

Dacus adenins Munro, 1984. Africa. Non-pest.

Dacus adustus Munro, 1948. Africa. Non-pest.

Dacus aequalis Coquillett, 1909. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure, zingerone.

Dacus africanus Adams, 1905. Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Dacus alarifumidus Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Dacus albiseta White, 2009. Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Dacus alulapictus Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

Dacus amberiens (Munro, 1984). Africa. Non-pest.

Dacus ambonensis Drew & Hancock, 1998. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
A global checklist of the 932 fruit fly species in the tribe Dacini (Diptera, Tephritidae)

Dacus amorphatus (Munro, 1984). Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus aneuvittatus (Drew, 1971). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Dacus annulatus Becker, 1903. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus apiculatus White, 2006. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus apiculatus White, 2006. Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus apostata (Hering, 1937). Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus apoxanthus Bezzi, 1924. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus arabicus White, 2006. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus arcuatus Munro, 1939. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus armatus Fabricius, 1805. Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

Notes: Type species for the genus.
Dacus aspilus Bezzi, 1924. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus atrimarginatus Drew & Hancock, 1998. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Dacus attenuatus Collart, 1935. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus axanthinus White & Evenhuis, 1999. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Dacus axanus (Hering 1938). Asia-Pacific. Cucurbitaceae fruit pest. Cue-lure, zingerone.

Notes: Dacus axanus is a species that is common in Australia and Papua New Guinea, and this name appears in various pest-related resources. D. unicolor and D. vespiformis may be conspecific with D. axanus. The latter two were described in a single publication by Hendel (Hendel 1927) without illustrations and the descriptions do not differentiate either from D. axanus. The types of D. unicolor and D. vespiformis were lost during the fire at the Museum in Hamburg in 1943.
Dacus badius Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus bakingiliensis Hancock, 1985. Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus bannatus Wang, 1990. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus basifasciatus (Hering, 1941). Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus bellulus Drew & Hancock, 1981. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure, zingerone.
Dacus bequaerti Collart, 1935. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus bidens (Curran, 1927). Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus binotatus Loew, 1862. Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus bispinosus (Wang, 1990). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Dacus bistrigulatus Bezzi, 1908. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus bivittatus (Bigot, 1858). Africa. Cucurbitaceae fruit pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus blepharogaster Bezzi, 1917. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus bombastus Hering, 1941. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus botianus (Munro, 1984). Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus brevis Coquillett, 1901. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus brevistriga Walker, 1861. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus briani White, 2006. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus brunnalis White, 2009. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus calirayae Drew & Hancock, 1998. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus capillaris (Drew, 1972). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus carnesi (Munro, 1984). Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus carvalhoi (Munro, 1984). Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus ceropogiae (Munro, 1984). Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus chamun (Munro, 1984). Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus chapini Curran, 1927. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus chiwira Hancock, 1985. Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus chrysomphalus (Bezzi, 1924). Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus ciliatus Loew, 1862. Africa. Cucurbitaceae fruit pest. 

Notes: Native to the Aftrotropical Region, and invasive in the Middle East and the Indian subcontinent (India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka).

Dacus clinophlebs Hendel, 1928. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus coenensis Royer & Hancock, 2012. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus collarti Munro, 1938. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus congensis White, 2006. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus conopsoides de Meijere, 1911. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Dacus copelandi White, 2006. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus crabroniformis (Bezzi, 1914). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Dacus croceus Munro, 1957. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus cyathus (Munro, 1984). Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus delicatus Munro, 1939. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus deltatus White, 2006. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus demmerezi (Bezzi, 1917). Africa. Cucurbitaceae fruit pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus devure Hancock, 1985. Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus diastatus Munro, 1984. Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus discipennis (Walker, 1861). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Dacus discophorus (Hering, 1956). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus discors Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus discretus Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus disjunctus (Bezzi, 1915). Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus dissimilis Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus donggaliae Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus dorjii Drew & Romig, 2007. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus durbanensis Munro, 1935. Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure, zingerone. 

Notes: The attraction to zingerone was documented by Manrakhan et al. (2017).
Dacus eclipsis (Bezzi, 1924). Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus elatus White, 2006. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus elegans (Munro, 1984). Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus elutissimus Bezzi, 1924. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus eminus Munro 1939. Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus erythraeus Bezzi, 1917. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus esakii (Shiraki, 1939). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Dacus etiennellus Munro, 1984. Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus externellus (Munro, 1984). Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus famona Hancock, 1985. Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus fasciolatus Collart, 1940. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus feijeni White, 1998. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus ficicola Bezzi, 1915. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus fissuratus White, 2006. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus flavicrus Graham, 1910. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus fletcheri Drew & Romig, 2007. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus formosanus (Tseng & Chu, 1983). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus freidbergi (Munro, 1984). Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus frontalis Becker, 1922. Africa. Cucurbitaceae fruit pest. Cue-lure, zingerone.

Notes: The attraction to zingerone was documented by Manrakhan et al. (2017).
Dacus fumosus Collart, 1935. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus fusciatus Wiedemann, 1819. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus fuscinervis Malloch, 1932. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus fuscovittatus Graham, 1910. Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus gabonensis White, 2006. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus ghesquierei Collart, 1935. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus goergeni De Meyer, White & Goodger, 2013. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus guineensis Hering, 1944. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus gypsoides Munro, 1933. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus bainanus Wang & Zhao, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Dacus hamatus Bezzi, 1917. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus hapalus (Munro, 1984). Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus hardyi Drew, 1979. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus bargreavesi (Munro, 1939). Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus herensis (Munro, 1984). Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus humeralis (Bezzi, 1915). Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus hyalobasis Bezzi, 1924. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus iaspideus Munro, 1948. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus icariiformis (Enderlein, 1920). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Dacus ikeleleng Hancock, 1985. Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus impar Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Dacus inclytus (Munro, 1984). Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus indecorus (Hardy, 1974). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Dacus infernus (Hardy, 1973). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Dacus inflatus Munro, 1939. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus inornatus Bezzi, 1908. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus insolitus White, 2009. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus insulosus Drew & Hancock, 1998. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Dacus jubatus (Munro, 1984). Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus kakamega White, 2006. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus kaplanae White, 2009. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus kariba Hancock, 1985. Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus katona Bianchi, 1924. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus keiseri (Hering, 1956). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Dacus kurrensis White, 2009. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus lagunae Drew & Hancock, 1998. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus langi Curran, 1927. Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus leongi Drew & Hancock, 1998. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus limbipennis Macquart, 1843. Africa. Cucurbitaceae fruit pest.
Dacus linearis Collart, 1935. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus longicornis (Wiedemann, 1830). Asia-Pacific. Cucurbitaceae fruit pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus longistylus Wiedemann, 1830. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus lotus (Bezzi, 1924). Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus lounsburyi Coquillett, 1901. Africa. Cucurbitaceae fruit pest.
Dacus luteovittatus White, 2009. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus macer Bezzi, 1919. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus maculipterus Drew & Hancock, 1998. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Dacus madagascarensis White, 2006. Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus magnificus White, 2009. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus mapriakensis Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Dacus marshalli Bezzi, 1924. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus masaicus Munro, 1937. Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus mayi (Drew, 1972). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus maynei Bezzi, 1924. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus mediovittatus White, 2006. Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus meladassus (Munro, 1984). Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus melanaspis (Munro, 1984). Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus melanohumeralis Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Dacus melanopectus Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Dacus merzi White, 2006. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus mirificus (Munro, 1984). Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus mochii Bezzi, 1917. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus mulgens Munro, 1932. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus murphyi Drew & Hancock, 1998. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Dacus nairobiensis White, 2006. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus namibiensis Hancock & Drew, 2001. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus nanggalaee Drew & Hancock, 1998. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus nanus Collart, 1940. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus newmani (Perkins, 1937). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus nigriscutatus White, 2006. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus nigrolateris White, 2006. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus notalaxus Munro, 1984. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus nummularius (Bezzi, 1916). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus obesus Munro, 1948. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus okumuae White, 2006. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus ooii Drew & Hancock, 1998. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus opacatus Munro, 1948. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus ortholomatus Hardy, 1982. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Dacus ostiofaciens Munro, 1932. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus pallidilatus Munro, 1948. Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus palmerensis Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus pamelae (Munro, 1984). Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus panpyrhus (Munro, 1984). Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus parvimaculatus White, 2006. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus pecropsis Munro, 1984. Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus pedunculatus (Bezzi, 1919). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Dacus pergulariae Munro, 1938. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus persicus Hendel, 1927. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Dacus petioliformis (Senior-White, 1922). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Dacus phantoma Hering, 1941. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus phimis (Munro, 1984). Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus phloginus (Munro, 1984). Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus pictus (Hardy, 1970). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Dacus plagiatus Collart, 1935. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus pleuralis Collart, 1935. Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus polistiformis (Senior-White, 1922). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Dacus pseudapostata White, 2009. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus pseudomirificus White, 2009. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus pulchralis White, 2006. Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus pullescens Munro, 1948. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus pullus (Hardy, 1982). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Dacus punctatifrons Karsch, 1887. Africa. Cucurbitaceae fruit pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus purpurifrons Bezzi, 1924. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus purus (Curran, 1927). Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus pusillator (Munro, 1984). Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus pusillus (May, 1965). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Dacus quilicii White, 2006. Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus radmirus Hering, 1941. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus ramanii Drew & Hancock, 1998. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus rubicundus Bezzi, 1924. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus rufoscutellatus (Hering, 1937). Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus rufus Bezzi, 1915. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus rugatus Munro, 1984. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus rulsan (Hering, 1941). Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus rutilus Munro, 1948. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus sakeji Hancock, 1985. Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus salamander (Drew & Hancock, 1981). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus santongae Drew & Hancock, 1998. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus satanas (Hering, 1939). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Zingerone.
Notes: Zingerone is a new lure record.

*Dacus scaber* Loew, 1862. Africa. Non-pest.

*Dacus schoutedeni* Collart, 1935. Africa. Non-pest.

*Dacus secamoneae* Drew, 1989. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure, zingerone.

*Dacus segunii* White, 2006. Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Dacus seguyi* (Munro, 1984). Africa. Non-pest.

*Dacus semisphaereus* Becker, 1903. Africa. Non-pest.

*Dacus senegalensis* White, 2009. Africa. Non-pest.

*Dacus serratus* (Munro, 1984). Africa. Non-pest.

*Dacus setilatens* Munro, 1984. Africa. Non-pest.

*Dacus siamensis* Drew & Hancock, 1998. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Dacus signatifrons* (May, 1956). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Dacus siliqualactis* Munro, 1939. Africa. Non-pest.

*Dacus sinensis* Wang, 1990. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

*Dacus solomonensis* Malloch, 1939. Asia-Pacific. Cucurbitaceae fruit pest. Cue-lure.

*Dacus sphaeristicus* Speiser, 1910. Africa. Non-pest.

*Dacus sphaeroidalis* (Bezzi, 1916). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Dacus sphaerostigma* (Bezzi, 1924). Africa. Non-pest.

*Dacus spissus* Munro, 1984. Africa. Non-pest.

*Dacus stentor* Munro, 1929. Africa. Non-pest.

*Dacus stylifer* (Bezzi, 1919). Africa. Non-pest.

*Dacus subsessilis* (Bezzi, 1919). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

*Dacus succaelestis* Ito, 2011. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

*Dacus tauri* Drew & Romig, 2001. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Dacus telfaireae* (Bezzi, 1924). Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Dacus temnopterus* Bezzi, 1928. Africa. Non-pest.

*Dacus tenebricus* Munro, 1938. Africa. Non-pest.

*Dacus tenebrosus* Drew & Hancock, 1998. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure, zingerone.

Notes: Zingerone is a new lure record.

*Dacus theophrastus* Hering, 1941. Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Dacus transitorius* Collart, 1935. Africa. Non-pest.

*Dacus transversalis* White, 2009. Africa. Non-pest.

*Dacus triater* Munro, 1937. Africa. Non-pest.

*Dacus trigonus* Bezzi, 1919. Africa. Non-pest.

*Dacus trimacula* Wang, 1990. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure, zingerone.

Notes: Zingerone is a new lure record.

*Dacus triquetrus* Drew & Romig, 2013. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.

*Dacus umbeluzinus* (Munro, 1984). Africa. Non-pest.

*Dacus umbrilatus* Munro, 1938. Africa. Non-pest.

*Dacus umehi* White, 2006. Africa. Non-pest.

*Dacus unicolor* (Hendel, 1927). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

Notes: See under *D. axanus*

*Dacus velutifrons* White, 2009. Africa. Non-pest.
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Dacus venetatus Munro, 1939. Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus vertebratus Bezzi, 1908. Africa. Cucurbitaceae fruit pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus vespoformis (Hendel, 1927). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

Notes: See under D. axanus.
Dacus vestigiovittatus White, 2009. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus viator Munro, 1939. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus vijaysegarani Drew & Hancock, 1998. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure, zingerone.

Notes: Zingerone is a new lure record.
Dacus vittatus (Hardy, 1974). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Dacus wallacei White, 1998. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Dacus woodi Bezzi, 1917. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus xanthaspis (Munro, 1984). Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus xanthinus White, 2009. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus xanthopterus (Bezzi, 1915). Africa. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Dacus xanthopus Bezzi, 1924. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus yangambinus Munro, 1984. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus yaromi White, 2009. Africa. Non-pest.
Dacus yemenensis White, 2006. Africa. Non-pest.

Genus Monacrostichus Bezzi
Monacrostichus citricola (Bezzi, 1913). Asia-Pacific. Fruit pest.

Notes: Type species for the genus.
Monacrostichus malaysiae Drew & Hancock, 1994. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

Genus Zeugodacus Hendel
Zeugodacus abdoangustus (Drew, 1972). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus abdoaurantiacus (Drew, 1989). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus abdopalleceens (Drew, 1971). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus ablepharus (Bezzi, 1919). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus abnormis (Hardy, 1982). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus absolutus (Walker, 1861). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus aithonota (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus alampetus (Drew, 1989). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Zeugodacus ambiguus (Shiraki, 1933). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus amoenus (Drew, 1972). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus anala (Chen & Zhou, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

Notes: We regard this name as a noun, not changing the ending, following De Meyer et al. (2015). Chen and Zhou (2013) did not specify if it was meant as a noun or adjective, but mentioned “the specific ephithet refers to the wing anal streak”.
Zeugodacus anchitrichotus (Drew, 1989). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus angusticostatus (Drew, 1989). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus angustifinis (Hardy, 1982). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus apicalis (de Meijere, 1911). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus apiciflavus (Yu He & Chen, 2011). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus apicofemoralis (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus areolatus (Walker, 1861). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus arisanicus Shiraki, 1933, stat. rev. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Notes: This species is here reassigned to Zeugodacus. It has a medial postsutural vitta and yellow markings anterior of the transverse suture, which are likely reliable morphological characters for assignment to Zeugodacus. This generic assignment is further supported by DNA sequence data from seven genes (San Jose et al. 2018). Whether the other members assigned to the subgenus Hemizeugodacus should be placed in Bactrocera or Zeugodacus remains to be determined.
Zeugodacus armillatus (Hering, 1938). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus assamensis White, 1999. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus atrichus (Bezzi, 1919). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus atrifacies (Perkins, 1938). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus atrisetosus (Perkins, 1939). Asia-Pacific. Cucurbitaceae fruit pest.
Zeugodacus atypicus (White & Evenhuis, 1999). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus aurantiventer (Drew, 1989). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus bakeri (Bezzi, 1919). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus baliensis (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus baoshanensis (Zhang, Ji, Yang & Chen, 2011). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus biguttatus (Bezzi, 1916). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus binøyi (Drew, 2002). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus bogorensis (Hardy, 1983). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus borongensis (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus brachus (Drew, 1972). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus brevipunctatus (David & Hancock, 2017), comb. n. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Notes: This species was recently described in Bactrocera and placed in the subgenus Sinodacus, of which all other previous members have been transferred to Zeugodacus (De Meyer et al. 2015). We here follow this reasoning.
Zeugodacus brevivitta (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus buurenisis (White, 1999). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus buvittatus (Drew, 1989). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus calumniatus (Hardy, 1970). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Zeugodacus careomacula (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus caudatus (Fabricius, 1805). Asia-Pacific. Cucurbitaceae flower pest. Cue-lure.
Notes: Type species for genus.
Zeugodacus choristus (May, 1962). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus cilifer (Hendel, 1912). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus citrifuscus (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus citroides (Drew, 1989). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus complicatus (White, 1999). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus connexus (Hardy, 1982). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus cucumis (French, 1907). Asia-Pacific. Cucurbitaceae fruit pest.
Zeugodacus cucurbitae (Coquillett, 1899). Asia-Pacific. Cucurbitaceae fruit pest. Cue-lure, zingerone.

Notes: Zeugodacus cucurbitae, the melon fly, is one of the most significant pest species with the Tephritidae. Although different forms are recognized that can be correlated with different hosts, these are generally not thought to represent different (cryptic) species (De Meyer et al. 2015, Hendrichs et al. 2015). Natively widespread in Asia and invasive in many Pacific islands and the Afrotropical region.

Zeugodacus curtus (Drew, 1972). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus daclaciae (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus daulus (Drew, 1989). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus decipiens (Drew, 1972). Asia-Pacific. Cucurbitaceae fruit pest.
Zeugodacus depressus (Shiraki, 1933). Asia-Pacific. Cucurbitaceae fruit pest.
Zeugodacus diaphoropsis (Hering, 1952). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus diaphorus (Hendel, 1915). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus dissidens (Drew, 1989). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus disturgidus (Yu, Deng & Chen, 2012). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.

Notes: Z. disturgidus is not included in the Drew and Romig (2013, 2016) keys. According to the diagnosis, it is similar to Z. vinnulus but differs in having the face with two bands, and the costal band on the wing confluent with vein R_2+3 and not expanded apically.

Zeugodacus diversus (Coquillett, 1904). Asia-Pacific. Cucurbitaceae flower pest. Methyl eugenol.

Notes: Drew and Romig (2013) state that this species appears to have a weak attraction to methyl eugenol. We hereby confirm this attraction, based on the recent capture of fifteen flies among eight different trapping locations in Nepal and additional records from Bangladesh.

Zeugodacus dorsirufus (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus dubiosus (Hardy, 1982). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus duplicatus (Bezzi, 1916). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus elegantulus (Hardy, 1974). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus emarginatus (Perkins, 1939). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus emittens (Walker, 1860). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus eurylomatus (Hardy, 1982). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus exornatus (Hering, 1941). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure
Zeugodacus fallacis (Drew, 1972). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus fereuncinatus (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus flavipilosus (Hardy, 1982). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus flavolateralis (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus flavpectoralis (Hering, 1953). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus flavoverticalis (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus freidbergi (White, 1999). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus fulvipes (Perkins, 1938). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus fulvoabdominalis (White & Evenhuis, 1999). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus fuscipennis (Drew & Romig, 2001). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus fuscocalculus (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus gavisus (Munro, 1935). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus gracilis (Drew, 1972). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus hamaceki (Drew & Romig, 2001). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus hancocki (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus havelockiae (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus heinrichi (Hering, 1941). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure, zingerone. Notes: Zingerone is a new lure record.
Zeugodacus hekouanus (Yu He & Yang, 2011). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus hengsawadae (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus hoabinhiae (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure
Zeugodacus hochii (Zia, 1936). Asia-Pacific. Cucurbitaceae fruit pest. Cue-lure, zingerone. Notes: Zingerone is a new lure record.
Zeugodacus hodgsoniae (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus hoedi (White, 1999). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus bululangatiae (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus incisus (Walker, 1861). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus indentus (Hardy, 1974). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus infestus (Enderlein, 1920). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus iriomotiae (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Zeugodacus ishigakiensis (Shiraki, 1933). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus isolatus (Hardy, 1973). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus javaticus (Mahmood, 1999). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus javanensis (Perkins, 1938), comb. n. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Notes: Originally described in Afrodacus, here transferred from Bactrocera. It is placed in the subgenus Javadacus. Members of Javadacus were not moved to Zeugodacus by De Meyer et al. (2015) because only one representative, B. unirufa Drew, 1989, had been included in any molecular phylogenetic studies, where it was robustly placed in Bactrocera. However, B. unirufa has since been synonymized with B. melanothoracica and removed from Javadacus along with several other species that did not have the shallow posterior emargination of sternite V and elongate posterior surstylus lobes in the male genitalia, which fit Zeugodacus. We therefore now move all remaining species in the subgenus Javadacus to Zeugodacus.
Zeugodacus juxtuncinatus (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus kaghanae (Mahmood, 1999). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus khaojaiae (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus laguniiensis (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus lipsanus (Hendel, 1915). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus liquidus (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus longicaudatus (Perkins, 1938). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus longivittatus (Chua & Ooi, 1998). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Methyl eugenol.
Zeugodacus luteicinctutus (Ito, 2011). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
   Notes: Z. luteicinctutus is not included in the Drew and Romig (2013, 2016) keys. According to the diagnosis it is similar to Z. yoshimotoi, but differs in having dull brownish instead of shining a black marking surrounding the ocellar triangle. This may prove to be a junior synonym of Z. yoshimotoi when more specimens are studied or when molecular data become available.
Zeugodacus macrophyllae (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus macrovittatus (Drew, 1989). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus maculatus (Perkins, 1938). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus maculifacies (Hardy, 1973). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus maculifemur (Hering, 1938). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus magnicauda (White & Evenhuis, 1999). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus melanofacies (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus melanopsis (Hardy, 1982). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus menglanus (Yu Liu & Yang, 2011). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus mesonotaiitha (Drew, 1989). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus minimus (Hering, 1952). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus montanus (Hardy, 1983), comb. nov. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
   Notes: Originally described in Dacus, here transferred from Bactrocera. See further comments under Z. javanensis.
Zeugodacus mukiae (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacusmundus (Bezzi, 1919). Asia-Pacific. Cucurbitaceae fruit pest.
Zeugodacus nakhonnanayokiae (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus namlingiae (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus neoelegantulus (White, 1999). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus neoemittens (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus neoflavipilosus (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus neolipsanus (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus neopallescentis (Drew, 1989). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus nigrifacies (Shiraki, 1933). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus ochrosterna (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus okunii (Shiraki, 1933). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus pahangiae (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus pantabanganiae (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus papuaensis (Malloch 1939), comb. nov. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
   Notes: This species was moved from Dacus to the subgenus Austrodacus by Hancock and Drew (2016), but they continued to classify that subgenus in Bactrocera. Like all members of the subgenus Austrodacus, we here place it in the genus Zeugodacus.
Zeugodacus paululus (Drew, 1989). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus pemalangiae (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus perplexus (Walker, 1862). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus perpusillus (Drew, 1971). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus persignatus (Hering, 1941). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus platanus (Hardy, 1973). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus proprescutellatus (Zhang Che & Gao, 2011). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus pubescens (Bezzi, 1919). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus purus (White, 1999). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus quasiinfestus (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus reflexus (Drew, 1971). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus rubellus (Hardy, 1973). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus sabahensis (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus sandaracinus (Drew, 1989). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus sasaotiae (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus scutellarius (Bezzi, 1916), comb. nov. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Notes: Originally described in Chaetodacus, here transferred from Bactrocera. See further comments under Z. javanensis.
Zeugodacus scutellatus (Hendel, 1912). Asia-Pacific. Cucurbitaceae flower pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus scutellinus (Bezzi, 1916). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus semisurstyli (Drew & Romig, 2013), comb. nov. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Notes: Here transferred from Bactrocera. See further comments under Z. javanensis.
Zeugodacus semongokensis (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus sepikae (Drew, 1989). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus signatifer (Tryon, 1927). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus signatus (Hering, 1941). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus sinensis (Yu Bai & Chen, 2011). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus singularis (Drew, 1989). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus sonlaiae (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus speciosus (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus spectabilis (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus strigifinis (Walker, 1861). Asia-Pacific. Cucurbitaceae flower pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus sumbensis (Hering, 1953). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus surrufulus (Drew, 1989). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus synnephes (Hendel, 1913). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus tapervitta (Mahmood, 1999). Asia-Pacific. Cucurbitaceae fruit pest.
Zeugodacus tappanus (Shiraki, 1933). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus tau (Walker, 1849). Asia-Pacific. Cucurbitaceae fruit pest. Cue-lure.
Notes: Zeugodacus tau possibly represents a cryptic species complex the extent of which is currently unclear (Baimai 2000, Kirthawee and Dujardin 2010, Kirthawee and Rungsri 2011, Dujardin and Kirthawee 2013).
Zeugodacus tebeduiae (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus timorensis (Perkins, 1939). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus transversus (Hardy, 1982). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus triangularis (Drew, 1968). Asia-Pacific. Cucurbitaceae flower pest. Cue-lure, zingerone.
Zeugodacus trichosanthes (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Cucurbitaceae fruit pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus trichotus (May, 1962). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus tricuspidatae (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus trilineatus (Hardy, 1955), comb. nov. Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
  Notes: Originally described in Dacus, here transferred from Bactrocera. See further comments under Z. javanensis.
Zeugodacus trimaculatus (Hardy & Adachi, 1954). Asia-Pacific. Cucurbitaceae fruit pest.
Zeugodacus trivandrumensis (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus ujungpandangiae (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus uncinatus (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus unilateralis (Drew, 1989). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus univittatus (Drew, 1972). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus urens (White, 1999). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus vargus (Hardy, 1982). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus vinnulus (Hardy, 1973). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus vultus (Hardy, 1973). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure
Zeugodacus waimitialae (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus watersi (Hardy, 1954). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus whitei (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus yalaensis (Drew & Romig, 2013). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest.
Zeugodacus yoshimotoi (Hardy, 1973). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
Zeugodacus zahadi (Mahmood, 1999). Asia-Pacific. Non-pest. Cue-lure.
  Notes: The characters that supposedly distinguish Z. zahadi from Z. tau overlap, and Z. zahadi may be a synonym of Z. tau (Drew & Romig, 2013). See further notes under Z. tau.

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**Supplementary material I**

A global checklist of the 932 fruit fly species in the tribe Dacini (Diptera: Tephritidae), spreadsheet table.

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Data type: Checklist

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