NEED ANALYSIS: PORTABLE WEB SERVER DEVELOPMENT KITS FOR TEACHING AND LEARNING

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ABSTRACT

A Portable server is the combination of popular web server software, namely Apache, MySQL, PHP and PhpMyAdmin. With a portable server, users can develop and display a developed website anywhere at any time as all web server configurations have been installed on the storage drive. Portable servers are ideal for displaying the offline version of the website anywhere when developing a website. Using a mobile server as well, users do not need hosting that requires complicated configuration and can be used to run tests before putting the website online. This study aims to obtain preliminary findings on building portable web server development kits for the teaching and learning process.

KEYWORDS

Web Server, Portable Server, Portable Web Server, Web Development

1. INTRODUCTION

Web-based learning involves technological aids, such as computers, web server, internet access and suitable programming languages. The structure of learning in teacher-student centered has changed directly using online learning methods as a result of the pandemic Covid-19. These changes also affect the methods of learning and teaching in various subjects, including Computer Science. Due to the current situation, learning activities involving website development are difficult to carry out during online learning due to the factors involving the hardware and software required in website development process.

The website development process involves several areas of web engineering and multimedia applications that require a different set of skills and development processes [1]. Web development is the coding or programming that allows applications to be developed to be published in a web browser according to the requirements of the problem. There are two important parts to web development, namely front-end development (also called client development) and back-end development (also known as server development). Front-end development refers to building pages that are visible to users when they load a web application. This covers aspects of content maintenance, web design and how users interact with the web. This is done with three types of code namely HTML, CSS and JavaScript. The second part of the development is the back-end which is the server development. The back-end section serves to control what happens behind the web application page. Back-ends often use databases to generate web pages for users. Back-end coding is mostly written in specific coding languages and frameworks, such as PHP, Python, Ruby on Rails, ASP.NET, Perl, Java and so on to produce a complete website.
Website development is the matter involved in developing a website for the internet (WWW) or an intranet (a private network) [2]. Web development can range from developing simple static pages from plain text to complete web-based internet applications (web applications), electronic businesses and social networking services. The web development process includes web design, web content development, and client-server coding configuration.

The website configuration process requires an important element that is a web server. A web server is server software or hardware assigned to run web software that can respond to customer requests from websites accessed from the WWW. The main function of a web server is to store, process and send websites to clients. Communication between client and server takes place using Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP) [3]. The submitted page consists of an HTML document including images, style scripts and scripts, and textual content. The web server processes incoming network requests via HTTP and several other related protocols.

2. BACKGROUND OF STUDY

Server development involves a web server. Web servers often come as part of larger internet and intranet programs to handle email, download requests for File Transfer Protocol (FTP) files and build and display a website. Some web servers offer complete configuration packages, including Apache, Internet Information Server (IIS) and a database loaded into a computer [4].

A computer can test the functionality of a website developed to load all the necessary software [5]. The computer functions as a virtual server to display the website’s result that has been developed offline (without involving the internet). Each computer has a network that can be accessed on a web browser that is localhost. Localhost refers to a computer that runs a program and is used to access network services running on that computer. This mechanism can be used to run network services on a host without the need for a physical network interface [6]. For example, a website installed on a computer can be accessed from a web browser with the URL http://localhost/webname/ to display the web page that has been developed.

Usually, website development activities are done in computer labs in schools with the help of teachers who teach. Computer technicians or teachers need to make settings or configurations on the computer to be equipped with software and applications that are suitable for web programming activities. However, the readiness and capability of a computer is a major factor in the failure to carry out website development activities. The server configuration also requires space to store server settings and all built-in website documents. Failure to provide a computer with the appropriate settings and configuration will complicate the server configuration process.

The process of maintaining a web server on a computer can be complicated if the user does not provide the necessary software in the ongoing installation or troubleshooting process. Users should also consider the suitability of each computer before the web server installation process is carried out. This will affect the usability and functionality of each web development that will be developed. Therefore, the researcher has planned to build a module and develop portable web server kits for teaching and learning to develop web applications.

3. METHODOLOGY

For the development process, it is very important to develop a particular model driven by research gaps in a particular field of study. This study was conducted using a structured survey study with 98 students randomly selected from various courses and programs at the university. Basically, the
main purpose of this survey study is to explore and identify the need in developing portable web server kits for teaching and learning use that involves the development of web applications.

3.1. Participants

The selection of 98 students as respondents was made using a random sampling method. Researchers select respondents consisting of students who took courses related to web development and application development involving a group of students from the Computer Science, Software Engineering and Information Technology program. These respondents are also selected from a variety of educational backgrounds.

3.2. Research Instrument

Needs analysis in the educational process covers developments within the scope of certain objectives depending on research purposes [7]. This study's needs study was a survey questionnaire guided by the early literature related to teaching and web development learning. This instrument has two main parts. Section A contains items related to the demographics of the respondents. Part B includes three (3) sub-questions related to Level of Knowledge, Perception, and Level of Readiness respondents using portable web server kits for teaching and learning use that involves developing web applications.

Validation of the instrument was performed by two researchers who have experience in education and computer science. In the validation process, individual discussions were conducted to obtain expert opinions and suggestions on the questionnaire items in terms of clarity and appropriateness as well as construct validity. Basically, every feedback and suggestion are recorded and incorporated into the instrument to improve its reliability and quality.

4. DATA ANALYSIS

The needs analysis study was conducted through a survey using an online questionnaire. Survey to 98 students as respondents, consisting of students from different educational backgrounds and programs. The researcher used a quantitative approach to analyse the data based on the frequency and percentage that measured using Likert Scale 1 to 5 ranging from strongly disagree to strongly agree of each questionnaire item using SPSS software. These statistical measures help highlight and emphasize the need to build portable web server kits for teaching and learning practise.

5. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

5.1. First Findings: Level of Knowledge

The first group of questions of the study of the needs is related to the respondents' level of knowledge about portable web servers. Directly, this question helps to highlight the level of knowledge of respondents on website development. Table 1 summarizes the results of the knowledge level items identified in this survey study.
Basic knowledge of respondents should be obtained to know the current level of knowledge about portable web servers. Almost all respondents do not know and have never used portable web servers. These findings support researchers to explore further areas related to the development of portable web servers.

5.2. Second Findings: Perception

The second sub of the needs analysis survey question focused on respondents’ perceptions of creating a portable web server. The findings from this second sub-question will help provide a clear picture of the views and willingness of respondents to use portable web server in the future.

The second finding is about students’ perceptions of the usage of portable web servers. Most respondents agreed with the statement regarding the uses and advantages of using a portable web server.
server in web development activities. The use of portable web servers is also able to increase productivity and quality in the learning process of website development.

5.3. Third Findings: Level of Readiness

The third questionnaire of the survey discusses the findings on students' readiness to use Portable Web server in the teaching and learning process later. Table 3 shows a list of questionnaires answered by the respondents and the findings obtained for the overall level of readiness in the use of portable web server.

| Items                                                                                       | N  | SD | D | N  | A | SA  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|----|---|----|----|-----|
| I am confident that using Portable Web Server can improve the quality in website development | 98 | 0  | 0 | 32 | 33 | 33  |
| I will use Portable Web Server to facilitate the website development process                | 98 | 0  | 2 | 26 | 36 | 34  |
| I plan to use Portable Web Server in every website project development                        | 98 | 0  | 0 | 32 | 33 | 32  |
| I would encourage other friends to use Portable Web Server                                   | 98 | 0  | 1 | 24 | 36 | 37  |

Findings from the level of readiness show that more than half of the respondents are ready to use portable web servers in the future. The findings from these four questions convinced researchers to continue exploring the development of portable web servers.

6. CONCLUSION

Undoubtedly, needs analysis can help highlight current issues related to portable web servers in web development activities. As shown in this study, most respondents are not knowledgeable in the use of portable web servers. In fact, some of them have never applied the portable web server during the study period. Therefore, the researchers conducted a needs analysis survey involving a group of students from Computer Science and Information Technology programs to obtain important information that helps determine the needs in the future development of portable web servers. Hence, a proposal to develop portable web server development kits for teaching and learning is able to give a positive impact in the learning process independently. The kits produced can be used by teachers and students in schools, as well as at the university level.

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