Editorial
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Specifications of Standards in Systems and Synthetic Biology: Status and Developments in 2019

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Abstract:
This special issue of the Journal of Integrative Bioinformatics presents an overview of COMBINE standards and their latest specifications. The standards cover representation formats for computational modeling in synthetic and systems biology and include BioPAX, CellML, NeuroML, SBML, SBGN, SBOL and SED-ML. The articles in this issue contain updated specifications of SBGN Process Description Level 1 Version 2, SBML Level 3 Core Version 2 Release 2, SBOL Version 2.3.0, and SBOL Visual Version 2.1.

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1 Introduction

Standards play an important role in Systems and Synthetic Biology. COMBINE (‘COMputational Modeling in Biology’ NEtwork) [1], [2] is a formal entity that coordinates standards development in these fields of research, fosters and moderates discussions, designs and implements dissemination strategies, and organises two annual community meetings each year. HARMONY (Hackathons on Resources for Modeling in Biology) is a workshop and hackathon for the development of libraries, specifications and tool support. The COMBINE forum brings together experts from associated fields of research, discusses applications and further developments of COMBINE standards and hence offers a platform for communication between standards developers and users.

COMBINE describes itself as “...a network formed by the communities developing standards and formats to share computational models. Working together, it is expected that the federated projects will develop a set of interoperable standards covering all the aspects of computational modelling. Building on the experience of mature projects, which already have stable specifications, software support, user-base and community governance, COMBINE helps foster or support fledgling efforts aimed at filling gaps or new needs” [3].

COMBINE standards and associated initiatives cover a range of topics, see Figure 1. COMBINE is an open initiative and everybody is invited to join. The COMBINE web site https://co.mbine.org/ and COMBINE-related publications [1], [2], [4] provide more information. Please note that this editorial contains similar information to overviews in earlier special issues [5], [6], [7]. We decided to give again a complete overview here as it helps the reader to find all information in one place.

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Figure 1: Overview of standards and associated efforts in Systems and Synthetic Biology provided by COMBINE (from [6]).

COMBINE published the first collection of Systems and Synthetic Biology standards as a special issue of the Journal of Integrative Bioinformatics in 2015 [5]. Since then a regular special issue of JIB provides updates to COMBINE standards. The latest update was published in 2018 [7]. This special issue presents developments of standards and related initiatives in 2018/19.

2 Latest Versions of COMBINE Standards

When using and implementing COMBINE standards, please refer to the following specifications. Note: New specifications are highlighted with *NEW*.

2.1 Core Standards

2.1.1 BioPAX (Biological PAthway eXchange)

BioPAX (Biological PAthway eXchange) [8], specification is BioPAX [9].

2.1.2 CellML

CellML [10], specifications are
- CellML 1.1 [11];
- CellML Metadata Framework 2.0 [12].

2.1.3 NeuroML

NeuroML (Neural Open Markup Language) [13], [14], specification is
- NeuroML version 2.0 [13].

2.1.4 SBGN (Systems Biology Graphical Notation)

SBGN (Systems Biology Graphical Notation) [15], specifications are
-- *NEW* SBGN Process Description Level 1 Version 2 [16] – which includes new developments such as the addition of equivalence operator, subunit, and annotation glyphs, modification to the usage of submaps, and updates to clarify the use of various glyphs;
-- SBGN Entity Relationship Level 1 Version 2.0 [17];
-- SBGN Activity Flow Level 1 Version 1.2 [18].

2.1.5 SBML (Systems Biology Markup Language)

SBML (Systems Biology Markup Language) [19], specifications are
-- *NEW* SBML Level 3 Core, Version 2 Release 2 [20] – which corrects some errors and clarifies some ambiguities discovered in Release 1. It defines validation rules that determine the validity of an SBML document and provides many examples of models in SBML form;
-- SBML Level 3 Core, Version 2 [21];
-- SBML Level 3 Package: Flux Balance Constraints, Version 2 [22];
-- SBML Level 3 Package: Hierarchical Model Composition, Version 1 [23];
-- SBML Level 3 Package: Multistate, Multicomponent and Multicompartment Species, Version 1 Release 1 [24];
-- SBML Level 3 Package: Render, Version 1, Release 1 [25];
-- SBML Level 3 Package: Qualitative Models, Version 1 [26];
-- SBML Level 3 Package: Layout, Version 1 [27];
-- SBML Level 3 Package: Groups, Version 1 [28].

2.1.6 SBOL (Synthetic Biology Open Language)

SBOL (Synthetic Biology Open Language) [29], specifications are
-- *NEW* SBOL Visual Version 2.1 [31] – which extends the diagram syntax to include methods for showing modular structure and mappings between elements of a system, interactions arrows that can split or join, and new glyphs for indicating genomic context and for stop codons.

2.1.7 SED-ML (Simulation Experiment Description Markup Language)

SED-ML (Simulation Experiment Description Markup Language) [32], specification is
-- SED-ML Level 1 Version 3 [33].

2.2 Associated Standards

Associated standards provide an additional layer of semantics to COMBINE representation formats. These are:
-- COMBINE Archive [34], specification is COMBINE Archive 1.0 [35];
-- Identifiers.org URIs [36], community resources to provide persistent identification (no specification);
— Systems Biology Ontology and Kinetic Simulation Algorithm Ontology [37] for controlled vocabularies and semantics in systems biology (no specification);
— BioModels.net qualifiers [38] for representing relation between a model component and the resource used to annotate it (no specification).

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