**Long In Vivo Checklist**

AHA - Preclinical Animal Testing: A detailed checklist has been developed as a prerequisite for every publication involving preclinical studies. **Checklist items must be clearly presented in the manuscript, and if an item is not adhered to, an explanation should be provided.** If this information (checklist items and/or explanations) cannot be included in the main manuscript because of space limitations, please include it in an online supplement. If the manuscript is accepted, this checklist will be published as an online supplement.

This study involves animal models:
Yes

### Study Design

- The experimental group(s) have been clearly defined in the article, including number of animals in each experimental arm of the study. **Yes**
- An overall study timeline is provided. **Yes**
- The protocol was prospectively written. **Yes**
- The primary and secondary endpoints are specified. **Yes**

For primary endpoints, a description is provided as to how the type I error multiplicity issue was addressed (e.g., correction for multiple comparisons was or was not used and why). (Note: correction for multiple comparisons is not necessary if the study was exploratory or hypothesis-generating in nature). **Yes**

A description of the control group is provided including whether it matched the treated groups. **Yes**

### Inclusion and Exclusion criteria

- Inclusion and exclusion criteria for enrollment into the study were defined and are reported in the manuscript. **Yes**
- These criteria were set a priori (before commencing the study). **Yes**

### Randomization

- Animals were randomly assigned to the experimental groups. If random assignment was not used, adequate explanation has been provided. **Yes**
- Type and methods of randomization have been described. **Yes**
- Allocation concealment was used. **Yes**
- Methods used for allocation concealment have been reported. **Yes**

### Blinding

- Blinding procedures with regard to masking of group/treatment assignment from the experimenter were used and are described. The rationale for nonblinding of the experimenter has been provided, if such was not performed. **Yes**
- Blinding procedures with regard to masking of group assignment during outcome assessment were used and are described. **Yes**
- If blinding was not performed, the rationale for nonblinding of the person(s) analyzing outcome has been provided. **Yes**

### Sample size and power calculations

- Formal sample size and power calculations were conducted before commencing the study based on a priori determined outcome(s) and treatment effect(s), and the data are reported. **Yes**
- If formal sample size and power calculation was not conducted, a rationale has been provided. **Yes**

### Data Reporting
Baseline characteristics (species, sex, age, strain, chow, bedding, and source) of animals are reported.

The number of animals in each group that were randomized, tested, and excluded and that died is reported. If the experimentation involves repeated measurements, the number of animals assessed at each time point is provided for all experimental groups.

Baseline data on assessed outcome(s) for all experimental groups are reported.

Details on important adverse events and death of animals during the course of the experiment are reported for all experimental groups.

Numeric data on outcomes are provided in the text or in a tabular format in the main article or as supplementary tables, in addition to the figures.

To the extent possible, data are reported as dot plots as opposed to bar graphs, especially for small sample size groups.

In the online Supplemental Material, methods are described in sufficient detail to enable full replication of the study.

Statistical methods

The statistical methods used for each data set are described.

For each statistical test, the effect size with its standard error and $P$ value is presented. Authors are encouraged to provide 95% confidence intervals for important comparisons.

Central tendency and dispersion of the data are examined, particularly for small data sets.

Nonparametric tests are used for data that are not normally distributed.

Two-sided $P$ values are used.

In studies that are not exploratory or hypothesis-generating in nature, corrections for multiple hypotheses testing and multiple comparisons are performed.

In “negative” studies or null findings, the probability of a type II error is reported.

Experimental details, ethics, and funding statements

Details on experimentation including formulation and dosage of therapeutic agent, site and route of administration, use of anesthesia and analgesia, temperature control during experimentation, and postprocedural monitoring are described.

Both male and female animals have been used. If not, the reason/justification is provided.

Statements on approval by ethics boards and ethical conduct of studies are provided.

Statements on funding and conflicts of interests are provided.

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