Augmented Reality-assisted Electronic Module for Ecology Student

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ABSTRACT

Education during the pandemic experiences many obstacles that hinder all learning processes. Learning in ecology courses, in particular, has problems because it has one of the activities students have to go to the environment to make observations. The environment referred to here is the Brantas River. Brantas River is the largest river in East Java. However, the river is polluted due to human activities around the river. This phenomenon is intended to be presented as a lesson material for students to be able to improve environmental attitudes. Augmented reality assistance is useful for moving the environment that will be the subject of student observation during virtual learning.

1. Introduction

Education in Indonesia is based on Law No. 20 of 2003 which is clearly described in it that the direction of education and the purpose of education is to create students who are reliable and have the skills needed to solve problems in people's lives. One of the problems that become the focus of international discussion is environmental issues. According to (Partnership for 21St Century Learning 2007) one of the lessons that must be possessed by students is learning about science. One of the lessons in higher education is a course on ecology. The knowledge that will be obtained is about the environment on human life (Fauzi, Muryani, and Santosa 2018). Knowledge of the results of evaluating information about the environment will produce an environmental attitude (Omran 2014).

Education in the pandemic era is very difficult to present a real picture directly because distance learning makes it difficult for students to see objects directly. While education must give a real impression during the learning process. While the sources of information used by students almost resembled the situation before distance learning. Meanwhile, on interviews with influential lecturers, students' environmental attitudes have been measured and are still not good. The factors that cause poor environmental attitudes are due to poor human and environmental interactions caused by information and knowledge (Sujana, Hariyadi, and Purwanto 2018).

We can present related information about the environment by compiling teaching materials that give a real impression and help students learn well. This criterion is owned by the electronic module including self-instructional, self-contained, stand-alone, Adaptive, user-friendly, and consistent (Dikdasman 2017). Well-structured modules should also provide a learning effect. Augmented reality will give a good learning impression by giving a picture of the environment in reality but made virtually (Furht 2011). Education in the 21st-century era should have started to get used to integrating technology into the educational process.

Electronic modules that are integrated with augmented reality are one of the technological innovations in the world of education. The electronic module has also been structured and added with augmented reality features that will give users flexibility in exploring information such as being in the environment directly (Rachmanto and Noval 2018). Moreover, in the current era, there are many sources that have been embodied in electronic sources, so this is also the reason for forming electronic modules so that students are helped by the structured learning process. (Rodin and Nurrizqi 2020).
Augmented reality means a real depiction that has been processed on an electronic device to be displayed virtually. In the process of making AR, there is numerous software needed to complete the visual creation process, including using Blender 3D and Unity 3D. (Nurrisma et al. 2021). Blender itself is software that plays a role in creating 3D shapes for images that have been taken in the real world (Rori, Sentinuwo, and Karouw 2016). As for Unity 3D, it is software to create applications of various kinds, either on desktop or mobile (Roedavan 2016). So, The data content contained here is data taken from the real environment, namely the herpetofauna community on the Brantas River for materials in ecology courses.

The research aims to create a learning medium in the form of an electronic module that is integrated with augmented reality which is a form of education that must take advantage of technological advances to support better education and have clear goals in the future. An electronic module that integrates augmented reality will be used by ecology students to observe the structure of the herpetofauna community in the Brantas River, East Java. Learning will be helped in the process of observing for distance learning.

2. Method
2.1 Application Development Flowchart
The flowchart of making AR in The Project-mahathir application can be seen in Figure 3.1. The first stage begins with preparing markers, modeling content, Unity 3D, and the Vuforia Package. The marker used in The Project-mahathir is a barcode that is accessed from the www.project-mahathir.com website. Then proceed with the creation and download of the marker dataset. Furthermore, data configuration is done with Unity 3D and Vuforia SDK. In the final stage, the project is compiled in the form of an application.

![AR Application Creation Flowchart](image)

2.2 Use Case Diagram
Use case diagrams illustrate user interactions with the system showing the relationship between users and the system. The following is the use case diagram of the AR in The Project-mahathir application.
2.3 Activity Diagram
Activity diagram or activity diagram, which is a diagram that can model the processes that occur in a system where the process sequence is described vertically. The activity diagram is a development of the Use Case Diagram.

3. Results and Discussion
Content retrieval is carried out upstream of the Brantas River. The data taken is data from the Brantas River community. The collection was carried out for one full month with two repetitions at different location points. The collection was carried out at night because the activities of the herpetofauna community were at night and classified as nocturnal animals.
After the results of the animals are found and photos are taken and the names of the species are identified, they enter the process of making 3D media. This process is the creation of media that is like the objects we encounter in the real world. The following are the results of the real media to become something media, namely augmented reality that can be used in the observation process in class.

The process of using this augmented is that students must install an application that functions as a camera to be able to scan barcodes to be able to display 3D of each process. So that distance learning which is now applied to the world of education can continue to run. The better the learning received by students, the learning will be more meaningful (Napitupulu 2020). Augmented reality is an option in attracting students’ attention because students are presented with a phenomenon that can be seen without having to explore the Brantas River. (Abidin, Hudaya, and Anjani 2020). Especially related to observations made by biology education students.

4. Conclusion
Based on the research, entitled Augmented reality which is integrated into the electronic module for ecology students, conclusions can be drawn. Integrating augmented reality into electronic modules as learning media to give a real impression in the student learning process in recognizing organisms that exist in the Brantas River environment with 3D animation models. Ecology students can study remotely because they can observe living things in the Brantas River and observe the interactions that occur by knowing the life patterns of each living thing.

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This section can be written in case there are certain parties that need to be acknowledged, such as research sponsors. The acknowledgment must be written in brief and clear. In addition, avoid the hyperbole acknowledgment.
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