Cardiomyopathy in limb girdle muscular dystrophy R9, FKRP related

Eric M Libell 1, Julia A Richardson 1, Katie L Lutz 1, Benton Y Ng 1, Shelley R H Mockler 2, Katie M Laubscher 2, Carrie M Stephan 1, Bridget M Zimmerman 3, Erik R Edens 4, Benjamin E Reinking 1, Katie M Laubscher 1 5, Katherine D Mathews 1 5

Affiliations
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Abstract

Introduction: Reported frequencies of cardiomyopathy in limb girdle muscular dystrophy R9 (LGMDR9) vary. We describe the frequency and age at onset of cardiomyopathy in an LDMDR9 cohort.

Methods: Echocardiograms from 56 subjects (157 echocardiograms) with LGMDR9 were retrospectively reviewed. The cumulative probability of having an abnormal echocardiogram as a function of age was assessed by survival analysis for interval-censored data by genotype. Correlations between cardiac and clinical function were evaluated.

Results: Twenty-five (45%) participants had cardiomyopathy. The median age at first abnormal echocardiogram for subjects homozygous for the c.826C>A variant was 54.2 y compared to 18.1 y for all other fukutin-related protein (FKRP) genotypes (P < .0001). There was a weak correlation between ejection fraction and 10-Meter Walk Test speed (r = 0.25), but no correlation with forced vital capacity (r = 0.08).

Discussion: Cardiomyopathy is prevalent among those with LGMDR9 and occurs later in subjects homozygous for the c.826C>A mutation. These data will help to guide surveillance and management.

Keywords: All neuromuscular disease; FKRP; cardiomyopathy; dystroglycanopathy; limb-girdle muscular dystrophy; muscular dystrophy.

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