Factors Influencing Consumer Buying Behavior & Awareness towards Organic Food: A Study of Chandigarh & Panchkula Consumers

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Abstract: In today’s society organic foods are becoming more important, as people have become more and more health conscious. Consumers are aware that what they put into their bodies. Knowing from where our food comes is the first step to becoming healthy individuals. Organic foods are grown, processed & packaged without using artificial fertilizers and without harmful chemical sprays. They are accepted due to their several perceived benefit over the conventional food. The main principle of organic farming is not the most intensive use of resources, but rather their protection and environment-friendly use which lead to sustainability. This study titled “Factors Influencing Consumer Buying Behavior & Awareness towards Organic Food: A study of Chandigarh & Panchkula Consumers” will try to focus and to determine the Awareness of Organic Food Products & to study the purchase behavior, preference & factors affecting towards organic food of the selected location. This study was based on primary survey of 100 respondents living in the Chandigarh & Panchkula. Customers were approached randomly using a structured questionnaire. The questionnaire was designed to record the responses on food safety concerns, frequency of buying behavior, from where they buy the products, awareness, attitude, factors affecting buying behavior, price effect on purchasing, behaviors towards organic food and effectiveness of sources for organic information. This study will help to create awareness amongst consumers about organic food by the organic companies.

Keywords: Consumer Awareness, Preferences, Organic Food, Organic, Awareness

1. Introduction

Organic food market has been rapidly increasing in India. The most important factor on increased production & consumption of organic products is the change in consumer preferences. Consumers are turning to organic foods because of fears for food safety. Consumers are willing to pay 5-7 % premium on organic food due to the safety reasons.

According to USDA National Organic Standards Board (NOSB) “Organic agriculture is an ecological production management system that promotes and enhances biodiversity, biological cycles and soil biological activity. It is based on minimal use of off-farm inputs and on management practices that restore, maintain and enhance ecological harmony”.

“Organic” refers to food grown without synthetic pesticides, insecticides, herbicides, fungicides, hormones, fertilizers or other synthetic or toxic substances. No artificial flavors or colors are used in production of organic food.

2. Benefits of Eating Organic Food

Today consumers choose to buy or eat organic products, they should be able to have confidence that organic food is more nutritious than ordinary produce and it may help to lengthen people’s lives and prevent disease. Organic products meet stringent standards. The tastes of Organic food are great. It also reduces health risks. It also built healthy soil & utilizes the water resources. It also works in harmony with nature and does innovative research. The production process helps to keep rural community healthy. According to the study of European Union “organic vegetables & fruits having antioxidants quality and also help to reduce cancer and heart disease risk”. Organic food also help to improve resistant system, better sleeping habits. It is also less likely to be overweight than eating conventional food. Organic foods are also tastier and pure than conventional food. Without use of synthetics such as chemical fertilizers and pesticides, organic food is also helpful in saving the environment and also does the animals welfare. This is also produces less waste.

In conventional food production, more use of chemical, fertilizers and pesticides are the reason of the long term damage to the land & make the land less fertile, which is less in organic food production.

3. Status of Organic Farming in India

The total land is under organic farming with 44926 numbers of certified organic farms. This is for about 0.3% of total agricultural land. Indian organic farming industry is estimated at US$ 78 million and is almost entirely export oriented. As per the studies there are two types of organic food – certified & uncertified. Certified products have its production process guaranteed by a certified agency. The product packaging must have the quality assurance. The cost of certification is very high which keep the small farmers out of business. There are few agencies in India which conduct check and issue certificates for Organic food like IMO Control, FKAL international. The OCA has organized a series of National Campaigns to safeguard organic standards.
Food. Food labeled “USDA organic” is the gold standard for health and sustainability. In traditional India, the technique of farming was totally organic. In that time the fertilizers and pesticide were only obtained from plants and animal products. Organic farming was the backbone of the Indian economy. Study shows the diverse interest and belief which motivate their organic food purchasing behavior.

4. Review of Literature

Puri and Sangera (1989) conducted a survey to know the consumption pattern of processed products in Chandigarh. Jam was found to be most popular irrespective of income. Orange squash consumption was maximum in high and middle-income families. Pineapple juice consumption increased with a rise in the income.

Sabeson (1992) stated in his study that the major criteria on which the consumers choose a brand of fruits and vegetable is price high quality and taste of the product.

Fagerli and Wandel, 1999 identified that women have higher consciousness and managing the change towards healthier diets to the family because she plays an important role in shaping a family diet.

Gil et al, 2000 suggested that if the price gap of organic and conventional food reduced it defiantly increase the consumption of organic food. The higher price of organic food is the obstruction for consumers in purchasing organic food.

Brown et al. (2000) Authors suggested that food preferences are often of a "fast food" type and accordingly the food habits of many young consumers may increase the consumption of poorly nutritionally balanced meals. While young consumers were aware of healthy eating, their food preference behavior did not always appear to reflect such knowledge, particularly within the school and social environments. Author reported that the need for effective nutritional education for young consumers has become increasingly clear, given their general food habits and behavior, particularly during teenage years and analyzed that the dealings between young consumers' food preferences and their nutritional awareness behavior, within three environments (home, school and social)

Soil Association, 2000 investigated that women are more committed to good food. Women want to provide natural food and ready to pay premium for environmental good.

Fillion and Arazu, 2002 described consumer felt that organic orange juice is better in taste than conventional orange juice. Bordeleau et al, 2002 proves that health factor is the most significant factor for choosing organic food. It also develops environmental and animal welfare. Some consumers recognized the difference in food quality and change the preferences towards organic food. Consumers also found the safety and nutrients quality in organic food compared to other.

Baker et al, 2002, Organic food is one of the elements that contribute to sustainable consumption by changing consumption behavior of customer and traditional production system. Organic food is generally pesticide free. Environmental contaminants however are likely to be found in food of both productions. Organic food contains only one third of pesticides that conventional food does.

Sanjuan et al, 2003 According to the study consumer of organic food willing to pay the similar price to those existing at present. The price of organic food is needed to be adjust in Spain.

According to Lockie et al, 2004 the consumers who like to have natural foods are always demand for organic food and engage in green consumption practice.

Lockie et al 2004 Age and income are important factors to motivate the purchasing willingness of organic food.

New York University professor Marion Nestle, recommended that "If you can afford them, buy them.” R Olivas and R Bernabeu (2012) concluded that the organic food consumption can considered the effect of an interaction between eating a healthy diet, respect for the environment and the individual’s sociability. He also shows the difference between men & women consumer’s attitudes toward organic food consumption in Spain.

Tomsik & Kutnohorska, 2013 Find that the organic food market consumer actually shows different attitudes, belief and behaviors in relation to health care. Most of the consumers perceive their health as an important part of their life and they regard organic food as rather healthier than the conventional food.

5. Objective of Study

- To study the awareness of organic food products among Chandigarh & Panchkula Consumers.
- To study the purchase behavior, preference & factors affecting to purchasing of organic food.

6. Methodology

This study was based on primary survey of 100 respondents living in the Chandigarh & Panchkula. Customers were approached randomly using a structured questionnaire. The questionnaire was designed to record the responses on food safety concerns, Frequency of buying behavior, from where they buy the products, awareness, attitude, factors effecting buying behavior, price effect on purchasing, behaviors towards organic food and effectiveness of sources for organic information. The socio-demographic profiles of the respondents were also recorded on the parameters such as gender, age, education level, occupation, household income and marital status. Simple data analysis techniques were adopted to analyze the data.
Table 1: Statements on which data has been collected

| Sno | Statement                                                                 | No. of Respondents | % of Respondents |
|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 1   | Organic food is healthier than conventional food.                         | 46                  | 46%              |
| 2   | Organic food is tastier than conventional food.                           | 2                   | 2%               |
| 3   | Organic food does not contain any preservative.                          | 22                  | 22%              |
| 4   | Organic food is more Hygienic.                                           | 2                   | 2%               |
| 5   | Organic food is less consumed and brought because of lack of awareness. | 16                  | 16%              |
| 6   | I would rather buy organic food products even though it is expensive.    | 2                   | 2%               |
| 7   | I prefer to purchase from supermarket/ mall.                             | 2                   | 2%               |
| 8   | Organic food is available in good packaging to attract customers.        | 10                  | 10%              |
| 9   | The buying of organic food is rational proportion to monthly income.     | 2                   | 2%               |
| 10  | Buying and Consuming organic food has become status symbol for the rich. | 2                   | 2%               |

Table 2: Demographic Profile of Respondents

| Demographic profile of Respondents |
|-----------------------------------|
| **Age**                           |
| 18-25                             | 46 | 46% |
| 25-35                             | 32 | 32% |
| above 35                          | 22 | 22% |
| Total                             | 100|
| **Gender**                        |
| Male                              | 48 | 48% |
| Female                            | 52 | 52% |
| Total                             | 100|
| **Education**                     |
| High school                       | 5  | 5%  |
| Under graduate                    | 35 | 35% |
| Graduate                          | 28 | 28% |
| Above graduate                    | 32 | 32% |
| Total                             | 100|
| **Monthly Income**                |
| <15000                            | 14 | 14% |
| 15000 to <30000                   | 34 | 34% |
| 31000 to <45000                   | 12 | 12% |
| >45000                            | 8  | 8%  |
| dependent                         | 32 | 32% |
| Total                             | 100|
| **Marital Status**                |
| Single                            | 52 | 52% |
| Married                           | 48 | 48% |
| Total                             | 100|
| **Job Field**                     |
| Corporate                         | 10 | 10% |
| Professional                      | 56 | 56% |
| Students                          | 34 | 34% |
| Total                             | 100|

Table 3: Organic Food is healthier than Conventional Food

| Frequency | Percent | Valid |
|-----------|---------|-------|
| Strongly Agree | 46   | 46.0  | 46.0 |
| Agree     | 42     | 42.0  | 88.0 |
| Neutral   | 10     | 10.0  | 98.0 |
| Disagree  | 2      | 2.0   | 100.0|
| Total     | 100    | 100.0 |       |

Interpretation of the Results:
As we can see in the above table that the majority of respondents around 88% are agree or strongly agree that organic food is healthier than the conventional food and only 2% of consumers are disagree from the statement. However 10% of the respondents are neutral in this respect. It shows that the awareness about beneficial aspects of organic food in the consumers is very high.

Table 4: Organic Food is good in Taste

| Frequency | Percent | Valid |
|-----------|---------|-------|
| Strongly Agree | 16   | 16.0  | 16.0 |
| Agree     | 40     | 40.0  | 56.0 |
| Neutral   | 38     | 38.0  | 94.0 |
| Disagree  | 4      | 4.0   | 98.0 |
| Strongly Disagree | 2      | 2.0  | 100.0|
| Total     | 100    | 100.0 |       |

Interpretation of the results: According to the results 56% of the respondents are agree that the organic food is tastier than conventional food. They believe that organic food contains more nutrients. It helps to fight cancer, stroke and heart problems. However 38% respondents are neutral about the taste of organic & conventional food. Minority people were disagreeing that organic food is good in taste than conventional food.

Figure 1: Organic food is healthier than conventional food

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Interpretation of the results: Results shows that 72% consumers are agree that organic food is less preservative. Consumers are aware that organic farming is better for soil. Studies shows that organic fields have deeper vegetation, more weed cover, and contain 88% more “epigeal arthropods” (squiggly soil creatures, Ecology and Farming Magazine, IFOAM, Sept/Dec 1996). The products are chemical free resulting in no side effects and do not cause harm to persons consuming organic food products.

Table 5: Organic Food is less preservative

|                | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|----------------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Strongly Agree | 16        | 16.0    | 16.0          | 16.0               |
| Agree          | 56        | 56.0    | 56.0          | 72.0               |
| Neutral        | 26        | 26.0    | 26.0          | 98.0               |
| Disagree       | 2         | 2.0     | 2.0           | 100.0              |
| Total          | 100       | 100.0   | 100.0         | 100.0              |

Interpretation of the results: When we ask to the consumers about the quality of organic food, 88% consumers were agreed that the organic food is better in quality than the conventional food. The survey shows that consumers are more and more concerned with the environmental and health issues at the moment. They show an increasing attention toward the health, nutrition and safety issues. The choice of food nutrition and the importance of hygiene are observed from many studies.

Table 6: Organic Food is better in Quality than Conventional Food

|                | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|----------------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Strongly Agree | 30        | 30.0    | 30.0          | 30.0               |
| Agree          | 58        | 58.0    | 58.0          | 88.0               |
| Neutral        | 8         | 8.0     | 8.0           | 96.0               |
| Disagree       | 4         | 4.0     | 4.0           | 100.0              |
| Total          | 100       | 100.0   | 100.0         | 100.0              |

Interpretation of the results: From the survey 32% consumers are strongly agree and 48% are agree about the hygiene of organic food. However 18% people are neutral about this statement. Only 2% people are disagreeing that organic food are more hygienic. This shows that in majority of consumers are believes that organic food is more hygienic than conventional food.

Table 7: Organic Food is more hygienic

|                | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|----------------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Strongly Agree | 32        | 32.0    | 32.0          | 32.0               |
| Agree          | 48        | 48.0    | 48.0          | 80.0               |
| Neutral        | 18        | 18.0    | 18.0          | 98.0               |
| Strongly Disagree | 2      | 2.0     | 2.0           | 100.0              |
| Total          | 100       | 100.0   | 100.0         | 100.0              |

Interpretation of the results: According to the survey, consumers believe that fruits and vegetables are healthiest organic food. Only 8% people are disagreeing from this...
There is evidence that some organic fruit is drier than conventionally grown fruit; a slightly dried fruit may also have a more intense flavor due to the higher concentration of flavoring substances.

Table 9: Organic food is less consumed and bought because of lack of availability

|                | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|----------------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Valid          |           |         |               |                    |
| Strongly Agree | 36        | 36.0    | 36.0          | 36.0               |
| Agree          | 32        | 32.0    | 64.0          | 100.0              |
| Neutral        | 18        | 18.0    | 36.0          | 72.0               |
| Disagree       | 12        | 12.0    | 24.0          | 96.0               |
| Strongly Disagree | 2    | 2.0     | 2.0           | 100.0              |
| Total          | 100       | 100.0   | 100.0         | 100.0              |

Interpretation of the results: As the table shows majority of people were agreed from these statements that the availability and lack of awareness is the major reason for less consumption of organic food. There is a high requirement to aware the consumers of rural and semi urban areas and also aware them for the benefits of organic food by making the marketing policies.

Table 10: Organic food is less consumed and bought because of lack of awareness

|                | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|----------------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Valid          |           |         |               |                    |
| Strongly Agree | 30        | 30.0    | 30.0          | 30.0               |
| Agree          | 40        | 40.0    | 40.0          | 70.0               |
| Neutral        | 18        | 18.0    | 18.0          | 88.0               |
| Disagree       | 12        | 12.0    | 12.0          | 100.0              |
| Strongly Disagree | 2    | 2.0     | 2.0           | 100.0              |
| Total          | 100       | 100.0   | 100.0         | 100.0              |

Interpretation of the results: if the people are fully aware about the organic food then people are ready to pay the premium price for this. 60 % people were agreed with the statement but 32% people were neutral on this statement.

Table 11: I would rather buy Organic food products even though it is expensive

|                | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|----------------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Valid          |           |         |               |                    |
| Strongly Agree | 16        | 16.0    | 16.0          | 16.0               |
| Agree          | 44        | 44.0    | 44.0          | 60.0               |
| Neutral        | 32        | 32.0    | 32.0          | 92.0               |
| Disagree       | 8         | 8.0     | 8.0           | 100.0              |
| Total          | 100       | 100.0   | 100.0         | 100.0              |

Interpretation of the results: As the table shows 10.0% people were strongly agreed that even though price is high they would rather to buy organic products.
Interpretation of the results: Majority of customers were agreed with the statement that organic food is more expensive than the conventional food.

Table 18: Organic food is comparatively expensive than Conventional food

|                      | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|----------------------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Strongly Agree       | 38        | 38.0    | 38.0          | 38.0               |
| Agree                | 18        | 18.0    | 18.0          | 94.0               |
| Disagree             | 6         | 6.0     | 6.0           | 100.0              |
| Total                | 100       | 100.0   | 100.0         |                    |

Interpretation of the results: Majority of customers were agreed with the statement that organic food is more expensive than the conventional food.

Table 19: Organic food is available in good packaging to attract customers

|                      | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|----------------------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Strongly Agree       | 10        | 10.0    | 10.0          | 100.0              |
| Agree                | 24        | 24.0    | 24.0          | 82.0               |
| Neutral              | 38        | 38.0    | 38.0          | 58.0               |
| Disagree             | 26        | 26.0    | 26.0          | 74.0               |
| Strongly Disagree    | 8         | 8.0     | 8.0           | 8.0                |
| Total                | 100       | 100.0   | 100.0         |                    |

Interpretation of the results: 44% consumers are strongly agree and agree with the statement that the organic foods packaging are made to attract customers even 26% are neutral but 30 % customers are disagreed with the statement.

Table 20: The buying of Organic food is rationally proportional to monthly income

|                      | Frequency | Percent | Valid Percent | Cumulative Percent |
|----------------------|-----------|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| Strongly Agree       | 4         | 4.0     | 4.0           | 100.0              |
| Agree                | 34        | 34.0    | 34.0          | 76.0               |
| Neutral              | 18        | 18.0    | 18.0          | 42.0               |
| Disagree             | 24        | 24.0    | 24.0          | 18.0               |
| Total                | 100       | 100.0   | 100.0         |                    |

Interpretation of the results: 38% customers were agreed that buying of organic food is rationally proportional to the monthly Income. Whereas 32 % are neutral with this. Some loyal customer is disagreeing with the statement. They even habitual of the food and will not do any compromise. It shows that the Income also plays major role on the organic food consumption. In urban areas buying and consuming organic food has become status symbol for the rich. The survey shows that 68% customers were agreed with the statement 18% customers were disagreeing with this statement.

7. Discussion & Suggestions for Improvement of Awareness of Organic food

Organic food companies should step ahead to create awareness amongst consumers about organic food. The organic food companies should try to explore the consumers’ behavior to prepare tempting offer for them.
1) There should be local market for organic food.
2) Requirement of organic shops in rural or urban areas.
3) Can also provide roadside stalls in the countryside.
4) The organic food can sale directly at the farm where the food was produced.
5) Online ordering of organic food delivered to door to door.
6) Supermarket can expand the organic food products range.
7) In school meals, canteens cafeterias and high profile companies can include organic food in menu chart.
8) Maximum setup of organic production units.
9) Setting up packaging units for organic food.
10) Local and regional market development for organic food.

8. Conclusion

This study found that consumers are very much aware that organic food are good for health, these products are free from chemical which resulting in no side effects and do not cause harm to the consumers, who consume organic food products. The consumers living in urban areas are more aware about organic food products. This study also found that majority of the respondents are preferred to purchase organic food but lack of availability is the major issue. They also believe that consuming of organic food helps to reduce stress level and maintain an energetic lifestyle. Another factor this study found that respondents are willing to pay even higher prices because of it is beneficial for health.

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