Provision of metadata of European agricultural long-term experiments through BonaRes and EJP SOIL collaboration

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\textbf{A B S T R A C T}

Agricultural Long-Term Experiments (LTEs) are crucial agricultural research infrastructures for monitoring the long term effects of management and environment on crop production and soil resources. We have compiled the meta-information of 616 LTEs from 30 different countries across Europe with a duration of typically 20 years, including clustered information of the European LTEs in different categories (management operations, land use, duration, status, etc.). It consists of the updated version of the dataset published by Grosse et al., (2020) but is extended by further LTE metadata, categories and research themes. Each set of metadata consists of up to 49 different attributes (categorical or numeric). Collected attributes were analyzed according to several research themes, including fertilization, crop rotation and tillage treatments. The collection of individual metadata was enlarged by the recent agreement between the BonaRes (\texttt{www.bonares.de}) and EJP SOIL (\texttt{www.ejpsoil.eu}) groups into the most comprehensive dataset in Europe, providing access

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to LTE and other, shorter running experiments. This dataset centralized past and existing information usually dispersed across several national actors. As such, it provides an extensive database that can be used by decision-makers, scientists, LTE owners and the public. The dataset can be updated in the future to foster networking and information exchange continuously.

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### Specifications Table

| Subject                        | Agricultural Science          |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Specific subject area         | Agronomy and Crop Science     |
| Type of data                  | Figures, Tables               |
| How data were acquired        | The dataset was acquired by (i) a bibliographic review, (ii) personal communication with the LTE holders through the BonaRes factsheet [5] and (iii) adopting from the dataset (https://doi.org/10.20387/bonares-r56g-fgrw). The bibliographic review was done in scientific databases including Web of Science Core Collection (WoS) and SCOPUS through the search terms “long-term field experiment”, “long-term trials”, “agricultural experiment”. Additional data were provided by the partners personally contacted within the EJP SOIL consortium WP7 task 7.3. Gaps in the data sets were filled in a further literature review. |
| Data format                   | Primary data                  |
| Description of data collection| The BonaRes datasets (https://doi.org/10.20387/BonaRes-3tr6-mg8r, https://doi.org/10.20387/bonares-ef3-0mb4), collected from scientific journals, books, research notes and websites, were further improved and merged with a dataset from EJP SOIL (https://doi.org/10.20387/bonares-jwhj-z839). Personal communication with numerous LTE holders was set up by exchanging the factsheets information. Collected LTE metadata in the study were included and visualized through the “LTE overview map” (https://lte.bonares.de) developed and maintained within the BonaRes project. |
| Data source location          | Institution: Leibniz Centre for Agricultural Landscape Research (ZALF) |
|                              | City/Town/Region: Müncheberg, Brandenburg Country: Germany |
| Data accessibility           | Repository name: BonaRes Repository |
|                              | Data identification number (DOI): 10.20387/bonares-40kc-2661 |
|                              | Direct URL to data: https://doi.org/10.20387/bonares-40kc-2661 |

### Value of the Data

- The data comprises the most comprehensive metadata set of LTEs and other experiments in Europe through the combination of independent datasets of the BonaRes and EJP SOIL projects.
- The dataset primarily offers a wide selection of the LTE locations, research themes, and sources that the scientists and decision-makers can use for possible collaborations, even with LTE holders, intending to analyze the soil ecosystem services.
- It is a significant source of information about various LTEs for soil and environmental researchers, research institutions, local authorities, along with access to relevant information for future studies and cooperation.
- This LTE data collection established a new basic framework in this study to make data from different LTEs comparable and appraisable, even though there are no standard procedures for LTE set-up, treatment designs, minimum information and data management.
1. Data Description

Agricultural long-term experiments (LTEs) are experiments for monitoring plant and soil parameters such as yield under different environmental conditions and management practices. These experiments were set up on a large number of different soil textures and soil types to reveal the effects of management practices and environment on crop production and soil resources. They offer a unique look at the change in several soil properties over the long-term effect of investigated management practices. Under changing climate conditions, representative data and time series from LTEs will help decision-makers, environmental organizations, authorities, local governments and scientists to develop innovative (research) activities to mitigate climate deterioration on agricultural productivity.

Since the LTEs are essential infrastructures for sustainable soil use and yield, information produced from this LTEs-based information attracted attention from many different research institutions and organizations. For instance, LTE-based data were acquired and managed by various national, international or global initiatives and networks, including GLTen (Global long-term experiment network), ILTER (International long-term ecological research), IOSDV (International Organic Nitrogen Fertilization Experiments), NLFT (National Long-term Fertilization Trials, Hungary), RetiBio 2 (Italy), and the projects BonaRes and EJP SOIL. While each organization has its data management plan, the variety of actors makes that LTE-related information was dispersed across different databases, data holders and publications, which makes making it challenging to access and reuse the data.

Since 2016, an extensive metadata collection on LTEs has been compiled within the BonaRes project. The basis of this collection was the BonaRes factsheet and LTE metadata template for the structured collection of metadata and the BonaRes definition of which field experiments have the status long-term experiment. The BonaRes definition is as follows: “field experiments with a minimum duration of 20 years and a static design” [1]. EJP SOIL data has been built very closely on the Factsheet and metadata template developed and proven in BonaRes to collect metadata. However, there are differences in the definition. EJP definition: “running field experiments focusing on (sustainable) soil management and a minimum duration of 5-10 years with a statistically sound design, a control treatment and regular monitoring of crop/soil parameters. We have not filtered this dataset using the strict BonaRes defaults but also integrated LTE meeting the EJP definition. However, we offer simple filtering possibilities based on the duration of the experiment, and thus every user has the possibility to decide for himself. In this case, we found that expressing the differing LTE definitions of both BonaRes and EJP SOIL would be relevant for researchers to select the experiment duration used in their own research.

As the leading research initiatives, the BonaRes and EJP SOIL research groups have recently merged their LTE metadata databases of the European LTEs. Several LTE parameters and features for a time span of more than 150 yrs (1843–2022) were aggregated and published. The dataset comprises an updated number of the LTEs and revised research categories compared to the data published by Grosse et al. [1,3]. Recently the complete dataset consists of metadata for 616 LTEs from 30 countries in Europe (Fig. 1), that can be divided into five groups; (i) trial information (i.e. site, country, duration, status), (ii) land use (i.e., arable land, grassland), (iii) research theme, (iv) management operations (i.e. tillage, fertilization, crop rotation), and (v) basic soil parameters (i.e. types, texture).

Collected LTE data were merged and visualized through an online overview map (https://lte.bonares.de) running under the BonaRes Repository (https://datenzentrum.bonares.de). The overall dataset comprises the complete list of the LTEs and their attributes. The file includes 616 rows compatible with the listed LTEs and 49 columns of attributes in various categories. Besides the LTE-related attributes, the file consists of the cited literature and source information for each LTE. A comprehensive EXCEL sheet is provided as supplemental information along with the published dataset: https://doi.org/10.20387/bonares-40kc-2661.
| Header                  | Description                                                                 |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| index                   | index of the row                                                            |
| name                    | name of the experiment                                                      |
| site                    | name of the site                                                            |
| country                 | country                                                                     |
| start_date              | starting year                                                               |
| end_date                | ending date, put 'ongoing' if still running                                  |
| trial_duration          | in years                                                                    |
| trial_status            | either 'Finished' or 'Ongoing'                                              |
| trial_institution       | institution managing the trial                                              |
| landuse_type            | Corine Land Cover types                                                     |
| research_theme          | list of research themes investigated by the experiment                      |
| tillage_trial           | yes if tillage is a factor investigated, else no                            |
| fertilization_trial     | yes if fertilization is a factor investigated, else no                      |
| crop_rotation_trial     | yes if crop rotation is a factor investigated else no                       |
| cover_crop_trial        | yes if cover crop is a factor investigated else no                          |
| irrigation_trial        | yes if irrigation is a factor investigated else no                          |
| pest_weed_trial         | yes if pest/weed is a factor investigated else no                           |
| grazing_trial           | yes if grazing is a factor investigated else no                             |
| other_trial             | yes of other factors are investigated else no                               |
| holder_category         | type of institution: university, non-university scientific institution, other institution |
| website                 | links redirecting to a website for more information about the experiments   |
| networks                | network name if the experiment is part of a network                         |
| research_parameters     | list of variables measured in the experiments                               |
| farming_category        | type of farming system (e.g. conventional, organic)                        |
| position_exactness      | position of the coordinates compare to the field                           |
| size_hectares           | size of the field                                                           |
| longitude               | longitude as decimal degree                                                 |
| latitude                | latitude as decimal degree                                                  |
| experimental_setup      | setup of the experiment                                                     |
| tillage_levels          | levels of tillage separated by |                                          |
| fertilization_levels    | levels of fertilization separated by |                                     |
| crop_rotation_levels    | levels of crop rotation separated by |                                    |
| cover_crop_levels       | levels of cover crops separated by |                                     |
| irrigation_levels       | levels of irrigation separated by |                                       |
| pest_weed_levels        | levels of pest/weed separated by |                                        |
| grazing_levels          | levels of grazing separated by |                                         |
| replication             | number of replicates                                                        |
| number_plots            | number of plots                                                             |
| size_plots              | size of the plots                                                           |
| soil_group_wrb          | soil group according to WRB                                                 |
| soil_type_other         | soil type according to other classification                                  |
| parental_material       | parental material (rocks, alluvion, ...)                                     |
| soil_info               | other soil information                                                      |
| texture                 | soil texture according to USDA                                               |
| texture_sand            | sand content                                                                |
| texture_silt            | silt content                                                                |
| texture_clay            | clay content                                                                |
| bulk_density            | bulk density                                                                |
| organic_carbon_prc      | soil organic carbon                                                         |
| miscellaneous           | miscellaneous                                                               |
| literature              | paper reference separated by | if multiple                        |
| sources                 | other sources                                                               |
| agrovoc_keywords        | keywords separated by                                                       |
Fig. 1. Location of LTEs in Europe provided in the study indicating the land use.

### Table 2
Ranges of the LTEs for each country and main categories.

| Column                  | Values                                                                 | Unit        | Number of gaps |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|----------------|
| country                 | Germany (299), Sweden (51), Austria (31), Great Britain (27),         | -           | 0              |
|                         | Hungary (23), France (18), Italy (18), Denmark (16), Switzerland (15), |             |                |
|                         | Spain (14), Romania (13), Poland (12), United Kingdom (12),           |             |                |
|                         | Norway (11), Czech Republic (10), Belgium (10), Finland (6),         |             |                |
|                         | Bulgaria (5), Ireland (4), Lithuania (4), Netherlands (3), Turkey (3), |             |                |
|                         | Slovenia (3), Belarus (2), Estonia (2), Serbia (1), Moldova (1),     |             |                |
|                         | Latvia (1), Ukraine (1)                                               |             |                |
| start_date              | 1843–2022                                                              | years       | 17             |
| trial_duration          | 0–178                                                                 | years       | 14             |
| trial_status            | Ongoing (508), Finished (82)                                           | -           | 26             |
| landuse_type            | Arable land (505), Grassland (69), Permanent crops (19)               | -           | 23             |
| farming_category        | Conventional (364), Organic (31), Conventional and organic (15)       | -           | 206            |
| tillage_trial           | Yes (332), No (255)                                                   | -           | 29             |
| fertilization_trial     | No (448), Yes (139)                                                   | -           | 29             |
| crop_rotation_trial     | No (525), Yes (65)                                                    | -           | 26             |
| cover_crop_trial        | No (562), Yes (29)                                                    | -           | 25             |
| irrigation_trial        | No (584), Yes (5)                                                     | -           | 27             |
| pest_weed_trial         | No (521), Yes (13)                                                    | -           | 82             |
| grazing_trial           | No (531), Yes (5)                                                     | -           | 80             |
| texture                 | Sandy loam (61), Silt loam (37), Loam (34), Clay loam (21), Silty    | -           | 379            |
|                         | clay loam (18), Sand (15), Clay (14), Loamy sand (13), Sandy          |             |                |
|                         | clay loam (9), Others (9), Silty clay (6)                              |             |                |
The article displays two tables; (1) Table 1 includes the list, and description of the categories used for displaying into the BonaRes LTE overview map, (2) Table 2 offers the ranges of values or the choices of the LTEs for each country and main categories.

While merging the BonaRes and EJP SOIL LTE sets, 19 doubles became visible. Fifteen of these LTEs are located in Germany, and one is from Switzerland, Belgium, Denmark, and Italy. Duplications of these LTEs were excluded from the dataset to prevent redundancies. Following the exclusion of duplicates, the final number of the LTEs were defined. The majority of the LTEs in Europe are located in Germany (n = 299), Sweden (n = 51), Austria (n = 31), Great Britain (n = 27). A considerable number of LTEs are also located in Mediterranean countries, including Italy (18), France (18), Spain (14) and Turkey (3), respectively. The world’s oldest and still running LTE is the Broadbalk experiment (Rothamsted Research, Harpenden, UK), which started in 1843. Fig. 2 shows the number of LTE according to their starting date and current status.

The majority of LTEs (n = 508) are still ongoing, where 82 LTEs have been finished (after running times of at least a typical 20 years). By far, most LTEs are categorized as crop rotation (65), fertilization (139) or tillage experiments (n = 322, Fig. 3).

The soil information of LTEs was presented in nine attributes representing the soil texture, types, bulk density, organic carbon and further soil information. These parameters were assigned for each LTE, if applicable. Where the data could not be inferred, we included “unknown” in the respective fields of the LTE tables.

2. Experimental Design, Materials and Methods

The study comprised the LTEs in Europe and merged the data of three datasets. Additional data were identified through a comprehensive bibliographic review and personal communication with numerous LTE holders. Articles from scientific journals, books, research notes and websites were selected addressing the research themes and parameters of the agricultural LTEs. At first, we conducted a systematic, keyword-based search in Web of Science (WoS) Core Collection (https://apps.webofknowledge.com/) and SCOPUS (https://www.scopus.com/) as well as the Google Scholar databases to create an overview of available LTE information. The bibliographic
Fig. 3. Bar plot showing the number of LTEs investigating a specific research theme ($n = 616$).
review was based on the English keywords “long-term field experiment”, “long-term experiment”, “long-term field trial”, and “long-term trial” in title, abstract or keywords [2]. However, as especially older publications are written in national journals; also national (German) keywords were applied, such as “Dauerfeldversuch”, “Dauerdüngungsversuch”, “Dauerversuch”, “Langzeitfeldversuch” and “Langzeitversuch” to precisely identify the LTEs in Germany where the majority of LTEs are located [2]. Articles representing LTE information were selected if they addressed at least the e.g. site, duration, land use and management operations. Thus, we recorded the metadata contents for each LTE as inputs listed for the dataset. Both English and German keywords were compatible with the multilingual thesaurus AGROVOC (FAO) that assisted in finding and linking LTEs in related topics. Data collection was carried out in 30 European countries and described based on AGROVOC keywords (https://agrovoc.fao.org/browse/agrovoc/en/).

Besides the bibliographic review, the metadata of the considerable number of LTEs was received by personal communication. Factsheets were forwarded to many LTE holders, and the filled versions were discussed via e-mails, phone calls, and online meetings. The LTE metadata was uploaded to the overview map once the information on the factsheet was agreed upon for the related experiment.

The data for the additional LTE were collected using the EJP SOIL metadata template developed from the keyword trees of the knowledge library and adapted for the need of the consortium, which consisted of a multi-sheet excel file with data validation and controlled vocabulary through drop-down lists. Copies of the template were automatically made using Google Drive API. Links to templates were distributed to national representatives within the EJP SOIL consortium then sent to the LTE owners. A script was implemented to download the templates and perform automatic checks. The automated checks included controlling the type of the values, if a value was inside the drop-down list or if it was a new choice added by the user. The automatic check review also verified the quality of the data; a.o. consistency of the index across the different tables of the template and their uniqueness. All templates that passed the automatic review were merged together to form the final database. The database was then exported to the format described above to be further processed and merged with datasets [1,3,4].

Ethics Statements

None.

Declaration of Competing Interest

The authors declare that they have no known competing financial interests or personal relationships that could have influenced the work reported in this paper.

Data Availability

BonaRes_EJPSOIL_LTEmetadata (Original data) (BonaRes Repository)

CRediT Author Statement

Cenk Donmez: Conceptualization, Methodology, Data curation, Writing – original draft, Supervision; Guillaume Blanchy: Conceptualization, Methodology, Data curation, Writing – original draft; Nikolai Svoboda: Conceptualization, Methodology, Writing – original draft, Supervision; Tommy D’Hose: Methodology, Data curation, Writing – original draft; Carsten Hoffmann: Methodology, Data curation, Writing – original draft; Wilfried Hierold: Methodology, Data curation, Writing – original draft; Katja Klumpp: Writing – original draft.
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Appendix A. Dataset

The dataset described in this article is available online at the BonaRes Repository at Leibniz Centre for Agricultural Landscape Research (ZALF), Germany (https://doi.org/10.20387/bonares-40kc-2661). Download is not restricted, and usage is regulated by CC BY 2.0 (https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/2.0/) license.

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