In Bangladesh, secondary level education consists of seven years of formal schooling. The first 3 years are referred to as junior secondary (grades VI–VIII), the next 2 years are secondary (grades IX–X), while the final 2 years are higher secondary (grades XI–XII) (Hossain 2016). At the end of elementary education (at grade V), there is a public examination called the Primary School Certificate (PSC), followed by the Junior School Certificate (JSC) at grade VIII, the Secondary School Certificate (SSC) at Grade X, and Higher Secondary Certificate (HSC) before entering university at grade XII. Before the PSC and JSC exams were introduced, there was no mandatory examination before SSC in Bangladesh, although a few students took the Junior Scholarship (at grade VIII) in an attempt to getting scholarship funding from the government (Hossain 2016; Daily Star 2010). The JSC was introduced in 2010 with 1.5 million examinees. This comprises a common question paper for students of all eight educational boards in the country and another separate paper for the Madrasa board (Daily Star 2010). The final JSC exam is held at the end of year, but three termly exams and a model test (and additional weekly and monthly tests in some schools) are taken in preparation for this exam for the students (Hossain 2016).

According to the World Health Organization (WHO 2019), one in nine individuals who live in areas affected by conflict have a moderate or severe mental disorder. This rate is one in five for the children and adolescents. Half of these mental disorders begin by the age of 14 years (WHO 2019). Therefore, the age at which the JSC exam is taken (i.e., 13 to 15 years) is taken at a time when adolescents are arguably vulnerable to the onset of mental disorders due to the heightened emotional reactions (Kessler et al. 2007). The additional academic stress and pressure of getting a good grade point average (GPA) can exacerbate mental health problems during this adolescent transition period. Contemporary adolescents in Bangladesh are also pressured by their parents to get a high GPA because it is regarded as prestigious. This
competitive environment can result in students experiencing insurmountable pressure and academic distress (India Today 2016), and which has been reported to be the most salient risk factor of adolescent mental suffering, as well as suicide (Arafat and Mamun 2019; Jahan et al. 2020; Mamun and Griffiths 2020a, b; Mamun et al. 2020a, b).

The introduction of the JSC examination has led to many reports in the Bangladeshi press concerning the negative effect it has on young adolescents’ mental health and well-being. For instance, a Google search by the authors with the keywords “JSC exam suicide” (covering the years 2017–2019) resulted in over around 360 Bangla press reports (note—the country has no official suicide surveillance or database system; therefore, suicide press reports were utilized in this study alike previous studies [e.g., Mamun et al. 2020a, b]). There were at least 39 suicides of children aged between 13 and 16 years (6 males and 33 females) relating to issues concerning the JSC exam and/or students not happy with their GPA (17 suicides in 2019, six suicides in 2018, and 16 suicides in 2017). There were two other cases of suicide due to general academic distress, but these were not due specifically to the JSC or GPA not being perceived as good enough (not listed in Table 1). Of the 39 identified cases, 34 committed suicide by hanging, four by poisoning, and one jumped in front of a train.

Moreover, based on a recent Bangladeshi retrospective study among medical students (i.e., first year to internship comprising a total six-year cohort), a total of 13 suicide cases were reported within a 23-month period (Mamun et al. 2020a). This suggests the JSC and pressure to get a high GPA may be responsible for a higher suicide incidence than other education cohorts in Bangladesh. Furthermore, the number of suicides found via press reports is likely to be lower than the actual number of suicides because not all suicides will have been reported because many families prefer not to admit suicide because (i) suicide is a criminal offense, (ii) it is contrary to religious beliefs, (iii) suicide is contrary to cultural practices, (iv) suicide is upsetting to family members, (iv) families would prefer to avoid post-mortem complexities (e.g., involving the police, delayed burial), and (v) families would prefer to view the deaths as accidental rather than as suicide (Arafat 2019; Mamun and Griffiths 2020a, b; Mamun et al. 2020b).

Based on the data we collected, it is evident that students are not just committing suicide because they fail in the JSC but also because they are not getting the maximum GPA (i.e., 5 out of 5). Given that there were 2.61 million JSC examinees in 2019, this is a sizeable “at-risk” group that could experience mental health and stress issues, and in extreme cases, suicide. However, the Bangladeshi government has paid little attention to reducing exam pressure during early adolescence, even though Bangladeshi educationalists have demanded an end to competitive PSC and JSC exams (BD News 2019). Based on the findings here, Bangladeshi government officials responsible for education policy should strategically address poor mental well being caused by exam stress and the need for high GPA scores in early adolescence. Such strategies could include (i) limiting the number of students per class to no more than 40 students to provide better educational support, (ii) decreasing the amount of homework, (iii) emphasizing the cultivation of applied skills rather than traditional rote learning and repetitive task methods, (iv) employing greater use of applied exam questions rather than ones purely reliant on memory and rote learning, (v) abolishing the ranking exam results and using a simple “pass/fail” metric instead, (vi) delaying competitive exams until grade X, and (vii) utilizing professional practitioners within schools (e.g., psychologists) to help build up resilience skills to deal with exam failure and not getting the desired GPA (BD News 2019; India Today 2016; The Star 2018).
Table 1  Distribution of Bangladeshi Junior School Certificate examinees’ suicide cases

| City             | Age | Gender | Method       | Reason for committing suicide                                                                 | Media source of story         |
|------------------|-----|--------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| **Suicides in 2019** |     |        |              |                                                                                                |                               |
| Magura           | 13  | Female | Hanging      | Did not get GPA5                                                                                 | Ittefaq                       |
| Magura           | 14  | Female | Poisoning    | Did not get GPA5                                                                                 | Ittefaq                       |
| Pabna            | 14  | Female | Hanging      | Failed the JSC exam                                                                             | RTV                           |
| Barisal          | 16  | Female | Hanging      | Failed the JSC exam                                                                             | Bangla Tribune                |
| Dhaka            | 15  | Female | Hanging      | Physical illness was reported, and committed suicide during the JSC exam                         | RTV                           |
| Barisal          | 14  | Female | Hanging      | Did not get GPA5                                                                                 | RTV                           |
| Shariatpur       | 14  | Female | Hanging      | Failed the JSC exam                                                                             | RTV                           |
| Dinajpur         | 16  | Female | Hanging      | Did not get GPA5                                                                                 | RTV                           |
| Dinajpur         | 14  | Female | Hanging      | Failed the JSC exam (three times)                                                               | Sandhani TV                   |
| Rajbari          | 14  | Female | Hanging      | Failed the JSC exam                                                                             | RTV                           |
| Chandpur         | 13  | Female | Hanging      | Failed the JSC exam                                                                             | Chandpur News                 |
| Chandpur         | 14  | Female | Hanging      | Quarreled with mother at the end of the JSC exam                                                | Chandpur Times                |
| Nilphamari       | 14  | Female | Hanging      | Harassment by another boy, but committed suicide during the JSC exam                             | Janakantha                    |
| Barisal          | Not reported | Male | Hanging      | Reason not reported but committed suicide during the JSC exam                                   | Jugantor                      |
| Rajbari          | 14  | Female | Hanging      | Failed the JSC exam                                                                             | Sandhani TV                   |
| Dhaka            | 14  | Male   | Hanging      | Failed the JSC exam                                                                             | Janakantha                    |
| Dhaka            | 14  | Female | Hanging      | Reason not reported, but committed suicide during the JSC exam                                   | Sara Bangla                   |
| **Suicides in 2018** |     |        |              |                                                                                                |                               |
| Lalmonirhat      | 14  | Female | Hanging      | Relationship problems with his family, but committed suicide during the JSC exam                | Gram Bangla News              |
| Jhenaidah        | 14  | Female | Poisoning    | Rebuffed by family due to their study, and committed suicide before the JSC exam                 | Janakantha                    |
| Lalmonirhat      | Not reported | Male | Jumped in front of train | Failed the JSC exam (twice)                                                               | News24                        |
| Patuakhali       | 14  | Female | Hanging      | Rebuffed by family due to their study, and committed suicide before the JSC exam                 | Kalapara New 24              |
| Dhaka            | 14  | Female | Hanging      | Failed the JSC exam                                                                             | Naya Diganta                  |
| Kishoreganj      | 13  | Female | Hanging      | Did not get GPA5                                                                                 | Times of BD                   |
| **Suicides in 2017** |     |        |              |                                                                                                |                               |
| Chandpur         | 15  | Female | Hanging      | Failed the JSC exam                                                                             | Famous News                   |
| Chandpur         | 15  | Female | Poisoning    | Failed the JSC exam                                                                             | Famous News                   |
| Rajshahi         | 14  | Female | Hanging      | Did not get GPA5                                                                                 | Famous News                   |
| Patuakhali       | 14  | Female | Hanging      | Did not get GPA5                                                                                 | Famous News                   |
| Lakshmipur       | Not reported | Female | Hanging | Failed the JSC exam                                                                            | Famous News                   |
| Madanipur        | 12  | Male   | Hanging      | Failed the JSC exam                                                                             | Famous News                   |
| Khagrachari      | 13  | Female | Hanging      | Failed the JSC exam                                                                             | Famous News                   |
| City          | Age   | Gender | Method | Reason for committing suicide                                                                 | Media source of story |
|--------------|-------|--------|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Narayanganj  | 14    | Female | Hanging| Failed the JSC exam                                                                           | Famous News           |
| Satkhira     | Not reported | Female | Hanging| Failed the JSC exam                                                                           | Famous News           |
| Netrokona    | 13    | Female | Hanging| Told a family member she had an exam phobia, and committed suicide during the JSC exam           | BD News Hour 24       |
|              | 13    | Female | Hanging| Failed the JSC exam                                                                           | Dhaka Press           |
| Brahmanbaria |       |        |        |                                                                                               |                       |
| Sitakund     | Not reported | Male  | Poisoning| Rebuked by family due to study, and committed suicide during JSC exam                           | BD Live               |
| Dinajpur     | 13    | Female | Hanging| Rebuked by family due to study, and committed suicide before the JSC exam                       | Mukti Joddhar Kantha  |
| Sylhet       | Not reported | Female | Hanging| Reason not reported, committed suicide after JSC exam                                           | Durjoy Bangla         |
| Kushtia      | Not reported | Female | Hanging| Rebuked by teacher due to study, and committed suicide before the JSC exam                      | Jugantor              |
| Dhaka        | Not reported | Female | Hanging| Reason not reported, committed suicide during the JSC exam                                     | RTV                   |

A full list of the news-report online sources is available on request from the first author (mamunphi46@gmail.com)
Compliance with Ethical Standards

Conflict of Interest The authors declare that they do not have any interests that could constitute a real, potential or apparent conflict of interest with respect to their involvement in the publication. The authors also declare that they do not have any financial or other relations (e.g., directorship, consultancy, or speaker fee) with companies, trade associations, unions, or groups (including civic associations and public interest groups) that may gain or lose financially from the results or conclusions in the study. Sources of funding are acknowledged.

Ethical Approval All procedures performed in this study involving human participants were in accordance with the ethical standards of University’s Research Ethics Board and with the 1975 Helsinki Declaration.

Informed Consent Not applicable to this study.

Open Access This article is distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided you give appropriate credit to the original author(s) and the source, provide a link to the Creative Commons license, and indicate if changes were made.

References

Arafat, S. M. Y. (2019). Current challenges of suicide and future directions of management in Bangladesh: A systematic review. Global Psychiatry, 2(1), 9–20.

Arafat, S. M. Y., & Mamun, M. A. (2019). Repeated suicides in the University of Dhaka (November 2018): Strategies to identify risky individuals. Asian Journal of Psychiatry, 39, 84–85.

BD News. (2019). Govt to scrap exams up to Grade III in primary schools in 2021. Retrieved March 20, 2020, from: https://bdnews24.com/bangladesh/2019/09/05/govt-to-scrap-exams-up-to-grade-iii-in-primary-schools-in-2021.

Daily Star (2010). 14 Lakh take first-ever JSC, JDC exams. Retrieved from: https://www.thedailystar.net/news-detail-161359. Accessed 20 March 2020

Hossain, M. A. (2016). Education system and result of PSC, JSC, Ebtedayee, and JDC examination: A case study of Bangladesh. Journal of Education and Training, 3(1), 199–215.

India Today. (2016). Quality education without pressure: 10 countries which adopted liberal policies. Retrieved March 20, 2020, from: https://www.indiatoday.in/education-today/featurephilia/story/liberal-education-policies-in-10-countries-14745-2016-06-17.

Jahan, S., Araf, K., Gozal, D., Griffiths, M. D., & Mamun, M. A. (2020). Depression and suicidal behaviors among Bangladeshi mothers of children with autistic spectrum disorder: A comparative study. Asian Journal of Psychiatry, 51, e101994.

Kessler, R. C., Amminger, G. P., Aguilar-Gaxiola, S., Alonso, J., Lee, S., & Ustun, T. B. (2007). Age of onset of mental disorders: A review of recent literature. Current Opinion in Psychiatry, 20(4), 359–364.

Mamun, M. A., & Griffiths, M. D. (2020a). PTSD-related suicide six years after the Rana Plaza collapse in Bangladesh. Psychiatry Research, 287, 112645. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.psychres.2019.112645.

Mamun, M. A., & Griffiths, M. D. (2020b). A rare case of Bangladeshi student suicide by gunshot due to unusual multiple causalities. Asian Journal of Psychiatry, 49, e101951.

Mamun, M. A., Misti, J. M., & Griffiths, M. D. (2020a). Suicide of Bangladeshi medical students: Risk factor trends based on Bangladeshi press reports. Asian Journal of Psychiatry, 48, e101905.

Mamun, M. A., Siddique, A. B., Sikder, M. T., & Griffiths, M. D. (2020b). Student suicide risk and gender: A retrospective study from Bangladeshi press reports. International Journal of Mental Health and Addiction. Epub ahead of print. https://doi.org/10.1007/s11469-020-00267-3.

The Star (2018). No exams for lower primary. Retrieved from: https://www.thestar.com.my/news/nation/2018/11/01/no-exams-for-lower-primary-maszlee-it-will-be-replaced-with-more-objective-assessments/. Accessed 20 March 2020.

World Health Organization (2019). 10 facts on mental health. Retrieved from: https://www.who.int/news-room/facts-in-pictures/detail/mental-health. Accessed 20 March 2020.

Publisher’s Note Springer Nature remains neutral with regard to jurisdictional claims in published maps and institutional affiliations.