Evaluation of IL-17 and IL-35 in patients with giardiasis in Thi-Qar province, Iraq

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ABSTRACT
Giardia lamblia, Entamoeba histolytica, Cryptosporidium, and Blastocystis are some parasites primarily responsible for human infections. Giardia lamblia, also known as Giardia intestinalis or Giardia duodenalis, is a common pathogenic protozoan found in the human duodenum and jejunum that causes giardiasis. This study collected stool and blood samples from patients with diarrhea aged less than 1 month to 15 years, from September 2020 to December 2020, in Thi-Qar province. Our study aimed to reveal the diagnosis of Giardia lamblia using direct microscopy examination and detect some immunological parameters such as IL-17 and IL-35 in patients infected with giardiasis.

KEYWORDS: IL-17, IL-35, Giardia lamblia, giardiasis, diarrhea.

INTRODUCTION
Diarrhea is characterized as loose, watery stools with a constant need to urinate, commonly described as three or more watery or loose bowel movements each day [1]. Many pathogens cause diarrhea like parasites (Giardia lamblia, Cryptosporidium parvum, Balantidium coli, E. histolytica, and Isospora belli), bacteria (Aeromonas hydrophila, Clostridium difficile, Helicobacter pylori, Shigella or Salmonella species), and viruses (norovirus and rotavirus), or other unknown reasons [2].

There are many transmission methods to humans, including direct contact with infected people or animals. As for direct contact, a person can get infected by other persons carrying germs via direct contact with blood or body fluids [3].

Giardia occurs in two varieties: trophozoites and cysts. The Giardia lamblia trophozoite is a heart-shaped organism that measures around 15 meters in length and has four pairs of flagella. A large concave sucking disk on the ventral side helps the organism stick to the intestinal villi.

The Giardia forms cysts in the colon, and then the cysts are excreted [4, 5]. They are oval in shape, thick-walled, and very...
resistant, with a length of 8–14 m with two nuclei in juvenile forms and four nuclei in mature cysts [6–9].

MATERIAL AND METHODS

Stool Samples

67 stool samples were obtained from individuals with diarrhea in Thi-Qar province between September and December 2020. The ages of the participants varied from 1 month to 15 years, with 41 men and 26 females. Fresh fecal samples were collected in sterile containers to avoid contamination and stored in hospital laboratories for microscopic inspection [10].

Blood Samples

Three milliliters of blood samples were collected in a plane tube from 67 patients with diarrhea who were infected with G. lamblia and 3 ml of blood samples from 20 healthy volunteer children. The serum was obtained by centrifugation at 3000 rpm and then stored directly at -20°C for immunological ELISA (enzyme-linked immuno-sorbent assay) tests, including IL-17 and IL-35.

Microscopic Examination

Direct wet mount using normal saline 0.9% method

To assess the morphology and mobility of the parasite, the feces sample was emulsified in normal saline. A droplet of normal saline was positioned on the center of the slide, and a slight portion of the stool specimen sample was mixed and emulsified in the saline using a sterile swab stick and examined microscopically using ×10 and ×40 objectives [11–13].

Direct smear using Lugol's Iodine

Lugol's iodine is an aqueous solution containing iodine 5% and potassium iodide 10%. The slides were prepared in the same procedures as the direct wet amount except for exchanging the normal saline with Lugol's iodine solution [14].

Human Interleukin (IL-17, IL-35) ELISA technique

To detect IL-17 and IL-35 using ELISA test, 67 blood samples were taken from infected patients diagnosed with G. lamblia, and 20 blood samples from healthy male and female children ages less than a year and 15 years as control. Interleukin levels were measured using techniques developed by the company BIO-TEC (Cat.No. E0054Hu, Cat.No.E0042Hu).

Statistical Analysis

All data were statistically analyzed using Microsoft Excel (version 2010) and SPSS version 24. ANOVA (analysis of variance) was used for multiple independent tests, student t-test for two independent groups, Spearman for correlation, and Chi-square to test the association between two categorical variables [15].

RESULTS

Level of IL-17 for patients and controls according to age groups

The results revealed that all groups of patients had statistically significant changes in IL-17 levels when compared to healthy controls (p-value=0.001). High levels of IL-17 were found in the third age group of patients (6–10 years), with a level of 1184.9±272.3 ng/ml, and in the third age group of controls, with a level of 389.49±77.13 ng/ml (Table 1).

Level of IL-35 for patients and control according to age groups

The study discovered significant levels of IL-35 in the third age group of patients (375.0±67.7 ng/ml) and high levels in the second age group of controls (8.117±3.2 ng/ml). As shown in Table 2, there were statistically significant variations in IL-35 levels across all patient groups compared to matching healthy control groups (p-value=0.001).

DISCUSSION

When we analyzed and compared giardiasis patients with healthy control of all ages, we found high levels of IL-17. This suggests that the concentration of interleukins is not affected by the patient's age but rather by the quantity and concentration of parasites and the patient's immunological condition. This is consistent with Jalil AT et al. (2021) [16], who investigated the role of IL-17 in vaccination-mediated protection and discovered that this cytokine contributed to LecA-alum vaccine protection through neutralization studies. IL-17 cells are recognized to play

| Groups     | Age (years) | No. of cases | IL-17 ng/ml M±SD | P-value     |
|------------|-------------|--------------|------------------|-------------|
| Patient    | <1          | 15           | 913.1±106.1      | <0.001      |
| Control    |             | 4            | 283.7±19.2       |             |
| Patient    | 1–5         | 23           | 1043.2±205.7     | <0.001      |
| Control    |             | 7            | 326.4±79.5       |             |
| Patient    | 6–10        | 19           | 1184.9±272.3     | <0.001      |
| Control    |             | 6            | 389.49±77.13     |             |
| Patient    | 11–15       | 10           | 1079.4±55.68     | <0.001      |
| Control    |             | 3            | 289.3±228.5      |             |

Total Patients=67; Total Control=20

Table 1. Level of IL-17 for patients and controls according to age groups.
Table 2. Level of IL-35 for patient and control according to age groups.

| Groups   | Age (years) | No. of cases | IL-35 ng/ml M±SD | P-value |
|----------|-------------|--------------|------------------|---------|
| Patient  | <1          | 15           | 194.18±9.2       | <0.001  |
| Control  |             | 4            | 5.13±1.22        |         |
| Patient  | 1–5         | 23           | 210±24.5         | <0.001  |
| Control  |             | 7            | 8.37±3.2         |         |
| Patient  | 6–10        | 19           | 375.0±67.7       | <0.001  |
| Control  |             | 6            | 6.215±2.55       |         |
| Patient  | 11–15       | 10           | 310.3±49.7       | <0.001  |
| Control  |             | 3            | 7.921±3.44       |         |

| Total Patients=67; Total Control=20 |

CONCLUSION

The high levels of IL-17 and IL-35 in patients with giardiasis infection indicate the important role of interleukin in activating the immune system during intestinal inflammation.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Contribution

The authors declare no conflict of interest.

Ethical approval

This case-control study was approved by the medical ethics committee at the University of Thi-Qar (Reference#: MEC-21 on May 21, 2019).

Consent to participate

Informed consent was obtained from all participants. Consent to participate was obtained from all participants’ relatives and parents of patients.

Authorship

WSK, RSS, and AA-AL wrote the introduction and statistical analysis. MUFG, SK, and MHL edited the article, wrote the results, and collected samples. BQS, WRK, and MMK wrote the discussion and proofread the article. ATJ was the main supervisor of the article, proofreading the manuscript and communicating with the journal for publication.

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