The study of the technological and microbiological parameters of a dietary supplement “Osteovert”

A. I. Kriukova, I. M. Vladymyrova

National University of Pharmacy

The main tasks of the treatment of rheumatologic diseases include minimizing pain and inflammation in the joints, as well as restoring their functions. Duration of the treatment and the chronic course of the disease make it difficult to carry out the anti-inflammatory and analgesic therapy, which is characterized by the negative impact of non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) on an articular cartilage, as well as on organs of the gastrointestinal tract. In this regard, it is important to create new effective and safe products of plant origin, which use involves fewer side effects and the possibility of a longer period of use.

Aim. To study the technological and microbiological parameters of the combined drug – a dietary supplement “Osteovert” in soft gelatin capsules for use in rheumatology and a dry extract of harpagophytum (Harpagophytum procumbens) used in its production.

Materials and methods. The choice of active components in the composition of a dietary supplement “Osteovert” in soft gelatin capsules was substantiated by the analytical review of drugs used in diseases of the musculoskeletal system and presented at the pharmaceutical market of Ukraine, as well as by the results of the own pharmacological studies.

Results and discussion. The research on studying the technological parameters of soft capsules “Osteovert” promoting improvement of the condition of the musculoskeletal system has been conducted. The active ingredients of capsules are glucosamine sulfate, chondroitin sulfate and a dry extract of harpagophytum roots. According to the methods of the State Pharmacopeia of Ukraine (SPhU) the following pharmacotechnological tests of a dry extract have been conducted: the fractional composition, fluidity, which is characterized by determining the angle of repose and the emptying time, the bulk volume and settled volume, settling qualities and density (bulk density and tapped density). In order to develop the specifications of Ukraine for capsules the organoleptic indicators, uniformity of mass for a unit of a dosed drug and disintegration have been determined. The microbiological indicators of intermediate products and capsules “Osteovert” meeting the requirements of the current regulatory documentation have been determined. The material balance of the batch of capsules “Osteovert” has been calculated.

Conclusions. The pharmacotechnological parameters of a dry extract of harpagophytum have been studied according to the methods of the SPhU. The results of the study were used when substantiating the choice of a dosage form for a dietary supplement “Osteovert”. The manufacturing technology and the flowchart for the manufacturing process of capsules “Osteovert” intended for use in diets as an additional source of glucosamine, chondroitin and harpagoside have been developed. The microbiological quality parameters have been determined for the capsules and the dry extract of harpagophytum obtained. The manufacturing technology for capsules “Osteovert” has been implemented in production at the PJSC “DNCLZ Pilot plant”.

Key words: soft dosage forms; pharmacotechnological parameters; production; extract of harpagophytum; rheumatologic diseases

А. І. Крюкова, І. М. Владимирова

Дослідження технологічних та мікробіологічних показників добавки дієтичної «Остеоверт»

До основних завдань терапії ревматологічних захворювань відносяться мінімізація болю та запалення в суглобах, а також відновлення їх функцій. Тривалість лікування та хронічний перебіг захворювань ускладнюють проведення протизапальної та аналгезичної терапії, яка характеризується негативним впливом нестероїдних протизапальних засобів (НПЗЗ) на суглобовий хрящ, а також на органи шлунково-кишкового тракту. У зв’язку з цим актуальним є створення нових ефективних та безпечних засобів рослинного походження, застосування яких передбачає меншу кількість побічних ефектів та можливість більш тривалого терміну застосування.

Метою роботи було дослідження технологічних та мікробіологічних показників комбінованого засобу – добавки дієтичної у вигляді м’яких желатинових капсул «Остеоверт» для застосування в ревматології та сухого екстракту гарпалофтітуму, який використовується при її виробництві.

Матеріали та методи. Вибір активних компонентів до складу добавки дієтичної у формі м’яких желатинових капсул «Остеоверт» обґрунтовувався аналітичним оглядом засобів, представлених на фармацевтичному ринку України, що застосовуються при захворюваннях опорно-рухового апарату, та результатами власних фармахіологічних досліджень.
Результаты и их обсуждение. Проведенное исследование по изучению технологических параметров мягких капсул «Остеоверт», которые способствуют улучшению состояния опорно-двигательной системы. Действующими веществами капсул являются: глюкозамин сульфат, хондроитин сульфат и сухой экстракт корней гарпагофитума, который использован при ее производстве. По методикам ГФУ проведены фармакотехнические испытания сухого экстракта: фракционный состав, текучесть, которая характеризуется определением угла естественного откоса и временем высыпания, насыпной объем и объем после усадки, способность к усадке и плотность (насыпная плотность и плотность после усадки). С целью разработки технических условий Украины для капсул определены органолептические показатели, однородность массы для единицы дозированного лекарственного средства и распадаемость. Определены показатели микробиологической чистоты для полупродуктов и капсул «Остеоверт», отвечающих требованиям действующей нормативной документации. Рассчитан материальный баланс серии капсул «Остеоверт».

Выводы. Исследованы фармакотехнические показатели сухого экстракта гарпагофитума, результаты которых использованы при обосновании выбора лекарственной формы добавки диетической «Остеоверт». Розроблена промышленная технология её производства в условиях ООО «ОЗ «ГНЦЛС».

Ключевые слова: мягкие лекарственные формы; фармакотехнические показатели; производство; экстракт гарпагофитума; ревматологические заболевания

Rheumatologic diseases occupy a significant place in the structure of morbidity of the population of the world. The musculoskeletal system disabilities form the basis of these disorders, and it causes local pain syndromes, which require prolonged drug therapy. The main tasks of the treatment of rheumatologic diseases include minimizing pain and inflammation in the joints, as well as restoring their functions. Mainly advanced age, comorbid diseases, duration of the treatment and the chronic course of the disease make it difficult to carry out the anti-inflammatory and analgesic therapy, which is characterized by the negative impact of non-steroidal...
anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) on an articular cartilage, as well as on organs of the gastrointestinal tract. Pharmacotherapy of rheumatic diseases should be aimed at prevention of disease progression, as well as prevention of significant structural changes in the tissues of the joint [1, 2]. Dietary supplements are rather effective preventative agents.

In this regard, it is important to create new effective and safe products of plant origin, which use involves fewer side effects and the possibility of a longer period of use. Taking this into account, the aim of our work was to develop the combined drug – a dietary supplement “Osteovert” in soft gelatin capsules intended for use in diets as an additional source of glucosamine, chondroitin and harpagoside, determine the pharmacotechnological and microbiological parameters of intermediate products and the final dosage form, as well as develop the manufacturing technology for capsules “Osteovert”.

The growing interest in soft gelatin capsules is explained by a number of peculiarities and benefits. Firstly, the gelatin shell protects active pharmaceutical ingredients from the action of undesirable factors, and secondly, it stabilizes components that are sensitive to oxidation. In addition, this dosage form can be the basis for reduction of the therapeutic dose, and potential side effects, as well as decrease in financial costs in the process of manufacturing [3].

Materials and methods

The choice of active components in the composition of a dietary supplement “Osteovert” in soft gelatin capsules was substantiated by the analytical review of drugs used in diseases of the musculoskeletal system and presented at the pharmaceutical market of Ukraine, as well as by the results of the own pharmacological studies.

Standardization of the dry extract of harpagophytum (Harpagophytum procumbens DC) used in production of capsules was conducted by such indicators of quality as “Description”, “Loss on Drying”, “Heavy metals”, “Microbiological purity” in accordance with the requirements of the State Pharmacopeia of Ukraine (SPhU) 2.0 [4].

The indicators of microbiological purity for substances used in the manufacture of dietary supplements are regulated by the requirements of the GN 4.4.8.073-2001 “Temporary hygienic regulations for the content of contaminants of chemical and biological nature in biologically active supplements” [5].

In accordance with the requirements of the SPhU with the aim of developing the specifications of Ukraine for a dietary supplement “Osteovert” such parameters of quality of the finished dosage form as the organoleptic indicators, uniformity of mass for a unit of a dosed drug and disintegration were determined [4]. When conducting the test on disintegration, water was used as a liquid medium. The device was switched on for 30 min at a temperature of 36.4 °C, and the condition of capsules was studied.

The material balance of production was calculated as the ratio between the amount of the starting raw material, materials, semi-products and intermediate products used in production, and the amount of the finished product actually obtained, byproducts, waste and losses, i.e. as the ratio between theoretically possible and practically obtained yield of the finished product.

The study in obtaining of the substances, a finished dosage form, and determination of their technological parameters were performed at the premises of the PJSC “DNCLZ Pilot plant”.

Results and discussion

To substantiate the composition of soft gelatinous capsules the characteristic of the starting raw material that determines the functional orientation of the drug being developed is given.

Harpagophytum (Harpagophytum procumbens DC) is a promising medicinal plant raw material (MPRM) due to the presence of the anti-inflammatory and analgesic activity. As MPRM the roots of the plant are used, their main active substances are iridoids. The results of clinical studies indicate that harpagoside and harpagide (the major iridoids) are highly selective COX-2 inhibitors with efficiency comparable to classical NSAIDs, and confirm the efficacy of harpagoside in the treatment of the joint pain, back pain and fibromyalgia [6, 7].

Chondroprotectors are a group of medicines with the delayed action; their effectiveness is aimed at preserving and improving the condition of joints and the cartilaginous tissue. Chondroitin sulfate optimizes the composition of the synovial fluid, while glucosamine sulfate stimulates formation of the cartilage matrix. The introduction of combination of glucosamine sulfate and chondroitin sulfate is characterized by the synergistic and additive effect, it increases the efficiency of the drug compared to the use of each active ingredient separately [8, 9, 10].

The composition of a dietary supplement “Osteovert” (the content of 1 capsule) is: Active ingredients: glucosamine sulfate – 300.0 mg; chondroitin sulfate – 250.0 mg; a dry extract of harpagophytum – 200.0 mg. Excipients: soybean oil, lecithin, beeswax, gelatin, glycerin, purified water, iron oxide.

The dry extract of harpagophytum roots was obtained by the general scheme. The raw material crushed to the particle size passing through a sieve with the mesh size of 3-5 mm in diameter was placed in the extractor with a magnetic stirrer. The extraction was performed in the ratio of the raw material-extractant of 1 : 10 taking into consideration the absorption coefficient of the extractant to the complete extraction of biologically active substances from the raw material. As an extractant ethanol (20 %, v/v) R was used. The extract obtained was filtered and concentrated using a rotary evaporator at a temperature of 50-60 °C to a thick consistency (humidity does not exceed 25 %). The dense extract obtained was dried to dryness in a vacuum drying cabinet at a temperature of 70-75 °C and pressure of 80-87 kPa.

The dry extract of harpagophytum obtained is a loose, hygroscopic, light brown powder with the odor and taste that are inherent to the raw material of harpagophytum. The loss on drying determined was 3.2 ± 0.18 %. The content of heavy metals in the dry extract was not more than 0.01 % (100 ppm). The results of sieve analysis show that the main fraction of the dry extract was the
powder with the particle size passing through a sieve with the mesh size from 0.2 mm to 0.31 mm.

According to the methods of the SPhU pharmacotechnological parameters of a dry extract of harpagophytum were determined. The results are presented in Tab. 1.

When studying compressibility the dry extract stuck to hands and to the equipment due to the hygroscopicity of the substance under research. Since a lot of excipients are used when developing solid dosage forms, creation of an oral formulation in the form of soft capsules is rational.

The results of microbiological purity of intermediate products and capsules “Оsteovert” are absent.

The uniformity of sifting is controlled – visible particles in the sifted raw material is absent.

Stage 2. Preparation of the mass for encapsulation. The reactor is charged with the weighted amount of glucosamine sulfate chondroitin sulfate, a dry extract of harpagophytum roots and the part of soybean oil. The content of the reactor is mixed for 15 ± 1 min. In the reactor with glucosamine sulfate chondroitin sulfate, a dry extract of harpagophytum roots and the part of soybean oil the mass containing soybean oil, lecithin, and beeswax is added. The content of the reactor is mixed at a temperature of 45 ºC for 15 ± 5 min.

The time of mixing, completeness of dissolution and the mass of the resulting filler are controlled.

Stage 3. Preparation of the gelatinous mass. The reactor is charged with the weighted amount of glycerin and purified water. Stirring the content of the reactor it is heated to a temperature of 60 ± 2 ºC and continued to mix for another 30 ± 1 min.

In a 1000 ml graduated beaker the weighted amount of purified water and iron oxide is loaded to prepare the dye solution. The resulting solution is stirred for 15 ± 1 min.

To the reactor with glycerin and purified water the dye solution is loaded and mixed for 10 ± 1 min. Then gelatin heated to a temperature of 60 ± 2 ºC is added. The resulting mass is vacuumed in order to remove air bubbles at the vacuum level of 0.7 ± 0.1 kgf/cm2, heated to a temperature of 75 ± 2 ºC and continued to mix for 90 ± 20 min when vacuuming.

The gelatinous mass obtained is filtered through a capron filter into a thermostated container for the gelatinous mass.

The completeness of dissolution of the gelatinous mass and the temperature mode are controlled.

Stage 4. Preparation and filling of gelatinous shells. The gelatinous mass and the filler from thermostated containers are introduced on an automatic line for manufacturing soft gelatin capsules, and encapsulation is carried out.

The quality of capsules is controlled by the following indicators: appearance, the average weight, disintegration and dissolution.

Stage 5. Drying of capsules. Wet capsules are dried in small trays for drying capsules are set on barrows for trays. After drying the quality of dried capsules is controlled for the absence of mechanical damage and the presence of different kind of deformations.

The microbiological indicators of intermediate products and capsules “Оsteovert” are absent.

Table 1
Pharmacotechnological parameters of a dry extract of harpagophytum

| Pharmacotechnological parameters | The results of determination |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Bulk volume, $V_o$, ml           | 123.93 ± 0.03               |
| Settled volume, $V_{100}$, ml    | 107.90 ± 0.05               |
| Settled volume, $V_{500}$, ml    | 96.94 ± 0.04                |
| Settled volume, $V_{1250}$, ml   | 94.91 ± 0.03                |
| Settling qualities, ($V_o$/$V_{500}$) | 12.99 ± 0.06               |
| Bulk density, (m/ρ), g/ml        | 0.40 ± 0.03                 |
| Tapped density, (m/ρ_{100}), g/ml | 0.53 ± 0.08                 |
| Fluidity, s                      | 38.51 ± 0.06                |
| Angle of repose, °               | 32.5 ± 1.43                 |

| Indicator                        | The requirements of AND | The results of the control * |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Total aerobic bacteria count (CFU g/ml) | $10^4$ | Sample 1 | Sample 2 | Sample 3 | Sample 4 |
| Total yeasts and molds (CFU g/ml)  | $10^2$ | < 10 | < 10 | < 10 | < 10 |

The presence of bacteria of the family

| Enterobacteriaceae | absence | Sample 1 | Sample 2 | Sample 3 | Sample 4 |
|--------------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| S. aureus          | absence | Sample 1 | Sample 2 | Sample 3 | Sample 4 |
| P. aeruginosa      | absence | Sample 1 | Sample 2 | Sample 3 | Sample 4 |

Notes: * sample 1 – a dry extract of harpagophytum roots; sample 2 – glucosamine sulfate; sample 3 – chondroitin sulfate; sample 4 – capsules “Оsteovert”.
Fig. The flowchart of the manufacturing process of a dietary supplement “Osteovert” in soft gelatin capsules

Raw material, intermediate products and materials

- Glucosamine sulfate, chondroitin sulfate, a dry extract of harpagophytum roots, soybean oil, lecithin, beeswax

Manufacture of a dietary supplement “Osteovert”

Stage 1
Preparation of the raw material

- The amount of the raw material, uniformity of the sieved raw material

Stage 2
Preparation of the mass for encapsulation

- The time of mixing, completeness of dissolution

Stage 3
Preparation of the gelatinous

- Completeness of dissolution of the gelatinous mass

Stage 4
Preparation and filling of gelatinous shells
Automatic line for manufacturing

- Control of the intermediate product (appearance, the average weight, disintegration and dissolution tests)

Stage 5
Drying of capsules
Drum drying machine

- Temperature and duration of drying, the residual moisture content of capsules

Packing of capsules

Stage 6
Dispensing of capsules in blister packs
Automatic sorting machine, inspection table

- Temperature mode, correctness of printing (batch number, shelf-life), the number of capsules in a blister, accuracy of labeling

Packs, patient information leaflets

Stage 7
Packing of blisters in packs
Packing table

- Compliance of graphic design to the batch, completeness of packs

Packs, patient information leaflets, multipack labels, corrugated boxes, liners to corrugated boxes, the packer's number, scotch tape

Stage 8
Packing of packs in boxes
Packing table

- Compliance of graphic design to the batch, the number of packs in a box, completeness of boxes

Finished Product

- Control of the finished product according to TU U 10.8-31062507-059 : 2016
The temperature, duration of drying, and the residual moisture content of capsules are controlled.

Stage 6. Dispensing of capsules in blister packs.
The standard capsules are dispensed on a blister packing machine in blisters of polyvinyl chloride film (PVC) and aluminum foil; there are 8 capsules in a blister from PVC film and aluminum foil.

The temperature mode, correctness of printing (batch number, shelf-life), the number of capsules in a blister, accuracy of labeling are controlled.

Stage 7. Packing of blisters in packs.
In a carton pack 3 blisters with the patient information leaflet and the packer’s number are placed.

The compliance of graphic design to the batch and completeness of packs are controlled.

Stage 8. Packing of packs in boxes.
40 Packs are placed in a corrugated box, on which a multipack label with the packer’s number is placed.

The compliance of graphic design to the batch, the number of packs in a box, and completeness of boxes are controlled.

The finished product is controlled according to the requirements of TU U 10.8-31062507-059:2016 “Dietary supplements based on oils and animal fats”.

The soft capsules obtained are of a red-brown color, have an elongated shape, their surface is smooth without the presence of air bubbles and particulate matter. When studying capsules by the indicator “Disintegration of tablets and capsules” it was found that the soft capsules disintegrated within 10-14 min.

To substantiate the correctness of the choice and organization of the technological process and develop the manufacturing specification the material balance of production of a dietary supplement “Osteovert” was calculated. It is given in Tab. 3.

According to the results of the material balance the main technical and economic indicators of production, such as regulated standards of expenses for the raw material, materials, semi-products and energy source per unit of the finished product were calculated.

CONCLUSIONS
The pharmacotechnological parameters of a dry extract of harpagophytum have been studied according to the methods of the SPhU. The results of the study were used when substantiating the choice of a dosage form for a dietary supplement “Osteovert”. The manufacturing technology and the flowchart for the manufacturing process of capsules “Osteovert” intended for use in diets as an addi-

| The name of the raw material, semi-products and materials | Amount | The name of the finished product, waste and losses | Amount |
|----------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------------------------|--------|
| The raw material:                                        |        |                                                  |        |
| Glucosamine sulfate                                     | 10.08  | PVC film + aluminium foil                       | 9.81   |
| Chondroitin sulfate                                     | 8.4    | Leaflet                                         | 1.000  |
| A dry extract of harpagophytum roots                    | 6.72   | Pack                                            | 1.000  |
| Soybean oil                                             | 21.168 | Corrugated box                                  | 0.025  |
| Lecithin                                                 | 2.016  | A liner to corrugated boxes                     | 0.050  |
| Chondroitin sulfate                                     | 11.070 | Multipack label No.40                          | 0.025  |
| A dry extract of harpagophytum roots                    | 4.98   | The packer’s number                             | 1.025  |
| Iron oxide                                               | 0.110  | Losses:                                         |        |
| Purified water                                           | 9.987  | Mechanical dead weight losses                    |        |
| Materials:                                               |        |                                                  |        |
| PVC film (150 × 0.2) mm                                  | 8.288  |                                                  |        |
| Aluminium foil (150 × 0.02) mm                           | 1.932  |                                                  |        |
| Leaflet                                                  | 1.005  |                                                  |        |
| Pack                                                     | 1.005  |                                                  |        |
| Corrugated box                                           | 0.026  |                                                  |        |
| A liner to corrugated boxes                              | 0.052  |                                                  |        |
| Multipack label No.40                                    | 0.029  |                                                  |        |
| Adhesive tape (scotch tape)                              | 0.00047|                                                  |        |
| The packer’s number                                     | 1.03   |                                                  |        |
| Total:                                                   | 86.767 |                                                  | 3.14747|

Table 3
The material balance of the batch (1 thousand packs) of the dietary supplement “Osteovert”
tional source of glucosamine, chondroitin and harpagoside have been developed. The microbiological quality parameters have been determined for the capsules and the dry extract of harpagophytum obtained. To calculate the main technical and economic indicators of production (regulated standards of expenses for the raw material, materials, semi-products and energy source) the material balance for the batch of capsules “Osteover” was calculated. In order to develop the specifications of Ukraine for capsules the organoleptic indicators, uniformity of mass for a unit of a dosed drug and disintegration have been determined. The microbiological indicators of intermediate products and capsules “Osteover” meeting the requirements of the current regulatory documentation have been determined.

Conflict of Interests: authors have no conflict of interests to declare.

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Information about authors:
Kruikova A. I., postgraduate student of the Department of Pharmacognosy, National University of Pharmacy. E-mail: kruikova92@gmail.com
Vladymyrova I. M., Doctor of Pharmacy (Dr. habil.), associate professor of the Department of Pharmacognosy, National University of Pharmacy

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