Supplementary Information for:

A call for refining the role of humic-like substances in the oceanic iron cycle

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Supplementary Figure 1. The ratio of dissolved iron to electroactive humic substances (DFe/eHS) for all samples, coloured by apparent oxygen utilisation (AOU), a proxy for bacterial remineralisation. AOU coloured from below the maximum mixed layer depth for each region. Lines show the minimum (SRFA) and maximum (SRHA) reported iron binding capacities for terrestrial IHSS standards (Laglera and van den Berg, 2009; Sukekava et al., 2018). Figure generated using Matlab software.
Supplementary Figure 2. A comparison of the concentrations of metal-binding electroactive humic ligands measured using the copper method used in this study (Whitby and van den Berg, 2015) with values using the updated iron method (Sukekava et al., 2018), showing good agreement in open ocean waters. From surface (salinity 36.2) and deep ocean waters (depths of 2070, 2365 and 2440 m, all at salinity 34.9). Figure generated using Microsoft Excel software.

Supplementary Table 1 [provided separately as an Excel file]: Concentrations of dissolved iron (DFe), iron ligands (L) expressed in nM Fe equivalent, ligand binding strength (log $K_{Fe}^\prime$) and dissolved electroactive metal-binding humic ligands (eHS) for all stations where measured. DFe/eHS represents an estimate of the iron binding capacity of the humics within the samples (mean = 18.4 ± 11 nM Fe/mg eHS), but assumes saturation of humics with iron and does not consider additional ligands. Chromophoric and fluorescent dissolved organic matter (C/FDOM) was measured in North Atlantic stations only. CDOM abundance ($a_{280}$) taken as the absorbance coefficient at 280 nm. The marine-derived HS fraction was estimated as the sum of fluorescence under peaks M and N divided by the sum of peaks A, C, M, and N of peaks identified Coble et al. (2007).

References
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Sukekava, C., Downes, J., Slagter, H.A., Gerringa, L.J.A. and Laglera, L.M., 2018. Determination of the contribution of humic substances to iron complexation in seawater by catalytic cathodic stripping voltammetry. Talanta, 189: 359-364.
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