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Supplement of

Distribution and characteristics of wastewater treatment plants within
the global river network

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S1 National and regional wastewater treatment plant (WWTP) datasets

S1.1 Europe

The Urban Waste Water Treatment Directive (UWWTD; https://uwwtd.eu/) is concerned with the collection, organisation and management of data related to the treatment and discharge of urban wastewater. For the creation of HydroWASTE, we mostly relied on version 6 of their WWTP database from 2017. This version contains 30,437 records of which we used 24,971. The excluded records were collection facilities (not connected to a discharge point) or records without point coordinates. The UWWTD database provides information for all records on "population equivalent" and for 98% of all records on treatment level. For 8,662 WWTPs, we used explicitly reported values of treated-wastewater discharge as they become available in version 8 from 2020. The countries included in the UWWTD dataset are: Austria, Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, French Guiana, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Monaco, Morocco, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Saint-Martin, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Ukraine, and the United Kingdom.

S1.2 USA

The Clean Watersheds Needs Survey (CWNS; https://www.epa.gov/cwns) is an assessment conducted by the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) every four years to address water quality and its capital cost in the US territory. The latest version (2012) contains 27,016 records of publicly owned treatment works (POTW), i.e. wastewater collection and treatment facilities, stormwater and sewer overflows controls, nonpoint source pollution controls, and decentralized wastewater management facilities. For the purpose of compiling HydroWASTE, only WWTPs were selected, accounting for 14,819 facilities. The CWNS dataset contains information on the population served, treated-wastewater discharge, effluent quality, and treatment level, each reported for present conditions as well as planned projects in the future. The state of South Carolina did not participate in the 2012 campaign, thus the information used for this specific region is from 2008. The US government also provides wastewater information through the Enforcement and Compliance History Online (ECHO) system, which tracks the permit compliance and enforcement status of facilities regulated by the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) under the Clean Water Act (CWA). The ECHO dataset is updated on a weekly basis with records of POTW and non-POTW (private and industrial facilities), but it does not contain information on the number of people served or the treatment level for each WWTP. Since most records of POTW are found in both datasets, to avoid duplication, the CWNS dataset was chosen as the most complete WWTP dataset from the USA for our purposes.

S1.3 Brazil

The Atlas Esgotos (http://atlasesgotos.ana.gov.br/) was developed in 2017 by the Brazilian government through the Agência Nacional de Águas (ANA) to provide information on national sanitation conditions. The focus was to evaluate the impact of effluents on Brazil’s water resources. It contains 2,820 records of WWTPs from 2013 which
were all used in the compilation of HydroWASTE. The atlas includes information on the population served, treated-
wastewater discharge and treatment type.

S1.4 Mexico

The Mexican WWTP dataset is provided by the Comisión Nacional del Agua (CONAGUA; https://sina.conagua.gob.mx/sina/), the government sector responsible for the management of water resources. It contains 2,540 records of WWTPs from 2018 which were all used in the compilation of HydroWASTE. The provided point coordinates of each WWTP indicate the center of the municipality in which the WWTP is located, rather than the exact location of the plant itself. The dataset includes information on the treated-wastewater discharge and treatment level.

S1.5 China

The locations and characteristics of 2,739 WWTPs were compiled in table format by the Ministry of Environmental Protection for China. Grill et al. (2018) manually verified those 2,486 WWTPs with effluent flow rates higher than 1,000 m$^3$ d$^{-1}$ using geolocation techniques and satellite imagery, and we included these georeferenced WWTPs in HydroWASTE. These WWTPs contain information on the population served, treated-wastewater discharge and treatment level.

S1.6 Canada

The Canadian WWTP dataset is made available by Environment Canada under the Wastewater Systems Effluent Regulations (WSER; https://www.canada.ca/en/environment-climate-change/services/wastewater). It contains 2,064 records of WWTPs from 2017 which were all used in the compilation of HydroWASTE. The provided point coordinates indicate the discharge location of each WWTP. It does not contain the number of people served, but the treatment capacity is presented as daily effluent discharge. The dataset includes information on the treatment types performed in each facility, which we used to estimate the treatment level using the following ruleset: if the treatment offered by the facility includes only physical processes such as screening, grit removal, or sedimentation, the treatment level is assumed to be primary; if the facility includes activated sludge, facultative lagoon or other biochemical processes, the treatment level is assumed to be secondary; finally, if the facility offers additional treatments such as disinfection, the treatment level is assumed to be advanced. Other information provided in the dataset includes the name of the waterbody at the discharge location, the status (i.e., operational; construction completed; under construction; or non-operational), and the name and owner of the WWTP.

S1.7 Australia

The National Wastewater Treatment Facilities Database from Geoscience Australia (Hill et al., 2012) provides the point coordinates of WWTPs in the country, but it does not include any other information regarding size or treatment level. There are 1,234 records of WWTPs, last updated in 2016. All of them were included in the compilation of HydroWASTE.
S1.8 South Africa

We obtained the geographic location and treated-wastewater discharge of 964 WWTPs in South Africa from the publicly accessible national data repository of the Department of Water and Sanitation (DWS) of South Africa (http://ws.dwa.gov.za/gsm/; accessed in October 2019).

S1.9 India

The Central Pollution Control Board of India (CPCB; https://cpcb.nic.in/water-pollution/) produced an inventory of sewage treatment plants in 2015. The inventory contains information for 816 WWTPs in 28 states of India, including installed capacity, treatment type, and status (i.e., operational; construction completed; under construction; or non-operational). There are no point coordinates, but the inventory lists for each WWTP the name of the city or suburb where it is located. We thus manually assigned the WWTP position using satellite imagery and topographic maps (Google Maps). If the WWTP could not be reliably located, it was placed centrally inside the boundary of the reported spatial unit (city or suburb). We used all 816 records in the compilation of HydroWASTE.

S1.10 New Zealand

The New Zealand Wastewater Plant Inventory (https://www.waternz.org.nz/WWTPInventory) reports data about publicly owned WWTPs. It contains 323 records from which we used 317 in the compilation of HydroWASTE as the remaining 6 did not include point coordinates. The dataset provides information on treatment capacity, the population served, treated-wastewater discharge, and treatment level.

S1.11 Peru

The sanitation sector of the Peruvian government (SUNASS; https://geosunass.sunass.gob.pe/) provides information on WWTPs. It contains 186 records updated in 2018 from which we used 184 records in the compilation of HydroWASTE. The two excluded WWTPs were considered unreliable given that they did not have any information besides point location and the regional company responsible. All other records include treatment capacity in volume of discharge.

S2 Georeferencing methods and thresholds

S2.1 Selection of reference subset

To test for the WWTPs’ geographic and topological location accuracy, a sample of each national dataset (approximately 10%) was selected randomly, for a total of 4,354 records. The dataset from China was excluded from this analysis since the location was already verified and corrected in a previous study (Grill et al., 2018), and the dataset from South Africa was acquired only after this analysis was performed.
S2.2 Reported location accuracy

The reference subset of WWTPs had their location point evaluated using satellite imagery. The location was considered ‘verified’ if a building resembling a WWTP facility was located within 500 meters of the point coordinates. Each national/regional dataset had a different rate of successfully verified locations, 62% for Europe, 66% for the USA, 61% for Brazil, 5% for Mexico, 66% for Canada, 97% for Australia, 80% for India, 75% for New Zealand, 84% for Peru, and 85% for the remaining countries (OpenStreetMap). The exceptionally low result for Mexico can be explained by its database characteristic: each WWTP record contains point coordinates, but the point only represents the center of the municipality where the WWTP is located.

There were 202 WWTPs that were located farther than 500 meters from the point, and the average distance was measured as 1.2 ± 0.8 km with a maximum of 5.2 km.

S2.3 Georeferencing accuracy

The georeferencing of all WWTPs to the estimated outfall location was performed using an automated algorithm (see main manuscript, section 2.1.3 for details on the georeferencing procedures). To evaluate the accuracy of the algorithm, each original WWTP point location from the reference subset was manually moved to a location on the river network that seemed most plausible based on satellite imagery; i.e., the location resembled a visible river or stream nearby but downstream of the original WWTP location. The distance between the WWTP location and the manually estimated outfall location was measured for each WWTP in the reference subset and resulted in an average adjustment distance of 1.0 ± 1.1 km, a maximum of 14.2 km, and a 99.9th percentile of 8.2 km. Given these results for the reference subset, a 10 km georeferencing radius was chosen for the automated assignment procedure of all outfall locations in HydroWASTE (see main manuscript for more details). We chose this radius on the upper end of the manually assigned distance range in order to avoid that the outfall location is assigned to very small streams (in close vicinity) which could lead to erroneously high wastewater concentrations and risk indicators in subsequent analyses; i.e., our chosen radius is intended to be conservative. Confirming this preferential assignment to larger rivers, a test showed that 99% of the reference subset was manually georeferenced to an equal or smaller river (in terms of river discharge) than when automatically georeferenced using the 10 km threshold.

S3 Estimation of missing attributes

S3.1 Population served: Approach A1

If treated-wastewater discharge was reported in any of the national WWTP datasets, Eq. (1) (see main text) was used to estimate the population served. To test the validity of this approach, we investigated 28,497 WWTP records for which both treated-wastewater discharge and the population served was reported in the original national datasets (USA, Europe, Brazil, China, and New Zealand). We applied Eq. (1) to these WWTPs and then tested the correlation between reported and calculated values of the population served. The resulting correlation coefficient, \( R^2 \), was found to be between 0.59 and 0.96, with an overall value of 0.75 (Table S1).

In addition, we investigated the uncertainty related to using reported country-level data of treated wastewater per capita \( U \) in Eq. 1. For that, Table S1 shows a comparison between the average treated-wastewater discharge per capita
capita as calculated from the national datasets and the reported country-level values. Whereas the values agree reasonably well for USA, Europe, and Brazil, a more than twofold discrepancy was observed for New Zealand and China, which may in part explain the inferior $R^2$ value of China.

Table S1. Correlation coefficient ($R^2$) between reported and calculated values of the population served for USA, Europe, Brazil, China, and New Zealand. Also, comparison of average wastewater discharge per capita as calculated from national WWTP datasets against reported country-level data of treated wastewater per capita (Jones et al., 2021).

| WWTP dataset   | Number of WWTPs used | $R^2$ | Average treated wastewater discharge per capita (L day$^{-1}$) | Country-level treated wastewater per capita (L day$^{-1}$) |
|----------------|----------------------|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| USA            | 14,490               | 0.72  | 504.3                                                       | 477.0                                                    |
| Europe         | 8,415                | 0.79* | 286.5*                                                      | 256.6*                                                   |
| Brazil         | 2,815                | 0.95  | 182.8                                                       | 159.1                                                    |
| China          | 2,486                | 0.59  | 215.8                                                       | 105.6                                                    |
| New Zealand    | 291                  | 0.96  | 615.1                                                       | 234.2                                                    |
| Total          | 28,497               | 0.75  |                                                              |                                                          |

*Average of the countries included at the regional WWTP dataset weighted by the population served (for list of countries see section S1.1)

S3.2 Population served: Approach A2 – without treated-wastewater discharge available

One of the assumptions for estimating the population served is that the number of people served should be in the proximity of the WWTP. To evaluate this approach, a new subset of WWTPs was created, drawn from the reference subset (see section S2.1): 281 Records were selected where the WWTP (a) is the sole WWTP in a radius of 15 km, (b) could be manually verified, and (c) reports the population served in the original dataset. For these records, the number of people surrounding the WWTP was computed using a population grid (see main manuscript, section 2.1.2 for description) within search radii ranging from 5 km to 15 km in increments of 1 km. Based on the 5 different goodness of fit criteria shown in Table S2, a radius of 11 km was found to deliver the overall best results (i.e., the next smaller radius showed a general deterioration in results while the next larger radius showed a deterioration in PBIAS and did not lead to substantial improvements in the other criteria). Figure S1 shows the reported vs. estimated values of the population served using the 11 km radius, conforming an overall good correlation with a slight bias towards overestimation.
Table S2. Goodness of fit (GOF) criteria for the selection of the radius size to estimate the population served. GOF criteria are: NRMSE (normalized root mean square error), PBIAS (percent bias), NSE (Nash-Sutcliffe efficiency) and KGE (Kling-Gupta efficiency).

| Radius (km) | NRMSE | PBIAS | NSE  | R^2  | KGE  |
|-------------|-------|-------|------|------|------|
| 5           | 85.5  | -55.7 | 0.27 | 0.61 | 0.01 |
| 6           | 77.8  | -44.6 | 0.39 | 0.68 | 0.15 |
| 7           | 70.7  | -34.9 | 0.5  | 0.72 | 0.28 |
| 8           | 64.3  | -25.4 | 0.59 | 0.75 | 0.39 |
| 9           | 57.1  | -16   | 0.67 | 0.78 | 0.52 |
| 10          | 51.4  | -7.8  | 0.73 | 0.8  | 0.62 |
| 11          | 47.2  | 1     | 0.78 | 0.8  | 0.72 |
| 12          | 46.1  | 7.4   | 0.79 | 0.8  | 0.76 |
| 13          | 45.7  | 12.5  | 0.79 | 0.79 | 0.76 |
| 14          | 45.7  | 17    | 0.79 | 0.79 | 0.75 |
| 15          | 45.8  | 21.2  | 0.79 | 0.79 | 0.74 |

Figure S1. Population served estimated by aggregating all population inside a 11 km radius versus the reported population served value from the original WWTP datasets. The solid line represents the 1:1 line.

S3.3 Population served: Approach A2 – with treated-wastewater discharge available

An alternative method was developed to derive an estimate of the population served by analysing the population in the vicinity of the WWTP for cases in which information on treated-wastewater discharge was available. This approach aims to avoid overestimations of the number of people served in cases where WWTPs are located in areas of low population density but high treated-wastewater discharge (e.g., industrial or mining related WWTPs). First, the treated-wastewater discharge was used as described in Approach A1 (section S3.1) to estimate the general size category of the WWTP in terms of how many people could potentially be served. Next, this estimate was used to determine the search radius in which the number of existing people was aggregated; i.e., instead of using the optimized radius as found in section S3.2 above (11 km), a customized radius was used based on the size class of the potentially served population.
To determine a customized radius per WWTP size category, a method was developed and tested by Shakya (2017), using the national dataset from India. The WWTPs were first grouped into four size categories based on their capacity to serve populations: Group 1: ≥500,000 people; Group 2: 100,000–500,000 people; Group 3: 50,000–100,000 people; and Group 4: <50,000 people. Six radii ranging from 5 km to 30 km in 5 km increments were applied and the populations inside these search radii were aggregated. The mean bias and the standardized root mean square error (SRMSE) were used as goodness of fit criteria to select the smallest radius for each group that showed an acceptably low error and bias between reported and estimated values of the population served (Table S3).

Table S3. Goodness of fit (GOF) criteria (mean bias and SRMSE) for estimated values of the population served using different search radii, based on comparisons with national WWTP data of India. Best-fit results are shaded in green (modified from Shakya, 2017).

| Group     | Population served | GOF criteria | Radius (km) |
|-----------|-------------------|--------------|-------------|
|           |                   | Mean Bias (%)| 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 |
| Group 1   | ≥500,000          | Mean Bias (%)| 46.32 | 14.89 | 6.65 | 2.87 | 0.47 | -0.25 |
|           |                   | SRMSE (%)    | 59.78 | 33.43 | 21.23 | 15.42 | 6.70 | 0.55 |
| Group 2   | 100,000 - 500,000 | Mean Bias (%)| 29.06 | 12.65 | 9.66 | 6.93 | 5.44 | 2.53 |
|           |                   | SRMSE (%)    | 48.38 | 33.09 | 29.79 | 24.83 | 23.66 | 17.78 |
| Group 3   | 50,000 - 100,000  | Mean Bias (%)| 3.28 | 0.12 | 2.01 | 0.62 | 2.10 | 0.86 |
|           |                   | SRMSE (%)    | 21.01 | 14.56 | 21.09 | 17.78 | 20.93 | 19.00 |
| Group 4   | <50,000           | Mean Bias (%)| -14.95 | -20.71 | -26.46 | -25.15 | -35.91 | -29.64 |
|           |                   | SRMSE (%)    | 90.49 | 108.01 | 151.36 | 147.36 | 250.47 | 186.22 |

As a result, Group 1, Group 2, Group 3, and Group 4 were assigned a buffer size of 30 km, 20 km, 10 km, and 5 km, respectively. The lowest prediction quality was observed for Group 4 (i.e., smallest WWTPs) where negative bias values indicated a trend towards overestimating the number of people served.

S3.4 Evaluation of approaches A1, A2 and A3 to estimate missing records of the population served

Figure 4a in the main manuscript shows the evaluation of the results of the entire method used to estimate the population served. In this section we present separate evaluations of each approach (A1: estimating the population served based on available treated-wastewater discharge values; A2: estimating the population served by summing the number of people living within a given radius of the WWTP; and A3: estimating the maximum population served based on dilution factors).

When applied to all existing validation data, approach A1 on its own (Fig. S2, left panel) shows a similar scatter plot and comparable goodness-of-fit parameters as the final method (Fig. 4a in main manuscript). This is because A1 provided the minimum (i.e., final) value more frequently than the other approaches in this evaluation (70%). Approach A2 (Fig. S2, right panel) resulted in more bias towards overestimation, especially for smaller WWTPs. However, even if approach A1 was generally superior to A2, approach A1 requires that a reported treated-wastewater discharge value exists, which is not the case for 6,542 records of HydroWASTE.
Figure S2. Evaluation of the approaches A1 and A2 if used exclusively to estimate the population served. n is the number of records, NRMSE is the normalized root mean square error, PBIAS is the percent bias, $R^2$ is the coefficient of determination, NSE is the Nash-Sutcliffe efficiency and KGE is the Kling-Gupta efficiency. The solid line represents the 1:1 correspondence line.

Approach A3 cannot be used exclusively to estimate the population served, but only provides a maximum threshold of the population served, which then can be applied to limit values calculated using approaches A1 or A2. Figure S3 shows how A3 prevents overestimation of the population served as calculated by A1 and especially by A2.

Finally, in terms of applying the described estimation methods, the population served of 45,391 WWTP records are reported values as provided in the original data sources, and 13,111 records were estimated using the minimum value of approaches A1, A2, or A3. Approach A1 contributed a total of 4,125 estimated values, approach A2 contributed 8,425 estimated values, and approach A3 contributed the remaining 561 estimated values.

Figure S3. Evaluation of approach A3 (black dots) in comparison to A1 and A2 (red dots) for records where A3 presented the minimum value (n = 491).
S3.5 Level of treatment

To estimate the level of treatment, we investigated those national datasets for which this information was reported. Table S4 shows the percentage of WWTPs in each treatment level category (primary, secondary, and advanced) for Brazil, China, India, Europe, New Zealand, and USA, grouped into income classes based on their Gross National Income (GNI).

Table S4. Breakdown of WWTP treatment level (in percent of total) for countries which reported this information.

| GNI Group     | Dataset     | Number of WWTPs | Primary (%) | Secondary (%) | Advanced (%) |
|---------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|
| Middle-income | Brazil      | 2,709           | 1           | 94            | 5            |
|               | China       | 2,486           | 0           | 100           | 0            |
|               | India       | 816             | 8           | 92            | 0            |
| High-income   | Europe      | 24,362          | 2           | 36            | 62           |
|               | New Zealand | 260             | 19          | 45            | 36           |
|               | USA         | 14,771          | 0           | 62            | 37           |

Countries in the ‘middle-income’ group showed secondary treatment for at least 92% of their WWTPs. Countries in the ‘high-income’ group have a relatively equal distribution of WWTPs between secondary and advanced levels of treatment: around 53% of the WWTPs have advanced treatment, 46% have secondary treatment, and only 1% have primary treatment. Furthermore, within high income countries we observed a correlation between the level of treatment and the number of people served by the WWTP (Fig. S4) indicating that larger WWTPs have a higher likelihood of offering advanced treatment. In particular, at a threshold of ~3,000 people served, the most likely level of treatment changes from secondary to advanced.

Figure S4. The distribution of the level of treatment in WWTP records for different ranges of the population served in high-income countries (Europe, New Zealand, USA).
S4 OpenStreetMap validation

S4.1 Dataset completeness

We tested the level of comprehensiveness of the OSM dataset by comparing it against our national datasets based on the number of WWTP records. For the USA, Canada, Australia, Brazil, Peru, India and China, the number of WWTP records in the OSM dataset range from 20% to 50% of the national datasets, with an average of 37%. For Mexico, only 7% of the WWTPs in the national dataset were also contained in OSM data. In contrast, for Europe, OSM includes more records than the UWWTD database (107%), possibly indicating that OSM data include also other types of wastewater facilities and/or smaller ones. Overall, we judge the OSM data completeness to be spatially uneven and rather incomplete for most regions of the world.

S4.2 Validation of estimated attributes for OSM data

Given that OSM data only offers WWTP point coordinates but no other attribute information, we tested the quality of our estimated treated-wastewater discharge specifically for OSM data. For this, we were able to co-reference a subset of 145 OSM records in South Africa with corresponding records from the national dataset. Figure S5 shows that 86% of the estimated treated-wastewater discharge values are within one order of magnitude of the reported values.

Figure S5. Reported (national dataset) versus estimated (OpenStreetMap) treated-wastewater discharge (m$^3$ d$^{-1}$) for South Africa. The solid line represents the 1:1 correspondence line and the dashed lines represent the error of ±1 order of magnitude.
S5 Additional figures related to the dilution factor analysis and treated-wastewater ratios

Figure S6. Frequency distribution of calculated dilution factors (DFs) at low-flow conditions of all WWTPs in the HydroWASTE database (with some exceptions, see main manuscript, section 3.2).

Figure S7. Treated-wastewater ratios in the global river system during low-flow conditions.
### S6 Country statistics of the population served and treated-wastewater discharge derived from HydroWASTE

Table S5. Population served and treated-wastewater discharge per country as provided by HydroWASTE. Also, for comparison, the country-level statistics for the population served and treated-wastewater discharge are listed as provided in the JMP-WASH database (WHO and UNICEF, 2017) and by Jones et al. (2021), respectively. Under/overestimation is calculated using the error percentage formula "((HydroWASTE - Country-level statistics) / Country-level statistics) *100". NA represents division by zero. ‘0.0’ values are not always null, but rounded.

| Country               | Number of WWTPs in HydroWASTE | Population served (million) | HydroWASTE | JMP-WASH | Under/Overestimation (%) | HydroWASTE | Jones et al. (2021) | Under/Overestimation (%) |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|----------|--------------------------|------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| Afghanistan           | 5                             | 0.9                         | 0.9        | 0.0      | 0.0                      | 0.0        | 0.0                  | NA                       |
|aland                  | 1                             | 0.0                         | 0.0        | 0.0      | -10.5                    | 0.0        | 0.0                  | NA                       |
|Albania               | 6                             | 1.0                         | 2.8        | -63.4    | 0.0                      | 0.0        | -63.4               |                           |
|Algeria               | 116                           | 16.9                        | 33.1       | -48.9    | 0.5                      | 0.9        | -48.9               |                           |
|American Samoa        | 1                             | 0.0                         | 0.0        | -59.8    | 0.0                      | 0.0        | -59.8               |                           |
|Andorra               | 0                             | 0.0                         | 0.1        | -100.0   | 0.0                      | 0.1        | -100.0              |                           |
|Angola                | 8                             | 3.5                         | 3.5        | 0.0      | 0.0                      | 0.0        | 0.0                 |                           |
|Antigua and Barbuda   | 1                             | 0.0                         | 0.0        | 0.0      | 0.0                      | 0.0        | 0.0                 |                           |
|Argentina             | 143                           | 19.1                        | 24.6       | -22.4    | 0.7                      | 1.0        | -22.4               |                           |
|Armenia               | 5                             | 0.3                         | 2.0        | 87.2     | 0.0                      | 0.0        | -87.2               |                           |
|Aruba                 | 3                             | 0.0                         | 0.0        | 0.0      | 0.0                      | 0.0        | 0.0                 |                           |
|Australia             | 1,234                         | 16.0                        | 21.1       | -24.1    | 4.1                      | 5.5        | -24.1               |                           |
|Austria               | 634                           | 13.8                        | 8.0        | 72.7     | 2.8                      | 5.2        | -46.0               |                           |
|Azerbaijan            | 8                             | 1.6                         | 3.8        | -56.2    | 0.2                      | 0.4        | -56.2               |                           |
|Bahrain               | 3                             | 0.1                         | 0.1        | 0.0      | 0.1                      | 0.1        | 0.0                 |                           |
|Bolivia               | 2                             | 1.2                         | 1.2        | 0.0      | 0.2                      | 0.2        | 0.0                 |                           |
|Bulgaria              | 16                            | 7.7                         | 7.7        | 0.0      | 0.0                      | 0.0        | 0.0                 |                           |
|Botswana              | 1                             | 0.0                         | 0.0        | 0.0      | 0.0                      | 0.0        | 0.0                 |                           |
|Brazil                | 2,820                         | 71.7                        | 130.0      | -44.8    | 11.3                     | 20.7       | -45.4               |                           |
|British Virgin Islands| 1                             | 0.0                         | 0.0        | 0.0      | 0.0                      | 0.0        | 0.0                 |                           |
|Brunei                | 2                             | 0.1                         | 0.4        | -62.5    | 0.0                      | 0.1        | -62.5               |                           |
|Bulgaria              | 110                           | 5.1                         | 5.4        | -6.6     | 1.2                      | 0.6        | 106.9               |                           |
|Burkina Faso          | 1                             | 0.2                         | 0.2        | 0.0      | 0.0                      | 0.0        | 0.0                 |                           |
|Burundi               | 2                             | 0.1                         | 0.1        | 0.0      | 0.0                      | 0.0        | 0.0                 |                           |
|Cabo Verde            | 4                             | 0.1                         | 0.1        | 0.0      | 0.0                      | 0.0        | 0.0                 |                           |
|Cambodia              | 7                             | 2.1                         | 2.1        | 0.0      | 0.2                      | 0.0        | 0.0                 |                           |
|Cameroon              | 6                             | 0.2                         | 0.2        | 0.0      | 0.0                      | 0.0        | 0.0                 |                           |
|Canada                | 2,064                         | 26.2                        | 29.3       | -10.6    | 15.4                     | 13.1       | 16.9                |                           |
|Cayman Islands        | 0                             | 0.0                         | 0.0        | -100.0   | 0.0                      | 0.0        | -100.0              |                           |
|Chad                  | 2                             | 0.1                         | 0.1        | -64.0    | 0.0                      | 0.0        | -64.0               |                           |
|Channel Islands       | 0                             | 0.0                         | 0.1        | -100.0   | 0.0                      | 0.0        | -100.0              |                           |
|Chile                 | 46                            | 5.2                         | 15.7       | -67.2    | 0.9                      | 2.6        | -67.2               |                           |
|China                 | 2,486                         | 480.9                       | 810.1      | -40.6    | 93.9                     | 85.6       | 9.7                 |                           |
|Colombia              | 63                            | 23.6                        | 36.3       | -35.1    | 0.4                      | 0.6        | -35.1               |                           |
|Congo Republic        | 0                             | 0.0                         | 0.1        | -100.0   | 0.0                      | 0.0        | -100.0              |                           |
|Cook Islands          | 2                             | 0.0                         | 0.0        | -10.7    | 0.0                      | 0.0        | -10.7               |                           |
|Costa Rica            | 21                            | 1.2                         | 1.2        | 0.0      | 0.2                      | 0.2        | 0.0                 |                           |
|Côte d'Ivoire         | 10                            | 1.5                         | 3.5        | 0.0      | 0.2                      | 0.2        | 0.0                 |                           |
|Croatia               | 83                            | 0.0                         | 2.4        | -98.8    | 0.0                      | 0.2        | -97.4               |                           |
|Cuba                  | 26                            | 3.1                         | 5.6        | -44.8    | 0.4                      | 0.8        | -44.8               |                           |
|Curacao               | 1                             | 0.0                         | 0.0        | 0.0      | 0.0                      | 0.0        | 0.0                 |                           |
|Cyprus                | 17                            | 0.7                         | 0.6        | 22.6     | 0.1                      | 0.0        | 106.0               |                           |
|Czech Republic        | 663                           | 9.3                         | 9.4        | -0.9     | 1.9                      | 2.4        | -19.9               |                           |
|Denmark               | 383                           | 7.5                         | 5.2        | 44.5     | 1.7                      | 1.0        | 63.4                |                           |
|Dominican Republic    | 12                            | 2.4                         | 2.0        | 0.0      | 0.1                      | 0.1        | 0.0                 |                           |
|DR Congo              | 3                             | 0.8                         | 0.8        | 0.0      | 0.0                      | 0.0        | 0.0                 |                           |
| Country           | Population | GDP per Capita | Life Expectancy | Literacy Rate | GDP Growth Rate |
|------------------|------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|
| Dibouji          | 0          | 0.0            | -100.0          | 0.0           | -100.0          |
| Dominica         | 0          | 0.0            | -100.0          | 0.0           | -100.0          |
| Ecuador          | 1          | 4.5            | 9.3             | 0.3           | -100.0          |
| Egypt            | 132        | 39.1           | 58.1            | -32.7         | 17.6            |
| El Salvador      | 6          | 1.7            | 2.5             | -32.4         | 0.0             |
| Equatorial Guinea| 1          | 0.1            | 0.0             | 0.0           | 0.0             |
| Estonia          | 68         | 1.2            | 1.2             | 3.5           | 0.3             |
| Ethiopia         | 4          | 1.1            | 1.1             | 0.0           | 0.0             |
| Faroe Islands    | 0          | 0.0            | 0.0             | NA            | -100.0          |
| Fiji             | 2          | 0.3            | 2.1             | 2.6           | 0.0             |
| Finland          | 163        | 6.4            | 4.7             | 36.6          | 1.0             |
| France           | 3,622      | 71.6           | 54.3            | 31.9          | 9.7             |
| French Guiana    | 37         | 0.1            | 0.2             | -60.0         | 0.0             |
| French Polynesia | 1          | 0.0            | 0.0             | 0.0           | 0.0             |
| Gabon            | 1          | 0.0            | 0.7             | -99.0         | 0.0             |
| Gambia           | 1          | 0.1            | 0.1             | 0.0           | 0.0             |
| Georgia          | 5          | 0.2            | 3.9             | -89.9         | 0.1             |
| Germany          | 4,257      | 110.6          | 78.9            | 40.3          | 22.9            |
| Ghana            | 10         | 1.0            | 1.0             | 0.0           | 0.1             |
| Gibraltar        | 0          | 0.0            | 0.0             | -100.0        | 0.0             |
| Greece           | 158        | 10.7           | 8.6             | 24.9          | 3.6             |
| Grenada          | 0          | 0.0            | 0.0             | -100.0        | 0.0             |
| Guam             | 0          | 0.0            | 0.1             | -100.0        | 0.0             |
| Guadeloupe       | 19         | 0.2            | 0.3             | 41.2          | 0.0             |
| Guatemala        | 8          | 2.5            | 6.4             | -69.0         | 0.4             |
| Guinea           | 2          | 0.2            | 0.2             | 0.0           | 0.0             |
| Guyana           | 0          | 0.0            | 0.0             | -100.0        | 0.0             |
| Haiti            | 10         | 0.1            | 0.1             | 0.0           | 0.0             |
| Honduras         | 6          | 1.1            | 3.5             | 69.6          | 0.1             |
| Hong Kong        | 30         | 6.8            | 6.8             | 0.0           | 1.6             |
| Hungary          | 749        | 9.7            | 7.7             | 25.8          | 1.2             |
| Iceland          | 11         | 0.5            | 0.3             | 56.9          | 0.2             |
| India            | 816        | 132.1          | 132.1           | 0.0           | 23.3            |
| Indonesia        | 38         | 28.1           | 29.4            | -4.6          | 10.8            |
| Iran             | 134        | 17.7           | 20.8            | -15.0         | 1.3             |
| Iraq             | 73         | 9.0            | 9.0             | 0.0           | 0.6             |
| Ireland          | 166        | 5.0            | 3.1             | 63.0          | 3.4             |
| Isle of Man       | 0          | 0.0            | 0.0             | NA            | 0.0             |
| Israel           | 37         | 6.0            | 8.3             | -27.9         | 1.0             |
| Italy            | 4,090      | 70.5           | 56.9            | 23.9          | 15.3            |
| Jamaica          | 13         | 0.6            | 0.6             | 0.0           | 0.1             |
| Japan            | 378        | 85.2           | 94.5            | -9.9          | 21.3            |
| Jordan           | 30         | 3.2            | 5.9             | -46.4         | 0.2             |
| Kazakhstan       | 40         | 1.3            | 6.7             | -80.1         | 0.3             |
| Kenya            | 24         | 2.7            | 2.7             | 0.0           | 0.3             |
| Kiribati         | 0          | 0.0            | 0.0             | -100.0        | 0.0             |
| Kosovo           | 6          | 0.4            | 0.0             | NA            | 0.1             |
| Kuwait           | 7          | 1.8            | 3.8             | -52.4         | 0.3             |
| Kyrgyzstan       | 13         | 0.8            | 0.8             | 0.0           | 0.0             |
| Laos             | 2          | 0.1            | 0.1             | 0.0           | 0.1             |
| Latvia           | 89         | 1.3            | 1.8             | -26.7         | 0.2             |
| Lebanon          | 3          | 1.2            | 5.2             | -77.6         | 0.1             |
| Lesotho          | 15         | 0.0            | 0.0             | 0.0           | 0.0             |
| Liberia          | 1          | 0.0            | 0.0             | 0.0           | 0.0             |
| Libya            | 10         | 1.3            | 4.4             | -70.7         | 0.0             |
| Liechtenstein    | 0          | 0.0            | 0.0             | -100.0        | 0.0             |
| Lithuania        | 74         | 2.5            | 2.7             | -5.9          | 0.4             |
| Luxembourg       | 35         | 0.6            | 0.6             | 16.2          | 0.2             |
| Macao            | 5          | 0.4            | 0.4             | 0.0           | 0.2             |
| Macedonia        | 3          | 0.0            | 3.1             | -97.1         | 0.0             |
| Madagascar       | 2          | 0.1            | 0.3             | -77.3         | 0.0             |
| Malaysia         | 484        | 21.4           | 23.0            | 7.1           | 2.5             |
| Maldives         | 4          | 0.0            | 0.3             | -95.5         | 0.0             |
| Mali             | 3          | 0.2            | 0.2             | 0.0           | 0.0             |
| Malta            | 4          | 0.5            | 0.4             | 17.0          | 0.1             |
| Marshall Islands | 1          | 0.0            | 0.0             | -77.9         | 0.0             |
| Martinique       | 45         | 0.3            | 0.3             | 3.9           | 0.1             |
| Mauritius        | 2          | 0.3            | 0.3             | 0.0           | 0.0             |
| Mayotte          | 3          | 0.2            | 0.2             | 0.0           | 0.0             |
| Mexico           | 2,540      | 57.7           | 94.9            | -39.2         | 11.9            | 9.0          | 32.5          |
| Country               | PM | PMI | PI | PMPI | GNI | PMNI |
|-----------------------|----|-----|----|------|-----|------|
| Micronesia            | 1  | 0.0 | 0.0| 0.0  | 0.0 | 0.0  |
| Moldova               | 47 | 0.9 | 0.9| 0.0  | 0.0 | 0.0  |
| Monaco                | 1  | 0.0 | 0.0| -79.6| 0.0 | -79.6|
| Mongolia              | 2  | 0.6 | 0.6| -3.8 | 0.1 | -3.8 |
| Montenegro            | 3  | 0.1 | 0.3| -80.3| 0.0 | -80.3|
| Montserrat            | 1  | 0.0 | 0.0| 0.0  | 0.0 | NA   |
| Morocco               | 27 | 7.4 | 18.8| -60.7| 0.3 | 0.8  |
| Mozambique            | 3  | 0.3 | 0.3| 0.0  | 0.0 | NA   |
| Myanmar               | 2  | 0.5 | 0.5| 0.0  | 0.1 | 0.0  |
| N Mariana Islands     | 2  | 0.0 | 0.0| 0.0  | 0.0 | 0.0  |
| Namibia               | 18 | 0.2 | 0.8| -74.1| 0.0 | -74.1|
| Nauru                 | 0  | 0.0 | 0.0| -100.0| 0.0| -100.0|
| Nepal                 | 8  | 1.4 | 1.4| 0.0  | 0.0 | NA   |
| Netherlands           | 417 | 18.0| 16.8| 7.2 | 5.2 | 4.8  |
| New Caledonia         | 12 | 0.0 | 0.0| 0.0  | 0.0 | 0.0  |
| New Zealand           | 317 | 3.7 | 3.8| -2.5 | 1.4 | 0.9  |
| Nicaragua             | 7  | 1.5 | 1.5| 0.0  | 0.4 | 0.4  |
| Niger                 | 3  | 0.1 | 0.2| -41.8| 0.0 | 0.0  |
| Nigeria               | 3  | 2.7 | 16.8| -83.7| 0.0 | 0.2  |
| North Korea           | 8  | 2.7 | 12.2| -77.8| 0.1 | 0.4  |
| Norway                | 330 | 6.6 | 4.3| 53.4 | 2.6 | 1.9  |
| Oman                  | 18 | 0.4 | 0.4| 0.0  | 0.1 | 0.1  |
| Pakistan              | 25 | 23.5| 49.0| -52.0| 0.6 | 1.2  |
| Palau                 | 1  | 0.0 | 0.0| 0.0  | 0.0 | 0.0  |
| Palestine             | 21 | 2.2 | 2.2| 0.0  | 0.1 | 0.1  |
| Panama                | 8  | 1.3 | 1.4| -7.2 | 0.2 | -7.2 |
| Papua New Guinea      | 2  | 0.3 | 0.3| -19.0| 0.0 | 0.0  |
| Paraguay              | 9  | 0.6 | 0.6| 0.0  | 0.0 | 0.0  |
| Peru                  | 184 | 21.1| 21.1| 0.0  | 2.6 | 1.6  |
| Philippines           | 51 | 4.3 | 4.3| 0.0  | 0.1 | 0.0  |
| Poland                | 1668 | 38.7| 27.2| 42.3 | 5.5 | 3.9  |
| Portugal              | 500 | 12.1| 6.6| 83.1 | 1.1 | 1.1  |
| Qatar                 | 7  | 2.3 | 2.3| 0.0  | 0.7 | 0.7  |
| Romania               | 553 | 11.1| 9.3| 20.0 | 2.3 | 2.1  |
| Russia                | 1,270 | 65.2| 111.2| -41.4| 8.4 | 14.3 |
| Rwanda                | 3  | 0.1 | 0.1| 0.0  | 0.0 | 0.0  |
| Sao Marino            | 0  | 0.0 | 0.0| -100.0| 0.0| -100.0|
| Sao Tome and Principe | 0  | 0.0 | 0.0| -100.0| 0.0| -100.0|
| Saint Kitts and Nevis | 2  | 0.0 | 0.0| -56.8| 0.0 | 0.0  |
| Saint Lucia           | 3  | 0.0 | 0.0| 0.0  | 0.0 | 0.0  |
| Saint-Martin          | 2  | 0.0 | 0.0| -25.4| 0.0 | 0.0  |
| Saudi Arabia          | 58 | 3.7 | 16.8| -77.7| 0.8 | 3.5  |
| Senegal               | 9  | 1.2 | 1.2| 0.0  | 0.1 | 0.1  |
| Serbia                | 13 | 1.8 | 3.9| -54.9| 0.1 | 0.3  |
| Seychelles            | 1  | 0.0 | 0.0| 0.0  | 0.0 | 0.0  |
| Sierra Leone          | 1  | 0.1 | 0.1| 0.0  | 0.0 | 0.0  |
| Singapore             | 4  | 3.2 | 5.5| -42.0| 0.9 | 1.5  |
| Sint Maarten          | 1  | 0.0 | 0.0| 0.0  | 0.0 | 0.0  |
| Slovakia              | 322 | 3.7 | 3.8| -1.0 | 0.9 | 0.8  |
| Slovenia              | 89 | 1.7 | 1.1| 49.2 | 0.4 | 0.2  |
| South Africa          | 964 | 25.1| 31.5| -20.2| 6.9 | 4.3  |
| South Korea           | 87 | 37.0| 49.2| -24.7| 14.0| 18.5 |
| South Sudan           | 1  | 0.0 | 0.1| -71.1| 0.0 | 0.0  |
| Spain                 | 2,118 | 63.5| 46.0| 38.0| 11.6| 8.3  |
| Sri Lanka             | 13 | 0.8 | 0.8| 0.0  | 0.0 | 0.0  |
| Sudan                 | 2  | 0.4 | 0.4| 0.0  | 0.0 | 0.0  |
| Suriname              | 0  | 0.0 | 0.0| -100.0| 0.0| -100.0|
| Swaziland             | 3  | 0.1 | 0.1| 0.0  | 0.0 | 0.0  |
| Sweden                | 437 | 11.3| 8.1| 34.1 | 2.4 | 1.3  |
| Switzerland           | 758 | 11.4| 8.1| 40.0 | 5.1 | 3.7  |
| Syria                 | 13 | 4.4 | 12.9| -65.7| 0.0 | 0.1  |
| Taiwan                | 83 | 13.9| 13.9| 0.0  | 0.8 | 0.8  |
| Tajikistan            | 5  | 1.2 | 1.2| 0.0  | 0.0 | 0.0  |
| Tanzania              | 10 | 0.5 | 0.5| 0.0  | 0.0 | 0.0  |
| Thailand              | 44 | 5.4 | 5.4| 0.0  | 2.5 | 2.5  |
| Timor-Leste           | 0  | 0.0 | 0.0| -100.0| 0.0| -100.0|
| Togo                  | 3  | 0.1 | 0.1| 0.0  | 0.0 | 0.0  |
| Tonga                 | 2  | 0.0 | 0.0| 0.0  | 0.0 | 0.0  |
| Trinidad and Tobago   | 5  | 0.3 | 0.3| 0.0  | 0.0 | 0.0  |
| Country          | Total length of rivers downstream of WWTPs (km) | Average-flow WWTPs containing more than x of treated wastewater (%) |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
|                  |                                               | x = 1%  | x = 5%  | x = 10% | x = 50% | x = 1%  | x = 5%  | x = 10% | x = 50% |
| Afghanistan      | 1,839                                         | 2.4     | 1.2     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 19.2    | 5.6     | 5.1     | 0.0     |
| Albania          | 292                                           | 3.6     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     |
| Algeria          | 5,471                                         | 38.3    | 15.8    | 8.1     | 0.8     | 72.2    | 60.3    | 50.3    | 22.9    |
| Angola           | 1,231                                         | 4.4     | 2.7     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 5.2     | 4.4     | 4.4     | 0.0     |
| Argentina        | 17,933                                        | 6.9     | 1.6     | 0.9     | 0.0     | 18.4    | 10.4    | 7.3     | 4.0     |
| Armenia          | 273                                           | 8.5     | 4.2     | 4.2     | 0.0     | 67.7    | 8.5     | 4.2     | 4.2     |
| Australia        | 57,263                                        | 18.3    | 3.4     | 1.6     | 0.0     | 50.9    | 26.4    | 19.9    | 14.1    |
| Austria          | 5,295                                         | 41.9    | 2.2     | 1.0     | 0.0     | 74.6    | 19.5    | 1.6     | 0.2     |
| Azerbaijan       | 1,093                                         | 9.9     | 1.8     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 40.3    | 9.9     | 1.8     | 0.0     |
| Bangladesh       | 1,459                                         | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 26.3    | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     |
| Belarus          | 8,547                                         | 42.7    | 7.5     | 4.2     | 0.0     | 67.1    | 16.2    | 7.0     | 0.0     |
| Belgium          | 2,235                                         | 57.1    | 16.2    | 1.6     | 0.0     | 80.0    | 39.0    | 18.4    | 0.3     |
| Benin            | 39                                            | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     |
| Bhutan           | 100                                           | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 45.3    | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     |
| Bolivia          | 6,012                                         | 1.7     | 0.5     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 19.8    | 2.4     | 1.3     | 0.0     |
| Bosnia and Herzegovina | 879       | 4.4     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 29.8    | 0.8     | 0.0     | 0.0     |
| Botswana         | 2,413                                         | 34.6    | 24.0    | 18.3    | 2.1     | 59.1    | 46.0    | 41.3    | 21.0    |
| Brazil           | 88,604                                        | 9.9     | 1.9     | 0.4     | 0.0     | 23.9    | 7.6     | 3.7     | 0.3     |
| Bulgaria         | 3,536                                         | 70.6    | 10.8    | 3.5     | 0.0     | 91.1    | 34.6    | 14.3    | 0.0     |
| Burkina Faso     | 193                                           | 11.8    | 5.2     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 46.2    | 25.9    | 5.2     | 0.0     |
| Burundi          | 13                                            | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     |
| Cambodia         | 915                                           | 6.1     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 18.4    | 3.4     | 3.4     | 0.0     |
| Cameroon         | 1,083                                         | 3.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 3.1     | 3.0     | 0.8     | 0.0     |
| Canada           | 54,694                                        | 18.6    | 4.3     | 1.5     | 0.2     | 24.5    | 6.4     | 3.7     | 0.3     |
| Caspian Sea      | 43                                            | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 100.0   | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     |
| Chad             | 130                                           | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0     |
| Chile            | 2,206                                         | 24.9    | 18.4    | 6.8     | 0.0     | 33.9    | 27.6    | 26.4    | 20.3    |

Table S6. Total length of rivers downstream of WWTPs, and percentage of river length exceeding selected treated-wastewater ratios for average and low-flow conditions, by country. Countries where the total length of rivers downstream of WWTPs is 0 are not included.
| Country   | Cases  | Deaths | Recovered | Active | New Cases |
|----------|--------|--------|-----------|--------|-----------|
| China    | 104,698| 52,8   | 27.9      | 20.2   | 4.1       |
| Colombia | 6,314  | 3.4    | 0.0       | 0.0    | 0.0       |
| Costa Rica | 462  | 17.5   | 0.6       | 0.0    | 0.0       |
| Côte d'Ivoire | 765  | 3.4    | 3.4       | 2.6    | 0.0       |
| Croatia  | 1,145  | 51.3   | 0.0       | 0.0    | 0.0       |
| Cuba     | 404    | 63.7   | 13.3      | 10.5   | 0.0       |
| Cyprus   | 192    | 69.9   | 52.5      | 42.4   | 0.0       |
| Czech Republic | 5,641 | 74.7   | 7.7       | 1.4    | 0.0       |
| D R Congo | 3,570 | 1.0    | 0.0       | 0.0    | 0.0       |
| Denmark  | 1,590  | 51.8   | 2.8       | 0.5    | 0.0       |
| Dominican Republic | 302  | 2.1    | 0.0       | 0.0    | 0.0       |
| Ecuador  | 2,467  | 5.0    | 0.6       | 0.6    | 0.0       |
| Egypt    | 2,434  | 65.8   | 40.2      | 33.9   | 9.0       |
| El Salvador | 259  | 3.0    | 0.0       | 0.0    | 0.0       |
| Estonia  | 1,133  | 11.8   | 0.5       | 0.0    | 0.0       |
| Ethiopia | 978    | 7.2    | 2.4       | 1.0    | 0.0       |
| Finland  | 3,953  | 13.7   | 2.1       | 0.0    | 0.0       |
| France   | 30,248 | 29.7   | 2.9       | 0.7    | 0.0       |
| French Guiana | 26   | 0.0    | 0.0       | 0.0    | 0.0       |
| Gabon    | 176    | 0.0    | 0.0       | 0.0    | 0.0       |
| Georgia  | 372    | 0.0    | 0.0       | 0.0    | 0.0       |
| Germany  | 28,206 | 80.8   | 30.9      | 8.5    | 0.1       |
| Ghana    | 965    | 12.4   | 3.3       | 0.9    | 0.0       |
| Greece   | 1,647  | 31.6   | 8.9       | 4.7    | 0.7       |
| Guatemala | 921   | 31.7   | 11.6      | 4.4    | 0.0       |
| Haiti    | 14     | 0.0    | 0.0       | 0.0    | 0.0       |
| Honduras | 741    | 2.4    | 0.0       | 0.0    | 0.0       |
| Hungary  | 7,731  | 62.9   | 12.1      | 4.7    | 0.1       |
| Iceland  | 68     | 0.0    | 0.0       | 0.0    | 0.0       |
| India    | 33,425 | 53.7   | 26.2      | 18.4   | 4.2       |
| Indonesia| 1,490  | 38.9   | 11.7      | 10.6   | 0.0       |
| Iran     | 9,019  | 28.6   | 10.9      | 6.6    | 0.0       |
| Iraq     | 4,752  | 16.2   | 8.2       | 5.2    | 0.0       |
| Ireland  | 1,932  | 25.0   | 2.0       | 0.0    | 0.0       |
| Israel   | 543    | 91.5   | 48.1      | 27.6   | 0.0       |
| Italy    | 19,177 | 53.9   | 12.0      | 4.8    | 0.2       |
| Japan    | 3,008  | 39.1   | 17.5      | 8.1    | 0.5       |
| Jordan   | 600    | 87.0   | 60.3      | 51.4   | 2.4       |
| Kazakhstan | 10,115 | 24.9   | 5.9       | 3.2    | 0.0       |
| Kenya    | 3,194  | 23.5   | 6.8       | 2.7    | 0.0       |
| Kosovo   | 211    | 68.6   | 4.8       | 2.4    | 0.0       |
| Kyrgyzstan | 636   | 4.7    | 4.3       | 4.3    | 0.0       |
| Laos     | 1,590  | 0.0    | 0.0       | 0.0    | 0.0       |
| Latvia   | 2,585  | 4.3    | 0.0       | 0.0    | 0.0       |
| Lebanon  | 113    | 100.0  | 0.0       | 0.0    | 0.0       |
| Lesotho  | 696    | 13.9   | 0.0       | 0.0    | 0.0       |
| Libya    | 256    | 40.7   | 34.9      | 34.1   | 0.0       |
| Liechtenstein | 13   | 100.0  | 0.0       | 0.0    | 0.0       |
| Lithuania | 2,444 | 34.2   | 3.7       | 2.4    | 0.0       |
| Luxembourg | 246  | 67.7   | 27.7      | 14.4   | 0.0       |
| Macedonia | 340   | 3.3    | 0.0       | 0.0    | 0.0       |
| Malaysia | 2,896  | 18.3   | 3.8       | 0.1    | 0.0       |
| Mali     | 2,350  | 0.0    | 0.0       | 0.0    | 0.0       |
| Mauritania | 11   | 0.0    | 0.0       | 0.0    | 0.0       |
| Mexico   | 43,657 | 37.9   | 18.4      | 11.5   | 1.8       |
| Moldova  | 1,401  | 7.3    | 0.9       | 0.0    | 0.0       |
| Mongolia | 1,108  | 67.9   | 31.9      | 7.8    | 0.0       |
| Montenegro | 61   | 0.0    | 0.0       | 0.0    | 0.0       |
| Morocco  | 2,009  | 19.4   | 3.0       | 2.7    | 0.0       |
| Mozambique | 2,916 | 26.0   | 18.8      | 9.0    | 0.0       |
| Myanmar | 3,170  | 0.1    | 0.1       | 0.1    | 0.0       |
| Namibia  | 2,112  | 35.2   | 17.4      | 2.0    | 0.0       |
| Nepal    | 779    | 4.1    | 0.0       | 0.0    | 0.0       |
| Netherlands | 2,892 | 94.5   | 50.3      | 21.4   | 0.1       |
| New Zealand | 4,245 | 0.9    | 0.0       | 0.0    | 0.0       |
| Nicaragua | 651   | 11.0   | 0.0       | 0.0    | 0.0       |
| Nigeria  | 1,029  | 10.0   | 4.9       | 1.2    | 0.0       |
| Norway   | 3,202  | 2.6    | 0.3       | 0.0    | 0.0       |
| Country   | Total | 1-20 | 21-50 | 51-100 | 100+ |
|-----------|-------|------|-------|--------|------|
| Oman      | 816   | 63.9 | 18.5  | 11.0   | 0.0  |
| Pakistan  | 6,879 | 298  | 9.3   | 4.1    | 0.7  |
| Palestine | 194   | 100.0| 58.0  | 43.9   | 0.0  |
| Panama    | 25    | 69.2 | 0.0   | 0.0    | 0.0  |
| Papua New Guinea | 634 | 0.9  | 0.0   | 0.0    | 0.0  |
| Paraguay  | 2,119 | 0.2  | 0.0   | 0.0    | 1.0  |
| Peru      | 9,349 | 9.8  | 4.4   | 2.8    | 0.3  |
| Philippines | 229 | 0.0  | 0.0   | 0.0    | 21.9 |
| Poland    | 20,539| 56.9 | 13.3  | 3.9    | 0.0  |
| Portugal  | 4,367 | 32.0 | 5.4   | 1.0    | 0.0  |
| Puerto Rico | 239 | 48.6 | 3.4   | 0.0    | 78.1 |
| Qatar     | 16    | 100.0| 100.0 | 100.0  | 100.0|
| Republic of Congo | 577 | 0.0  | 0.0   | 0.0    | 0.0  |
| Romania   | 11,458| 35.8 | 3.9   | 1.8    | 0.0  |
| Russia    | 85,406| 16.0 | 2.5   | 1.0    | 0.0  |
| Rwanda    | 211   | 0.0  | 0.0   | 0.0    | 0.0  |
| Saudi Arabia | 2,499 | 46.0 | 24.2  | 20.3   | 3.6  |
| Senegal   | 37    | 2.6  | 2.6   | 2.6    | 2.6  |
| Serbia    | 2,100 | 44.4 | 2.9   | 1.3    | 0.0  |
| Slovakia  | 3,015 | 58.0 | 7.3   | 3.5    | 1.0  |
| Slovenia  | 931   | 38.3 | 0.6   | 0.0    | 0.0  |
| Somalia   | 299   | 0.0  | 0.0   | 0.0    | 0.0  |
| South Africa | 32,951| 57.6 | 27.2  | 16.3   | 3.5  |
| South Korea | 1,090 | 61.0 | 40.7  | 18.4   | 6.7  |
| South Sudan | 2,371 | 0.0  | 0.0   | 0.0    | 6.4  |
| Spain     | 22,858| 63.2 | 17.0  | 6.5    | 0.2  |
| Sri Lanka | 454   | 0.0  | 0.0   | 0.0    | 0.0  |
| Sudan     | 2,375 | 0.0  | 0.0   | 0.0    | 0.0  |
| Swaziland | 621   | 0.0  | 0.0   | 0.0    | 74.7 |
| Sweden    | 8,663 | 7.5  | 0.5   | 0.0    | 0.0  |
| Switzerland | 2,756 | 53.1 | 4.6   | 1.9    | 0.0  |
| Syria     | 1,253 | 7.1  | 4.8   | 4.1    | 0.0  |
| Taiwan    | 402   | 21.1 | 0.0   | 0.0    | 0.0  |
| Tajikistan | 517  | 3.8  | 0.0   | 0.0    | 0.0  |
| Tanzania  | 1,702 | 1.0  | 0.0   | 0.0    | 0.0  |
| Thailand  | 1,837 | 23.1 | 6.7   | 3.1    | 0.6  |
| Togo      | 61    | 0.0  | 0.0   | 0.0    | 0.0  |
| Tunisia   | 598   | 35.9 | 9.8   | 4.5    | 0.0  |
| Turkey    | 7,949 | 43.4 | 11.6  | 5.1    | 0.0  |
| Turkmenistan | 1,987 | 18.3 | 16.3  | 4.8    | 0.0  |
| Uganda    | 1,539 | 2.1  | 0.0   | 0.0    | 0.0  |
| Ukraine   | 12,698| 33.7 | 5.8   | 2.5    | 0.0  |
| UAE       | 197   | 100.0| 61.2  | 61.2   | 55.1 |
| United Kingdom | 10,338| 55.3 | 23.2  | 11.2   | 0.0  |
| United States | 287,395| 33.5 | 9.6   | 5.0    | 0.6  |
| Uruguay   | 1,561 | 0.0  | 0.0   | 0.0    | 1.2  |
| Uzbekistan | 2,499 | 23.0 | 9.6   | 8.8    | 0.0  |
| Venezuela | 3,177 | 13.9 | 7.0   | 3.3    | 0.0  |
| Vietnam   | 1,553 | 3.1  | 0.8   | 0.8    | 0.0  |
| Yemen     | 129   | 100.0| 100.0 | 35.7   | 0.0  |
| Zambia    | 1,954 | 0.0  | 0.0   | 0.0    | 2.8  |
| Zimbabwe  | 4,987 | 38.3 | 16.4  | 8.0    | 0.0  |
| Global    | 1,214,362| 32.8 | 10.9  | 5.9    | 0.9  |

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