Automatic Food Processor

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Abstract: In the current scenario the advent of automation technology is limited to industrial use only. This proposed system of Automatic food processor based on PLC and SCADA software is designed to cook food automatically as required by the user. This PLC based automated system is already pre-programmed to do the operations and the output is obtained. An HMI interface is available to the user to select the quantity and give their preferences. A water level sensor is placed in the tank which monitors the water level present. The ingredients necessary are added with the help of a linear stepper motor and solenoid valves. PLC is used to control the working of the whole system and SCADA is one of the emerging technologies which is used for complete monitoring.

Keywords: PLC, Solenoid valve, HMI (Human Machine Interface), Linear stepper motor, Water level sensor, SCADA.

I. Introduction

Food is one of the most integral part of our life. The main reason behind the idea of this project is that, most people like their food in a particular way that they try to recreate the same taste every time but it is close to impossible to recreate any dish or drink in the same way it was like before [1]. Machines have proved that it is capable of repeating a process how many ever times without any error in many fields. The project’s idea is to create a system in which the recipes will be preprogramed and stored and is able to execute the recipe perfectly countless number of times without any error [2].

Food processing equipment is an umbrella term referring to the components, processing machines, and systems used to handle, prepare, cook, store and package food and food products. Although this equipment is primarily aimed toward the transformation; that is increasing the palatability, consumability and preservation of food, some pieces of equipment are also employed to perform preliminary or auxiliary functions, such as handling, preparation and packaging. The proposed system completely automates the food processing system. It uses modern technology such as PLC and SCADA with which the entire process can be completely automated and efficiently managed [3]. There is also a linear stepper motor used which helps in adding larger ingredients to the dish.

II. Overview of the System

A. Existing System

The existing system is primitive in the aspect that all operations are used only
industrially. Automatic food processors are not that much involved commercially. Humans are prone to mistakes at some point and are not physically capable of doing the same thing again and again without making any mistakes. There are no methods currently to cook an entire dish automatically [4].

B. Proposed System

The proposed system has the following features:

- Uses PLC and SCADA hence automating the process completely.
- No usage of manpower to cook the dish.
- No limit in the working capacity of the machine as long as sufficient ingredients are available.
- Constantly producing dishes with utmost finesse and taste is possible.
- HMI interface allows the user to give his preferences to the system before cooking to match the needs of the person.

The proposed system aims to create a fully automatic device capable of cooking a dish as per the orders received through the HMI. By making the cooking process automatic; the system aims at reducing human made errors in cooking that tends to alter the taste or affects the palette of a person. Also, it is made by a machine the amount of food to be prepared can be huge, the system will be able to perfectly cook all the food with the result being, the taste and quality of the food prepared is same throughout the entire process. For example, if 100 dishes are to be prepared, manually it is not possible to make all the 100 dishes to taste the same, however our system aims to do it by copying the recipe of the dish and storing it as a program. So, from the program the system repeats the same thing again and again creating the same dish countless number of times. This will be the result of our proposed system.

III. Components in the Design

A. Programmable Logic Controller (PLC)

PLC is an electronic device that takes input from the plant/ machine via sensors and transmitters, executes the logic programmed in its memory and generates the useful outputs on the actuators to control the plant/machine.

B. SCADA

SCADA (Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition) is a system used to monitor and control field instruments. It provides intelligence in the field equipment which allows us to communicate with SCADA unit. The hardware is configured by WinCC Simatic HMI and the status is displayed on the SCADA screen. We are using Wonderware Intouch in our project.

C. Water Level Sensor

Conductive sensors are used for pinpoint level sensing of conductive liquids such as water and other highly corrosive liquids. Simply put, two metallic probes of different lengths are put inside the tank and is used for detecting the water level present.

D. HMI

Human machine Interface (HMI) allows the user to directly interact with the system and to give out conditions for the system to work on.

E. Solenoid Valve

Solenoid valve is an electromechanically operated valve. It is connected to the output of PLC. It is used to control the flow of water that is entering into the house from the tank. The valve is operated by a PLC controller depending on the predefined program.
Advantages of Solenoid Valve

- More reliable.
- Long life.
- Safety switching.
- Fast switching.

**F. Linear stepper Motor**

Electric motor is a device which converts Electrical energy to Mechanical energy. Like most linear motors, a linear stepper motor is essentially a variation of the rotary design, cut radially and laid out flat. It is capable of producing high resolution at high speeds.

**IV. Construction and Working**

The above Fig2 show the implementation of the project. Consider the start push button is pressed in the system. The button activates the relay which switches ON the stove. After that the user gives out the quantity of the food and the preferences of the cooking to the system which gets stored in the PLC. The solenoidal valves contain funnels with the required ingredients inside them. As per the recipe pre-programmed the valves pour in the ingredients.

![Block Diagram](image1)

**Fig 1. Block Diagram**

**Step 1**
The Start PUSH button is pressed

**Step 2**
The relay switches and the stove is turned ON

**Step 3**
Using HMI, the user data is collected and the required valves are turned ON

**Step 4**
The linear stepper motor turns on and brings the larger ingredients

**Step 5**
The ingredients are mixed in the bowl and cooked as per the recipe

**Step 6**
The water level sensor monitors the water content used for cooking and the process is completed

**Fig 2. Working Flow chart of the system**
When the ingredients needed are bigger than the funnel size, they are brought by a conveyor. This operation is carried out by the linear stepper motor. A water level sensor is used in order to monitor the amount of water in the tank as water is the main component for cooking almost all the ingredients. These operations are controlled by the PLC, works based on pre-defined program or user requirement. In case of malfunctions or faults, the SCADA software has memory points which allows the PLC to safely complete the current process. It also helps in intimating the fault to the concerned person.

The SCADA software gives the complete visual representation of the workplace in the control room. In case of any mishaps taking place, it can be viewed in the software.

**V. Future Scope**

- The status of the cooking can be checked and can be developed into an Android application.
- Pay and use methods can be implemented and the machines can be used in hotels too.
- The machine can be extended into doing the serving of the food too.
- Automatic fault rectification standards can be used.
- By using SCADA we can able to monitor and control whole system from main control units.
- No man power is needed.

**VI. Conclusion**

In the present, the usual method of recipe making is used in paint and cement industry dominantly. By implementing the concept into cooking/food industry there could be huge change in perspective. Since it is automated and machine made, there will be no change in taste and the food would be precise to the recipe in every aspect. Since PLC and SCADA are used to monitor the system, errors occurring are greatly reduced too. Hence, we successfully studied the program.
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