The Effect of Immune Max in the Liver, Kidney and Spleen Histological Structure in Male Albino Mice

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Background: This study aimed to identify the effect of using the Immune Max dietary supplement on the histological composition of some organs in male albino mice.

Methods: The study was conducted on the Swiss albino male mice which were divided into two groups: treated group with 0.162 mg/kg/day of Immune Max and second group as a control.

Results: Histological examination was conducted for liver, kidney and spleen. The results showed some histological changes in these organs like loses of tissues, congestion, leukocytes infiltration and dead cells.

Conclusion: The purpose of a conclusion that the use of the Immune Max nutritional supplement can cause damage to the tissues of a number of organs and this is likely to be due to the dose concentration and the duration of the treatment.

Keywords: Immune, Tissues, Health

Introduction

There are more than 600 drugs that cause damage to the various organs, including the liver and kidneys, which can be repaired in the event of stopping the use of these drugs, but the situation can become worse if the use of such drugs continues,¹ and some drugs cause damage to a specific organ more From other drugs, as some people are sensitive to the drug that causes damage compared to other people who take the same drug and the same dose.² Health problems increased worldwide as a result of increased exposure to a number of modern drugs and medicines that are consumed by prescription or other such as complementary and nutritional supplements, and as a result of the influence of the liver with different drugs that led to the emergence of various pathological and clinical patterns that include Steatohepatitis, Chronic hepatitis and Cirrhosis.³ Kidney effects are glomerular atrophy, Bowman’s purification, and renal papillary necrosis.⁴ In the spleen, drugs can cause the expansion of the blood vessels. Hemorrhagic within the spleen tissue as well as vascular congestion.⁵

Dietary supplements and some herbs cause many health problems if they are dealt with wrongly or in a random manner, as their damages reach important parts of the body such as the liver, kidneys and spleen. Some studies have indicated that there are 17 types of supplements that cause damage to different body organs.⁶ Supplements is Immune Max, which is one of the supplements that work to raise
the immune response and the formation of erythrocytes and ovarian blood cells because it contains yucca, lacticin, and beta-cancer, and reduces the negative effect of free radicals because it contains selenium and vitamin E, also helps in wound healing and treatment of arthritis, and also helps the body in getting rid of Mycotoxins. Immune Max contains many groups of vitamins, including B 1,2,6,12, A, C, D. It also contains minerals such as selenium, zinc and iron, which helps in strengthening memory and increasing concentration.

There are many commonly used drugs that give side effects in spite of their use as a therapeutic or preventive drug, there is no non-toxic chemical, but the appropriate dose for a particular object according to its type, age and weight determines the toxicity of the substance and its effect on the organism.

This study aimed to identify the effect of using the Immune Max dietary supplement on the histological composition of some organs in male albino mice.

**Materials and Methods**

The study was conducted on the Swiss albino male mice (20 mice). They ranged in age from 4-5 weeks and weighed 25-30 g Experimental animals were divided into two groups and at the rate of mice for each group10, first group treated with 0.2 mL of Max Immune at concentration 0.162 mg/kg/day for 14 days, while the second group treated with N.S. as a control. The mice were killing by spinal dislocation then explained and collected the organs liver, kidney and spleen for testing.

Histological preparation was used in tissue preparations according to Bancroft JD et al.8 to examine the histopathological changes.

**Results**

The results of the current study showed the effect of liver tissue in rats treated with dietary supplement (0.162 mg/kg/day) and for 14 days some pathological changes occurred compared with the liver tissue in control animals (Figure 1A), as it was possible to notice severe blood congestion in the central vein and infiltration of leukocytes within liver tissue (Figure 1B), a loses within the liver tissue was observed in the central lobular region, an increase in the number of vacuolated cells, as well as the binuclear hepatocytes and death of some cells within the liver tissue (Figure 1C).
As for the most important changes that were observed in the kidney tissue in treated mice, the glomerular atrophy and the expansion of intercapsular space within the Bowman capsule and the shrinkage of cells lining the urinary tubules (Figure 2A) in both the cortical and pulp region of the kidneys, as well as the separation of some cells lining the urinary tubules from the basement membrane (Figure 2B) compared to the kidney tissue in control animals.

Some studies\textsuperscript{10} indicated that some drugs can cause histopathological changes in the liver represented by congestion in the central vein, as congestion in the central veins is caused by the death of liver cells and their necrosis, which stimulates the occurrence of inflammatory reactions against them for the purpose of removing them from the liver tissue that it results in a widening of the blood vessels, congestion in the blood, altering their permeability, and then the transfer of single-core white blood cells and neutrophils from the bloodstream to the adjacent tissues for the purpose of cleaning the liver tissue from the dead cells,\textsuperscript{11} and this is observed in this study of leakage Moderate average white blood cells in the central lobular region and vascular congestion within the liver tissue.

There are some drugs that are responsible for kidney disease, such as side effects of glomeruli and renal tubules.

As for the spleen tissue, the disintegration of the lymph tissue was observed, especially in the area of the white pulp and red pulp, as was the presence of a proliferation of giant cells within the red pulp region of the spleen and an increase of the dead cells (Figure 3B).

As for the spleen tissue, the disintegration of the lymph tissue was observed, especially in the area of the white pulp and red pulp, as was the presence of a proliferation of giant cells within the red pulp region of the spleen and an increase of the dead cells. The use of the immune max as a stimulant to the immune system and immune cells, which stimulates the attraction of single cells from bone marrow into the bloodstream and then migrates to neighboring tissues after differentiation into macrophages and the formation of giant cells,\textsuperscript{2} this is in agreement with the result of the current study and the proliferation of giant cells within the tissue of the spleen to remove damaged and dead cells due to the dose used, as the damage may be caused by the activity of macrophages and giant cells by themselves through their production of lysozymes that would cause damage to the tissue.\textsuperscript{13}

Conclusion
The use of the Immune Max nutritional supplement can cause damage to the tissues of a number of organs in the group of mice used in this study, and this is likely to be due to the dose concentration and the duration of the dose.
Conflict of Interest: None

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