Abstract

Objectives: File fragment classification of audio file formats is a topic of interest in network forensics. There are a few publicly available datasets of files with audio formats. Therewith, there is no public dataset for file fragments of audio file formats. So, a big research challenge in file fragment classification of audio file formats is to compare the performance of the developed methods over the same datasets.

Data description: In this study, we present a dataset that contains file fragments of 20 audio file formats: AMR, AMR-WB, AAC, AIFF, CVSD, FLAC, GSM-FR, ILBC, Microsoft ADPCM, MP3, PCM, WMA, A-Law, µ-Law, G.726, G.729, Microsoft GSM, OGG Vorbis, OPUS, and SPEEX. Corresponding to each format, the dataset contains the file fragments of audio files with different compression settings. For each pair of file format and compression setting, 210 file fragments are provided. Totally, the dataset contains 20,160 file fragments.

Keywords: Audio file formats, Classification, File formats, File fragments

Objective

A considerable amount of Internet traffic is used for exchanging audio file formats. As the sizes of these files are usually much bigger than the maximum network packet size, the files are segmented into fragments. The fragments generated by various users are transmitted over the network. Some of these fragments can be received by the network surveillance unit. The network surveillance unit may wish to detect the file format of each fragment for network forensics purposes.

Some researches have been carried in the field of file fragment classification of audio file formats [1–4]. There are a few publicly available datasets of files with different formats [5–7]. Therewith, there is no public dataset for file fragments of audio file formats. This makes it difficult for other researchers to compare the proposed methods with the existing methods.

In this study, we present a dataset that contains file fragments of 20 audio file formats: Adaptive Multi-Rate (AMR), Adaptive Multi-Rate Wideband (AMR-WB), Advanced Audio Coding (AAC), Audio Interchange File Format (AIFF), Continuously Variable Slope Delta modulation (CVSD), Free Lossless Audio Codec (FLAC), Global System for Mobile Communications Full Rate (GSM-FR), Internet Low Bitrate Codec (iLBC), Microsoft Adaptive Differential Pulse Code Modulation (ADPCM), MPEG Audio Layer-3 (MP3), Pulse-Code Modulation (PCM); Windows Media Audio (WMA), A-Law, µ-Law, G.726, G.729, Microsoft GSM, OGG Vorbis, OPUS, and SPEEX. Corresponding to each format, the dataset contains the file fragments of audio files with different compression settings.

Data description

First, the whole set of the uncoded (raw) dataset of speech files is taken from www.voxforge.org [8]. These raw files are then converted in order to obtain audio files in 20 different formats: AMR, AMR-WB, AAC, AIFF, CVSD, FLAC, GSM-FR, iLBC, Microsoft ADPCM, MP3,
PCM, WMA, A-Law, μ-Law, G.726, G.729, Microsoft GSM, OGG Vorbis, OPUS, and SPEEX. For each audio file format, different compression settings are considered. The raw data for all compression settings of a specific format is the same. However, there is no overlap between the raw data used for different formats.

96 pairs of file format and compression setting are considered. For each pair of file format and compression setting, we have 210 compressed audios. So, totally we have 20,160 audio files. Each of these files is segmented into 1 Kbyte (i.e. 1024 bytes) fragments. Then, one fragment is randomly selected among the fragments of each file. Before randomly selecting the fragments, 12.5% of the initial fragments and 12.5% of the final fragments of each file are discarded. This is to ensure that the fragments do not contain the file headers or trailers.

For each pair of file format and compression setting, we have 210 file fragments. So, the dataset of file fragments contains 20,160 file fragments. The dataset is partitioned according to 20 different file formats. Each partition is represented by an individual data file shown in Table 1. For example, data file 1 (i.e. aac.zip) contains 7 sub data files: aac-8.dat, aac-16.dat, aac-32.dat, aac-48.dat, aac-64.dat, aac-80.dat, and aac-96.dat. Sub data files are provided in a generic binary data file format with .dat file extension. Each sub data file contains 210 fragments.

Data file 21 (i.e. SettingsTable.pdf) contains a table that specifies 96 pairs of file format and compression setting. In this table, the software program employed for generating each file format is also specified. Data file 22 (i.e. ConversionSettings.zip) contains several screenshots of the software programs that display the employed compression settings. Data file 23 (i.e. ReadFragments.m) is a script in MATLAB language that reads all the fragments from one or more sub data files. By running this script and selecting some sub data files, the fragments contained in these sub data files are read and stored in a variable name Dataset. Variable Dataset is a MATLAB cell array with two rows. Each column in this cell array corresponds to one of the selected sub data files. The first element of each column is a string value that specifies the sub data file name. The second element of each column is a structure array with only one field named fragments. Dataset {2, i}(j).fragments (j = 1,2,…,210) is a cell array with length one that contains one fragment of the jth file in the selected sub data file i.

| Label       | Name of data file/data file | File types (file extension) | Data repository (DOI)               |
|-------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Data file 1 | aac                          | Archive file format (.zip) containing multiple generic binary data (.dat) files | OSF (https://doi.org/10.17605/OSF.IO/AHCYU) |
| Data file 2 | adpcm                        | Archive file format (.zip) containing multiple generic binary data (.dat) files | OSF (https://doi.org/10.17605/OSF.IO/AHCYU) |
| Data file 3 | aiff                         | Archive file format (.zip) containing multiple generic binary data (.dat) files | OSF (https://doi.org/10.17605/OSF.IO/AHCYU) |
| Data file 4 | alaw                         | Archive file format (.zip) containing multiple generic binary data (.dat) files | OSF (https://doi.org/10.17605/OSF.IO/AHCYU) |
| Data file 5 | amr                          | Archive file format (.zip) containing multiple generic binary data (.dat) files | OSF (https://doi.org/10.17605/OSF.IO/AHCYU) |
| Data file 6 | awb                          | Archive file format (.zip) containing multiple generic binary data (.dat) files | OSF (https://doi.org/10.17605/OSF.IO/AHCYU) |
| Data file 7 | cvsd                         | Archive file format (.zip) containing multiple generic binary data (.dat) files | OSF (https://doi.org/10.17605/OSF.IO/AHCYU) |
| Data file 8 | flac                         | Archive file format (.zip) containing multiple generic binary data (.dat) files | OSF (https://doi.org/10.17605/OSF.IO/AHCYU) |
| Data file 9 | g726                         | Archive file format (.zip) containing one generic binary data (.dat) file | OSF (https://doi.org/10.17605/OSF.IO/AHCYU) |
| Data file 10| g729                         | Archive file format (.zip) containing one generic binary data (.dat) file | OSF (https://doi.org/10.17605/OSF.IO/AHCYU) |
| Data file 11| gsm                          | Archive file format (.zip) containing one generic binary data (.dat) file | OSF (https://doi.org/10.17605/OSF.IO/AHCYU) |
| Data file 12| gsmwav                       | Archive file format (.zip) containing one generic binary data (.dat) file | OSF (https://doi.org/10.17605/OSF.IO/AHCYU) |
| Data file 13| ilbc                         | Archive file format (.zip) containing multiple generic binary data (.dat) files | OSF (https://doi.org/10.17605/OSF.IO/AHCYU) |
| Data file 14| mp3                          | Archive file format (.zip) containing multiple generic binary data (.dat) files | OSF (https://doi.org/10.17605/OSF.IO/AHCYU) |
| Data file 15| ogg                          | Archive file format (.zip) containing multiple generic binary data (.dat) files | OSF (https://doi.org/10.17605/OSF.IO/AHCYU) |
| Data file 16| opus                         | Archive file format (.zip) containing multiple generic binary data (.dat) files | OSF (https://doi.org/10.17605/OSF.IO/AHCYU) |
| Data file 17| pcm                          | Archive file format (.zip) containing multiple generic binary data (.dat) files | OSF (https://doi.org/10.17605/OSF.IO/AHCYU) |
| Data file 18| speex                        | Archive file format (.zip) containing multiple generic binary data (.dat) files | OSF (https://doi.org/10.17605/OSF.IO/AHCYU) |
| Data file 19| ulaw                         | Archive file format (.zip) containing multiple generic binary data (.dat) files | OSF (https://doi.org/10.17605/OSF.IO/AHCYU) |
| Data file 20| wma                          | Archive file format (.zip) containing multiple generic binary data (.dat) files | OSF (https://doi.org/10.17605/OSF.IO/AHCYU) |
| Data file 21| SettingsTable                | Portable document format (.pdf) | OSF (https://doi.org/10.17605/OSF.IO/AHCYU) |
| Data file 22| ConversionSettings           | Archive file format (.zip) containing portable network graphics (.png) files | OSF (https://doi.org/10.17605/OSF.IO/AHCYU) |
| Data file 23| ReadFragments                | Matlab script file (.m)        | OSF (https://doi.org/10.17605/OSF.IO/AHCYU) |
Limitations

- The size of the fragments is considered to be fixed and equal to 1024 bytes.
- A defined subset of file formats and compression settings are considered.

Abbreviations
AMR: adaptive multi-rate; AMR-WB: adaptive multi-rate wideband; AAC: advanced audio coding; AIFF: audio interchange file format; CVSD: continuously variable slope delta modulation; FLAC: free lossless audio codec; GSM-FR: Global System for Mobile Communications Full-Rate; ILBC: internet low bitrate codec; ADPCM: adaptive differential pulse code modulation; MP3: MPEG audio layer-3; PCM: pulse-code modulation; WMA: windows media audio.

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Authors’ contributions
MT designed the study. AK collected the data. MT and AK wrote the code. MT wrote the original draft of the manuscript. Both authors read and approved the final manuscript.

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Availability of data materials
The data described in this Data note can be freely and openly accessed on OSF at https://doi.org/10.17605/OSF.IO/AHCYU [9]. Please see Table 1 and reference list for details and links to the data.

Ethics approval and consent to participate
No human subjects were part of this study and permission was thus not required according to the Institutional Review Board guidelines of author one.

Consent for publication
Not applicable.

Competing interests
The authors declare that they have no competing interests.

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