The effect of COVID-19 stay-at-home order and campus closure on the prevalence of acute respiratory infection symptoms in college campus cohorts.

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Abstract

Evaluation of population-based COVID-19 control measures informs strategies to quell the current pandemic and reduce the impact of those yet to come. Effective COVID-19 control measures may simultaneously reduce the incidence of other acute respiratory infections (ARI\textsubscript{s}) due to shared transmission modalities. To assess the impact of stay-at-home orders and other physical distancing measures on the prevalence of ARI-related symptoms, we compared symptoms reported by prospective college cohorts enrolled during two consecutive academic years. ARI-related symptoms declined following campus closure and implementation of stay-at-home orders, demonstrating the impact of population-based physical distancing measures on control of a broad range of respiratory infections.

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The effect of COVID-19 stay-at-home orders and campus closure on the prevalence of ARI-related symptoms available at https://authorea.com/users/372146/articles/490289-the-effect-of-covid-19-stay-at-home-order-and-campus-closure-on-the-prevalence-of-acute-respiratory-infection-symptoms-in-college-campus-cohorts