Design of Monopole Antenna Loaded with Split Ring Resonator for Dual Band Operation

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Abstract: This paper introduces the ultra-wide band split ring monopole antenna for wireless application. The overall size of the antenna 22mm×19mm×1.6mm. It covers the impedance bandwidth of 2000MHz. A monopole antenna with CSSR-based ground plane for wireless application. The proposed antenna offers gain of 3.5dB and directivity for the frequencies 3.45GHz and 5.4GHz. Constantly maintains similar radiation pattern for the maximum frequencies.

Keywords: Split Ring Monopole Antenna, Bandwidth, Gain, Radiation Pattern, CSSR-Based Ground Plane

I. INTRODUCTION

In a transceiver system the antenna elements are arranged sequentially coupled with an electrical system. The elements in the antenna structure act as bidirectional for radio waves in either all directional in nature or specific directions with maximum gain and directivity. The major antenna elements are reflectors, horn, parasitic elements it provide the direction for the radio waves to achieve the preferable radiation pattern and enter into the beam. [5]

In radiofrequency domain, an antenna elements are computing between radiofrequency waves spreading through free space in addition to the current moving in metallic conductors, utilize with a transceiver. While it transmits the radio frequency waves extracts current to the antenna’s ends, and the antenna spreads the energy in the form of current as EM waves. While receiving the antenna obstruct the small quantity of radiofrequency waves and make it as electric current at one end and its amplified for further processing[6].

Micro strip patch antennas are constructed using a patch mount on the substrate over a ground plane. The major applications domains like satellite communication, avionics, smart mobile phones, used the patch antenna to give maximum performance. Patch antennas are designed simply with the characteristics of low profile and costless.[6] These micro strip patch antenna elements were feeding using major methods were listed as follow as micro strip line, coaxial probe, aperture coupling and proximity coupling. For an efficient communication either in wired mode or wireless mode the bandwidth is obtained maximum amount of data sent through one end to another end for a specific time. By increasing the thickness of the radiating patch substrate, the aperture size through which the fields are radiating to the space can be enhanced leading to easier impedance matching of antenna bandwidth enhancement.

A CPW fed ring shaped antenna is proposed in a compact size to work for real time LAN’s[6] Miniaturization through Negative material effects is proposed in[6], where the monopole antenna proposed operated at WLAN and Wi-max frequencies. The proposed antenna had a very compact size due to achieving meta-material effect by loading the antenna with ELC meta-material resonator. Similar better impedance matching was achieved to make the antenna resonate efficiently in [7].

A SRR loaded material antenna is proposed for RF-ID applications. Similarly in [8] a CPW fed antenna provided a broadside array beam suitable for Wi-Max applications. An optimized coupling network was designed using optimization techniques like ANN[7]. Optimized coupler and power divider was designed using SIW which helped in achieving an optimized response at desired wireless application,[10][1][2].An optimized miniaturized filter using stepped impedance resonators was proposed in [4]achieve higher selectivity for resonating at the desired frequency. Current innovations on high frequency applications like millimetre wave applications, were discussed in [5] to have a broader view in designing antennas.[5], a compact patch antenna was designed for ISM band application[3].

II. PROPOSED ANTENNA

The proposed antenna has maintains constantly similar radiation pattern for all operating frequencies has the gain of 3.5 dB. It has a dimension of 22*19*1.6mm³ and the bandwidth range is from 200 MHz. To achieve the parameters more efficiency, we are proposing the reconfigurable antenna with RF switches.
From the above stimulated output, it covers an impedance bandwidth of 5910MHz (4.04-9.95GHz.) The patch antenna is modified into square ring shaped patch antenna which is included with uniform impedance resonator which helped in the resonance at the desired frequency. The dimensions of the antenna are modified in such a way that the designed antenna is applicable for real-time mobile applications. The modified ring shaped patch used in the design is helpful in reducing the patch antenna’s dimension which can be used for mobile real-time applications.

### III. DESIGN EQUATION

#### 3.1 Effective Dielectric Constant:

\[
\varepsilon_{\text{eff}} = \frac{\varepsilon_r + 1}{2} + \frac{\varepsilon_r - 1}{2} \left[ 1 + \frac{12 \frac{h}{W}}{1 + \frac{h}{W}} \right]^{-\frac{1}{2}}
\]

Where W is the Width of the Patch
\( \varepsilon_r \) shows relative Permittivity of the dielectric substrate
3.2. Effective Length

\[ \Delta L = 0.412h \left( \frac{\varepsilon_{\text{eff}} + 0.3}{\varepsilon_{\text{eff}} - 0.258} \right) \left( \frac{W}{K} + 0.264 \right) \]

Where, \( f_0 \) is the Resonance Frequency
C represents light speed: \( 3 \times 10^8 \) m/s

3.4 Actual Length of the Patch:

\[ L = L_{\text{eff}} - 2\Delta L \]

Where, \( \Delta L \) is length extension
From the proposed system, the various parameters obtained are verified for its performance parameters using simulation. The calculated conventional patch antenna is modified and reduced for its size using meta-material technique by implementing the complementary split ring resonators in the ground layer of the proposed patch antenna. The meta-material is an artificial material in which the material possess artificial properties like negative refractive index, negative permeability and permittivity values.

3.5 VSWR

VSWR is Voltage Standing Wave Ratio is the parameter that numerically explains way of well the antenna’s impedance matching parameter to the radio or transmission line is connected. For traditional antenna the Voltage Standing Wave Ratio value is 1-2. The obtained VSWR is 1.15

![Figure 4 VSWR Plot](image_url)

![Radiation Pattern 1](image_url)
3.6 Radiation Pattern
The radiation pattern is a mandatory parameter of antenna elements represents radiation energy in terms of graph with the distribution of radiation energy. The maximum radiation available is measured with the help of field strength. The radiation pattern obtained E aperture is bidirectional and the radiation pattern obtained H aperture is omni directional.

3.7 Gain
The antenna gain is an important factor which improves and increase the performance factors like directivity and electrical throughput. The proposed antenna offers 2.29dB and 3.72dB gain for the frequencies 4.96GHz and 8.47GHz respectively.

IV. CONCLUSION
The proposed antenna has a compact size of 22mm×19mm×1.6mm. It covers an impedance bandwidth of 2000MHZ thus it is used for dual band operation. The proposed antenna has good gain and broader bandwidth. The modified antenna has size reduction when compare to split ring and ring antenna with same overall dimensions. Good radiation pattern and VSWR were obtained. Hence, the above characteristics of antenna shows that the modified patch antenna may be a good alternative for mobile applications.
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