Supporting Information

for

Synthesis of the heterocyclic core of the D-series GE2270

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**I. General Information**

*t*ert-*Bu*tyl thiazole-4-carboxylate (2),1 ethyl 5-bromopicolinate (1),2 *tert*-butyl 2-[6-(ethoxycarbonyl)pyridine-3-yl]thiazole-4-carboxylate (3),2 5-([4-*tert*-butoxycarbonyl]thiazol-2-yl)-2-(ethoxycarbonyl)pyridine *N*-oxide,2 *tert*-butyl 2-[2-chloro-6-(ethoxycarbonyl)pyridine-3-yl]thiazole-4-carboxylate (4),2 *tert*-butyl 2-[6-carbamoyl-2-chloropyridin-3-yl]thiazole-4-carboxylate (5),2 *tert*-butyl 2-[6-carbamothioyl-2-chloropyridin-3-yl]thiazole-4-carboxylate (6),2 1-[4-bromo(thiazol-2-yl)-ethanone (8),3 (2R,3S)-ethyl 2,3-dihydroxy-3-phenylpropanoate,4 (2R,3S)-ethyl 3-hydroxy-2-[4-nitrophenylsulfonyloxy]-3-phenylpropanoate4 and (2S,3S)-ethyl 2-azido-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropanoate (12)4 were prepared according to procedures reported in the literature.

**Reactions** were performed using oven dried glassware under inert atmosphere of dry argon or nitrogen and monitored by thin-layer chromatography with silica gel 60 F254 pre-coated aluminium plates (0.25 mm). Visualization was performed under UV light and phosphomolybdic acid or KMnO4 oxidation. Chromatographic purification of compounds was achieved with 60 silica gel (40–63 μm).

**Solvents and reagents:** Toluene and CH2Cl2 were dried by refluxing over CaH2 and then distilled. Unless otherwise noted, all reagent-grade chemicals and solvents were used as supplied (analytical or HPLC grade) without prior purification.

**Melting points** were measured on a WME Kofler hot-stage with a precision of +/− 2 °C and are uncorrected.

**Infrared spectra (IR)** were recorded on a PerkinElmer Spectrum 100 Series FT-IR spectrometer. Liquids and solids were applied on the Single Reflection Attenuated Total Reflectance (ATR) Accessories. Data are reported in cm−1.

**Optical rotations** were determined with a Perkin-Elmer 341 polarimeter with a water-jacketed 10 cm cell. Specific rotations are reported in 10−1 deg cm2 g−1 and concentrations in g per 100 mL.

1H Spectra (300 or 400 MHz) and 13C NMR spectra (75 or 100 MHz) were recorded on either a Bruker Advance300 or Advance400 spectrometers. The field was locked by external referencing to the

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2 Martin, T.; Laguerre, C.; Hoarau, C.; Marsais, F. Org. Lett. 2009, 11, 3690-3693.
3 Ung, A. L.; Pyne, S. G. Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1998, 9, 1395-1407.
4 Nicolaou, K. C.; Dethe, D. H.; Leung, G. Y. C.; Zou, B.; Chen, D. Y.-K. Chem. Asian. J. 2008, 3, 413-429.
relevant deuteron resonance. Data appear in the following order: chemical shifts in ppm which were referenced to the internal solvent signal, number of protons, multiplicity (s, singlet; d, doublet; t, triplet; dd, doublet of doublet, ddd, doublet of doublet of doublet, ddt, doublet of triplet, m, multiplet) and coupling constant \( J \) in Hertz.

**Low Resolution Mass Spectra (LRMS)** were recorded on a Thermo Electron Corporation ion-trap spectrometer.

**Accurate Mass measurements (HRMS)** were performed by the Mass Spectrometry Laboratory of the University of Rouen and were recorded with a Waters LCP 1er XR spectrometer.

**Elemental analyses** were performed by the microanalysis service of the University of Rouen and were recorded with a Thermo Scientific FLASH 2000 analyzer.

**HPLC** analyses were performed with Daicel Chiralpak® and Chiralcel® columns (4.6 mm × 250 mm) and a mixture of heptane/iPrOH solvents. A spectrosystem UV 1000 thermofisher detector and a chiral detector (polarimeter) JACSCO OR-1590 were used.
II. Experimental Procedures

1. Synthesis of the trithiazolylpyridine 9

\[ \text{a) tert-Butyl 2-(2-acetylthiazol-4-yl)-6-carbamoylpyridin-3-yl} \text{thiazole-4-carboxylate (10).} \]

Bromothiazole (8) (123 mg, 0.60 mmol), bis(pinacolato)diboron (152 mg, 0.60 mmol), Pd(OAc)\(_2\) (6 mg, 0.025 mmol), CyJohnPhos (35 mg, 0.10 mmol) and freshly dried KOAc (118 mg, 1.20 mmol) were charged in a Schlenk flask. It was then evacuated and backfilled three times with N\(_2\) and then anhydrous degassed dioxane (2.0 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at 110 °C in a preheated oil bath for 1 hour. Then the mixture was cooled to room temperature and chloropyridine (5) (170 mg, 0.50 mmol), freshly dried K\(_3\)PO\(_4\) (531 mg, 2.50 mmol), degassed dioxane (0.5 mL) and degassed water (0.5 mL) were added and the mixture was stirred at 110 °C for further 14 hours. Then the mixture was filtered through a Celite\textsuperscript{®} pad and washed with EtOAc. Water was added and the aqueous layer was extracted three times with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were washed with water brine, dried over anhydrous Na\(_2\)SO\(_4\) and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether/EtOAc, 1:1 to 3:7) affording 10 (213 mg, 0.49 mmol, 99%) as a colorless solid.

mp = 227-228 °C (decomposition).

\textbf{IR} (ATR diamond): 3440, 3270, 3180, 3080, 2970, 2930, 1710, 1690, 1160 cm\(^{-1}\).

\textbf{\textsuperscript{1}H NMR} (300 MHz, CDCl\(_3\)) \(\delta\) 1.59 (s, 9H, C(CH\(_3\))\(_3\)), 2.41 (s, 3H, CH\(_3\)), 5.69 (br s, 1H, NH\(_2\)), 7.80 (br s, 1H, NH\(_2\)), 8.15 (s, 1H, H\textsubscript{arom.}), 8.22 (s, 1H, H\textsubscript{arom.}), 8.35 (d, \(J\) = 1.7 Hz, 2H, H\textsubscript{arom.}).

\textbf{\textsuperscript{13}C NMR} (75 MHz, CDCl\(_3\)) \(\delta\) 25.8 (CH\(_3\)), 82.4 (C(CH\(_3\))\(_3\)), 121.8 (CH\textsubscript{arom.}), 128.0 (CH\textsubscript{arom.}), 128.3 (CH\textsubscript{arom.}), 130.8 (C\textsubscript{arom.}), 140.7 (CH\textsubscript{arom.}), 149.2 (C\textsubscript{arom.}), 154.6 (C\textsubscript{arom.}), 160.2 (C=O), 164.5 (C\textsubscript{arom.}), 165.5 (C=O), 191.4 (C=O).

\textbf{MS} (ESI\textsuperscript{+}): \(m/z\) 430.8 [(M+H\textsuperscript{+})\textsuperscript{+}].

\textbf{HRMS (ESI\textsuperscript{+}) Calcd for C\textsubscript{19}H\textsubscript{16}N\textsubscript{4}O\textsubscript{4}S\(_2\): 431.0848. Found: 431.0843 [(M+H\textsuperscript{+})\textsuperscript{+}].
b) tert-Butyl 2-(2-(2-acetyltiazol-4-yl)-6-carbamothioylpyridin-3-yl)thiazole-4-carboxylate (11).

To a stirred solution of amide 10 (200 mg, 0.46 mmol) in anhydrous CH$_2$Cl$_2$ (5 mL) was added the Lawesson’s reagent (122 mg, 0.30 mmol) and the mixture was heated under reflux for 12 hours. The mixture was then treated by a saturated aqueous NaHCO$_3$ solution. The aqueous layer was extracted three times with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na$_2$SO$_4$ and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was quickly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether/EtOAc, 9:1 to 1:1) affording 11 (187 mg, 0.42 mmol, 91%) as a colorless solid.

**mp** 188-189 °C.

**IR** (ATR diamond): 3330, 3270, 3140, 3090, 2980, 2940, 1720, 1690, 1160 cm$^{-1}$.

**$^1$H NMR** (300 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 1.59 (s, 9H, C(CH$_3$)$_3$), 2.43 (s, 3H, CH$_3$), 7.77 (br s, 1H, NH$_2$), 8.15 (s, 1H, H$_{arom}$), 8.18 (s, 1H, H$_{arom}$), 8.34 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H, H$_{arom}$), 8.81 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H, H$_{arom}$), 9.40 (br s, 1H, NH$_2$).

**$^{13}$C NMR** (75 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 25.9 (CH$_3$), 28.3 (C(CH$_3$)$_3$), 82.6 (C(CH$_3$)$_3$), 124.5 (CH$_{arom}$), 128.3 (CH$_{arom}$), 128.5 (CH$_{arom}$), 130.5 (C$_{arom}$), 140.3 (CH$_{arom}$), 148.2 (C$_{arom}$), 148.9 (C$_{arom}$), 150.5 (C$_{arom}$), 154.6 (C$_{arom}$), 160.4 (C=O), 164.7 (C$_{arom}$), 166.2 (C$_{arom}$), 191.5 (C=O), 194.2 (C=S).

**MS** (ESI$^+$): $m/z$ 446.9 [(M+H)$^+$].

**HRMS** (ESI$^+$) Calcd for C$_{19}$H$_{16}$N$_4$O$_3$S$_3$Na: 469.0433. Found: 469.0428 [(M+Na)$^+$].
c) **tert-Butyl 2-(2-chloro-6-(4-ethoxycarbonyl)thiazol-2-yl)pyridine-3-yl)thiazole-4-carboxylate (7).**

To a stirred solution of thioamide 6 (480 mg, 1.35 mmol) in a mixture of anhydrous THF/EtOH (1:1, 10 mL) were added CaCO$_3$ (405 g, 4.00 mmol) and ethyl bromopyruvate (250 μL, 2.00 mmol) and the mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 24 hours. Then water was added and the aqueous layer was extracted three times with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na$_2$SO$_4$ and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether/EtOAc, 95:3 to 7:3) affording 7 (350 g, 0.78 mmol, 72%) as a colorless solid.

**mp** 188-189 °C.

**IR** (ATR diamond): 3120, 2980, 2940, 1730, 1700 cm$^{-1}$.

**$^1$H NMR** (300 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 1.45 (t, $J$ = 7.1 Hz, 3H, CH$_3$), 1.64 (s, 9H, C(CH$_3$)$_3$), 4.47 (q, $J$ = 7.1 Hz, 2H, CH$_2$), 8.24 (s, 1H, H$_{arom}$), 8.33 (s, 1H, H$_{arom}$), 8.39 (d, $J$ = 8.2 Hz, 1H, H$_{arom}$), 8.97 (d, $J$ = 8.2 Hz, 1H, H$_{arom}$).

**$^{13}$C NMR** (75 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 14.3 (CH$_3$), 28.1 (C(CH$_3$)$_3$), 61.7 (CH$_2$), 82.5 (C(CH$_3$)$_3$), 119.1 (CH$_{arom}$), 128.5 (CH$_{arom}$), 129.1 (C$_{arom}$), 130.5 (CH$_{arom}$), 140.8 (CH$_{arom}$), 147.3 (C$_{arom}$), 148.7 (C$_{arom}$), 150.8 (C$_{arom}$), 160.2 (C=O), 161.1 (C$_{arom}$), 161.2 (C=O), 167.0 (C$_{arom}$).

**MS** (ESI$^+$): $m/z$ 451.9 and 453.8 [(M+H)$^+$].

**Anal. Calcd for C$_{19}$H$_{18}$ClN$_3$O$_4$S$_2$:** C, 50.49; H, 4.01; N, 9.30. Found: C, 50.21; H, 4.08; N, 9.34.
d) tert-Butyl 2-(2-(2-acetyltiazol-4-yl)-6-(4-(ethoxycarbonyl)thiazol-2-yl)pyridin-3-yl)thiazole-4-carboxylate (9).

**Hantzsch thiazole synthesis:** To a stirred solution of thioamide 11 (113 mg, 0.25 mmol) in a mixture of anhydrous THF/EtOH (1:1, 3 mL) were added CaCO$_3$ (50 mg, 0.75 mmol) and ethyl bromopyruvate (50 µL, 0.28 mmol) and the mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 24 hours. It was then concentrated in vacuo, water was added and the aqueous layer was extracted three times with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were washed brine, dried over anhydrous Na$_2$SO$_4$ and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether/EtOAc, 95:3 to 7:3) affording 9 (88 mg, 0.16 mmol, 65%) as a colorless solid.

**Palladium-catalyzed BSC (borylation–Suzuki coupling) procedure:** 4-Bromo-2-acetyltiazole (8) (26 mg, 0.13 mmol), bis(pinacolato)diboron (32 mg, 0.13 mmol), Pd(OAc)$_2$ (1.2 mg, 0.005 mmol), CyJohnPhos (7.3 mg, 0.021 mmol) and freshly dried KOAc (25 mg, 0.26 mmol) were charged in a Schlenk flask. It was then evacuated and backfilled three times with N$_2$ and then anhydrous degassed dioxane (0.45 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at 110 °C in a preheated oil bath for 1 hour. Then the mixture was cooled to room temperature and chloropyridine (7) (47 mg, 0.10 mmol), freshly dried K$_3$PO$_4$ (111 mg, 0.52 mmol), degassed dioxane (0.11 mL) and degassed water (0.11 mL) were added and the mixture was stirred at 110 °C for further 14 hours. Then the mixture was filtered through a Celite® pad and washed with EtOAc. Water was added and the aqueous layer was extracted three times with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were washed with water brine, dried over anhydrous Na$_2$SO$_4$ and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether/EtOAc, 6:4) affording 9 (47 mg, 0.087 mmol, 82%) as a colorless solid.

mp 180-181 °C.

**IR (ATR diamond):** 3100, 2980, 2940, 1710, 1680, 1230 cm$^{-1}$.
$^1$H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl$_3$) δ 1.46 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3H, CH$_3$), 1.60 (s, 9H, C(CH$_3$)$_3$), 2.38 (s, 3H, CH$_3$), 4.48 (q, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2H, CH$_2$), 8.16 (s, 1H, H$_{arom}$), 8.27 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H, H$_{arom}$), 8.33 (s, 1H, H$_{arom}$), 8.40 (s, 1H, H$_{arom}$), 8.43 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H, H$_{arom}$).

$^{13}$C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl$_3$) δ 14.5 (CH$_3$), 25.9 (CH$_3$), 28.3 (C(CH$_3$)$_3$), 61.8 (CH$_3$), 82.4 (C(CH$_3$)$_3$), 119.4 (CH$_{arom}$), 128.2 (CH$_{arom}$), 128.4 (CH$_{arom}$), 129.2 (C$_{arom}$), 130.3 (CH$_{arom}$), 140.7 (CH$_{arom}$), 148.8 (C$_{arom}$), 148.9 (C$_{arom}$), 150.0 (C$_{arom}$), 150.9 (C$_{arom}$), 154.9 (C$_{arom}$), 160.4 (C=O), 161.4 (C=O), 165.1 (C$_{arom}$) 166.0 (C$_{arom}$) 168.6 (C$_{arom}$) 191.6 (C=O).

MS (ESI$^+$): m/z 543.0 ([M+H]$^+$).

**Anal. Calcd for C$_{24}$H$_{22}$N$_4$O$_5$S$_3$:** C, 53.12; H, 4.09; N, 10.32. Found: C, 52.89; H, 4.43; N, 10.41.
2. **Synthesis of chiral thioamide 16**

![Chemical Structure](image)

a) (2S,3S)-Ethyl 2-(benzyloxycarbonylamino)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropanoate (13).

To a stirred solution of azide 12 (2.4 g, 10.2 mmol) in a mixture of dioxane/H$_2$O (1:3, 80 mL) at 0 °C was slowly added tin(II) chloride dihydrate (11.5 g, 50.1 mmol). Then the mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 5 hours. The mixture was then carefully treated at 0 °C with a saturated aqueous NaHCO$_3$ solution to reach pH 8–9 after which benzyl chloroformate (2.2 mL, 15.0 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for further 18 hours.

Then the mixture was carefully hydrolyzed with HCl (3N), filtered through a Celite® pad. The filtrate was extracted three times with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na$_2$SO$_4$ and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether/EtOAc, 9:1 to 7:3) affording 13 (3.9 g, 11.6 mmol, 96%) as a white solid.

**mp** 74-75 °C.

[α]$_{D}^{20}$ +63.3 (c 3.04, CHCl$_3$).

**IR** (ATR diamond): 3330, 3070, 3040, 2980, 2960, 2900, 1740, 1690, 1540 cm$^{-1}$.

**$^1$H NMR** (300 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 1.17 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 3H, CH$_3$), 3.54 (d, $J = 4.4$ Hz, 1H, OH), 4.13 (q, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2H, CH$_2$), 4.76 (dd, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 3.9 Hz, 1H, H$_2$), 5.12-5.13 (m, 2H, CH$_2$Ph), 5.22 (m, 1H, H$_3$), 5.53 (d, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 1H, NH), 7.24-7.41 (m, 10H, H$_{arom.}$).

**$^{13}$C NMR** (75 MHz, CDCl$_3$) $\delta$ 14.0 (CH$_3$), 60.1 (C$_2$), 61.8 (CH$_3$), 67.4 (CH$_2$Ph), 74.8 (C$_3$), 126.1 (CH$_{arom.}$), 128.2 (CH$_{arom.}$), 128.2 (CH$_{arom.}$), 128.4 (CH$_{arom.}$), 128.4 (CH$_{arom.}$), 128.6 (CH$_{arom.}$), 136.1 (C$_{arom.}$), 139.1 (C$_{arom.}$), 156.8 (C=O), 169.7 (C=O).

**MS** (ESI$^+$): $m/z$ 344.0 [(M+H)$^+$].

**Anal. Calcd for C$_{19}$H$_{21}$NO$_5$:** C, 66.46; H, 6.16; N, 4.08. **Found:** C, 66.47; H, 6.31; N, 4.21.
b) (2S,3S)-Ethyl 2-(benzyloxy carbonylamino)-3-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-3-phenylpropanoate (14).

To a stirred solution of amino alcohol 13 (1.90 g, 5.53 mmol) in anhydrous DMF (11 mL) were added imidazole (4.13 g, 16.59 mmol) and TBDMSCI (1.67 g, 11.08 mmol) and the mixture was stirred for 16 hours. Then the mixture was concentrated in vacuo. Water was added and the aqueous layer was extracted three times with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were washed with water, twice with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether/EtOAc, 95:5 to 85:15) affording 14 (2.50 g, 5.46 mmol, 99%) as a colorless oil.

[α]D

20 +54.1 (c 1.05, CHCl₃).

IR (ATR diamond): 3450, 3360, 3070, 3030, 2960, 2930, 2900, 2850, 1720, 1500 cm⁻¹.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -0.12 (s, 3H, CH₃), -0.06 (s, 3H, CH₃), 0.91 (s, 9H, C(CH₃)₃), 1.14 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H, CH₃), 4.08 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 4.61 (dd, J = 8.4 Hz, 4.0 Hz, 1H, H₂), 5.11 (m, 3H, H₃, CH₂Ph), 5.51 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H, NH), 7.27-7.40 (m, 10H, Hₐrom.).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -5.4 (CH₃), -4.9 (CH₃), 13.9 (CH₃), 18.0 (C(CH₃)₃), 25.6 C(CH₃)₃, 61.1 (CH₂), 61.2 (C₂), 66.8 (CH₂Ph), 75.3 (C₃), 126.2 (CHₐrom.), 127.7 (CHₐrom.), 128.0 (CHₐrom.), 128.0 (CHₐrom.), 128.1 (CHₐrom.), 128.4 (CHₐrom.), 136.3 (Cₐrom.), 140.2 (Cₐrom.), 155.5 (C=O), 169.4 (C=O).

MS (ESI⁺): m/z 458.1 [(M+H)⁺], 936.9 [(M₂+Na)⁺].

Anal. Calcd for C₂₅H₃₅NO₅Si: C, 65.61; H, 7.71; N, 3.06. Found: C, 65.65; H, 7.67; N, 3.51.
c) (2S,3S)-2-(Benzyloxy carbonylamino)-3-(tert-butyl dimethylsilyloxy)-3-phenylpropanoic acid (15).

To a stirred solution of ester 14 (2.50 g, 5.46 mmol) in a mixture of DME/H$_2$O (1:1, 30 mL) at 0 °C was added lithium hydroxide monohydrate (0.32 g, 7.64 mmol). Then the mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 72 hours. The mixture was then carefully treated at 0 °C with HCl (3 N). The aqueous layer was extracted three times with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na$_2$SO$_4$ and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was crushed with pentane and filtered to afford 15 (2.22 g, 5.17 mmol, 96%) as a white solid.

mp 55-56 °C.

$[\alpha]_D^{20} +61.2$ (c 0.97, CHCl$_3$).

IR (ATR diamond): 3430, 3300, 3060, 3030, 2960, 2930, 2900, 2860, 1710, 1690 cm$^{-1}$.

$^1$H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl$_3$) δ −0.12 (s, 3H, CH$_3$), −0.05 (s, 3H, CH$_3$), 0.89 (s, 9H, C(CH$_3$)$_3$), 4.66 (dd, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 4.2 Hz, 1H, H$_2$), 5.10-5.13 (m, 3H, H$_3$, CH$_2$Ph), 5.13 (d, $J = 4.2$ Hz, 1H, NH), 7.27-7.38 (m, 10H, H$_{arom}$).

$^{13}$C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl$_3$) δ −5.2 (CH$_3$), −4.8 (CH$_3$), 18.2 (C(CH$_3$)$_3$), 25.8 C(CH$_3$)$_3$, 61.3 (C$_2$), 67.2 (CH$_2$Ph), 75.2 (C$_3$), 126.4 (C$_{arom}$)$_1$, 128.2 (C$_{arom}$)$_1$, 128.3 (C$_{arom}$)$_1$, 128.3 (C$_{arom}$)$_2$, 128.6 (C$_{arom}$)$_3$, 136.3 (C$_{arom}$)$_3$, 139.7 (C$_{arom}$)$_3$, 155.8 (C=O), 174.8 (C=O).

MS (ESI$^+$): m/z 429.9 [(M+H)$^+$], 880.8 [(M$_2$+Na)$^+$].

Anal. Calcd for C$_{23}$H$_{31}$NO$_5$Si: C, 64.31; H, 7.27; N, 3.26. Found: C, 64.34; H, 7.38; N, 3.30.
d) Benzyl (2S,3S)-1-amino-3-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-3-phenyl-1-thioxopropan-2-ylcarbamate (16).

To a stirred solution of acid 15 (2.15 g, 5.00 mmol) in anhydrous THF (25 mL) at 0 °C were added DCC (1.28 g, 6.21 mmol) and N-hydroxysuccinimide (0.71 g, 6.21 mmol). The mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 16 hours. Then the mixture was filtered through a Celite® pad and concentrated in vacuo. The resulting residue was dissolved in AcOEt (25 mL) and cooled to 0 °C. An ammonium hydroxide solution (30% in H₂O, 7 mL) was slowly added then the mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 3 hours. Then the aqueous layer was extracted three times with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were washed with water, brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. To a stirred solution of crude amide in anhydrous DME (13 mL) was added the Lawesson’s reagent (1.3 g, 3.26 mmol) and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 36 hours before it was filtered through a Celite® pad and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether/Et₂O, 9:1 to 1:1) affording 16 (1.60 g, 3.60 mmol, 72% over three steps) as a white solid.

mp 75-76 °C.

[α]D²⁰ +22.3 (c 0.98, CHCl₃).

HPLC: Chiralpak IA (heptane/isopropanol, 7/3), λ = 254 nm, 1 mL.min⁻¹. tᵣ = 4.80 min. ee > 99%.

IR (ATR diamond): 3300, 3200, 3070, 3040, 2950, 2930, 2890, 2850, 1700, 1630, 1500 cm⁻¹.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CD₃CN) δ =-0.24 (s, 3H, CH₃), -0.03 (s, 3H, CH₃), 0.83 (s, 9H, C(CH₃)₃), 4.56 (dd, J = 9.7 Hz, 8.2 Hz, 1H, H₂), 4.82-4.95 (m, 3H, H₃, CH₂Ph), 5.77-5.80 (m, 1H, NH), 7.14-7.18 (m, 2H, H₉), 7.27-7.36 (m, 6H, H₉), 7.42-7.49 (m, 2H, H₉), 8.09-8.21 (m, 2H, NH₂).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CD₃CN) δ =-4.3 (CH₃), -4.0 (CH₃), 19.3 (C(CH₃)₃), 26.6 C(CH₃)₃), 67.6 (C₆), 67.6 (CH₂Ph), 78.6 (C₆), 129.0 (CH₉), 129.1 (CH₉), 129.4 (CH₉), 129.6 (CH₉), 130.0 (CH₉), 138.6 (CH₉), 142.7 (CH₉), 156.7 (C=O), 208.4 (C=S).

MS (ESI⁺): m/z 444.9 [(M+H)⁺], 888.7 [(M₂+H)⁺].

Anal. Calcd for C₂₃H₂₂N₂O₃SSi: C, 62.12; H, 7.25; N, 6.30. Found: C, 61.83; H, 7.40; N, 6.66.
3. Synthesis of heterocyclic core of D-series GE2270

\[
\begin{align*}
\text{BuO}_2C & \text{S} \text{N} \text{N} - \text{CO}_2\text{Et} \\
\text{S} \text{N} \text{N} & - \text{CO}_2\text{Et}
\end{align*}
\]

a) tert-Butyl 2-(2-(1-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)vinyl)thiazol-4-yl)-

6-(4-(ethoxycarbonyl)thiazol-2-yl)pyridin-3-yl)thiazole-4-carboxylate.

To a stirred solution of ketone 9 (40 mg, 0.074 mmol) in anhydrous CH$_2$Cl$_2$ (0.4 mL) at 0 °C were added NEt$_3$ (34 µL, 0.24 mmol) and tert-butyldimethylsilyl trifluoromethanesulfonate (38 µL, 0.16 mmol) and the mixture was stirred for 1 hour. Then water was added and the aqueous layer was extracted three times with CH$_2$Cl$_2$. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous MgSO$_4$ and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (pre-treated with 3% of triethylamine, eluent: petroleum ether/EtOAc, 7:3) affording the title compound (24 mg, 0.037 mmol, 51%) as a white solid.

**mp** 188-189 °C.

**IR** (ATR diamond): 3100, 2980, 2940, 1730, 1210 cm$^{-1}$.

**$^1$H NMR** (300 MHz, CDCl$_3$) δ 0.24 (s, 6H, CH$_3$), 1.01 (s, 9H, C(CH$_3$)$_3$), 1.45 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H, CH$_3$), 1.60 (s, 9H, C(CH$_3$)$_3$), 4.37 (d, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H, H$_a$ of CH$_2$ vinyl), 4.47 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H, CH$_2$), 5.12 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H, H$_b$ of CH$_2$ vinyl), 7.90 (s, 1H, H$_{arom.}$), 8.10 (s, 1H, H$_{arom.}$), 8.30 (s, 1H, H$_{arom.}$), 8.39 (s, 2H, H$_{arom.}$).

**$^{13}$C NMR** (75 MHz, CDCl$_3$) δ –4.6 (CH$_3$), 14.5 (CH$_3$), 18.3 (C(CH$_3$)$_3$), 25.8 (C(CH$_3$)$_3$), 28.3 (C(CH$_3$)$_3$), 61.8 (CH$_2$), 82.2 (C(CH$_3$)$_3$), 92.3 (CH$_2$ vinyl), 119.2 (CH$_{arom.}$), 121.8 (CH$_{arom.}$), 128.5 (CH$_{arom.}$), 129.5 (C$_{arom.}$), 130.3 (CH$_{arom.}$), 140.3 (C$_{arom.}$), 148.5 (C$_{arom.}$), 148.6 (C$_{arom.}$), 149.4 (C$_{vinyl}$), 150.6 (C$_{arom.}$), 151.0 (C$_{arom.}$), 153.6 (C$_{arom.}$), 160.6 (C=O), 161.5 (C=O), 165.1 (C$_{arom.}$), 167.1 (C$_{arom.}$), 169.1 (C$_{arom.}$).

**MS** (ESI$^+$): m/z 657.0 [(M+H)$^+$], 1312.5 [(M$_2$+H)$^+$].

**HRMS** (ESI$^+$) Calcd for C$_{30}$H$_{36}$N$_4$O$_5$S$_3$SiNa: 679.1515. Found: 679.1514 [(M+Na)$^+$].
b) tert-Butyl 2-(2-(2-bromoacetyl)thiazol-4-yl)-6-(4-(ethoxycarbonyl)thiazol-2-yl)pyridin-3-yl)thiazole-4-carboxylate (17).

To a stirred solution of enol previously prepared (40 mg, 610 μmol) in anhydrous THF (2 mL) at 0 °C was added N-bromosuccinimide (11 mg, 61 μmol) and the mixture was stirred for 1 hour. Then water was added and the aqueous layer was extracted three times with Et₂O. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether/EtOAc, 95:3 to 1:1) affording 17 (36 mg, 58 μmol, 94%) as a colorless solid.

mp 190-191 °C.

IR (ATR diamond): 3100, 2980, 2940, 1710, 1240 cm⁻¹.

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.44 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H, CH₃), 1.59 (s, 9H, C(CH₃)₃), 4.25 (s, 2H, CH₂), 4.46 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 8.19-8.21 (m, 2H, Harom.), 8.32 (s, 1H, Harom.), 8.42 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H, Harom.), 8.53 (s, 1H, Harom.).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 14.5 (CH₃), 28.3 (C(CH₃)₃), 30.4 (CH₂), 61.8 (CH₂), 82.6 (C(CH₃)), 119.5 (CHarom.), 128.3 (CHarom.), 129.2 (C arom.), 129.6 (CHarom.), 130.4 (CHarom.), 140.8 (CHarom.), 148.8 (C arom.), 149.0 (C aram.), 149.5 (C arom.), 151.0 (C arrom.), 155.3 (C arom.), 160.3 (C=O), 161.4 (C=O), 162.6 (C arrom.), 165.1 (C arrom.), 168.5 (C arrom.), 184.6 (C=O).

MS (ESI⁺): m/z 620.9 and 622.8 [(M+H)⁺].

HRMS (ESI⁺) Calcd for C₂₄H₂₁BrN₄O₅S₃Na: 642.9755 and 644.9735. Found: 642.9758 and 644.9750 [(M+Na)⁺].
c) Synthesis of the central core GE2270 (18).

To a stirred solution of thioamide 16 (22 mg, 49 µmol) in anhydrous DMF (2 mL) at −20 °C were added MS 4° (40 mg) and bromoketone 17 (25 mg, 40 µmol). The mixture was allowed to warm to 0 °C and was stirred at this temperature for 14 hours. Then the mixture was filtered through a Celite® pad and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether/EtOAc, 9:1 to 1:1) affording the title compound (31 mg, 31 µmol, 78%) which was dissolved in anhydrous DME (1 mL) and cooled at −40 °C before 2,6-lutidine (50 µL, 0.40 mmol) and trifluoroacetic anhydride (20 µL, 0.15 mmol) were added. The mixture was allowed to warm to −20 °C and stirred at this temperature for 12 hours. Then NEt₃ was added until pH 8-9, water was added and the aqueous layer was extracted three times with CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether/EtOAc, 95:5 to 8:2) affording 18 (26 mg, 27 µmol, 85% over two steps) as a yellow solid.

mp 119-120 °C.

[a]D²⁰ = −10.2 (c 1.05, CHCl₃).

HPLC: Chiralpak IA (heptane/isopropanol, 8/2), λ = 254 nm, 1 mL/min⁻¹. tR (major) = 27.86 min, tR (minor) = 32.81 min. ee > 99%, dr = 92:8.

IR (ATR diamond): 3430, 3330, 3120, 3050, 3020, 2960, 2930, 2900, 2860, 1710, 1500, 1370, 1330, 1250, 1200, 1160, 1100, 1020 cm⁻¹.

1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ −0.17 (s, 3H, CH₃), −0.02 (s, 3H, CH₃), 0.85 (s, 9H, C(CH₃)₃), 1.46 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H, CH₃), 1.59 (s, 9H, C(CH₃)₃), 4.48 (q, J = 7.01 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 5.04-5.13 (m, 2H, CH₂Ph), 5.24-5.31 (m, 2H, Hᵢ, Hj), 5.73 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H, NH), 7.33 (br s, 10H, Hₐrom.), 7.49 (s, 1H, Hₐrom.), 7.95 (s, 1H, Hₐrom.), 8.09 (s, 1H, Hₐrom.), 8.32 (s, 1H, Hₐrom.), 8.42 (s, 2H, Hₐrom.).

13C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ −5.2 (SiCH₃), −4.7 (SiCH₃), 14.5 (CH₃), 18.2 (Cq, C(CH₃)₃), 25.9 (C(CH₃)₃), 28.3 (C(CH₃)₃), 59.8 (Cᵢ), 61.8 (CH₂), 67.2 (CH₂Ph), 77.4 (Cj), 82.4 (Cq, C(CH₃)₃), 116.4 (CHₐrom.), 119.3...
(CH\textsubscript{arom.}), 122.0 (CH\textsubscript{arom.}), 126.8 (CH\textsubscript{arom.}), 128.1 (CH\textsubscript{arom.}), 128.3 (CH\textsubscript{arom.}), 128.3 (CH\textsubscript{arom.}), 128.4 (CH\textsubscript{arom.}), 128.5 (CH\textsubscript{arom.}), 128.7 (CH\textsubscript{arom.}), 129.5 (C\textsubscript{arom.}), 130.3 (CH\textsubscript{arom.}), 136.3 (C\textsubscript{arom.}), 139.9 (C\textsubscript{arom.}), 140.3 (CH\textsubscript{arom.}), 148.5 (C\textsubscript{arom.}), 148.6 (C\textsubscript{arom.}), 148.7 (C\textsubscript{arom.}), 150.7 (C\textsubscript{arom.}), 150.9 (C\textsubscript{arom.}), 153.6 (C\textsubscript{arom.}), 155.5 (C=O), 160.6 (C=O), 161.5 (C=O), 162.3 (C\textsubscript{arom.}), 165.3 (C\textsubscript{arom.}), 167.8 (C\textsubscript{arom.}), 169.1 (C\textsubscript{arom}).

**MS** (ESI	extsuperscript{+}): m/z 966.8 [(M+H)	extsuperscript{+}], 988.9 [(M+Na)	extsuperscript{+}], 1949.9 [(M+NH\textsubscript{4})\textsuperscript{+}].

**HRMS** (ESI	extsuperscript{+}) Calcd for C\textsubscript{47}H\textsubscript{51}N\textsubscript{6}O\textsubscript{7}S\textsubscript{4}Si: 967.2466. Found: 967.2461 [(M+H)	extsuperscript{+}].
III. NMR Spectra

1. Synthesis of the trithiazolylpyridine 9

a) tert-Butyl 2-(2-(2-acetylthiazol-4-yl)-6-carbamoylpyridin-3-yl)thiazole-4-carboxylate (10).
2. *tert*-Butyl 2-(2-(2-acethylthiazol-4-yl)-6-carbamothioylpyridin-3-yl)thiazole-4-carboxylate (11).
3. tert-Butyl 2-(2-chloro-6-(4-ethoxycarbonyl)thiazol-2-yl)pyridine-3-yl)thiazole-4-carboxylate (7).
4. *tert*-Butyl 2-(2-(2-acetylthiazol-4-yl)-6-(4-(ethoxycarbonyl)thiazol-2-yl)pyridin-3-yl)thiazole-4-carboxylate (9).
2. Synthesis of chiral thioamide 16

a) (2S,3S)-Ethyl-2-(benzyloxy carbonylamino)-3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropanoate (13).
b) (2S,3S)-Ethyl 2-(benzyloxy carbonylamino)-3-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-3-phenylpropanoate (14).
c) (2S,3S)-2-(Benzyloxycarbonylamino)-3-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-3-phenylpropanoic acid (15).
d) Benzyl (2S,3S)-1-amino-3-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-3-phenyl-1-thioxopropan-2-ylcarbamate (16).
3. Synthesis Synthesis of heterocyclic core of D-series GE2270

a) tert-Butyl 2-{2-{2-{1-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)vinyl}thiazol-4-yl}-6-{4-(ethoxycarbonyl)thiazol-2-yl}pyridin-3-yl}thiazole-4-carboxylate.
b) tert-Butyl 2-(2-(2-(2-bromoacetyl)thiazol-4-yl)-6-(4-(ethoxycarbonyl)thiazol-2-yl)pyridin-3-yl)thiazole-4-carboxylate (17).
4. Synthesis of the central core GE2270A core (18).
5. HPLC Chromatograms

**GE2270A core**

Racemic | 99% ee, dr : 91:9

![HPLC Chromatograms](image-url)