Reporting Summary

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see Authors & Referees and the Editorial Policy Checklist.

Statistics

For all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.

- n/a
- Confirmed

- The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
- A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
- The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided
- Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
- A description of all covariates tested
- A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
- A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
- For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. $F$, $t$, $r$) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and $P$ value noted
- Give $P$ values as exact values whenever suitable.
- For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
- For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
- Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen’s $d$, Pearson’s $r$), indicating how they were calculated

Our web collection on statistics for biologists contains articles on many of the points above.

Software and code

Policy information about availability of computer code

- Data collection: All the second harmonic generation images have been collected using a custom built software called WiscScan (https://loci.wisc.edu/software/wiscscan)
- Data analysis: Custom code can be found (https://github.com/uw-loci/he_shg_synth_workflow), models are implemented using PyTorch 1.3.1. (https://pytorch.org/)

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors/reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

Some parts of training data is still under analysis for other projects but we can provide the test set for validation upon request.

Field-specific reporting

Please select the one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.

- Life sciences
- Behavioural & social sciences
- Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences
Life sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

| Sample size | For training deep neural networks there is no theoretical rule for required sample size, but a dataset of size 1 million as was used in this paper, has been reported as sufficient for training even larger networks such as ResNet 152. |
|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Data exclusions | The images with less than 30% non-zero data have been excluded from output. |
| Replication | We have used a new dataset that was not used for training our model to test the algorithm, and the results are reported in the paper. |
| Randomization | Here we are presenting a method for synthesizing high resolution collagen images from H&E stained pathological slides. Since this is a transform between two feature spaces and verified on a completely new dataset, without making any clinical or biological finding we don’t think this is applicable. |
| Blinding | Here we are presenting a method for synthesizing high resolution collagen images from H&E stained pathological slides. Since this is a transform between two feature spaces and verified on a completely new dataset, without making any clinical or biological finding we don’t think this is applicable. |

Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

### Materials & experimental systems

| n/a | Involved in the study |
|-----|-----------------------|
| ☒  | Antibodies            |
| ☒  | Eukaryotic cell lines |
| ☒  | Palaeontology         |
| ☒  | Animals and other organisms |
| ☒  | Human research participants |
| ☒  | Clinical data         |

### Methods

| n/a | Involved in the study |
|-----|-----------------------|
| ☒  | ChIP-seq              |
| ☒  | Flow cytometry        |
| ☒  | MRI-based neuroimaging |