**TexFirst, an Early-ripening, Low-chill Peach for the Subtropics**

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‘TexFirst’ is being released by Texas A&M University to provide a low-chilling commercially acceptable peach that ripens ≈1 week before ‘Flordaking’. This attractive, yellow-flesh peach ripens in late April to mid-May in the low and medium chill zones of the United States.

**Origin**

This peach tree [Prunus persica (L.) Batsch] originated in the Stone Fruit Breeding Program at Department of Horticultural Sciences at Texas A&M University, located in College Station, TX. The seed parent was the Thai Tiger peach TXW1193-1 (Byrne and Boonprakob, 2008), a cultivar jointly released by Texas A&M University and Kasetsart University (Kampangsae, Nakhonpathom, Thailand). Open-pollinated seed from Thai Tiger TXW1193-1 was planted in a high-density fruiting nursery at College Station in 1996. From this progeny, the seedling denominated as TX1A95 was selected for its early maturity, good productivity, yellow ground color, round shape, high red overcolor, and excellent firmness. It was propagated asexually by budding and has been evaluated in Texas and California.

**Description**

‘TexFirst’ has been fruiting in two locations: a medium chill site (Floresville, TX) and a high chill location (Fowler, CA). Floresville, TX (lat. 29°11’ N, long. 98°5’ W, 155 m elevation) is southeast of San Antonio, TX. The mean monthly temperature of its coldest month averages ≈11.6 °C, which corresponds to a chilling accumulation generally above 450 chill units (Byrne and Bacon, 1992; Sharpe, 1970; Weinberger, 1956). The Fowler, CA, site (lat. 36°38’ N, long. 119°42’ W, 92 m elevation) has a mean monthly temperature of its coldest month of 7.8 °C and has a chilling accumulation that is generally above 800 chilling units (Table 1).

‘TexFirst’ trees flower and leaf with ‘TropicPrince’ (Byrne, 2002) and ‘TropicBeauty’ (Rouse and Sherman, 1989) and 15 to 21 d before ‘Flordaking’ (Andrews et al., 1979) and ‘TexKing’ (Byrne and Bacon, 2004) (Table 2). Thus, its chilling requirement is rated at ≈150 to 200 chilling units (hours below 7 °C).

‘TexFirst’ is being released for use in the medium chill zones where ‘Flordaking’ and ‘TexKing’ are adapted. This new peach can be used with frost protection to consistently yield a high-quality peach that ripens 1 week before ‘Flordaking’ (Table 2). ‘TexFirst’ can also be grown in areas where the trees of ‘TropicPrince’ and ‘TropicBeauty’ are produced commercially but has not been extensively tested in this zone.

**Table 1. Chilling conditions at Floresville, TX, and Fowler, CA, evaluation sites.**

| Location      | December temp (°C) | January temp (°C) | Chilling accumulation | Common cultivars |
|---------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
|               | Mean | Range | Mean | Range | Mean | Range | Mean | Range |
| Floresville   | 11.7  | 8.2–13.4 | 11.5  | 9.1–14.6 | 657   | 404–939 | TexKing, Flordaking, TexPrince |
| Fowler        | 7.6   | 5.3–10.3 | 7.9   | 5.1–12.0 | 1121  | 788–1301 | O’Henry, Elegant Lady |

Chilling estimated with the mean monthly temperatures of the two coldest months using the equation chilling = 4280 – (68.8*December/January mean monthly temperature in °F) (Byrne and Bacon, 1992; Sharpe, 1970; Weinberger, 1956).

Floresville used data from San Antonio and the Fowler used data from the Fresno weather station.

Fig. 1. ‘TexFirst’ peach harvested 22 Apr. in Floresville, TX.
peach rust (Tranzschelia discolor) or bacterial leaf spot (Xanthomonas campestris pv. pruni). The moderately large leaves are lanceolate with acute bases, sharply acute apices, crenulate margins, and reniform petiolar glands. Flowers are showy with a diameter between 28 and 32 mm and petal length of 15 mm. The five petals are light pink (RHS white group N155B–C) becoming darker near the petal claw. The sepals are dull red (RHS greyed orange group 176A–B). The golden yellow (RHS yellow–orange 17A–B) anthers are on filaments (15 mm length) and are slightly shorter than the pistil (15 to 17 mm including ovary). The filaments are white tinged with pink (RHS white group 155A–D) and darken with age. Pollen is yellow and abundant. The tree is self-fertile.

The stones are of medium size with the dimensions of 27 to 30 mm in length, 23 to 25 mm in width, and \( \approx 17 \) mm in thickness. The dry stone surface is a light brown color (RHS greyed orange group 164B–C) and is considered medium to medium smooth in roughness with substantial pitting laterally.

**Availability**

Burchell Nursery, Inc. has a license to propagate this variety for California, Arizona, and Mexico. For interests in other areas, requests for budwood should be directed to the Texas A&M University System’s Office of Technology Commercialization. This variety is the subject of a plant patent application.

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**Table 2. Fruiting characteristics of 'TexFirst' compared with ‘Fordaking’ and ‘TexKing’ at Floresville, TX (2003–10) and Fowler, CA (2000–10).**

| Name     | Full bloom | FDP (days) | Ripe date | Size | WT (g) | Firmness | Blush | Shape | Tip | Ground color | Appearance | Soluble solids (%) | Taste |
|----------|------------|------------|------------|------|--------|----------|-------|-------|-----|--------------|------------|-------------------|-------|
|          |            |            |            |      |        |          |       |       |     |              |            |                   |       |
| **Floresville, TX (2003–10)** |            |            |            |      |        |          |       |       |     |              |            |                   |       |
| TexFirst | 29 Jan.    | 87         | 26 Apr.    | 4.9  | 109    | 7.3      | 7.2   | 7.9   | 7.9 | 7.0          | 7.8        | 10.0              | 6.2   |
| Flordaking| 18 Feb.   | 78         | 3 May      | 6.2  | 137    | 6.2      | 3.4   | 5.7   | 5.9 | 6.1          | 5.5        | 9.3               | 5.7   |
| Texking  | 19 Feb.    | 85         | 14 May     | 6.1  | 140    | 7.0      | 5.6   | 6.0   | 6.3 | 6.5          | 6.4        | 8.9               | 5.7   |
| Significance* | ***        | ***        | ***        | ***  | ***    | ***      | ***  | ***   | *** | ***          | ***        | NS                | NS    |
| **Fowler, CA (2000–10)** |            |            |            |      |        |          |       |       |     |              |            |                   |       |
| TexFirst | 10 Feb.    | 96         | 17 May     | 5.8  | 134    | 7.5      | 6.0   | 8.1   | 8.6 | 6.9          | 7.0        | 10.0              | 6.4   |
| Flordaking| 26 Feb.   | 85         | 25 May     | 7.0  | 178    | 6.3      | 3.0   | 7.2   | 7.2 | 6.1          | 5.4        | 10.5              | 6.0   |
| Texking  | 25 Feb.    | 99         | 4 June     | 7.3  | 190    | 7.0      | 6.4   | 7.1   | 7.4 | 6.8          | 6.8        | 10.5              | 6.2   |
| Significance* | ***        | NS         | *          | NS   | ***    | ***      | ***  | ***   | NS  | ***          | *          | NS                | NS    |

*Full bloom = 60% to 80% flowers open; FDP = fruit development period, number of days from full bloom to ripe; Ripe date = date when 20% fruit is at the firm ripe stage.

*Rating scale 0–9; 0–4 = unacceptable, 5 = marginal, 6 = good, 7 = very good, 8–9 = excellent for commercial use.

*Significance* was evaluated with an analysis of variance, whereas the mean values of the rating data (size, firmness, blush, shape, tip, appearance, ground color, and taste) were evaluated by the non-parametric Kruskal-Wallis test.

NS = nonsignificant, *0.05, **0.01, and ***0.001 significance probability.