Development of chemistry module integrated with islamic values in thermochemistry and reaction rate for senior high school student

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Abstract: The chemistry module which integrated with Islamic values has already developed in thermochemistry and reaction rate. This research presented the availability of Islamic values in student’s handbook. The proper of chemistry module design based on BSNP criteria, and the response to chemistry module which integrated with Islamic values to teacher and university student. This research used the method of research and development. It consists of 3 steps which were analysis, design, and development. The instruments are checklist, questionnair based on BSNP criteria, and response questionnair. The result shown the lack of Islamic value in student’s handbook, chemistry module design is proper to used. The teacher and university student’s response are good and need no revision.

Keywords: Islamic values; module development; statistics education research; students’ handbook

Introduction

Chemistry is a knowledge which learn about structures, characteristics, material change, and also the energy that followed the changes. Mainly, chemistry talks about everything in microscopic. This phenomenon happen cause of the great and mighty God. One out of several chemistry learning purposes in Senior High School is aware with nature arrangement, beauty and praise the mighty God.

In deeper observation, from all of national education goals, the most important is faith and piety to God. But in fact, in learning teaching process at school still has a gap between science and religion. This happened because the science teacher apathetic to religion and mostly teachers belief science free from spiritual values. While, many of thinkers, planners, and executors of curriculum especially teacher have no capability in prepare and teach science based on spiritual value. In addition, the limitation of reference which guide students to have faith and piety to God (Darmana et al. 2013).

National Education Department declare in catalogue of education, learning process of main competence-1 (spiritual attitude) do not define in basic competence in learning Chemistry. However, the result of this competence achieved in indirect teaching from knowledge and skill result.

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learning teaching process could increase the students’ interest (Gani et al. 2018). Thus, it is strengthen, with other study, shown there was an improvement of students who taught by module (Telaumbauna et al. 2017). Combining the Islamic values with education is much influenced by the flow of Islam and become a major task and challenge for Muslims to recombine the integration of science and religion (Yaman & Gultom, 2017). The integration is the cognitive aspect that affects the moral planting and character formation. The purpose of the national education system can be achieved if the integration of science and religion is done since early childhood. Once the integration finished, student will have a self control (behavior) to aware that everything in this world happen because of God’s will, and He is always watching all has done. This is straight to another study, the application of integrated learning provides a link between a subject with another in order to repair and improve the learning quality of learners (Demina et al. 2018).

The goal of national education in learning teaching process could be reached with integration of Islamic values (spiritual) in development module without vanish the knowledge of chemistry. The implementation enriched students’ ability in chemistry learning and the response was positive (Darmana et al. 2013). There were an enhance in students’ spiritual and a relation between spiritual value to students’ learning outcome enhancement (Okmarisa et al. 2016). Along as the study, the integration of Islamic values in learning teaching module were clearly delivered, relevant, and enhanced students’ knowledge in chemistry and religion (Derawanan, 2016; Mohamed et al. 2017). Therefore, there is a need to develop another variative and functional teaching sources which apply Allah SWT verses from Quran and Hadith to reach main competence in chemistry learning.

Based on the description above, researcher interested in receiving the purpose of national education and make a research to develop teaching sources based on spiritual in chemistry learning. The purpose of this research are presented the availability of Islamic values in student’s handbook. The proper of chemistry module design based on BSNP criteria. While, the response to chemistry module which integrated with Islamic values to teacher and student.

**Materials and Methods**

Participants of the study were 3 chemistry lecturer of Medan State University choosed in purposive sampling requisite a moslem, guessed understand the Islamic values, and active in religious path. The teachers from 3 schools and 15 chemistry's students choosed randomly requisite a moslem. Method of the study was research and development (R&D). Data collected using checklist and questionnair. Check list is used to identify the presence of Islamic values. Questionnair is used to identify the proper and response to integrated module. Questionnair used likert scale, 4 very good/ valid, 3 well/ quite valid, 2 less good / less valid, 1 not good/ invalid.

**Designing phase**

The framework was arranged to answer some problems that appeared from analysis needed such as arranged the instrument of module development, integrated Islamic values to module, and arranged module.

**Development phase**

The progress of module based on appropriate BSNP standard purposed to identify the proper of the module that being developed in learning teaching process. This phase contain conceptual and practical development. Conceptual development was a validation process by the expert of chemistry lecturer. The practical development was teachers and chemistry students’ view to integrated module.

**Results**

**Review of chemistry book for high school**

The first step was reviewed chemistry books in several schools. The sample of books were choosed directly from the school. Some books were used in several schools and combined it with another book. There was school which used a single book as main handbook in learning chemistry.

**Identification of islamic values in chemistry books for high school**

The analyses used check list as the data instrument. It modified to check the availability of Islamic values. The result shown in Table 1.

**Instrument arrangement**

The first step to develop module was to compile the instrument. Instrument prepared in designing integrated chemical module were the enrichment of chemistry book, Quran and Hadith as sources of Islamic values, and software like
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**Table 1**

Presence of Islamic values in chemistry books for high school

| Rated aspect                               | Book A | Book B | Book C |
|--------------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Writing a sentence of Basmalah             | Yes    | No     | Yes    |
| The integration of Quranic verses (Spiritual) relevant | - √ - | - √ - | - √ - |
| Explanation of the meaning of the verses of the Quran (Spiritual) | - √ - | - √ - | - √ - |
| Giving reflection                          | - √ - | - √ - | - √ - |
| Showing Moslem scientists                  | - √ - | - √ - | - √ - |
| Insertion of wisdom words                  | - √ - | - √ - | - √ - |

Book A was not presented Islamic values, however Book B and C were presented a light at the end of each chapter of the books.

**Table 2**

Chemistry module design based on syllabus in thermochemistry

| Sub-main material | Chemistry material design | Materials page |
|-------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| Energy and heat   | The initial discussion of the module, firstly begins with events that occur in everyday life so the readers were more interested in reading about the module. | 3 |
| Calorimetry and reaction enthalpy changes | There were explanations, examples of questions and complete discussion. | 12 |
| Thermochemistry equation | There were explanations, examples of questions and complete discussion. | 7 |
| Standard enthalpy changes (\(\Delta H^0\)) for various reactions | There were explanations, examples of questions and complete discussion. | 9 |
| Average bond energy | There were explanations, examples of questions and complete discussion. | 15 |
| Determination of reaction enthalpy changes | There were explanations, examples of questions and complete discussion. | 13 |

**Table 3**

Chemistry module design based on syllabus in reaction rate

| Sub-main material | Chemical material design | Materials page |
|-------------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| Definition and measurement of reaction rates | The initial discussion of the module, firstly begins with events that occur in everyday life so the readers were more interested in reading about the module. | 29 |
| Collision theory | There was an explanation and relationship with other sub-material. | 37 |
| Factors that affect the rate of reaction | There were explanations and applications in everyday life. | 33 |
| The law of the reaction rate and determination of the reaction rate | There were explanations, examples of questions and complete discussion. | 32 |

**Chemistry module development**

The second step was compiled the development of chemistry module. Thermochemistry and reaction rates were arranged based on syllabus. In this step, material from the books was complete and has been systematically arranged. In addition, the module was equipped with examples and exercises. Generally, the layout of chemical module based on syllabus shown in Table 2 and Table 3.

**Standardization of integrated module design of Islamic values**

The module was standardized by expert researchers. The experts were faculty lecturers of chemistry department and chemistry teachers. Based on BSNP criteria, it obtained with an average score of 3.39. It interpreted that lecturers and teachers gave positive responses to the
Development of chemical modules that integrated Islamic values. Islamic values that integrated identified with an average score of 3.5. This indicated the eligibility of Islamic values was positive. Furthermore, the development module was distributed to user respondents, teachers and students, who have studied and were more aware of the material of Thermochemistry and Reaction Rate. It result an average 3.48. this indicated the response was positive. The result were shown in Table 4, Table 5, and Table 6.

Table 4
Results of integrated module design assessment of Islamic values by lecturers and teachers based on BSNP

| Assessment                  | Score | Lecturer | Teacher | Average |
|----------------------------|-------|----------|---------|---------|
| Content Feasibility        | 3.19  | 3.23     | 3.21    |
| Language Feasibility       | 3.36  | 3.53     | 3.45    |
| Feasibility of Presentation| 3.39  | 3.50     | 3.45    |
| Feasibility of Integrity   | 3.42  | 3.51     | 3.47    |
| Average                    | 3.34  | 3.44     | 3.39    |

Table 5
Results of assessment of integration of Islamic values in the integrated module design of Islamic values by lecturer and teacher

| Assessment                                      | Score | Lecturer | Teacher | Average |
|------------------------------------------------|-------|----------|---------|---------|
| Writing a sentence of Basmalah                  | 4.00  | 4.00     | 4.00    |
| The integration of Quranic verses (Spiritual)   | 3.33  | 3.67     | 3.50    |
| Explanation of the meaning of the verses of the | 3.33  | 3.33     | 3.33    |
| Quran (Spiritual)                               | 3.67  | 3.00     | 3.34    |
| Showing Moslem scientists                       | 3.33  | 3.67     | 3.50    |
| Insertion of wisdom words                       | 3.33  | 3.33     | 3.33    |
| Average                                         | 3.50  | 3.50     | 3.50    |

Table 6
Teacher and student response to integrated module design Islamic values

| Assessment          | Score | Teacher | College student | Average |
|---------------------|-------|---------|-----------------|---------|
| Display Aspects     | 3.78  | 3.44    | 3.61            |
| Material Aspects    | 3.42  | 3.36    | 3.39            |
| Benefits Aspects    | 3.52  | 3.37    | 3.45            |
| Average             | 3.57  | 3.39    | 3.48            |

Discussion
The results of analysis phase based on Table 1, there were books presented Islamic values, but it was in less category. This result indicated that these three books were lack of Islamic values. Book references that can increase faith and piety to God was very limited (Darmana et al. 2013).

In development phase, integrated module was standardized by expert researchers. Based on Table 4, 5, and Table 6, by looking at the identification criteria for average values, the results of the integrated module design evaluation of Islamic values by lecturers and teachers based on BSNP were in the range of values from 3.26 to 4.00. It means the module design assessment was valid and no need to be revised. The results of the assessment of the integration of Islamic values in the module design by lecturers and teachers were in the range of 3.26 - 4.00 which means that the assessment was appropriate and no need to be revised. The response resulted in the range of 3.26-4.00 which means that the
response of teachers and students to the integrated modules were very good and no need to be revised.

This result consistent with another study, the peer assessment responses of science teachers to the results of the development science-based teaching module in Science had a high level of effectiveness and attractiveness and reached 86.5% in the good category. Based on the description above it was found that the integrated module design of Islamic values meets the standards and can be used as a module in the material of thermochemistry and reaction rate (Hamzah, 2016). In accordance with the study, the response to Islamic-nuanced modules shows that the value of ease-of-use components gets a practical value of 96.6% with very practical criteria. The components of learning time efficiency 97.9% with very practical criteria. While, the components provides the benefits for students 92.8% with very practical criteria. Overall, the data analysis of student practicality has an average value of 95.7% with very practical criteria (Ahmad et al. 2017; Hakim, 2018).

The module is a learning tool containing materials, methods, subject learning, guided learning activities, exercises, and the systematically module evaluation designed (de Jong, 2017). It should be attractive to achieve the expected competencies and independently. Modules are usually prepared in accordance with the needs of learning in certain subjects for the purposes of a specific learning process (Yuliawati, 2013; Manalu et al. 2018). The purpose of the module provides instructional materials in accordance with the demands of the curriculum and the needs of the students. The teaching materials appropriate to characteristics of teaching materials and student characteristics, as well as setting or background of the social environment (Hamdani, 2011). The module has a range of benefits, both in terms of the student’s interests and the interests of teachers. The preparation of modules was useful for students which have an opportunity to train learning individually. Learning become more attractive because it can be learned outside of the classroom. There is an opportunity to express the ways of learning according to their ability and interest. It presented the module by doing the exercises and developed student’s interaction with other learning sources. The principle that should be evolved, such as the material prepared from easy to difficult stage to understand. The difficulties can describe from the concrete to understand to the abstract emphasizes repetition to reinforce understanding positive feedback will provide reinforcement to students. Motivating is an effort that can determine the success of learning; as well as exercises and tasks to test themselves (Hamdni, 2011).

Integration is a relationship based on a reformulation of the traditional theological ideas intensively and systematically. The relationships between religion and science were necessary a clear and complex (Khaldun, 2015). Integralization science did not mean inserting the verses of the holy Quran in accordance with certain concepts in science. However, focused on how Islam as fundamental values that bound science or how the understanding of science could increase the levels of faith and piety to Allah (Farida, 2014). The integration of Islamic values with science and technology, were expected to be implemented in learning processes become more meaningful and easy to understand (Rusdiana, 2014). So, it could guide students to know, understand, appreciate, have faith, devoted, and noble in the teachings of Islam from its primary source of Quran and Hadith, through the guidance of teaching and training. Integrating religious values in textbooks can be done in several ways, namely basmalah sentence in its preface; each chapter started with a Quran’s verses related to the theme or concept to be discussed. While, explanation the meaning of the verses and associated it with the issues to be discussed in that chapter. Moreover, giving a reflection about the issues that could form the awareness and glorification of God, like shown the moslem scientist and insert wisdom word from Hadith (Saputro, 2011).

Conclusion

The study found there was a lack of Islamic values in students’ chemistry handbook in senior high school, the integrated chemistry module design was proper to used because it has met the eligibility of BSNP, the Islamic values integrated in the module was appropriate without need any revised, and the response were good and need no revision. For further studies are able to implement this module or can develop integrated chemistry module with Islamic values in other material.

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