Neuroinflammation and EIF2 Signaling Persist despite Antiretroviral Treatment in an hiPSC Tri-culture Model of HIV Infection

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There are two errors in the originally published version of our manuscript in which “TNFα” was inadvertently replaced by “transforming growth factor α” during copyediting. However, this acronym stands for “tumor necrosis factor α.” This has now been corrected in the online version of the manuscript in the following two places.

Original text (in the Summary): “This activation was associated with a persistent increase in transforming growth factor α production by microglia.” Corrected text: “This activation was associated with a persistent increase in tumor necrosis factor α production by microglia.”

Original text (in the Results): “Therefore, we quantified the changes in production of relevant cytokines in iMg over the course of infection ± EFZ. Infection led to increased production of several proinflammatory cytokines, specifically IL-1β (p < 0.01), IL-1α (p < 0.05), transforming growth factor α (TNF-α) (p < 0.05), and most prominently, IL-8 (p < 0.01) (Figures 2F–2I).” Corrected text:

“Therefore, we quantified the changes in production of relevant cytokines in iMg over the course of infection ± EFZ. Infection led to increased production of several proinflammatory cytokines, specifically IL-1β (p < 0.01), IL-1α (p < 0.05), tumor necrosis factor α (TNF-α) (p < 0.05), and most prominently, IL-8 (p < 0.01) (Figures 2F–2I).”

We apologize for the oversight and for any resulting confusion.