Author Correction: US Power Production at Risk from Water Stress in a Changing Climate

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This Article contains typographical errors.

In the first sentence of the Introduction section,

“Presently, 91% (3500 million MW h)1 of total electricity in the United States is generated by fossil-fueled thermoelectric power plants, which use 45% (~161 billion gallons per day)2 of total freshwater withdrawal (the single largest use of fresh water), 90% of which is used for cooling.”

should read:

“Presently, 91% (3500 million MW h)1 of total electricity in the United States is generated by thermoelectric (fossil-fuel and nuclear) power plants, which in turn utilize 45% (~161 billion gallons per day)2 of the total water withdrawal, 90% of which is used for cooling.”

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