First Record of Coral Red Khukri Snake (*Oligodon kheriensis*) from Uttarakhand, India: Expanding the Current Known Dispersal Range of the Species

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Abstract: We reported the new record of Coral Red Khukri Snake (*Oligodon kheriensis*) from Surai Range of Haldwani -Tarai East Forest Division, Uttarakhand. The specimen of *Oligodon kheriensis* had been spotted only four times in the past. This is the first report of this Snake from Uttarakhand. We encountered 6 different individuals of *Oligodon kheriensis* over a period of ten months.

Keywords: New Record, *Oligodon kheriensis*, Distribution, Tarai East Forest Division, Uttarakhand

1. Introduction

The herpetofauna (reptiles and amphibians) of India is represented by 518 species of reptiles and 314 species of amphibians (Angals *et al.* 2011, Dinesh *et al.* 2011). Unfortunately, snakes have received less ecological study than other reptiles, and the studies that do exist may be under represented in the literature (Seigel 1993, Bonnet *et al.* 2002). However, many snake species are often recorded only by a single or rather few specimens, and data on their distribution and natural history are still deficient. The most recent sighting of Coral Red Khukri Snake (*Oligodon kheriensis*) which was discovered by Acharji and Ray in 1936 was belong to Genus *Oligodon*. The genus *Oligodon* Fitzinger 1826, is widely distributed in South East Asia which contains 70 species that preys on small rodents, tadpoles, frogs and insects (Batchelor, 1958; Cox, 1991; David and Vogel, 1996; Hu, 2001; Hwang *et al.*1965). We here in provide an updated distribution location from Tarai East Forest Division of Uttarakhand and improve our understanding of this species in this region.

2. Study Area

Surai Forest Range is a part of Tarai East Forest Division, Haldwani in Uttarakhand, covering a total area of 15712.50 hectares. It is mainly Sal forest interspersed with teak and eucalyptus plantations and open grasslands. It is bound by forests of the Khatima range to the north, Pilibhit Tiger Reserve to the East and South, and human habitations of Khatima sub-division (Udham Singh Nagar District) to the West. The forest is criss-crossed by numerous waterways, mainly irrigation canals, which provide a drinking source for the fauna and also recharge the ground water table.

3. Methodology

A Field Survey for documenting Herpetofauna in Tarai East Forest Division of Uttarakhand was conducted from September 2014 to July 2015. The entire area was divided into small zones. Each zone was randomly (biased) explored on the basis of habitat structure and, possibility and availability of the species. All important major and minor water bodies, including seasonal rivulets were extensively explored for species. For collection of as many species as possible, a wide range of sampling methods were adopted viz., active searching and refuge examination of aquatic vegetation, paddy fields, bushes, waterfalls, bamboo bushes, along road sides, canals, streams, underneath of stones, logs, barks, tree holes, banks of ponds, lakes, rivers and leaf litter etc. Encountered snakes were photographed in the field and species identification is only based on the photographs. Morning surveys were conducted along the water bodies, mainly canals and on the forest roads. Ponds and marshy habitats were surveyed during the day as well as night. Night surveys during winters were conducted along the roads as they are favourable hot spots for both reptilian and amphibian species during cold seasons.
4. Result and Discussion

During field surveys for documenting the herpetofaunal diversity of the Tarai East Forest Division, Uttarakhand, we encountered 6 different individuals of Coral Red Khukri Snake (*Oligodon kheriensis*) over a period of ten months (September 2014 to July 2015). Out of these six specimens, four were captured live and two were found dead due to road kill. The live specimens were released at the same spots after recording their scale counts and measurements and taking photographs.

Identification was confirmed by referring to the description of the species provided in the (*Acharji and Ray 1936*, Schleich H. H. and Kästle W 2002, Sutradhar, S., Anukul.N 2013, Sangma, M.A., P.K. Saikia, 2014) papers. All Specimens were found near water bodies with vegetation Bahera (*Terminalia bellerica*), Kamlai (*Lannea grandis*), Patala (*Stereospermum chelonoides*), Kadam (*Haldina cordifolia*), Grader Grass (*Themeda caudate*), Munja Grass (*Saccharum munja*), Kans Grass (*Saccharum spontaneum*) etc.

5. Description

This is rare Species and reported only four times from Uttar Pradesh (*Acharji and Ray 1936*), Nepal (Schleich H. H. and Kästle W 2002), Assam (Sutradhar, S., Anukul.N 2013) and Meghalaya (Sangma, M.A., P.K. Saikia, 2014). Length of the specimens of Coral Red Khukri Snake varied from 48 to 114 cms. Dorsal colour in all snakes was uniformly coral red / bright orange. Ventral coloration varied from white to pale yellow to light pink. Ventral scales were uniformly 187 in number in all specimens, with 42 paired subcaudals and an entire anal vent. Dorsal scales were smooth and arranged in 19:19:17 rows. Pupil of eye was round. This study indicates Coral Red Khukri Snake range expansion over the past reported locations.

6. Dates and Location Details of Specimens are Provided in the Following Table:

| Specimen | Latitude     | Longitude     | Altitude (meters) | Status | Length (cm) | Dorsal Scale Count | Ventral Scales | Subcaudals |
|----------|--------------|---------------|-------------------|--------|-------------|--------------------|----------------|------------|
| 1        | 28° 48' 10.25" N | 80° 01' 11.19" E | 207              | Dead   | 114         | 19:19:17           | 187            | 42         |
| 2        | 28° 52' 33.26" N | 80° 01' 21.68" E | 195              | Live   | 97          | 19:19:17           | 187            | 42         |
| 3        | 28° 51' 39.67" N | 80° 00' 17.19" E | 224              | Live   | 105         | 19:19:17           | 187            | 42         |
| 4        | 28° 58' 21.92" N | 80° 02' 23.58" E | 225              | Dead   | 79          | 19:19:17           | 187            | 42         |
| 5        | 28° 48' 40.27" N | 79° 59' 34.50" E | 208              | Live   | 48          | 19:19:17           | 187            | 42         |
| 6        | 28° 47' 05.70" N | 80° 03' 15.36" E | 217              | Live   | 107         | 19:19:17           | 187            | 42         |

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![Coral Red Khukri Snake (*Oligodon kheriensis*) from road side](Photo courtesy: Vipul Maurya)

![Coral Red Khukri Snake (*Oligodon kheriensis*)](Photo courtesy: Vipul Maurya)

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