Performance Comparison of Text Based Game Prototypes Using GTmetrix

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Abstract—Access to the internet and the advanced of technology allow people to experience in playing a game, not limited to their game console or through a PC, but also through their gadget like mobile-phones. Based on our initial study, a text-based game prototype has shown its potentiality as an alternative media to enhance youth literacy. The prototype has been developed in web-based platform that allow users to play this game through their mobile-phone. This paper describes an extend study to explore on how well the performance of text- based game prototype, when it was run online through a mobile device. For this purpose, a testing tool, named “GTmetrix” is used to review the performance of mobile device that run two different text-based game prototype platforms, which are Quest and Ink Platforms. For further comparison, this paper also included additional test scenario to see the performance of these two prototype platforms through a desktop device. These testing was conducted through different mobile network speeds (2G/3G/4G). Two different test approaches, PageSpeed and YSlow, were used to analyze the performance. Based on the results, it can be concluded that both prototype platforms are still compatible to be played through mobile devices, with Ink platform perform slightly better compare to the Quest platform in several test setting.

Keywords—Text-based Game, Mobile Device, Performance Test

I. INTRODUCTION

Despite of the advance technology successfully brings transformation of reading appearance, the people interest of reading in Indonesia still low. It is showed based on the observation of 5th grade elementary school students in Bandung Regency that had low reading comprehension ability for informational text, which can be seen from their low ability to express explicit meanings, define the main idea, search for keywords and retell the contents of the text with their own words [1]. The awareness of people to read, especially for youth generation, need a lot of improvement. The encouraging from closest environments, such as family or school, still insufficient to engage youth generation to do reading activity.

In order to find alternative tools in improving youth literacy in Indonesia, our previous study [2] has been demonstrated that text-based game using Interaction Fiction approach has a potential for helping people to know and understand a literature, especially for Indonesia’s folklore story as the test scenario. Our further study also successfully confirmed the eminence of Interactive Fiction approach compare to Narrative Fiction (or traditional book) in terms of reader’s understanding, acquired moral value, and user engagement [3]. Based on that study results, we continue our study further to see other potentiality of text-based game prototype with Interactive Fiction approach.

Based on survey data by Pew Research Centre [4] showed that smartphone ownership rates in emerging and developing countries such as Indonesia are rising at an outstanding percentage. It is ascending from a median of 21% in 2013 to 37% in 2015, and still continually growing in the following years. Additionally, in most of countries, youth generation and millennials (those ages 18 to 34) are much more likely to be internet and smartphone users compared to those ages 35 and above. Youth generation and millennials also tend to access the internet in daily basis and massively active in social media at higher rates compare to their older counterparts. Hence, this trends showed that there is shifting transformation of traditional tools into a digital form. Most people today, especially youth generation and millennials gain information paperless, directly from their smartphone.

As the impact of current advanced of technology, people use their mobile phone and tablet more often than Personal Computer. Based on Fig. 1 above on the example data survey of the time spent per per day with digital media in USA from 2008 to 2016[5], it shows that there is a trend to substitute the usage of Desktop/Laptop by Smartphone (Mobile) in the future since more people do almost everything from their gadget, especially smartphone. Hence, smartphone becomes a potential device to be used not only limited to a communication device, but also for other purposes such as entertainment, education and any other medias. Based on those data, applying text-based game

Fig. 1. Time Spent Per Adult User per Day with Digital Media, USA, 2008 – 2016 [5].
in smartphone become a good alternative to enhance the usage of the prototype application, especially when we are aiming youth generations and millennials as the target users of the game application.

As part of our continuation study, this paper is discussing the performance test which focused on the comparison of prototype’s performance through mobile-phone and desktop. Since the text-based game prototype has been deployed online in two different platforms, in Quest [6] and Ink [7] platforms, the performance test was conducted using these two platforms. GTmetrix [8] with PageSpeed and Yslow test approaches has been chosen as the performance testing tool. Waterfall Graph is also used to represent the performance results of those two prototype platforms.

II. TESTING TOOLS: GTMETRIX

Based on data by Hitwise’s report [9] mentioned that 50-65% of google search is coming from mobile devices. The report also mentioned that people are five times more likely to leave a mobile site if its not user-friendly. In addition, the report also stated that around half of visitors of a webpage will leave if a page does not load within 3 seconds. Hence, it is necessary to see how fast could a web application could be load through mobile device.

In using a mobile-device as alternative to desktop/laptop for running text based game application, the network speed is also an important factor that must be counted into a consideration since mobile network speed (2G/3G/4G) is not as faster as broadband/fiber internet. Here, there is possibility that the web page may load quicker on a desktop but slower on mobile devices. Hence, performing a test to check how well this game could be load from mobile devices in different mobile network speed is also necessary.

In order to perform the performance test, choosing an appropriate testing tool is an important step to be done. According to an article from GeekFlare [10], there are number of test tools that could be used for checking how fast a web application could be load from mobile devices. The list of tools is SiteRelic, Mobitest, Think with Google, GTmetrix, SynTraffic and DotcomMonitor.

Each testing tool has its own advantages and disadvantages. However, this paper will not discuss further detail about the advantages and disadvantages of each tool. This paper only focuses on one of the testing tools, named GTmetrix, which has the closest features required to the aims of this study.

GTmetrix is one of the most popular web page performance testing tools both for desktop and mobile version [8]. the GTmetrix has modern Graphical User Interface that very easy and intuitive to be used. It looks very promising and it could also give a recommendation how to improve the performance as the feedback result.

GTmetrix also allows to perform the test using different browser such as Chrome and Firefox browsers. It can be set on different devices, such as mobile devices or desktop/laptop. It could also be used with different setting of mobile network speed (2G/3G/4G) and modified test server location. It costs free, but when we registered and login, we could save the performance result and enhance with comparison from different setting scenarios.

By using GTmetrix tool, the performance metrics is measured using PageSpeed and Yslow. PageSpeed is a measurement by Google to see on how fast the content of the page is load [11]. While Yslow test is a test that analyzes web pages and why they are slow based on Yahoo’s rules for high performance web sites [12]. For performance testing indicators, variable used for PageSpeed and Yslow are listed in Table 1 below:

| TABLE I. INDICATORS TESTED FOR PERFORMANCE TEST OF PAGE_SPEED AND YSLOW TEST. |
|--------------------------------------------------|
| **PageSpeed** | **Yslow** |
| Avoid a character set in the meta tag | Add Expires headers |
| Avoid bad requests | Avoid AlphaimageLoader filter |
| Avoid CSS @import | Avoid CSS expressions |
| Avoid landing page redirects | Avoid HTTP 404 (Not Found) error |
| Combine images using CSS sprites | Avoid URL redirects |
| Defer parsing of JavaScript | Compress components with gzip |
| Enable gzip compression | Configure entry tags (E Tags) |
| Enable Keep-Alive | Make AJAX cacheable |
| Inline small CSS | Make favicon small and cacheable |
| Inline small JavaScript | Make fewer HTTP requests |
| Leverage browser caching | Make JavaScript and CSS external |
| Minify CSS | Minify JavaScript and CSS |
| Minify HTML | Reduce cookie size |
| Minify JavaScript | Reduce DNS lookups |
| Minimize redirects | Reduce DOM elements |
| Minimize request size | Remove duplicate JS and CSS |
| Optimize images | Use a Content Delivery Network |
| Optimize the order of styles and scripts | Use cookie-free domains |
| Prefer asynchronous resources | Use GET for AJAX requests |
| Put CSS in the document head | |
| Remove query strings from static resources | |
| Serve resources from a consistent URL | |
| Serve scaled images | |
| Specify a cache validator | |
| Specify a character set early | |
| Specify a Vary: Accept-Encoding header | |
| Specify image dimensions | |

In addition to the two performance metric indicators, GTmetrix also performs the test to check Time taken to load, Page size, Number of requests using Waterfall graph. The Waterfall is one of useful tools for pinpointing bottleneck of website’s speed. The steps that each asset can go through the test are as follows time to resolve the DNS (DNS Lookup), time taken to create a connection (Connecting), time spent in the browser queue waiting for connection (Blocking), time taken to send a request (Sending), time spent waiting for the response (Waiting), and time taken to download the web content (receiving).

III. METHODOLOGY

The methodology used for analyzing this performance testing is a Quantitative method. Quantitative data allows a direct assessment of the performance result based on PageSpeed, YSlow indicators and Waterfall graph. Based on
previous study [2][3], in order to develop text-based game prototype, two different platforms were used which are Quest platform and Ink platform. In this study, the data is collected based on these two prototype platforms performance to analyze on how fast the page could be loaded. Next is the detail setup and testing scenario for the testing:

A. Setup

For this testing setup, there are combinations of elements were tested using GTmetrix tool. Detail of the elements tested and the descriptions could be seen in Table II below.

| No | Elements                  | Descriptions                              |
|----|---------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| 1  | Prototype URL tested     | Quest Platform [http://play2.textadventures.co.uk/Play.aspx?id=editor/56c30f4-4c59-4d9a-acf6-64fe856d112?Putri+Pinang+Masak.aslx](http://play2.textadventures.co.uk/Play.aspx?id=editor/56c30f4-4c59-4d9a-acf6-64fe856d112?Putri+Pinang+Masak.aslx) |
| 2  | Platform                 | Desktop and Android (Galaxy Nexus Specification) |
| 3  | Server test location     | Vancouver Canada*                        |
| 4  | Connection               | Un-Throttled Connection                   |
|    |                           | Throttle Connection (2G/3G/4G(LTE))        |
| 5  | Browser                  | Chrome and Firefox (desktop) and NativeBrowser (Mobile) |

* Being used as a default server’s location

Fig. 2. Prototypes run on Galaxy Nexus.

Since the text-based game prototype was build based on web based application. It could be played in any devices that support web browser. For this test scenario, this game prototype is tested using Android smartphone Galaxy Nexus [13]. Fig. 2 shows the two text-based game prototype platforms run on the Galaxy Nexus.

B. Testing Scenario

In order to perform the performance test for two different game prototype platforms, below are the scenario for the testing:

1. The text-based game prototype using two different platforms were tested in desktop environment using google chrome browser. In this testing, three different mobile network (throttle connection) in 2G, 3G and 4G (LTE) speed connections were tested.

2. For further result, testing these two platforms were also conducted through different type of browsers, which were Mozilla Firefox and Google Chrome browsers. In this testing, the connection is set with un-throttled connection.

3. As the main objective of this study, to evaluate these two game prototype platforms through mobile devices, these two platforms were also tested using Android mobile phone Galaxy Nexus. The connection for this test is set to un-throttled connection with native browser applications. This scenario could also provide information on how well this game prototype run by mobile device compare to desktop based.

4. In exploring more detail on the test performance on Android mobile, a number of approaches such as PageSpeed test, YSlow test, and Waterfall Graph are used to explore further detail indicators that effected speed performance to load the application page.

5. Summary of overall test performance was described more detail for both game prototype platforms.

IV. Result

Following the scenarios described on testing scenario above, this section describes the result of performance test from these two game prototype using GTmetrix.

First, the data have been classified into several comparison settings. Then from the data in Fig. 3 to Fig. 5, The are showing a comparison of performance test of the game prototype in a desktop setting through 2G, 3G and 4G (LTE) connections. Based on the data, the total time for loading page for Ink platform load faster than Quest platform.

![Fig. 3. Comparison result for Test Performance using 2G Connection](http://play2.textadventures.co.uk/Interactive.aspx?id=editor/56c30f4-4c59-4d9a-acf6-64fe856d112?Putri+Pinang+Masak.aslx)

Fig. 3. Comparison result for Test Performance using 2G Connection

4. Comparison result for Test Performance using 3G Connection
Based on PageSpeed test indicators, the Ink platform is categorized with average A rank (90%) but Quest platform is only categorized with average B rank (84%). Similar to PageSpeed test, Yslow test also shows similar performance, as Ink Platform perform slightly better compare to Quest platform with lower score compare to PageSpeed test, Ink Platform in B rank (80%) and Quest platform in with C rank (75%) in all three different connections tested.

Further performance comparison had also been conducted. In this test, the performance of these two game prototype platforms had been compared in two different browsers, Mozilla Firefox and Google Chrome browsers. The data comparison of these two game platforms on different browsers could be seen in Fig 6.

From this Fig 6 also shows that Ink Platform performs better than Quest Platform. Especially in Firefox, the page loading for Ink Platform is 0.4s faster compare to when it was loaded using chrome browser.

Further performance comparison test had also been implemented through Android mobile phone Galaxy Nexus. In this testing scenario, the time taken to load the page of these two platforms look almost the same (3.8s). However, based on PageSpeed and Yslow test, the data still shows Ink platform perform better than Quest platform.

Looking for detail data based on the performance testing in Android Mobile devices, below are the data based on PageSpeed (see Table III) and YSlow (see Table IV) test:

| TABLE III. PERFORMANCE RESULT FOR PAGESPEED |
|------------------------------------------------|
| URL | OPTIONS | PAGE LOAD | PAGESPEED | YSLOW |
|------------------------------------------------|
| http://play2.textadventures.co.uk/index.html | | | | |
| http://www.gamelabnetwork.com/intro.html | | | | |

| TABLE IV. PERFORMANCE RESULT FOR YSLOW |
|------------------------------------------------|
| URL | OPTIONS | PAGE LOAD | PAGESPEED | YSLOW |
|------------------------------------------------|
| http://play2.textadventures.co.uk/index.html | | | | |
| http://www.gamelabnetwork.com/intro.html | | | | |

Exploring further with Waterfall graph, Fig 8 and Fig 9 show the detail time taken to load the the game prototype pages.
Based on the data result above it could be summarized through summary graphs below:

V. DISCUSSION

Based on the result mentioned in previous section, performance test especially for using PageSpeed and YSlow test rank showed that Ink platform performs slightly better compare to Quest platform. Based on 27 indicators tested from...
PageSpeed test, there are seven indicators that made Quest are looked more superior compare to Ink platform, however the different are very small. There are five indicators from Ink that perform better than Quest platform, but the different is bigger for these indicators. While the rest of indicators showed equal performance. The big different still showed that Ink platform better than Quest platform. Detail could be seen on Table III above.

Similar to PageSpeed test, in average, the YSlow test also showed Ink platform was better than Quest platform for all different test scenario. Based on 19 indicators tested, 3 indicators in this showed Ink platform better than Quest platform, but not in header express indicator. The rest of indicators showed equal performance.

Based on data result of two platforms tested, even though both platforms performance was still acceptable for mobile application testing scenario, Ink platform perform better than Quest platform.

VI. CONCLUSION

This study has showed performance comparison test between two text-based game platform on mobile device scenario. Using GTmetrix as a tool for testing, this study could implement a number of performance test methods such as PageSpeed and YSlow test rank, and also Waterfall graph test for Time taken to load the application page.

Based on the result and the discussion, it can be concluded that both of text-based game prototype platforms could run satisfactory on mobile device with range time taken for load the page up to 3.8 sec. This time could be resulting differently based on the type of connection used and type of browsers.

Even though both platforms could perform well in mobile device tested, Ink platform shows better performance in a number of testing variables compare to Quest platform. Hence, further development of this study could be recommended to focus on the development using Ink platform.

However, further study is still required to enhance the features and also to see on how well this text-based game prototype could be utilized as a media in enhancing Indonesia literacy.

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