Checklist of rodents and insectivores of the Mordovia, Russia

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Abstract

A list of 40 species is presented of the rodents and insectivores collected during a 15-year period from the Republic of Mordovia. The dataset contains more than 24,000 records of rodent and insectivore species from 23 districts, including Saransk. A major part of the data set was obtained during expedition research and at the biological station. The work is based on the materials of our surveys of rodents and insectivorous mammals conducted in Mordovia using both trap lines and pitfall arrays using traditional methods.

Keywords

Insectivores, Mordovia, rodents, spatial distribution

Introduction

There is a need to review the species composition of rodents and insectivores in all regions of Russia, and the work by Tovpinets et al. (2020) on the Crimean Peninsula serves as an example of such research. Studies of rodent and insectivore diversity and distribution have a long history, but there are no lists for many regions of Russia of...
rodent and insectivorous species. Lists of species have been updated for a few regions, with some species excluded and others added. The Republic of Mordovia is one of these regions, where eminent theriologists (S.I. Ognev, S.S. Turov, L.G. Morozova-Turova, I.I. Barabash-Nikiforov, L.P. Borodin, M.N. Borodina, P.L. Borodin) once worked. The inventory of the mammalian fauna of Mordovia resumed at the beginning of the 21st century as part of dissertation research and continues to this day. Over this period, not only has the species composition of the region changed but also the status of many species.

The Mordovian fauna is heterogeneous and consists of four different ecological and faunal complexes of species—taiga, coniferous and broad-leaved forests, and steppe—which are widely distributed in several natural areas (Andreychev 2020).

Here, we publish a checklist of rodent and insectivore records across the Republic of Mordovia. This checklist was based on comprehensive surveys of small mammals carried out from 2006 to 2020.

Insectivores are represented in Mordovia by 12 species belonging to three families.

**Family Erinaceidae Fischer, 1814**

1. Northern white-breasted hedgehog, *Erinaceus roumanicus* Barrett-Hamilton, 1900
2. West European hedgehog, *Erinaceus europaeus* Linnaeus, 1758

**Family Talpidae Fischer, 1814**

1. European mole, *Talpa europaea* Linnaeus, 1758
2. Russian desman, *Desmana moschata* (Linnaeus, 1758)

**Family Soricidae Fischer, 1814**

1. Eurasian common shrew, *Sorex araneus* Linnaeus, 1758
2. Laxmann’s shrew, *Sorex caecutiens* Laxmann, 1788
3. Least shrew, *Sorex minutissimus* Zimmermann, 1780
4. Taiga shrew, *Sorex isodon* Turov, 1924
5. Eurasian pygmy shrew, *Sorex minutus* Linnaeus, 1766
6. Eurasian water shrew, *Neomys fodiens* (Pennant, 1771)
7. Southern water shrew, *Neomys anomalus* Cabrera, 1907
8. Lesser white-toothed shrew, *Crocidura suaveolens* (Pallas, 1811)

Rodents are represented by 29 species belonging to eight families.

**Family Sciuridae Fischer, 1817**

1. Red squirrel, *Sciurus vulgaris* Linnaeus, 1758
2. Spotted suslik, *Spermophilus suslicus* Güldenstaedt, 1770
3. Bobak marmot, *Marmota bobak* (Müller, 1776)
Family Castoridae Hemprich, 1820

1. Eurasian beaver, *Castor fiber* Linnaeus, 1758

Family Gliridae Thomas, 1897

1. Forest dormouse, *Dryomys nitedula* (Pallas, 1779)
2. Garden dormouse, *Eliomys quercinus* (Linnaeus, 1766)
3. Fat dormouse, *Glis glis* (Linnaeus, 1766)
4. Hazel dormouse, *Muscardinus avellanarius* (Linnaeus, 1758)

Family Sminthidae Brandt, 1855

1. Northern birch mouse, *Sicista betulina* (Pallas, 1779)

Family Allactagidae Vinogradov, 1925

1. Great jerboa, *Allactaga major* (Kerr, 1792)

Family Spalacidae Gray, 1821

1. Greater mole rat, *Spalax microphthalmus* Güldenstaedt, 1770
2. Family Cricetidae Fischer, 1817
3. Bank vole, *Myodes glareolus* (Schreber, 1780)
4. Northern red-backed vole, *Myodes rutilus* (Pallas, 1779)
5. European water vole, *Arvicola amphibius* (Linnaeus, 1758)
6. Root vole, *Microtus oeconomus* (Pallas, 1776)
7. Gray dwarf hamster, *Cricetus migratorius* (Pallas, 1773)
8. Common hamster, *Cricetus cricetus* (Linnaeus, 1758)
9. Muskrat, *Ondatra zibethicus* (Linnaeus, 1766)
10. Steppe lemming, *Lagurus lagurus* Pallas, 1773
11. Common vole, *Microtus arvalis* (Pallas, 1779)
12. East European vole, *Microtus rossiaemeridionalis* Ognev, 1924
13. Field vole, *Microtus agrestis* (Linnaeus, 1761)
14. European pine vole, *Microtus subterraneus* (de Selys-Longchamps, 1836)

Family Muridae Illiger, 1811

1. Striped field mouse, *Apodemus agrarius* (Pallas, 1771)
2. Pygmy wood mouse, *Apodemus uralensis* (Pallas, 1811)
3. Yellow-necked wood mouse, *Apodemus flavicollis* (Melchior, 1834)
4. Harvest mouse, *Micromys minutus* (Pallas, 1771)
5. House mouse, *Mus musculus* Linnaeus, 1758
6. Norway rat, *Rattus norvegicus* (Berkenhout, 1769)
Genetic studies of two similar species, *Microtus arvalis* and *M. rossiaemeridionalis*, have not been conducted in the region. Approaches and criteria for differentiation of two similar species, *Erinaceus roumanicus* and *E. europaeus*, have been applied for a number of specific morphological and craniometric characteristics (Zaitsev 1984; Frost et al. 1991). First, *E. roumanicus* has a patch of white hair on its belly. And *E. europaeus* has no white hair on its belly. Differences in the skull are also apparent; in *E. roumanicus*, the premaxillary-maxillary suture has one or two inflections (in *E. europaeus* it is smooth), the length of the premaxillary-nasal suture does not exceed 9.0 mm (in *E. europaeus* >9.0 mm), and the maximum length of the nasal bones in their back part is greater than or equal to 3.0 mm (*E. europaeus* <3.0 mm) (Zaitsev 1984; Frost et al. 1991; Zaitsev et al. 2014). The color of the needles of these two species can serve as a criteria for their differences. Six species (*Eliomys quercinus*, *Cricetulus migratorius*, *Lagurus lagurus*, *Myodes rutilus*, *Microtus subterraneus*, and *Neomys anomalus*) reported from the Republic of Mordovia were not detected during our surveys. However, these species were captured by our colleagues, either long ago or even in the last year, and most of them (*E. quercinus*, *C. migratorius*, *L. lagurus*, and *M. rutilus*) were recorded in the Mordovian state nature reserve, Temnikovsky district (Borodina et al. 1970). *Microtus subterraneus* has recently been found in Mordovia (Kirillova et al. 2019). This record represents the easternmost occurrence of this species. Previously, this underground vole was recorded in neighboring regions of Mordovia, namely near the village of Zhelannoie in Ryazan region and from Zametchinsky district in Penza region. This species is rare and included in Red Data Books of several Russian regions, including the Leningrad, Tver, Penza, Moscow, Pskov reion, and Novgorod regions. The appearance of a new species for Mordovia can be explained by its expansion into new territories. This is confirmed by the new record of this species from the Smolensk region (Belyaev 2020). In addition, a species atypical of the Mordovian fauna, *Neomys anomalus*, is now known (Borodin 2013).

From an ecological perspective, mesophilous species comprise the largest group, which includes 26 species. Some xerophilous species (*M. bobak*, *Sp. suslicus*, *Al. major*, *Sp. microphthalmus*, *Cr. migratorius*, *Cr. cricetus*, *L. lagurus*, and *M. minutus*) occur only in steppe habitats. Only in the steppe areas of Mordovia are there concentrated populations of *S. microphthalmus* (Andreychev 2018, 2019) and *M. bobak* (Andreychev et al. 2015). Populations of *S. microphthalmus* in Mordavia are vulnerable, as in other parts of its range (Zagorodniuk et al. 2018). Grazing is important here for *M. bobak*, as has been shown for Ukraine (Rashevksa and Semeniuk 2015; Tokarsky 2015; Savchenko and Ronkin 2018).

Dendrophile rodents are represented by only seven species: *D. nitedula*, *G. glis*, *M. avellanarius*, *E. quercinus*, *S. vulgaris*, *A. flavicollis*, and *A. uralensis*. Of these species, the most studied in the region are *D. nitedula* (Andreychev and Boyarova 2020; Andreychev and Kiyaykina 2020), *A. flavicollis*, and *A. uralensis* (Andreychev and Kuznetsov 2012).

Thirteen species are associated with human settlements, *C. suaveolens*, *E. roumanicus*, *S. minutus*, *S. araneus*, *S. isodon*, *C. cricetus*, *M. glareolus*, *M. arvalis*, *A. agrarius*, *A. uralensis*, *A. flavicollis*, *M. musculus*, and *R. norvegicus*, and these have been repeatedly been recorded in residential areas. However, only three species, *M. musculus*, *R. norvegicus*, and *C. suaveolens*, are truly commensals.
The rodent and insectivore fauna of Mordovia is in general large, as it includes both steppe and taiga species. The largest rodent of Mordovia is *C. fiber*, which is widely distributed in the region’s water bodies (Andreychev 2017). The rodent and insectivore fauna of Mordovia is larger than in adjacent regions. However, the fauna lacks some species that exist in adjacent regions: Ulyanovsk region - *Allocricetulus eversmanni* Brandt, 1859 (Red Book 2008); Penza region - *Spermophilus major* Pallas, 1778, *Sicista strandi* (Formozov, 1931) (Il’in et al. 2006); Nizhny Novgorod region – *Rattus rattus* (Linnaeus, 1758), *Tamias sibiricus* (Laxmann, 1769), *Pteromys volans* (Linnaeus, 1758), *Myodes rufocanus* (Sundevall, 1846) (Krivonogov et al. 2008); Chuvash region – *Tamias sibiricus* (Laxmann, 1769), *Pteromys volans* (Linnaeus, 1758) (Red Book 2010); and Ryazan region - *Rattus rattus* (Linnaeus, 1758), *Pteromys volans* (Linnaeus, 1758) (Red Book 2011). Thus, seven species of rodents and insectivores present in adjacent regions are absent from the fauna of Mordovia.

**Taxonomic coverage**

The dataset contains more than 24,000 registrations of rodent and insectivore species from the districts of the Republic of Mordovia, including Saransk (Table 1, Appendix 1).

**Taxonomic ranks**

**Kingdom:** Animalia  
**Phylum:** Chordata  
**Class:** Mammalia  
**Order:** Eulipotyphla, Rodentia  
**Family:** Erinaceidae, Talpidae, Soricidae, Sciuridae, Castoridae, Gliridae, Sminthidae, Allactagidae, Spalacidae, Cricetidae, Muridae  
**Genus:** *Talpa*, Desmana, Sorex, Neomys, Crocidura, Sciurus, Spermophilus, Marmota, Castor, Dryomys, Eliomys, Glis, Muscardinus, Sicista, Allactaga, Spalax, Myodes, Arvicola, Microtus, Cricetus, Cricetus, Ondatra, Lagurus, Microtus, Apodemus, Micromys, Mus, Rattus  
**Species:** *Erinaceus roumanicus*, *Erinaceus europaeus*, *Talpa europaea*, Desmana moschata, Sorex araneus, Sorex caecutiens, Sorex minutissimus, Sorex isodon, Sorex minutus, Neomys fodiens, Neomys anomalus, Crocidura suaveolens, Sciurus vulgaris, Spermophilus suslicus, Marmota bobak, Castor fiber, Dryomys nitedula, Eliomys quercinus, Glis glis, Muscardinus avellanarius, Sicista betulina, Allactaga major, Spalax microphthalmus, Myodes glareolus, Myodes rutilus, Arvicola amphibius, Microtus oeconomus, Cricetulus migratorius, Cricetus cricetus, Ondatra zibethicus, Lagurus lagurus, Microtus arvalis, Microtus rossiaemeridionalis, Microtus agrestis, Microtus subterraneus, Apodemus agrarius, Apodemus uralensis, Apodemus flavicollis, Micromys minutus, Mus musculus, Rattus norvegicus
### Table 1. Registration points of rodents and insectivores collected in the Mordovia.

| Species no. | Species                                   | Points no. (from Appendix 1) |
|-------------|-------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1           | Erinaceus roumanicus                      | 17, 25, 31, 32, 46, 63, 75, 99, 102 |
| 2           | Erinaceus europaeus                       | 34, 103                      |
| 3           | Talpa europaea                            | 1, 8, 11, 17, 24, 33, 36, 40, 44, 53, 56, 63, 64, 67, 73, 76, 81, 85, 97, 98, 102, 103, 105 |
| 4           | Desmana moschata                          | 68, 73, 76, 81, 95, 97, 101  |
| 5           | Sorex araneus                             | 6, 8, 11, 22, 24, 28, 33, 35, 40, 45, 51, 53, 56, 63, 64, 67, 73, 77, 83, 89, 98, 102, 103 |
| 6           | Sorex caecutiens                          | 37, 71, 76, 93, 97, 102, 103 |
| 7           | Sorex minutissimus                        | 76                           |
| 8           | Sorex iodon                               | 14, 37, 52, 59, 62, 66, 74, 96, 102, 103 |
| 9           | Sorex minutus                             | 10, 11, 22, 24, 26, 33, 35, 40, 45, 51, 53, 56, 58, 63, 65, 67, 73, 77, 82, 91, 98, 102, 103 |
| 10          | Neomys fodiens                            | 12, 17, 33, 40, 47, 49, 53, 55, 63, 69, 73, 76, 80, 84, 86, 97, 101, 102, 103, 105 |
| 11          | Neomys anomalus                           | 76                           |
| 12          | Crocidura suaveolens                      | 40, 67, 76, 102              |
| 13          | Sciurus vulgaris                          | 17, 31, 34, 38, 44, 56, 63, 67, 73, 76, 88, 97, 100, 102 |
| 14          | Spermophilus suslicus                      | 7, 31, 23, 33                |
| 15          | Marmota bobak                             | 1, 21, 31, 32, 39, 62        |
| 16          | Castor fiber                              | 1, 8, 11, 17, 24, 33, 36, 40, 44, 53, 56, 63, 64, 67, 73, 76, 81, 85, 97, 98, 102, 103, 105 |
| 17          | Dryomys nitedula                          | 36, 76, 102, 103             |
| 18          | Eliomys quercinus                         | 17, 76                       |
| 19          | Glis glis                                 | 4, 38, 42, 76, 102           |
| 20          | Maccardinus avellanarius                  | 17, 56, 102, 103             |
| 21          | Sciota betulina                           | 76, 100, 102, 103            |
| 22          | Allactaga major                           | 31, 33, 69, 85               |
| 23          | Spalax microphthalmus                     | 11, 19                       |
| 24          | Myodes glareolus                          | 1, 8, 11, 17, 24, 33, 36, 40, 44, 53, 56, 63, 64, 67, 73, 76, 81, 85, 97, 98, 102, 103, 105 |
| 25          | Myodes rutilus                            | 76                           |
| 26          | Arvicola amphibius                        | 1, 8, 11, 17, 24, 33, 36, 40, 44, 53, 56, 63, 64, 67, 73, 76, 81, 85, 97, 98, 102, 103, 105 |
| 27          | Microtus oeconomicus                      | 24, 61, 70, 76, 92, 102, 103 |
| 28          | Cricetulus migratorius                    | 76                           |
| 29          | Cricetulus cricetus                       | 3, 5, 9, 16, 18, 24, 33, 37, 50, 62, 98, 104 |
| 30          | Ondatra zibethicus                        | 1, 8, 11, 17, 24, 33, 36, 40, 44, 53, 56, 63, 64, 67, 73, 76, 81, 85, 97, 98, 102, 103, 105 |
| 31          | Lagurus lagurus                           | 31, 76                       |
| 32          | Microtus arvalis s.l.                     | 1, 8, 11, 17, 24, 33, 36, 40, 44, 53, 56, 63, 64, 67, 73, 76, 81, 85, 97, 98, 102, 103, 105 |
| 33          | Microtus agrestis                         | 72, 76, 87, 102, 103         |
| 34          | Microtus subterraneus                     | 102                          |
| 35          | Apodemus agrarius                         | 10, 11, 22, 24, 27, 33, 35, 40, 45, 51, 53, 56, 58, 63, 65, 67, 73, 77, 82, 91, 98, 102, 103 |
| 36          | Apodemus arvalensis                      | 1, 8, 11, 17, 24, 33, 36, 40, 44, 53, 56, 63, 64, 67, 73, 76, 81, 85, 97, 98, 102, 103, 105 |
| 37          | Apodemus flavicollis                      | 2, 29, 30, 33, 41, 54, 56, 57, 60, 63, 73, 78, 79, 90, 97, 103 |
| 38          | Micromys minutus                          | 13, 17, 31, 43, 48, 71, 76, 102 |
| 39          | Mus musculus                              | 10, 11, 22, 24, 27, 33, 35, 40, 45, 51, 53, 56, 58, 63, 65, 67, 73, 77, 82, 91, 98, 102, 103 |
| 40          | Rattus norvegicus                         | 1, 8, 11, 17, 24, 33, 36, 40, 44, 53, 56, 63, 64, 67, 73, 76, 81, 85, 97, 98, 102, 103, 105 |

**Spatial coverage**

The dataset covers the entire Republic of Mordovia within 53°38’N to 55°11’N and 42°11’E to 46°45’E.

**Temporal coverage**

The data were collected from 2006 to 2020.
Method

Most of the dataset was obtained in the Republic of Mordovia during expedition research and at the biological station. The work is based on the materials of our surveys of rodents and insectivorous mammals conducted in the Republic of Mordovia, using trap lines and pitfall arrays using traditional methods. Small rodents were captured using small spring snap-traps (120 × 55 mm) left over night in lines of from 50 to 100 traps with a distance of 5 m between them and baited with bread and sunflower oil. We also used live traps baited with salami and apple to catch dormice. Voucher specimens are stored in the personal collection A. Andreychev, Saransk (teriomordovia@bk.ru). Data on Erinaceus roumanicus, Erinaceus europaeus, Talpa europaea, Desmana moschata, Sciurus vulgaris, Spermophilus suslicus, Marmota bobak, Castor fiber, Allactaga major, Spalax microphthalmus, Cricetus cricetus, and Ondatra zibethicus were obtained via direct observations, recording and/or detection of the traces of their activities (tracks, burrows, etc.). Latin names of species are given according to the classical nomenclature (Wilson and Reeder 2005).

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Appendix I

Points of the Republic of Mordovia in which mammals are recorded.

| Points no. | District           | Location         | Geographic coordinates |
|------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------------|
| 1          | Lyambirskiy        | Atemar           | 54.0980°N, 45.2138°E  |
| 2          | Kochkurovskiy      | Voroševka        | 54.0251°N, 45.1754°E  |
| 3          | Lyambirskiy        | Vnukovka         | 54.0118°N, 45.1609°E  |
| 4          | Ichalkovskiy       | Novotyaglovka    | 53.5506°N, 45.1778°E  |
| 5          | Lyambirskiy        | Cheremishevo     | 54.1579°N, 45.0604°E  |
| 6          | Romodanovskiy      | Malaya Chfaroška | 54.2435°N, 45.1750°E  |
| 7          | Romodanovskiy      | Romodanovo       | 54.2494°N, 45.2043°E  |
| 8          | Kavtorovka         | Vkurilo          | 54.2854°N, 45.2805°E  |
| 9          | Ichalkovskiy       | Levzhenskiy      | 54.0618°N, 45.0517°E  |
| 10         | Ruzaevskiy         | Popovka          | 54.0690°N, 45.0310°E  |
| 11         | Romodanovskiy      | Klyucharevo      | 54.0846°N, 45.0121°E  |
| 12         | Ichalkovskiy       | Ruzayevka        | 54.0246°N, 44.5609°E  |
| 13         | Romodanovskiy      | Bogolyubovka     | 54.0596°N, 44.5238°E  |
| 14         | Klyucharevo        | Tatarskij Shebdas| 53.5851°N, 44.5444°E  |
| 15         | Lyambirskiy        | Saransk          | 54.1328°N, 45.1102°E  |
| 16         | Romodanovskiy      | Saransk          | 54.0495°N, 45.0589°E  |
| 17         | Kochkurovskiy      | Dobrovol’nyj     | 54.0807°N, 45.0506°E  |
| 18         | Lyambirskiy        | Pushkino         | 54.0815°N, 45.1151°E  |
| 19         | Kochkurovskiy      | Makarovka        | 54.1037°N, 45.1717°E  |
| 20         | Romodanovskiy      | Kulikovka        | 54.0689°N, 45.1217°E  |
| 21         | Kochkurovskiy      | Zharenki         | 54.4420°N, 46.1421°E  |
| 22         | Romodanovskiy      | Tarasovo         | 54.3578°N, 46.1334°E  |
| 23         | Romodanovskiy      | Rep’evka         | 54.2468°N, 45.4177°E  |
| 24         | Kochkurovskiy      | Gorbunovka       | 54.3030°N, 45.5188°E  |
| 25         | Kochkurovskiy      | Azar’evka        | 54.3367°N, 45.3987°E  |
| 26         | Kochkurovskiy      | Komsomol’skij    | 54.2672°N, 45.5183°E  |
| 27         | Kochkurovskiy      | Lyulya           | 54.2755°N, 45.5589°E  |
| 28         | Kochkurovskiy      | Večkkusy         | 54.4196°N, 45.3641°E  |
| 29         | Kochkurovskiy      | Simkino          | 54.1527°N, 46.1168°E  |
| 30         | Kochkurovskiy      | Engalychevo      | 54.1846°N, 46.2649°E  |
| 31         | Kochkurovskiy      | Nikolaevka       | 54.2105°N, 46.3065°E  |
| 32         | Kochkurovskiy      | Purkaev          | 54.2316°N, 46.3625°E  |
| 33         | Kochkurovskiy      | Novaya Pyrma     | 54.0017°N, 45.2922°E  |
| 34         | Kochkurovskiy      | Chamzinka         | 54.2318°N, 45.4739°E  |
| 35         | Kochkurovskiy      | Mediaevo         | 54.2593°N, 46.0009°E  |
| 36         | Kochkurovskiy      | Pyangelej        | 54.1778°N, 45.4172°E  |
| 37         | Kochkurovskiy      | Picheury         | 54.1847°N, 45.4883°E  |
| 38         | Kochkurovskiy      | Luhmenskij Majdan| 53.4460°N, 44.1146°E  |
| 39         | Kochkurovskiy      | Potulovka        | 53.4215°N, 44.2515°E  |
| Points no. | District                | Location                  | Geographic coordinates |
|-----------|-------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| 42        | Kadoshkinskiy           | Adashevo                  | 53.5712°N, 44.1884°E   |
| 43        | Kovylykinskiy           | Mordovskoe Kolomosovo     | 53.5837°N, 44.0684°E   |
| 44        | Atyur'evskiy            | Shustruj                  | 54.1441°N, 43.2251°E   |
| 45        |                       | Kurkashki                 | 54.1916°N, 43.2639°E   |
| 46        | Zubovo-Polyanskiy       | Achadovo                  | 53.5385°N, 43.0009°E   |
| 47        | Kovylykinskiy           | Gurny                     | 54.0067°N, 43.4337°E   |
| 48        | Krasnoslobodskiy        | Zhetonogovo               | 54.2875°N, 43.4456°E   |
| 49        |                       | Slobodskie Dubrovki       | 54.2483°N, 43.3468°E   |
| 50        | Temnikovskiy            | Bulaev                    | 54.3331°N, 43.3354°E   |
| 51        | Torbeevskiy             | Salazgor'                 | 54.0718°N, 43.0735°E   |
| 52        |                       | Drakino                   | 54.0269°N, 43.1445°E   |
| 53        | Kadoshkinskiy           | Pushkino                  | 54.0528°N, 43.2329°E   |
| 54        | Kuzmaevskiy             | Boldovo                   | 53.5981°N, 44.3908°E   |
| 55        | Staroshajgovskiy        | Mal'keevka                | 54.2428°N, 44.4723°E   |
| 56        |                       | Staraya Terzimorga        | 54.1569°N, 43.3043°E   |
| 57        | Lyambirskiy             | Dal'niy                   | 54.2883°N, 44.5892°E   |
| 58        |                       | Yazykovo                  | 54.2680°N, 44.5864°E   |
| 59        |                       | Lopatinoy                | 54.1738°N, 45.0136°E   |
| 60        | Ardatovskiy             | Kurakin                   | 54.5645°N, 46.0831°E   |
| 61        |                       | Staroe Ardatovskiy        | 54.5843°N, 46.1336°E   |
| 62        | Bol'sheignatovskiy      | Petrovka                  | 54.5854°N, 45.2930°E   |
| 63        |                       | Kirzhemany                | 54.5850°N, 45.4432°E   |
| 64        | Kovylykinskiy           | Rybkino                   | 54.1531°N, 43.4799°E   |
| 65        |                       | Kovylyaj                  | 54.1016°N, 43.5071°E   |
| 66        | Krasnoslobodskiy        | Krasnaya Podgora          | 54.2887°N, 43.4870°E   |
| 67        |                       | Lesnog                    | 54.2613°N, 43.5214°E   |
| 68        |                       | Zarechnoe                 | 54.2469°N, 43.5124°E   |
| 69        |                       | Staraya Ryabka            | 54.2050°N, 43.5046°E   |
| 70        |                       | Samozlejka                | 54.1829°N, 43.4931°E   |
| 71        | El'nikovskiy            | Churino                   | 54.3995°N, 43.4471°E   |
| 72        |                       | Russkie Poshaty           | 54.4078°N, 44.4436°E   |
| 73        |                       | Starye Pichingusin        | 54.3391°N, 45.5029°E   |
| 74        | Temnikovskiy            | Staryj Gorod             | 54.4175°N, 43.0609°E   |
| 75        |                       | Temnikov                  | 54.3748°N, 43.1139°E   |
| 76        |                       | MGZ im. RG. Smidovicha    | 54.4286°N, 43.1423°E   |
| 77        |                       | Kozlovka                 | 54.3816°N, 43.2114°E   |
| 78        |                       | Soznaokoy                | 54.4281°N, 43.1683°E   |
| 79        | Ten'gushevskiy          | Standrovo                 | 54.3953°N, 42.3943°E   |
| 80        |                       | Shelubej                 | 54.4074°N, 42.4291°E   |
| 81        |                       | Telimerk               | 54.4364°N, 42.4580°E   |
| 82        |                       | Feklisov                 | 54.4289°N, 42.5073°E   |
| 83        |                       | Vedenyapino              | 54.4416°N, 42.5857°E   |
| 84        | Atyur'evskiy            | Arga                     | 54.2034°N, 43.0912°E   |
| 85        | Zubovo-Polyanskiy       | Podyasofo                | 54.1941°N, 42.4184°E   |
| 86        |                       | Svezhen'kaya             | 54.0035°N, 42.2674°E   |
| 87        |                       | Izvest'                  | 53.5609°N, 42.2746°E   |
| 88        |                       | Vysha                    | 53.5033°N, 42.2320°E   |
| 89        |                       | Gorodishche             | 53.4553°N, 42.2921°E   |
| 90        |                       | Zhukovkova               | 53.5293°N, 43.4358°E   |
| 91        |                       | Shiringusin             | 53.5123°N, 42.4571°E   |
| 92        |                       | Ozernyi                  | 54.2510°N, 42.4141°E   |
| 93        |                       | Lesnog                  | 54.2774°N, 42.4323°E   |
| 94        |                       | Romanovka              | 54.1481°N, 42.4416°E   |
| Points no. | District                  | Location         | Geographic coordinates |
|-----------|---------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| 95        | Zubovo-Polyanskiy         | Leplej            | 54.1883°N, 42.4890°E  |
| 96        | Ten'gushevskiy            | Yuzga             | 54.3277°N, 42.5919°E  |
| 97        | Torbeevskiy               | Vindrej           | 54.1554°N, 42.5523°E  |
| 98        | Ardatovskiy               | Turgenevo         | 54.5150°N, 46.1648°E  |
| 99        |                           | Redkodub'e        | 54.4743°N, 46.0990°E  |
| 100       |                           | Luni'ga           | 54.4864°N, 45.5652°E  |
| 101       |                           | Lun'ginskij Majdan| 54.5046°N, 45.4821°E  |
| 102       | Ichalkovskiy              | Smol'nyj          | 54.4592°N, 45.3690°E  |
| 103       | Bol'shebereznikovskiy     | Biologicheskaya stanciya MGU | 54.1014°N, 46.0988°E  |
| 104       |                           | Special'nyj       | 54.0262°N, 45.5324°E  |
| 105       | Kochkurovskiy             | Mordovskoe Davydovo| 53.5856°N, 45.4535°E  |