Supplementary Materials

Dibasic Derivatives of Phenylcarbamic Acid as Prospective Antibacterial Agents Interacting with Cytoplasmic Membrane

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1g and *Staphylococcus aureus* ATCC 29213

1g and MRSA 63718

1g and *E. faecalis* ATCC 29212
Figure S1. Dynamics of antibacterial activity of 1-[3-(dipropylammonio)-2-([3-(hexyloxy)phenyl]carbamoyl)oxy]propyl]pyrrolidinium dichloride (1g) against staphylococci (A, B) and enterococci (C–F).
1h and *Staphylococcus aureus* ATCC 29213

1h and MRSA 63718

1h and *E. faecalis* ATCC 29212
Figure S2. Dynamics of antibacterial activity of 1-[3-(dipropylammonio)-2-([3-(heptyloxy)phenyl]-
carbamoyl]oxy)- propyl]pyrrolidinium dichloride (1h) against staphylococci (A, B) and enterococci (C–F).