THE ROLE OF SWOT ANALYSIS IN SUBSTANTIATION PROSPECTS FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE OIL AND GAS PRODUCTION ENTERPRISE

One of the most important sectors of the economy, on which depends the efficiency of the entire economic system in the country is the oil industry. Oil and gas production, like no other branch of the economy, creates a large number of jobs and consumes the products of many sectors of the economy. The economic effect of the development of this industry is the multiplier effect of the funds invested in production.

Within the framework of strategic planning, SWOT analysis is considered as a separate stage of evaluation and structuring of information. Its use allowed to systematize the available information on the strengths and weaknesses of the oil and gas industry (advantages and disadvantages), as well as its opportunities and threats (environmental factors, the impact of which will create advantages or potentially hinder market activities). SWOT analysis is an important component of the selection and development of the entity’s strategy, as it allows you to assess the internal potential of the enterprise and identify opportunities and threats to the external environment.

The article analyzes several internal and external factors and builds a SWOT analysis of the oil and gas industry enterprise «Borislavnaftogaz», to better understand its financial and economic
situation and form a strategy for its development. The Boryslavnaftogaz oil and gas company is a unique hydrocarbon facility, one of the largest, oldest, most famous fields in Europe, and one of the centers of world development in the oil industry.

Analyzing the SWOT analysis of Boryslavnaftogaz, we note that the following factors are of the greatest importance: strategy and concept for new fields, exploration, and drilling, concluding contracts for the purchase of long-supply goods where preparatory work for drilling 3 new wells, capital wells directed to the extension of special permits for extraction. The loss of the enterprise (during the analyzed period of 2017-2020), the high degree of depletion of deposits, depreciation of fixed assets – some of the most influential weaknesses and deserve the most attention.

Key words: SWOT analysis; oil and gas industry; financial and economic situation; internal and external factors; development strategy.

Statement of the problem in general and its connection with important scientific or practical tasks. Today, Ukraine's oil and gas complex undoubtedly plays a key role not only in the domestic fuel and energy complex but also in the economy as a whole. Ensuring a sufficient level of development of the oil and gas complex is a necessary condition for the stable development of any country, because, in addition to purely commercial activities, enterprises of this complex play an important social role, providing the population, budget institutions, and utilities with natural gas.

In 2020, both in Ukraine and in the world, the macroeconomic situation was characterized by instability, and energy prices – high volatility and a general negative trend. In March 2020, due to the increase in supply due to the failure of negotiations to limit production under OPEC+ and reduced demand due to the introduction of quarantine measures in many countries, prices fell significantly. Subsequently, due to the gradual resumption of economic activity, oil prices resumed growth. Overall, Brent oil prices ranged from $19 to $64 per barrel during the year, and Urals oil...
prices, which are closest to domestic oil, ranged from $20 to $62 per barrel. The average annual oil prices of both grades were $42/barrel [6].

2020 saw the lowest gas prices in recent years, primarily due to increased supplies of liquefied natural gas from the United States to Europe, combined with reduced consumption through COVID-19. At the same time, prices during the year were characterized by a more pronounced dependence on seasonality. Thus, during the heating season in January-February and October-December, prices were significantly higher than in other months due to seasonal growth in demand.

Due to the collapse of world hydrocarbon prices in the spring of 2020, the reporting year became one of the most difficult for the oil industry of Ukraine. Despite this, in 2020 the production of oil and gas condensate in Ukraine amounted to 2.4 million tons, which corresponds to 2019. Given the state of the domestic economy, the problems and prospects of the modern oil and gas complex of Ukraine are quite relevant [6].

Within the framework of strategic planning, SWOT analysis is considered as a separate stage of evaluation and structuring of information. Its use will allow systematizing the available information on the strengths and weaknesses of the oil and gas industry (advantages and disadvantages), as well as its opportunities and threats (environmental factors, the impact of which will create advantages or potentially hinder market activities). It is an important component of the selection and development of the entity's strategy, as it allows you to assess the internal potential of the enterprise and identify opportunities and threats to the external environment [4].

Analysis of recent research and publications, which initiated the solution of this problem and on which the author relies, the selection of previously unsolved parts of the general problem, which is the subject of this article. Some aspects of the functioning of the oil and gas industry, considered in their work, such domestic scientists as L. Horal, A. Hrytsyk, S. Korol, V. Myroshnychenko, S. Onyshchenko, O. Shapran, V. Shyiko, K. Shtepenko, O. Chervinska, and other. The general method of conducting SWOT-analysis is widely covered by many scientists, in particular, such as L. Lipych, M. Kulynych H. Semenov, O. Yaroshevskiaia, L. Shkulipa, M. Pyvovarov, A. Shapovalov, M. Zghurovskyi, K. Perevezra.

The scientific works of these scientists note that the SWOT analysis provides a basis for assessing the effectiveness of the organization, identifying opportunities and threats from the environment to the market environment.

However, despite a large amount of research on selected topics and the wide range of issues considered, several unresolved issues remain, namely in terms of their use in the strategic analysis of the development of agricultural enterprises. The need for new approaches to strategic analysis in this area and several specific aspects require further research and development.

Formulation of the goals of the article (task statement). The article aims to identify external and internal factors that affect the functioning of the oil and gas industry «Borislavnaftogaz», and SWOT-analysis as one of the most common and effective tools for developing development strategies.

Presentation of the main material of the study with a full justification of the obtained scientific results. In recent years, oil and condensate production in Ukraine has stabilized at almost 4 million tons, where the share of BNPR is almost 4%. Boroslavlavaftogaz ranks second among the 6 oil and gas production departments of PJSC Ukrnafta in terms of industrial oil reserves, its share is 20.1%, mostly hard-to-extract oil reserves, fields in late or final stages of development. The main field of the district is the Boryslav oil and gas condensate ozokerite field [5].

NGVU «Borislavnaftogaz» is a unique hydrocarbon facility, one of the largest, oldest, most famous fields in Europe, one of the centers of world development of the oil industry.

The subject of activity of NGVU «Borislavnaftogaz» is the development and operation of oil, gas, and gas condensate fields, preparation for the sale of oil, gas condensate, and gas; construction and overhaul of facilities for production, collection, preparation, transportation, and utilization of oil, gas, condensate, and water in fields; capital and current repairs of oil, gas, water intake, injection wells, work to increase their productivity, other work on dewatering wells, as well as the supply of natural gas at regulated and unregulated tariffs and other profitable activities not prohibited by Ukrainian laws that promote the fulfillment of the main tasks of NGVU. The main activities of the management are the extraction of oil and associated gas extracted from oil wells.

To better understand the financial and economic situation of the Boryslavaftogaz oil and gas industry, we will analyze several internal and external factors and build a SWOT analysis. At the first stage, we will identify the strengths and weaknesses of NGVU «Borislavnaftogaz» using the following evaluation parameters: finance, marketing, organization, production, personnel management, investment, and innovation (Table 1).
| Evaluation parameters                                                                 | Strengths                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Weak sides                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| **Finances** (assessment of financial condition, financial stability of the enterprise, corporate liquidity, business profitability, production costs, capital turnover rate) | financial stability of the enterprise of oil and gas industry «Borislavnaftogaz».                                                                                                                        | the illiquid structure of the balance sheet of the Boryslavnaftogaz oil and gas industry enterprise; unprofitable enterprise (during 2017-2020).                                                                 |
| **Marketing** (strategy, concept, tactics, product sales, competitors)                 | - strategy and concept for new deposits, exploration, and drilling; - research and development.                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| **Organization** (organizational structure of management, level of qualification of workers, interest in development of the enterprise, interaction between divisions) | - quality staff; - staff training and development; - high level of qualification and persistence of the management; - restructuring of the warehouse logistics function and creation of a centralized Logistics Department; - the transformation of the transport function and the creation of a centralized Transport Department. |                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| **Production** (organization and efficiency of production, production capacity, quality and degree of operation of equipment, quality of finished products, labor protection in production) | - products that meet the best world standards; - best practice in the field of labor protection was introduced; - the corporate motivational program «Reward for activity in the field of labor safety» is developed. | the high degree of depletion of deposits.                                                                                                                                                                |
| **HR** (recruitment and selection of staff, training, and development of staff; staff motivation) | - introduced a system of grades for managerial and engineering positions of all structural units and a scheme of salaries based on grades (the level of wages is now focused on market indicators, its size has increased by more than 30%, and remuneration is tied to employee performance); - a monthly bonus for employees (including KTU) and semi-annual bonus for managers and ITP (taking into account corporate results and close connection with the results of individual KPIs); - social benefits for employees (at the birth of a child, large families and families with children with disabilities, for the burial of the employee/relatives, relatives of the employee) |                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| **Investments** (expansion of production, licenses, special permits, the conclusion of contracts) | - part of last year's capital expenditures was aimed at extending special permits for extraction; - concluding contracts for the purchase of long-supply goods where preparatory work was carried out for drilling 3 new wells. | investments in the construction of new wells decreased by 76% (no drilling was carried out directly)                                                                                                     |
| **Innovation** (management of enterprise development, frequency of introduction of new products and services in production, degree of their novelty (insignificant or cardinal changes), payback periods of means invested in development of novelties) |                                                                                                                                                                                                          | depreciation of fixed assets (buildings, structures, machinery and equipment, tools)                                                                                                                     |
At the second stage of SWOT-analysis – market assessment. When assessing market opportunities and threats, we take as a basis the following assessment parameters: sales, economic factor, political and legal factor, demand, natural and environmental factors, scientific and technical factors, socio-cultural factor [3] (Table 2).

### Table 2.
**Identification of market opportunities and threats of Boryslavnaftogaz oil and gas industry enterprise**

| Evaluation parameters | Opportunities | Threats |
|-----------------------|---------------|---------|
| **Marketing**<br>(availability of various distribution networks, product distribution channels that allow resolving the issue of forming a sales network, terms of supply of components and materials) | increase and increase the efficiency of production through the implementation of various categories of organizational and technical measures. | - tax debt regularly. |
| **Economic factor**<br>(inflation rate, taxation system, financial and credit policy in the country, changes in the structure of consumer consumption) | to remove the restrictive burden, which will significantly expand the opportunities for enterprise development and attract investment capital. | - quite frequent changes in the legal framework, as well as a high degree of contradiction between existing acts, which hurts the company. |
| **Political and legal factors**<br>(state of legislation regulating economic activity, consequences of the impact of foreign policy actions on the development of markets, state economic policy) | - transition to more alternative fuels (falling demand); - with declining incomes, fewer oil and gas products are used by the population. | |
| **Demand**<br>(market capacity, growth or contraction rates) | - to introduce the best world practices in the field of environmental safety; - take measures that can reduce the negative impact of environmental factors. | - growth of gassiness in the city of Borislaw; - oil manifestations in places of decommissioning. |
| **Natural and environmental factors**<br>(state of the environment, level of its pollution, public attitude to environmental protection) | - involvement in the operation of new development facilities; - introduction of new technologies in deposits; - the use of forced liquid extraction due to the effective introduction of mechanized extraction in deposits; - optimization of capital and current repairs of promising wells. | |
| **Scientific and technical factors**<br>(degree of the introduction of new technologies in industrial production) | - improving corporate culture; - introduction of highly specialized professional training courses; - development of expertise and knowledge exchange. | |
| **Соціально-культурний фактор**<br>(рівень освіти, ставлення людей до праці) | - involvement in the operation of new development facilities; - introduction of new technologies in deposits; - the use of forced liquid extraction due to the effective introduction of mechanized extraction in deposits; - optimization of capital and current repairs of promising wells. | |

Having analyzed the strengths and weaknesses, threats, and opportunities of the Boryslavnaftogaz oil and gas industry enterprise, we will assess (probability of impact) how important they are for the activities of the studied enterprise. We will evaluate and include them in the relevant sections of the SWOT analysis (Table 3).
## Table 3.
### Influence of factors on the development of the activity of the enterprise of the oil and gas industry «Borislavnaftogaz»

| Rating (probability of impact) | Factor |
|--------------------------------|--------|
| 4                              | Financial stability of the enterprise |
| 4                              | Strategy and concept for new deposits, exploration, and drilling |
| 3                              | Research and development |
| 2                              | High-quality staff |
| 2                              | Staff training and development |
| 5                              | High level of qualification and perseverance of the management |
| 4                              | Restructuring of the warehouse logistics function and creation of a centralized Logistics Department |
| 4                              | Transformation of the transport function and the creation of a centralized Transport Department |
| 3                              | Products that meet the best world standards |
| 3                              | Best practices in the field of labor protection have been introduced |
| 2                              | Developed corporate motivational program «Reward for activities in the field of occupational safety» |
| 3                              | The system of grades for managerial and engineering positions of all structural units and the scheme of salaries based on grades are introduced |
| 3                              | Monthly bonus for workers and semi-annual bonus for managers |
| 3                              | Social benefits for employees |
| 3                              | Capital expenditures are directed to the extension of special permits for extraction |
| 4                              | Concluding contracts for the purchase of long-supply goods where preparatory work was carried out for drilling 3 new wells. |
| 4                              | The illiquid structure of the balance sheet of the Boryslavnaftogaz oil and gas industry enterprise |
| 2                              | Unprofitable enterprise (during 2017-2020). |
| 5                              | The high degree of depletion of deposits |
| 4                              | Investments in the construction of new wells decreased by 76% (no drilling was carried out directly) |
| 4                              | Depreciation of fixed assets (buildings, structures, machinery and equipment, tools) |
| 3                              | Increasing and increasing the efficiency of production through the implementation of various categories of organizational and technical measures |
| 1                              | Remove the restrictive burden, which will significantly expand the company's development opportunities and attract investment capital |
| 1                              | Introduce world best practices in the field of environmental safety |
| 3                              | Take measures that can reduce the negative impact of environmental factors |
| 5                              | Commissioning of new development facilities |
| 5                              | Introduction of new technologies in deposits |
| 3                              | Application of forced liquid extraction due to effective introduction of mechanized extraction at deposits |
| 4                              | Optimization of capital and current repairs of perspective wells |
| 3                              | Improving corporate culture |
| 2                              | Introduction of highly specialized professional training courses |
| 2                              | Development of expertise and knowledge exchange |
| 3                              | Tax debt regularly |
| 3                              | Quite frequent changes in the legal framework, as well as a high degree of inconsistency between existing acts, hurts the company. |
| 3                              | Switching to more alternative fuels (falling demand) |
| 3                              | As the income of the population decreases, fewer oil and gas products are used by the population |
| 3                              | Growth of gassiness in the city of Borislav |
| 3                              | Oil manifestations in places of decommissioning |
| 4                              | The high degree of depletion of deposits |

We apply the method of positioning each specific opportunity on the matrix of opportunities (Table 4).
Table 4.
Matrix of Borislavnaftogaz business opportunities

| Probability of use | Strong                          | Moderate | Small                          |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|
| High               | Application of forced liquid    | -        | -                             |
|                    | extraction due to effective     |          |                               |
|                    | introduction of mechanized      |          |                               |
|                    | extraction at deposits          |          |                               |
| Average            | Increasing and increasing the   | -        | Introduce world               |
|                    | efficiency of production through|          | best practices in the         |
|                    | the implementation of various   |          | field of environmental        |
|                    | categories of organizational     |          | safety                        |
|                    | and technical measures.         |          |                               |
|                    | Optimization of capital and     | -        |                               |
|                    | current repairs of perspective  |          |                               |
|                    | wells.                          |          |                               |
|                    | Introduction of highly          | -        |                               |
|                    | specialized professional         |          |                               |
|                    | training courses.               |          |                               |
| Low                | - Commissioning of new          | Remove the restrictive tax burden,| - |
|                    | development facilities.         |          | which will significantly       |
|                    | - Introduction of new           |          | expand the company’s          |
|                    | technologies in deposits.       |          | development opportunities and  |
|                    | - Development of expertise and   |          | attract investment capital.    |
|                    | knowledge exchange.             |          |                               |

We will compile a similar matrix for threat assessment (Table 5).

Table 5.
Matrix of threats to the activity of the enterprise of oil and gas industry «Borislavnaftogaz»

| Probability of realization | Possible consequences |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|
|                            | Destructive          | Critical condition | Severe condition |
| High                       | - Oil manifestations | - Growth of        | - Oil             |
|                            | in places of        | gassiness in the   | manifestations     |
|                            | decommissioning.    | city of Borislav.  | in places of      |
| Average                    | The high degree     | - Falling demand   | - Falling demand   |
|                            | of depletion of     | due to the transition| due to the        |
|                            | deposits            | to more alternative | transition to more |
|                            |                     | fuels.             | alternative fuels. |
| Low                        | - With declining    | - Quite frequent    | - Quite frequent   |
|                            | incomes, fewer      | changes in the     | changes in the     |
|                            | products are used.  | legal framework.   | legal framework.   |
|                            | - Tax debt regularly|                   |                   |

In the profile table, we will enter the factors, each of which is given an assessment (Table 6). D – integrated assessment, which shows the degree of importance of the factor [1] on the activities of the oil and gas industry «Borislavnaftogaz».

Table 6.
Environment profile of Borislavnaftogaz oil and gas industry enterprise

| Environmental factor                                      | Importance for the industry («A») | Impact on the enterprise («B») | Direction of influence («C») | Degree of importance («D») |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. Financial stability of the enterprise                  | 2                                  | 3                              | + 1                           | + 6                       |
| 2. Strategy and concept for new deposits, exploration,   | 4                                  | 4                              | +1                            | +9                        |
| and drilling                                              | 4                                  | 4                              |                               |                           |
| 3. Research and development                              | 3                                  | 3                              | +2                            | +8                        |
| 4. Quality staff                                          | 3                                  | 3                              | +1                            | +7                        |
| 5. Staff training and development                         | 2                                  | 3                              | +1                            | +6                        |
| 6. High level of qualification and perseverance of the   | 3                                  | 3                              | +2                            | +8                        |
| management                                                | 3                                  | 3                              |                               |                           |
| 7. Restructuring of the warehouse logistics function and  | 3                                  | 3                              | +2                            | +8                        |
| creation of a centralized Logistics Department           | 3                                  | 3                              |                               |                           |
| 8. Transformation of the transport function and the creation of a centralized Department of Transport | 3                                  | 3                              | +2                            | +8                        |
| 9. Products that meet the best world standards            | 3                                  | 3                              | +2                            | +8                        |
|   |   |   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 10. Best practices in the field of labor protection have been introduced | 2 | 3 | +1 | +6 |
| 11. Developed corporate motivational program «Remuneration for activities in the field of occupational safety» | 2 | 2 | +1 | +5 |
| 12. A system of grades for managerial and engineering positions of all structural units and a salary scheme based on grades have been introduced | 2 | 2 | +2 | +6 |
| 13. Monthly bonus for workers and semi-annual bonus for managers | 2 | 2 | +2 | +6 |
| 14. Social benefits to employees | 2 | 2 | +2 | +6 |
| 15. Capital expenditures are directed to the extension of special permits for extraction | 4 | 4 | +1 | +9 |
| 16. Concluding contracts for the purchase of durable goods where preparatory work was carried out for drilling 3 new wells. | 4 | 4 | +2 | +9 |

**Weaknesses**

|   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1. Unprofitable enterprise (during 2017-2020) | 3 | 3 | −1 |
| 2. High degree of depletion of deposits | 3 | 3 | −1 |
| 3. Investments in the construction of new wells decreased by 76% (no direct drilling was carried out) | 3 | 3 | −1 |
| 4. Depreciation of fixed assets (buildings, structures, machinery and equipment, tools) | 3 | 3 | −1 |

**Opportunities**

|   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1. Increasing and increasing the efficiency of production through the implementation of various categories of organizational and technical measures | 3 | 3 | +1 |
| 2. Remove the restrictive tax burden, which will significantly expand the opportunities for enterprise development and attract investment capital | 3 | 3 | +1 |
| 3. Introduce the world's best practices in the field of environmental safety | 2 | 2 | +1 |
| 4. Take measures that can reduce the negative impact of environmental factors | 2 | 2 | +1 |
| 5. Commissioning of new development facilities | 4 | 4 | +2 |
| 6. Introduction of new technologies in deposits | 4 | 4 | +2 |
| 7. Application of forced liquid extraction due to effective introduction of mechanized extraction at deposits | 3 | 3 | +2 |
| 8. Optimization of capital and current repairs of promising wells | 4 | 4 | +1 |
| 9. Improving corporate culture | 2 | 2 | +1 |
| 10. Introduction of highly specialized professional training courses | 3 | 3 | +1 |
| 11. Development of expertise and knowledge exchange | 3 | 3 | +1 |

**Threats**

|   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1. Tax debt regularly | 3 | 3 | −1 |
| 2. Quite frequent changes in the legal framework, as well as a high degree of inconsistency between existing acts, which hurts the company. | 3 | 2 | −1 |
| 3. Transition to more alternative fuels (falling demand) | 3 | 2 | −1 |
| 4. With declining incomes, fewer oil and gas products are used by the population | 3 | 3 | −1 |
| 5. The growth of gassiness in the city of Borislav | 3 | 3 | −1 |
| 6. Oil manifestations in places of decommissioning | 3 | 3 | −1 |
| 7. High degree of depletion of deposits | 4 | 4 | −1 |

From the results of Table 6, we observe that the most important factors are: strategy and concept for new deposits, exploration, and drilling, contracting for the purchase of long-supply goods where preparations were made for
drilling 3 new wells, capital expenditures to extend special permits for extraction (+9). The loss of the enterprise (during the analyzed period of 2017-2020), the high degree of depletion of deposits, depreciation of fixed assets (-9) – deserve the most serious attention.

Comparison of strengths and weaknesses with market opportunities and threats has the opportunity to build a SWOT analysis (Table 7).

Table 7.
Matrix of SWOT-analysis of sales of Boryslavnaftogaz oil and gas industry enterprise

| OPPORTUNITIES                                                                 | THREATS                                                                 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1. Increasing and increasing the efficiency of production through the implementation of various categories of organizational and technical measures (+8) | 1. High degree of depletion of deposits (-9)                             |
| 2. Introduce world best practices in the field of environmental safety (+9) | 2. Quite frequent changes in the legal framework, as well as a high degree of inconsistency between existing acts, which hurts the company (-6) |
| 3. Commissioning of new development facilities (+9)                         | 3. Transition to more alternative fuels (falling demand) (-6)            |
| 4. Introduction of new technologies in deposits (+9)                       | 4. With a decrease in household income, fewer oil and gas products are used by the population (-6) |
| 5. Optimization of capital and current repairs of perspective wells (+9)   | 5. Growth of gassiness in the city of Borislav (-6)                      |
| 6. Introduction of highly specialized professional training courses (+6)    | 6. Oil manifestations in places of decommissioning (-6)                  |
| 7. Development of expertise and knowledge exchange (+9)                    | 7. Tax debt regularly (-9)                                              |
| Increase production through funding (invest more in innovation).           | Take measures to eliminate the growth of gassiness in the city of Borislav. |
| STRENGTHS                                                                   | WEAKNESSES                                                              |
| 1. Strategy and concept for new deposits, exploration, and drilling (+9)    | 1. Unprofitable enterprise (during 2017-2019) (-9).                     |
| 2. Research and development (+8)                                            | 2. High degree of depletion of deposits (-9).                           |
| 3. Staff training and development (+6)                                      | 3. Investments in the construction of new wells decreased by 76% (no drilling was carried out directly) (-8). |
| 4. High level of qualification and perseverance of the management (+8)     | 4. Depreciation of fixed assets (buildings, structures, machinery and equipment, tools) (-9). |
| 5. The system of grades for managerial and engineering-technical positions of all structural units and the scheme of salaries based on grades (+6) is introduced | Due to the depreciation of fixed assets of the Boryslavnaftogaz oil and gas industry, the industrial development of the company is declining, and a further increase in production will fall. |
| 6. Concluding contracts for the purchase of long-supply goods where preparatory work was carried out for drilling 3 new wells (+9) | The most dangerous is the depletion of fluids from the rocks. |

Having developed and analyzed the SWOT analysis, we see that one of the most influential weaknesses is the depreciation of fixed assets and losses of the company during 2017-2020, respectively, we develop proposals to improve the use of fixed assets and profitability.

Conclusions from this study and prospects for further exploration in this direction. Conclusions from this study and prospects for further exploration in this direction. After analyzing the SWOT analysis, we see that the most
important factors are: strategy and concept for new deposits, exploration, and drilling, contracting for the purchase of long-supply goods where preparations were made for drilling 3 new wells, capital expenditures to extend special permits for extraction. The loss of the enterprise (during the analyzed period of 2017-2020), the high degree of depletion of deposits, depreciation of fixed assets - some of the most influential weaknesses and deserve the most attention.

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