Implementing JIGSAW pedagogy to Enhance Learning in RES Course

Santosh Madeva Naik¹, Hema Mahajan², Sreeramulu M³, Ch Kannaiah ⁴

¹Assistant Professor Mechanical, Hyderabad Institute of Technology and Management, Hyderabad, Telangana, India.
²Assistant Professor CSE, Hyderabad Institute of Technology and Management, Hyderabad, Telangana, India.
³Professor Mechanical, Hyderabad Institute of Technology and Management, Hyderabad, Telangana, India.
⁴Assistant Professor CSE, Hyderabad Institute of Technology and Management, Hyderabad, Telangana, India.
santoshn.mech@hitam.org
hemamahajan.cse@hitam.org
kannaiah.cse@hitam.org
sreeramul.mech@hitam.org

Abstract:
The traditional way is no more effective way to enhance students learning and knowledge. However, students need different methods to learn the concept practically. Renewable energy is one subject from the mechanical stream where students are required active learning techniques to boost up their confidence towards the subject’s knowledge. Moreover, making students attentive during the class is a tough task and therefore implementing different pedagogy is needed to improve their understanding of the taught concept. This paper has explained the implementation of Jigsaw activity in the class and its impact on students learning.

Keywords: JIGSAW, Team work, Poster presentation, Canvas, Edmodo

1. Introduction

JIGSAW methodology is a student-centered activity where students are actively learning the concepts. Nur Hafizah Azmin¹ [1] 2015, stated that the JIGASW methodology successfully implemented. The author explained about action research process about the implementation of the activity.

Tran Van Dat [2] 2015, in this study paper suggesting jigsaw – based cooperative learning about assessment and time. Alejandro Garcia et.al [3] 2017, stated that jigsaw is an effective learning strategy where students learn the topic collaborative way. While conducting the activity roles will be assigned to students. The instructor also should observe students are following the roles and time strictly. Micheal M. van Wyk [4] 2016, in this research paper, explained about the instructor before conducting the activity conducted pre-test and after conducting the activity conducted pro test. In the pro test students got good marks while compared to pre-test. Abdullah Aydin et.al [5] 2017, in this paper, discussed the effect of jigsaw pedagogy in a physics laboratory. Comparing the study between jigsaw cooperative learning and traditional method. Students have actively involved lab experiments in an expert group after completing the experiments students will return to home group. This pedagogy is given good results students know about all experiments procedure. Prof Anastasia Marie Rynearson and Prof Alison K. Polasik [6] 2019, described the forming of students group for activity and creation of rubrics for a jigsaw activity. The author explained the collaboration between think pair share and jigsaw activity in the lab course. Prof Jamie Gomez R et.al [7] 2017 explained by peer learning in jigsaw students will learn the concept clearly. This activity applied to chemical engineering students (N=61) and a smaller group of the team done with 3 to 5 students. Prof Sanjay Jayaram [8] 2013, explained about the collaboration of jigsaw activity with problem-based learning. Students are divided as home and expert group and this group will identify the problem and work on the project. The final poster will be done by the home group.

By following Alejandro Garcia et.al [3] 2017, while conducting this activity should attire to the time. This pedagogy I used because to revised the whole unit and to gain more knowledge on the topic. At first, students are divided into group home groups and expert groups.

2. Method

After completion of the unit, Jigsaw activity was conducted for the students. The lesson plan for the subject was shared with the students. In the lesson plan itself, pedagogy plan, outcome, and assessment were mentioned in the advance. During the activity, students are formed into team wisely and numbers will be given 1, 2, 3,4,5,6 it depends on class strength. This 1...6 number is called a home group this number will be repeated 1...6. After forming team 1 number will be separated from the team the same for other numbers also (2 no separated). The 1,1,1,1,1,1 or 2,2,2,2,2,2 is called as expert group. The 1,1,1,1,1,1 or 2,2,2,2,2,2 is called as expert group. Now, the topic will be given to the expert group and they have to make posters shown in figure 3. After making posters this expert group student will move to home groups. Now, this home group
will give the presentation on a poster that already 1 number knows about the topic. After getting into home group 1 number will explain the poster which he has already done and these home groups will give a presentation on the topic with a poster shown in figure 4.

Fig.1 Graphical representation of home group

Fig.2 Graphical representation of expert group

Fig.3. Expert group

Fig.4. Home group presentation
This activity helps the students to understand the whole unit’s topic clearly. This activity has improved communication, presentation skills, and knowledge of course. Before conducting the activity Rubrics are shared with the students. After conducting the activity, feedback is taken from the students through the online google form. What are the topics students are understood clearly and the topic didn’t understand as shown in figure 6.

**Table 1. Rubrics**

| Rubrics for JIGSAW Pedagogy - RES Course | Team work | Content | Quality |
|------------------------------------------|-----------|---------|---------|
| Criteria | Ratings | 3.0 to > 2.0 | 3.0 to > 2.0 | 1.0 |
| Team work | 1.0 to > 0 | The team formation done and topics clear and equally distributing the roles, load. | Content is accurate but some required information is missing and/or not presented in a logical order, making it difficult to follow | Excellent |
| | 2.0 to > 1.0 | The team formation done and equally distributing the informal roles load. | Content is accurate but some required information is missing and/or not presented in a logical order, making it difficult to follow | Good |
| | 3.0 to > 2.0 | Presentation flows well. Some tools are used to show acceptable understanding. Each member’s information is represented and identified with their name. | Content is inaccurate. Information is complete, inaccurate, or not presented in a logical order, making it difficult to follow. | Needs improvement |

**Fig.5. Poster**

Before conducting the activity Rubrics are shared with the students. After conducting the activity, feedback is taken from the students through the online google form. What are the topics students are understood clearly and the topic didn’t understand as shown in figure 6.
Results
JIGSAW pedagogy is successfully implemented in the renewable energy resource course. The class strength is 44 and 32 students were given responses about the pedagogy shown in figure 6. To know topic level outcomes quizzes are created in canvas. All students were taken the quizzes on canvas. This quiz is done to assess the students how much they understand the topic shown in figure 7. For assessment, I used the canvas tool and Edmodo shown in figure 8 and figure 9.

![Fig. 7 Impact of the pedagogy in the class](image)

![Fig. 8 Assessment in canvas](image)

**Fig. 6. Feedback**

![Res 1 - Feedback](image)

**Fig. 7** Impact of the pedagogy in the class

**Fig. 8** Assessment in canvas
Students should apply their pedagogical activity knowledge to solve practical problems.

Students will be able to learn about technology tools to update their knowledge.

Students will be working in a team and communication will be improved.

Expected outcomes at the end of the course as follows:

- Students can understand renewable energy sources and non-renewable energy
- Teamwork
- Communication skills
- Technical skills of relevant streams
- Leadership skills

Discussion

Different pedagogy is needed to make the class more active and interactive. Before conducting any activity, a proper plan, assessment, and expected outcome should be prepared. While delivering the content we have to be very confident about what we are explaining. This can be implemented in a course that may enhance the teaching-learning process; Students will get a better understanding of the concept.

Conclusion

This paper is focused mainly on the JIGSAW pedagogy, implementation process, impact on students and assessment. 85% of students are given feedback that they understood the topic clearly. Feedback has conducted to know the student’s learning. Quiz has conducted for the assessment. In this assessment students got marks. All students are involved in teamwork and each and every student learned the topic by making posters and presentations in the expert group and home group.

Challenges: Time management was the tough task to maintain for the instructor because some groups were completing tasks early some not. Therefore time planning would have been more effective in order to make everyone participate in the activity.

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