Data Article

Experimental data in support of continuous microwave effect on emulsion polymerization of styrene

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ARTICLE INFO

Article history:
Received 25 June 2015
Received in revised form 1 July 2015
Accepted 8 July 2015
Available online 17 July 2015

ABSTRACT

This article contains original experimental data, figures and methods to the study of Microwave-assisted emulsion polymerization of styrene under the frame of “Enhanced Microwave Synthesis” (EMS), has been examined to investigate the advantages of Microwave (MW) power use in emulsion polymerization (Ergan et al., Eur. Polym. J. 69, 2015, 374–384). For comparative purpose, MW and conventional heating (CH) method experiments were conducted under similar conditions. By externally cooling the reaction vessel with 1,4-dioxane, constant and continuous MW power was successfully applied at isothermal condition during the polymerization. Here we give the MW power calibration data of MW-experimental system, the complete set of the experimental polymerization data and the analysis data obtained from different polymer characterization test devices (GPC, DSC and Viscometer).

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How data was acquired
Microwave device (Milestone-start-S model), Macrosizer (Malvern Mastersizer 2000), Gel permeation chromatography (GPC, Agilent 1100 Series), Differential scanning calorimetry (DSC, Perkin Elmer Jade model), Ubbelohde viscometer (capillary diameter, 0.63 mm)

Data format
Calibration data of MW system (raw), polymerization data (raw), Polymer characterization data (analyzed)

Experimental factors
- Monomer (styrene) was purified by NaOH solution (0.0025M) prior to polymerization
- Ultrasonic Pre-treatment was applied to prepare an effective emulsion mixture
- Applied MW power (Pnom) was calibrated to evaluate MW power adsorbed in the reaction medium (p) by means of a correction factor
- Constant and continuous application of MW power was realized at control set point while achieving also isothermal conditions during the polymerization

Experimental features
- Emulsion polymerization experiments were conducted by both MW and conventional heating (CH) methods under similar conditions for comparison purpose

Data source location
Gebze Technical University, Kocaeli, Turkey

Data accessibility
Data are available with this article

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**Fig. 1.** Emulsion particle size distribution.

**Fig. 2.** A typical experimental plot (Exp. code: S1-Exp-6).

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**Value of the data**

- The data shows the successful application of continuous and constant MW power during the polymerization while maintaining isothermal condition as well.
- The data provide suitable process conditions for achieving high yields of polystyrene by MW-assisted emulsion polymerization.
- The data provide the proofs for the existence of the “specific MW effect”.
1. Data, experimental design, materials and methods

Styrene (M) received from Merck was purified with a freshly prepared solution of NaOH (0.0025 M) before using in order to eliminate the inhibitor in styrene. Then, styrene was washed with ultrapure water until the pH was 7. Other chemicals; 1,4-dioxane, Potassium persulfate (KPS), Hydroquinone, Sodium dodecyl sulfate (SDS) were used as received from Merck. Bi-distilled water was used in all the experiments.

According to one variable at a time planning technique; temperature (T), MW power density (P), molar ratios; H2O/M, SDS/M, KPS/M and the reaction time (t) were investigated as six experimental variables in the ranges 65–85°C, 0–0.8 kW dm−3, 1–3, 0.06–0.1, 0.002–0.005, 7.5–90 min. respectively [1].

In a typical run, 60 cm3 water, SDS, KPS, and M mixture were load into the jacketed glass reactor and stirred at room temperature for a complete dissolution. Then, ultrasonic pre-treatment was

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Table 1
Calibration data of the microwave power output in the MW system.

| Exp. no | T1 (°C) | T2 (°C) | ΔT  | Amount of water (g) | $P_{nom}$ (W) | P (W) | Correction factor (p) |
|--------|--------|--------|-----|---------------------|--------------|-------|----------------------|
| 1      | 9.5    | 16.2   | 6.7 | 40                  | 40           | 25    | 0.631                |
| 2      | 9.0    | 15.5   | 6.5 | 50                  | 50           | 32    | 0.640                |
| 3      | 9.6    | 13.5   | 3.9 | 30                  | 30           | 12    | 0.416                |
| 4      | 9.8    | 20.9   | 11.1| 30                  | 75           | 33    | 0.444                |
| 5      | 10.1   | 20.3   | 10.2| 50                  | 90           | 45    | 0.499                |
| 6      | 9.3    | 19.7   | 10.4| 40                  | 70           | 39    | 0.551                |
| 7      | 9.4    | 21.5   | 12.1| 80                  | 120          | 84    | 0.699                |
| 8      | 9.3    | 25.0   | 15.7| 50                  | 100          | 76    | 0.756                |
| 9      | 9.7    | 16.9   | 7.2 | 60                  | 60           | 40    | 0.672                |
| 10     | 9.4    | 17.7   | 8.3 | 80                  | 80           | 58    | 0.724                |
| 11     | 9.3    | 18.3   | 9.0 | 90                  | 100          | 69    | 0.690                |
| 12     | 9.9    | 18.7   | 8.8 | 100                 | 100          | 74    | 0.736                |
| 13     | 9.0    | 17.8   | 8.9 | 100                 | 100          | 74    | 0.736                |
| 14     | 9.4    | 22.7   | 13.3| 100                 | 150          | 111   | 0.738                |
| 15     | 9.4    | 20.0   | 10.6| 60                  | 110          | 54    | 0.492                |
| 16     | 9.8    | 24.8   | 15.0| 60                  | 120          | 76    | 0.633                |
| 17     | 9.5    | 27.1   | 17.6| 70                  | 140          | 101   | 0.723                |
| 18     | 9.5    | 24.3   | 14.8| 70                  | 130          | 85    | 0.657                |
| 19     | 9.5    | 23.6   | 14.1| 110                 | 160          | 127   | 0.794                |
| 20     | 9.5    | 24.5   | 15.0| 150                 | 200          | 177   | 0.885                |
| 21     | 9.5    | 23.7   | 14.2| 200                 | 230          | 217   | 0.944                |
| 22     | 9.7    | 22.6   | 12.9| 250                 | 250          | 242   | 0.970                |
| 23     | 9.7    | 17.8   | 8.1 | 60                  | 60           | 42    | 0.693                |
| 24     | 9.8    | 24.9   | 15.1| 60                  | 120          | 77    | 0.638                |
| 25     | 9.7    | 24.8   | 15.1| 60                  | 120          | 77    | 0.638                |
| 26     | 9.7    | 17.9   | 8.2 | 60                  | 60           | 46    | 0.763                |
| 27     | 9.7    | 18.0   | 8.3 | 60                  | 60           | 46    | 0.772                |
| 28     | 9.3    | 24.7   | 15.4| 150                 | 200          | 182   | 0.908                |
| 29     | 9.8    | 14.2   | 4.4 | 60                  | 50           | 29    | 0.573                |
| 30     | 9.4    | 15.5   | 6.1 | 60                  | 70           | 40    | 0.567                |
| 31     | 9.5    | 17.6   | 8.1 | 60                  | 90           | 53    | 0.586                |
| 32     | 9.7    | 19.5   | 9.8 | 60                  | 110          | 64    | 0.580                |
| 33     | 9.3    | 20.5   | 11.2| 60                  | 130          | 73    | 0.561                |
| 34     | 9.1    | 22.6   | 13.5| 60                  | 150          | 88    | 0.586                |
| 35     | 9.0    | 24.6   | 15.6| 60                  | 170          | 101   | 0.597                |
| 36     | 9.0    | 27.8   | 18.8| 60                  | 200          | 122   | 0.612                |
| 37     | 9.0    | 29.3   | 20.3| 60                  | 230          | 132   | 0.574                |
| 38     | 9.0    | 32.0   | 23.0| 60                  | 250          | 150   | 0.599                |
applied to prepare an effective emulsion mixture. Emulsion droplet sizes were measured three times
through a Macrosizer device (Malvern Mastersizer 2000, UK) approximately 30 min after the sample
preparation. Finally, emulsion droplet size distributions were obtained typically between 0.8
\(\text{m}\) and 10 \(\text{m}\) as shown in Fig. 1.

In this study, a multimode MW reactor (Start-S model, Milestone S.r.l. Sorisole, Italy) was used.
During the runs, the Fluoroptic (FO) sensor (accuracy ± 0.2 °C, ATC-FO-300008 type, Zu electronic,
Italy) was dipped in the reactor in a glass capillary sheath. By external circulation of 1,4-dioxane as
coolant between jacketed glass reactor and cooling bath, continuous and constant MW energy was
applied under isothermal conditions as in our previous studies [2–4]. So, our MW experimental
system differs from the literatures which use the cooling system by “air cooling” [5–8] while applying
discontinuous MW power [9–11]. A typical experimental plot with the temperature/MW power data
received per 1 s time interval is shown in Fig. 2.

| Exp. code | t (min) | T (°C) | SDS/ M | KPS/ M | H2O/ M | P (kW dm\(^{-3}\)) | Yield % | MW energy (kW h kg\(^{-1}\)) | Production rate (kg m\(^{-3}\) h\(^{-1}\)) |
|-----------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------------|--------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| S1-exp-4  | 60      | 70.0   | 0.06   | 0.002  | 6      | 0.6             | 92.3   | 7.1                         | 131.9                               |
| S1-exp-5  | 60      | 70.0   | 0.08   | 0.002  | 6      | 0.6             | 91.6   | 6.5                         | 130.9                               |
| S1-exp-6  | 60      | 70.0   | 0.1    | 0.002  | 6      | 0.6             | 93.2   | 7.1                         | 133.1                               |
| S1-exp-4  | 60      | 70.0   | 0.06   | 0.002  | 6      | 0.6             | 92.3   | 7.1                         | 131.9                               |
| S3-exp-2  | 60      | 70.0   | 0.06   | 0.004  | 6      | 0.6             | 94.3   | 6.5                         | 134.7                               |
| S3-exp-3  | 60      | 70.0   | 0.06   | 0.005  | 6      | 0.6             | 94.0   | 6.9                         | 134.2                               |
| S4-exp-3  | 60      | 60.0   | 0.06   | 0.004  | 6      | 0.6             | 84.3   | 7.5                         | 120.4                               |
| S4-exp-1  | 60      | 65.0   | 0.06   | 0.004  | 6      | 0.6             | 93.0   | 6.9                         | 132.8                               |
| S3-exp-2  | 60      | 70.0   | 0.06   | 0.004  | 6      | 0.6             | 94.3   | 6.5                         | 134.7                               |
| S4-exp-2  | 60      | 75.0   | 0.06   | 0.004  | 6      | 0.6             | 95.4   | 6.8                         | 136.3                               |
| S4-exp-4  | 60      | 80.0   | 0.06   | 0.004  | 6      | 0.6             | 96.5   | 6.7                         | 137.8                               |
| S4-exp-5  | 60      | 85.0   | 0.06   | 0.004  | 6      | 0.6             | 96.8   | 6.4                         | 138.2                               |
| S5-exp-13 | 7.5     | 75.0   | 0.06   | 0.004  | 6      | 0.4             | 70.3   | 6.3                         | 100.4                               |
| S5-exp-9  | 30      | 75.0   | 0.06   | 0.004  | 6      | 0.4             | 93.6   | 4.8                         | 133.7                               |
| S5-exp-1  | 65      | 75.0   | 0.06   | 0.004  | 6      | 0.4             | 95.3   | 5.0                         | 136.2                               |
| S5-exp-2  | 75      | 75.0   | 0.06   | 0.004  | 6      | 0.4             | 95.3   | 4.6                         | 136.2                               |
| S5-exp-3  | 90      | 75.0   | 0.06   | 0.004  | 6      | 0.4             | 96.6   | 5.3                         | 137.9                               |
| S5-exp-7  | 7.5     | 75.0   | 0.06   | 0.004  | 6      | 0.6             | 71.3   | 8.7                         | 101.9                               |
| S5-exp-11 | 15      | 75.0   | 0.06   | 0.004  | 6      | 0.6             | 89.8   | 7.5                         | 128.3                               |
| S5-exp-10 | 30      | 75.0   | 0.06   | 0.004  | 6      | 0.6             | 93.6   | 6.5                         | 133.8                               |
| S5-exp-4  | 45      | 75.0   | 0.06   | 0.004  | 6      | 0.6             | 94.9   | 7.4                         | 135.6                               |
| S4-exp-2  | 60      | 75.0   | 0.06   | 0.004  | 6      | 0.6             | 95.4   | 6.8                         | 136.3                               |
| S5-exp-5  | 75      | 75.0   | 0.06   | 0.004  | 6      | 0.6             | 96.4   | 6.5                         | 137.7                               |
| S5-exp-14 | 7.5     | 75.0   | 0.06   | 0.004  | 6      | 0.8             | 71.2   | 13.7                        | 101.7                               |
| S5-exp-6  | 30      | 75.0   | 0.06   | 0.004  | 6      | 0.8             | 93.6   | 9.6                         | 133.6                               |
| S5-exp-7  | 45      | 75.0   | 0.06   | 0.004  | 6      | 0.8             | 95.6   | 10.3                        | 136.5                               |
| S5-exp-8  | 60      | 75.0   | 0.06   | 0.004  | 6      | 0.8             | 95.8   | 8.9                         | 136.8                               |
| add-1     | 7.5     | 75.0   | 0.06   | 0.004  | 6      | 0.3             | 64.4   | 5.1                         | 91.9                                 |
| S6-exp-1  | 90      | 75.0   | 0.06   | 0.004  | 6      | 0.4             | 95.4   | 7.3                         | 95.4                                 |
| S5-exp-3  | 90      | 75.0   | 0.06   | 0.004  | 6      | 0.4             | 96.6   | 5.3                         | 137.9                               |
| S6-exp-2  | 90      | 75.0   | 0.06   | 0.004  | 3      | 0.4             | 97.2   | 2.9                         | 243.0                               |

The bold style indicate the “suitable experimental conditions” in each serial.
1.1. Calibration procedure and data of the microwave power output

According to the IEC 60705 standard method [12–14], empty jacketed glass vessel was weighed, filled with different amount of distilled water and placed into the MW reactor cavity. MW energy ($P_{\text{nom}}$) was supplied according to amount of water. The water was stirred along the heating period by a magnetic stirrer at 160 rpm. After 60 s, the final temperature of water was measured by Fluoroptic (FO) sensor. Absorbed MW power ($P$) by the vessel, water, magnet and 1,4-dioxane are calculated by means of $Q=mc\Delta T$. The results were given in Table 1. To account for the differences between the

| Method | Exp. code | $t$ (min) | $T$ (°C) | SDS/M | KPS/M | H$_2$O/M | $P$ (kW dm$^{-3}$) | Yield % | MW energy (kW h kg$^{-1}$) | Production rate (kg m$^{-3}$ h$^{-1}$) |
|--------|-----------|-----------|----------|-------|-------|---------|----------------|--------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| CH     | CH-1      | 90        | 75       | 0.06  | 0.004 | 6       | 0.0            | 94.6   | 0.0                         | 135.3                         |
|        | CH-2      | 45        | 75       | 0.06  | 0.004 | 6       | 0.0            | 91.2   | 0.0                         | 130.4                         |
|        | CH-3      | 30        | 75       | 0.06  | 0.004 | 6       | 0.0            | 89.7   | 0.0                         | 128.2                         |
|        | CH-4      | 15        | 75       | 0.06  | 0.004 | 6       | 0.0            | 86.4   | 0.0                         | 123.4                         |
|        | CH-5      | 7.5       | 75       | 0.06  | 0.004 | 6       | 0.0            | 51.0   | 0.0                         | 72.9                          |
| MW     | add-1     | 7.5       | 75       | 0.06  | 0.004 | 6       | 0.3            | 64.4   | 5.1                         | 91.9                          |
|        | S5-exp-13 | 7.5       | 75       | 0.06  | 0.004 | 6       | 0.4            | 70.3   | 6.3                         | 100.4                         |
|        | S5-exp-12 | 7.5       | 75       | 0.06  | 0.004 | 6       | 0.6            | 71.3   | 8.7                         | 101.9                         |
|        | S5-exp-14 | 7.5       | 75       | 0.06  | 0.004 | 6       | 0.8            | 71.2   | 13.7                        | 101.7                         |
|        | S5-exp-11 | 15        | 75       | 0.06  | 0.004 | 6       | 0.6            | 89.8   | 7.5                         | 128.3                         |
|        | S5-exp-6  | 30        | 75       | 0.06  | 0.004 | 6       | 0.8            | 93.5   | 9.6                         | 133.6                         |
|        | S5-exp-10 | 30        | 75       | 0.06  | 0.004 | 6       | 0.6            | 93.6   | 6.5                         | 133.8                         |
|        | S5-exp-7  | 45        | 75       | 0.06  | 0.004 | 6       | 0.8            | 95.5   | 10.3                        | 136.5                         |
|        | S5-exp-3  | 90        | 75       | 0.06  | 0.004 | 6       | 0.4            | 96.6   | 5.3                         | 137.9                         |

### Table 3

CH/MW experimental data for comparison purpose.

| Method | Exp. code | $t$ (min) | $T$ (°C) | SDS/M | KPS/M | H$_2$O/M | $P$ (kW dm$^{-3}$) | Yield % | MW energy (kW h kg$^{-1}$) | Production rate (kg m$^{-3}$ h$^{-1}$) |
|--------|-----------|-----------|----------|-------|-------|---------|----------------|--------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| CH     | CH-1      | 90        | 75       | 0.06  | 0.004 | 6       | 0.0            | 94.6   | 0.0                         | 135.3                         |
|        | CH-2      | 45        | 75       | 0.06  | 0.004 | 6       | 0.0            | 91.2   | 0.0                         | 130.4                         |
|        | CH-3      | 30        | 75       | 0.06  | 0.004 | 6       | 0.0            | 89.7   | 0.0                         | 128.2                         |
|        | CH-4      | 15        | 75       | 0.06  | 0.004 | 6       | 0.0            | 86.4   | 0.0                         | 123.4                         |
|        | CH-5      | 7.5       | 75       | 0.06  | 0.004 | 6       | 0.0            | 51.0   | 0.0                         | 72.9                          |
| MW     | add-1     | 7.5       | 75       | 0.06  | 0.004 | 6       | 0.3            | 64.4   | 5.1                         | 91.9                          |
|        | S5-exp-13 | 7.5       | 75       | 0.06  | 0.004 | 6       | 0.4            | 70.3   | 6.3                         | 100.4                         |
|        | S5-exp-12 | 7.5       | 75       | 0.06  | 0.004 | 6       | 0.6            | 71.3   | 8.7                         | 101.9                         |
|        | S5-exp-14 | 7.5       | 75       | 0.06  | 0.004 | 6       | 0.8            | 71.2   | 13.7                        | 101.7                         |
|        | S5-exp-11 | 15        | 75       | 0.06  | 0.004 | 6       | 0.6            | 89.8   | 7.5                         | 128.3                         |
|        | S5-exp-6  | 30        | 75       | 0.06  | 0.004 | 6       | 0.8            | 93.5   | 9.6                         | 133.6                         |
|        | S5-exp-10 | 30        | 75       | 0.06  | 0.004 | 6       | 0.6            | 93.6   | 6.5                         | 133.8                         |
|        | S5-exp-7  | 45        | 75       | 0.06  | 0.004 | 6       | 0.8            | 95.5   | 10.3                        | 136.5                         |
|        | S5-exp-3  | 90        | 75       | 0.06  | 0.004 | 6       | 0.4            | 96.6   | 5.3                         | 137.9                         |

### Table 4

Polymer characterization data of CH and MW experiments at similar process conditions.

| Results | CH | MW |
|---------|----|----|
| $t$ (min) | 45 | 90 |
| $T$ (°C) | 75.0 | 75.0 |
| SDS/M | 0.06 | 0.06 |
| KPS/M | 0.004 | 0.004 |
| H$_2$O/M | 6 | 6 |
| $P$ (kW dm$^{-3}$) | – | 0.6 |
| $M_r$ (g mol$^{-1}$) | 1715,037 | 1447,770 |
| $M_m$ (g mol$^{-1}$) | 1179,000 | 969,900 |
| $M_w$ (g mol$^{-1}$) | 1829,000 | 1665,700 |
| $M_z$ (g mol$^{-1}$) | 2523,300 | 2447,800 |
| $D_p$ | 11.336 | 9.326 |
| $D$ | 1.5518 | 1.7174 |
| $T_g$ (°C) | 105.6 | 104.1 |
| $T_m$ (°C) | 422 | 425 |
| $\epsilon_p$ (J g$^{-1}$ °C$^{-1}$) | 0.365 | 0.228 |
absorbed and nominal power values, a correction factor \((p)\) is defined as “\(P/P_{\text{nom}}\)” which is used to calculate the required \(P_{\text{nom}}\) to achieve a given \(P\) value during the polymerization. Mean value of \(p\) was calculated as 0.608 under chosen experimental conditions and experimental system (reaction volume: 60 cm\(^3\)) used in this study.

Where \(P\): absorbed power (W), \(m\): mass of materials (g) (container, water, magnet, 1,4- dioxane), \(c\): specific heat capacity of the materials, heating time = 60 s, \(T_1\)=initial temperature of water (10 ± 0.5 °C), \(T_2\)=final temperature of water (approximately ambient temperature).

1.2. Experimental data of MW-assisted emulsion polymerization of styrene

Six experimental variables given in Table 2 were investigated and suitable experimental conditions to achieve polymer yield \(> 95\%\) were determined as \(T = 75 \degree \text{C},\) SDS/M = 0.06, KPS/M = 0.004, H\(_2\)O/M = 6 and \(P = 0.6 \text{ kW dm}^{-3}\).

1.3. Experimental data of CH-emulsion polymerization of styrene

Five CH experiments were conducted also at the experimental conditions \((T = 75 \degree \text{C},\) SDS/M = 0.06, KPS/M = 0.004, H\(_2\)O/M = 6) at different reaction times. The results are presented in Table 3. The comparison of CH and MW experimental results at the same conditions demonstrate the advantage of MW application in term of polymerization time.

1.4. Polymer characterization data

MW and CH polymer samples synthesized at the same process conditions were found to have similar structural and thermal characteristics. The analysis data supplied by GPC, DSC and Viscosity instruments is shown in Table 4.

Acknowledgments

We thank the Gebze Technical University (GTU) research fund for partial support.

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