APRIORI ALGORITHM IMPLEMENTATION TO DETERMINE PURCHASE PATTERNS OF RAW MATERIALS AT PT PENJALINDO NUSANTARA

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Abstract— PT. Penjalindo Nusantara is a manufacturing company in the packaging field where production depends on customer demand or what is commonly known as job orders so that timely production work and availability of sufficient materials are mandatory for the company. There was a problem in the implementation of the raw material supply strategy by PT. Penjalindo Nusantara caused delays in the supply of raw material stocks. The solution to this problem is to apply the Apriori algorithm to find out what raw materials are being purchased simultaneously so that it can be the basis for implementing a purchasing strategy in supporting the effectiveness of procurement of raw material stocks and also saving time in sending raw materials by suppliers. This research uses a Web-based data mining application to find the raw material purchase pattern. The result of this research is obtained 11 patterns of purchasing raw materials using a minimum value of 90% support and a minimum of 100% confidence with a lift ratio of 1 as a reference for determining which raw materials will be purchased at the same time.

Keywords: Data Mining, Apriori Algorithm, Raw Materials, Web-Based.

INTRODUCTION

To make the raw material inventory management and inventory cost more efficient, controlling the raw material purchases according to the production plan so that there are no shortages and excesses in the raw material inventory[1]. The Supply Chain department oversees the raw materials purchase planning and controlling the company materials including providing raw materials, controlling the amount of inventory, as well as a system for storing and managing goods in and out of the warehouse. Controlling the amount of inventory is one of the most important factors in optimizing inventory. Inventory Control is an activity in managing inventory to suit the needs and maintain the raw material stability. PT. Penjalindo Nusantara is a manufacturing company in the packaging field where production depends on customer demand[2], there is a problem with the effectiveness of raw material stock control[3] and delays in ordering raw materials because the company does not have the right raw material order scheduling[4][5] caused the problem for the production activity. So far, the company has...
overcome the problem if there is no stock for the raw material that is needed in production by using existing materials with the same specifications according to product needs, but it cost a lot of production cost[5].

To fix problems in the material procurement planning, the solution is to determine which raw materials will be purchased at the same time, the basis of determining the raw material purchased at the same time is to analyze what raw material is often purchased at the same time for 11 months using data mining. One of the algorithms that belong to an association in data mining that matches is the Apriori algorithm. Apriori algorithm aims to find frequent itemsets in a set of data. Apriori algorithm defined a process to find Apriori rules that meet minimum requirements for support and minimum requirements for confidence.[6]

This research seeks to analyze the purchase of raw materials in 11 months by using the Apriori algorithm and obtained the association rules. So, the results can be identified by seeing which raw materials are often purchased simultaneously for over 11 months.

**Literature Research**

There is some literature research related to Apriori Algorithm. Munarwan et al [7]. This research discusses the Market Basket Analysis method works by using the Apriori Algorithm to determine the purchase patterns in one transaction. The results obtained the average minimum support by 0.1563 and minimum confidence by 0.3486, and the highest support with value by 0.3125 and the highest confidence by 0.7143 contains 3 itemsets that if buy AM and Buy SN Then Buy RT. Another research in 2018 D. S. Wijaya et al[8] aims to analyze the data to determine the correlation between fish catch that may affect another fish, this research using the Association Rules method and obtained the value of highest minimum support by 50% and the highest minimum confidence by 80%, the result is if getting Yellowfin Tuna is also getting the Bigeye Tuna. And then in 2020, Y. Nawawi et al[9] presents a study to find the relation of the book borrowed at the same time by using the Association Rule. The results obtained 50 association rules with the highest rule is lending of communication science and psychology book with support and confidence of 8.17%. And then the research related to maintaining the item stock is done by Junaidi[10] in 2019. The goal of this research is to determine the inventory of goods by analyzing which items are sold simultaneously using the Ariori algorithm, the process is getting the results by setting the minimum support 60% and the minimum confidence by 90%, the results are obtained 24 associative rules with the minimum support 60% and the minimum confidence 90% that contains the items which items are sold simultaneously and can be used as a reference for providing stock of items. And then the research in 2018 by D. A. O. Turang et al [11], this research analysed the inventory stock system and implementing the system using the Differential Evolution Algorithm, this research analyzed the inventory data and sales data, sales and inventory data are calculated to determine the estimated safety stock and reorder point so that the status of the raw material inventory position can be determined. Lot sizing method is successfully used to calculate the number of orders and the period of ordering in order to achieve optimal costs and achieve efficiency of the company.

The GAP analysis from the above research with this research is using the Apriori algorithm to determine the raw material purchasing pattern which can be used as a reference for determining the supply of raw material stocks to be more effective and reduce production costs because the required raw materials are always on stock and there is no need to use other raw materials which can burden production costs.

**MATERIALS AND METHODS**

The analysis is an attempt to observe in detail a thing or object by describing its constituent or constituent components for further research[12]. In collecting data, it is necessary to carry out certain methods to obtain data that suits your needs. The method used in this research is to make a direct observation of the work process by conducting interviews with several users to obtain the required data and then recording the data systematically based on the facts in PT. Penjalindo Nusantara, study the literature to collect references from books, articles, papers, journals about the apriori algorithm[13]. Association analysis or association rule mining is a data mining technique to find associative rules between a combination of items[14]. Association rule is a method that aims to find patterns that often appear among many transactions, where each transaction consists of several items. One of the stages in this method is called high-frequency pattern analysis. The importance of an associative rule can be determined by two parameters, namely support and confidence[15]. Support is the percentage of the combination of these items in the database, while confidence (certainty value) is the strong relationship between items in the association rule.[16]
The basic methodology of association analysis is divided into two stages:

1. **Analyze the high-frequency pattern.**
   
   This stage looks for a combination of items that meet the minimum requirements of the support value in the database. The value of an item's support is obtained by the formula:[17]
   
   \[
   \text{Support} (A) = \frac{\sum \text{Transactions contains } A}{\sum \text{Transactions}} \times 100\% \quad (1)
   \]
   
   While the support value of 2 items is obtained from the following formula:
   
   \[
   \text{Support} (A, B) = \frac{\sum \text{Transactions contains } A,B}{\sum \text{Transactions}} \times 100\% \quad (2)
   \]
   
   And then to find the combination of 3 items, the support value of 3 items is obtained from the following formula:
   
   \[
   \text{Support} (A, B, C) = \frac{\sum \text{Transactions contains } A,B,C}{\sum \text{Transactions}} \times 100\% \quad (3)
   \]

2. **The determination of association rules**
   
   After all high frequent itemset patterns are found, then the associative rules that meet the minimum requirements for the confidence by calculating the confidence of associative rules \( A \rightarrow B \) can be obtained from the following formula:
   
   \[
   \text{Confidence}(B|A) = \frac{\sum \text{Transactions Contains } A,B}{\sum \text{Transactions } A} \times 100\% \quad (4)
   \]

### Research Stages

The author using the systematic research steps that contain an outline of this research to help the research flow to be well directed. The steps that the author implemented can be seen below:[18]

1. **Preliminary Study**
   
   The preliminary study includes a literature study related to the research topic. This step is to search the problem and study the problem that exists in the PT Penjalindo Nusantara, and then decide the background of the problem, scope of the problem, and then search some literature that related to the problem and implementing the solutions that suitable for the problems.

2. **Collecting the Data**
   
   Collect the data by conducting some interviews with users related to the process that has a problem. This step is to aim the data that contains information of raw material purchase history data that purchased in January 2020 to November 2020, the data collected will be cleaned first to streamline the next process.

3. **Data Mining Implementation**
   
   After collecting the data, the next process is identifying the type of raw material that want to be processed with the data mining, in this research, the raw material type that will be used is raw material ink, and then the next step is to determine the data mining method, in this research the data mining method is using the apriori algorithm to find the purchase pattern of raw material.

4. **Processing the Data**
   
   After the data is ready to process with the apriori algorithm. The next process to processing the data by using a web-based application that has a function to analyze the data with the apriori algorithm, this application is running with PHP programming languages and using MySQL for the database. This application will import the data that will be processed with the .csv extension.

5. **Analyze the Results**
   
   Analysis of the results by determining the final association rules done by calculating the data with the application.

6. **Conclusions**
   
   The results of the purchase patterns calculation using the apriori algorithm is creating the percentages of raw material ink purchase patterns and showing the final results for the support value percentages and the confidence value percentages.

### RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

In the process of analysis, several criteria are needed to be used in the implementation of data mining. In this research, the author collects the data with the appropriate criteria and attributes from the purchase transaction. The attributes used are the total purchase transactions and the type of material purchased and then processing the data with the apriori algorithm.

1. **List of Raw Materials Types**
   
   The data of raw material ink with the item id-data that obtained for the data mining process using the apriori algorithm method can be seen in Table 1 below:

| No | Item ID | Description |
|----|---------|-------------|
| 1  | RMI0000178 | PU_SRF 0001 MEDIUM UF T3 CT |
| 2  | RMI0000187 | PU_VYS WHITE UN @15 KG_HII |
| 3  | RMI0000498 | PU_LAMIC F 739 BLUE @180 KG_HII |
| 4  | RMI0000478 | PU_LAMIC F 716 RED @180 KG_HII |
| 5  | RMI0000481 | PU_LAMIC F 950 ORANGE @180 KG_HII |
| 6  | RMI0000496 | PP_LNA 722 YELLOW @180 KG_HII |
| 7  | RMI0000488 | PP_LNA 739 BLUE @180 KG_HII |
| 8  | RMI0000525 | PP_LNA 795 BLACK @15 KG (PJ)_HII |

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**Note:** The list of materials and types of PT Penjalindo Nusantara was provided in the research paper, with codes and descriptions as shown above.
2. Raw Material Ink Purchase Pattern

The data of raw material ink from the January 2020 – November 2020 period can be seen in Table 2 below:

| No  | Item ID       | Description                          |
|-----|---------------|--------------------------------------|
| 9   | RMI0000048    | PU_LAMIC F MEDIUM @180 KG, HII       |
| 10  | RMI0000047    | PU_LAMIC F 702 RED @180 KG, HII     |
| 11  | RMI00000485   | PU_LAMIC F 722 TR YELLOW @180 KG, HII |
| 12  | RMI00000491   | PP LNA 702 RED @180 KG, HII         |
| 13  | RMI0000086    | PU_LAMIC F 779 GREEN, HII           |
| 14  | RMI0000526    | PP_LNA 817 RED @180 KG, HII         |

Source: [19]

Table 2. Raw Material Ink Purchase Pattern

The following Table 3 contains the candidate of 1 item sets:

Table 3. List of 1 itemset candidate

| Item Set | QTY | Support |
|----------|-----|---------|
| RMI0000086 | 4   | 36%     |
| RMI0000178 | 3   | 27%     |
| RMI0000187 | 10  | 91%     |
| RMI0000476 | 3   | 27%     |
| RMI0000478 | 10  | 91%     |
| RMI0000481 | 9   | 82%     |
| RMI0000484 | 9   | 82%     |
| RMI0000485 | 9   | 73%     |
| RMI0000487 | 10  | 91%     |
| RMI0000488 | 9   | 82%     |
| RMI0000491 | 9   | 82%     |
| RMI0000498 | 9   | 82%     |
| RMI0000525 | 10  | 91%     |
| RMI0000526 | 7   | 64%     |

Source: [19]

With the minimum support value of 90%, the data with the support value below 90% will be removed, looks like the following Table 4:

Table 4. List of 1 itemset with a minimum support value of 90%

| Item Set | QTY | Support |
|----------|-----|---------|
| RMI00000476 | 10  | 91%     |
| RMI00000478 | 10  | 91%     |
| RMI0000487 | 10  | 91%     |
| RMI0000525 | 10  | 91%     |

Source: [19]

3. High-Frequency Patterns Calculations

Calculation of 1 itemset

To calculate 1 itemset or C1 with a minimum support value of 90% can be obtained by the following formula:

$\text{Support} (A) = \frac{\sum \text{transactions contains } A}{\sum \text{transactions}} \times 100$% \quad (5)$

The following Table 5 contains the candidate of 1 item sets:

Table 5. List of 2 itemset candidate

| Item Set | QTY | Support |
|----------|-----|---------|
| RMI00000476, RMI0000478 | 9   | 82%     |
| RMI00000476, RMI0000487 | 9   | 82%     |
| RMI00000476, RMI0000525 | 9   | 82%     |
| RMI00000476, RMI0000481 | 9   | 82%     |
| RMI00000478, RMI0000525 | 10  | 91%     |
| RMI00000487, RMI0000484 | 9   | 82%     |
| RMI00000478, RMI0000484 | 9   | 82%     |
| RMI00000478, RMI0000491 | 9   | 82%     |
| RMI00000478, RMI0000498 | 9   | 82%     |
| RMI00000478, RMI0000525 | 9   | 82%     |
| RMI00000478, RMI0000491 | 9   | 82%     |
| RMI00000487, RMI0000484 | 9   | 82%     |
| RMI00000487, RMI0000525 | 10  | 91%     |
| RMI00000487, RMI0000484 | 9   | 82%     |
| RMI00000478, RMI0000491 | 9   | 82%     |
| RMI00000478, RMI0000498 | 9   | 82%     |
| RMI00000487, RMI0000525 | 9   | 82%     |
| RMI00000487, RMI0000491 | 9   | 82%     |
| RMI00000487, RMI0000498 | 9   | 82%     |

Source: [19]
With the minimum support value of 90%, the data with the support value below 90% will be removed, looks like the following Table 6:

Table 6. List of 2 itemsets with a minimum support value of 90%

| Item Set | QTY | Support |
|----------|-----|---------|
| RM0000478, RM0000487 | 10 | 91% |
| RM0000478, RM0000525 | 10 | 91% |

Source: [19]

Calculation of 3 set

To calculate 3 itemsets or C3 with a minimum support value of 90% can be obtained by the following formula:

\[ \text{Support} (A, B, C) = \frac{\sum \text{Transactions contains } A, B, C}{\sum \text{Transactions}} \times 100\% \quad \text{(7)} \]

The following Table 7 contains the candidate of 3 item sets:

Table 7. List of 3 itemset candidate

| Item Set | QTY | Support |
|----------|-----|---------|
| RM0000476, RM0000478, RM0000487 | 9 | 82% |
| RM0000476, RM0000478, RM0000525 | 9 | 82% |
| RM0000476, RM0000487, RM0000498, RM0000525 | 10 | 91% |
| RM0000478, RM0000487, RM0000525 | 9 | 82% |
| RM0000478, RM0000525, RM0000491 | 9 | 82% |

With the minimum support value of 90%, the data with the support value below 90% will be removed, looks like the following Table 8:

Table 8. List of 3 itemsets with a minimum support value of 90%

| Item Set | QTY | Support |
|----------|-----|---------|
| RM00000478, RM0000487, RM0000525 | 10 | 91% |

Source: [19]

Calculation of Association Rules

After calculating all the high frequent itemset patterns and get the data with the minimum requirement[20], then the next step is finding the associative rules that meet the minimum requirements for confidence by 100% by calculating 2 itemsets with the following formula:

\[ \text{Confidence} (B | A) = \frac{\sum \text{Transactions Contains } A, B}{\sum \text{Transactions } A} \times 100\% \quad \text{(8)} \]

The following Table 9 contains the association candidate:

Table 9. Association rules candidate

| Item Set | Support | QTY | Confidence |
|----------|---------|-----|------------|
| if buy RM0000478 then buy RM0000498 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000478 then buy RM0000491 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000491 then buy RM0000484 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000498 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000491 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000494 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000488 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000478 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000467 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000448 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000438 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000428 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000418 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000408 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000398 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000388 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000378 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000368 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000358 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000348 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000338 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000328 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000318 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000308 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000298 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000288 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000278 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000268 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000258 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000248 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000238 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000228 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000218 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000208 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000198 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000188 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000178 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000168 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000158 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000148 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000138 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000128 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000118 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000108 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000098 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000088 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000078 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000068 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000058 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000048 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000038 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000028 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000018 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000008 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RM0000525 then buy RM0000000 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
A final association rule selected by the author is based on a combination of two item sets with the minimum support value of 90% with the minimum confidence of 100%, the other association rules that below the minimum requirement will be eliminated, and then the final association rules that meet the minimum requirement can be seen by the following Table 10.

Table 10. List of final association rules with a minimum support value of 90% and a minimum confidence value of 100%

| Item Set | Support | QTY | Confidence |
|----------|---------|-----|------------|
| if buy RMI0000487 then buy RMI0000478 | 91% | 10/10 | 100% |
| if buy RMI0000478 then buy RMI0000487 | 91% | 10/10 | 100% |
| if buy RMI0000525 then buy RMI0000478 | 91% | 10/10 | 100% |
| if buy RMI0000478 then buy RMI0000525 | 91% | 10/10 | 100% |
| if buy RMI0000484 then buy RMI0000491 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RMI0000478 then buy RMI0000487 | 91% | 10/10 | 100% |
| if buy RMI0000484 then buy RMI0000491 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |
| if buy RMI0000478 then buy RMI0000487 | 91% | 10/10 | 100% |
| if buy RMI0000484 then buy RMI0000491 | 82% | 9/9 | 100% |

Source: [19]

From Table 10 above, the data that can be analyzed which combination of raw materials ink that purchased by PT Penjalindo Nusantara simultaneously can be seen in Figure 1 below:

Source: [19]

The results of research by processed with the Apriori algorithm using the web-based application can solve the problems of raw material planning with the raw material purchase patterns that have a high percentage. The percentage of purchasing with the raw material PP_LNA 723 YELLOW @180 KG_HII and the raw material PU_LAMIC F 716 RED @180 KG_HII is 90% of support value and the percentage of confidence is 100%. The percentage of purchasing with the raw material PU_LAMIC F 716 RED @180 KG_HII and the raw material PP_LNA 723 YELLOW @180 KG_HII is 90% of support value and the percentage of confidence is

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100%. The percentage of purchasing with the raw material PP_LNA 795 BLACK @15 KG (PJ)_HII and the raw material PU_LAMIC F 716 RED @180 KG_HII is 90% of support value and the percentage of confidence is 100%. The percentage of purchasing with the raw material PP_LNA 795 BLACK @15 KG (PJ)_HII is 90% of support value and the percentage of confidence is 100%. The percentage of purchasing with the raw material PP_LNA 723 YELLOW @180 KG_HII is 90% of support value and the percentage of confidence is 100%. The percentage of purchasing with the raw material PP_LNA 723 YELLOW @180 KG_HII and the raw material PP_LNA 795 BLACK @15 KG (PJ)_HII is 90% of support value and the percentage of confidence is 100%.

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