Introduction

Dupixent (dupilumab; Regeneron Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Eastview, NY, USA) is a monoclonal antibody that inhibits interleukin-4 (IL-4) and IL-13 signaling by specifically binding to the IL-4R-alpha subunit shared by the IL-4 and IL-13 receptor complexes. Dupilumab treatment has led to significant improvements in treating skin lesions and in patients’ health-related quality of life (HRQoL).2 Multiple clinical trials and meta-analyses have shown satisfactory outcomes after dupilumab therapy.

A new case study reported in October 2018 showed hair regrowth in a patient with long-standing alopecia totalis after using dupilumab.3,4 Adverse effects after treating patients with dupilumab have been reported. Commonly observed adverse events include local injection site reactions, conjunctivitis, headache, and nasopharyngitis.5 Extremely rare reported side effects include alopecia areata and cicatricial extropion.3,6 Overall, dupilumab has clinical advantages over other immunotherapeutic agents, such as omalizumab for atopic dermatitis (AD) patients.7,8 A recently published case report presents a case with moderate to severe AD who developed a facial rash after treatment with dupilumab which was not observed before in the literature.9 We present a similar rash presentation in a patient treated with dupilumab for AD in dermatology clinic at King Khaled University Hospital.

Case presentation

A 28-year-old married lady who had AD since childhood came to the dermatology clinic at King Khaled University Hospital complaining of severe itchy erythematous patches...
that started on the limbs and progressed to the trunk since childhood but which had got worse over the past 8–10 years.

She was initially started on cyclosporine 20 mg BID 2 months previously, but the patient reported worsening in the symptoms and no improvement. After that, we started her on cyclosporine 100 mg BID (200 mg/day) with methotrexate reaching a maximum dose of 20 mg q1wk where she reported 60% improvement since the previous visit. After that, she reported a flare up again and thus we started her on dupilumab.

The patient was started on dupilumab for 4 months duration 300 mg q2wk as she noticed redness in the face (Figure 1) and neck (Figure 2) 4 h after the injection and resolving spontaneously after 2 days. She noted that the redness developed after every single injection simultaneously with no appearing and fading episodes; however, the rash became scaly in appearance before resolving.

It was not related to sun exposure as it occurred when the patient was at home. She also gave the history of pain and warmth over the area of redness which was rated as 7/10 in severity. There was no fever, itching, or swollen lips or eyelids.

She was applying hydroxyzine and mometasone furoate cream BID for 3 days whenever she had the episode over the affected areas and it faded after 2 days. On examination there was a non-pruritic skin rash over the cheeks and neck, no palpable lymph nodes or hepatosplenomegaly.

The laboratory workup was unremarkable which showed negative antinuclear antibody (ANA), and normal erythrocyte sedimentation rete which was 21 mm/h.

Discussion

The US Food and Drug Administration has approved dupilumab injection to treat adults with moderate-to-severe eczema (AD) not well controlled with topical therapies or when other therapies are inadvisable.

Dupilumab is safe and effective as was established in three placebo-controlled clinical trials with a total of 2,119 adult participants with moderate-to-severe AD not adequately controlled by topical medications. Overall, participants who received dupilumab achieved greater response, defined as clear or almost clear skin, and experienced a reduction in itch after 16 weeks of treatment.

A meta-analysis was done in January 2018 among eight randomized controlled trials (RCTs) which showed that patients treated with dupilumab experienced a higher risk of injection-site infection (13.2%) than the patients treated with placebo (6.5%), and they found that conjunctivitis occurred more frequently in patients treated with dupilumab than the placebo group, unlike previous studies which showed an equal frequency in dupilumab group and placebo-treated patients with asthma and chronic sinusitis, which could indicate that dupilumab exerts a different mechanistic outcomes in asthma and chronic sinusitis than AD.10–12

There was also a higher incidence of headache in dupilumab-treated patients than placebo-treated patients but unfortunately the mechanism is not clear and require further research.13,14

Figure 1 Erythematous slightly edematous patch over the cheek (A) and chin (B).
Regarding the other infections, eg, herpes simplex, upper respiratory tract infection, and urinary tract infection, it was the same in both groups, which suggests that dupilumab does not affect the immunity against the invasion of microorganisms.\(^9\)

So, to our knowledge, this manifestation of recurrent, on-and-off facial and neck rash that occurred after each dupilumab injection was not observed previously in the literature, unlike Dalia et al’s study where the skin rash was persistent all over the period of treatment.\(^9\) We have informed the company and producer of dupilumab about this new side effect. The cause of this new side effect is not clear. However, we hypothesize that possible etiologies should be considered, including onset of new contact dermatitis, a reaction to commensal organisms, such as pityrosporum, and onset of an autoimmune condition. We are presenting this case to raise clinical knowledge of this possible new adverse effect. We would also like to find out if other physicians have faced this issue and how they have dealt with it.

**Abbreviation list**

AD, atopic dermatitis.

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**Ethics**

Written informed consent has been provided by the patient to have the case details and any accompanying images published. No institutional approval was required to publish the case details.

**Disclosure**

The authors report no conflicts of interest in this work.

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**Figure 2** Multiple erythematous patches over the neck without scales.
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