The Advancing Course of Further Improving People’s Living Standards from the Perspective of Rule of Law

Yaxin Geng¹,a, Cuicui Chen²,b,*

¹Zhanjiang University of Science and Technology, Zhanjiang, China
²Zhanjiang University of Science and Technology, Zhanjiang, China
¹gengyaxin0708@163.com, ²cicely_cg@163.com
*Corresponding author

Abstract: The connotation of further improve people’s living standards has been constantly improved and enriched since the early days of the People’s Republic of China. From “egalitarianism” at first to “further improve people’s living standards with certain reasonable differences” now, its connotation has become more scientific, and the rule of law plays an irreplaceable supporting role in the promotion of further improve people’s living standards. This paper takes the evolution of the connotation of further improve people’s living standards, the rich legal resources of further improve people’s living standards and the beneficial experience of local practice and exploration of further improve people’s living standards represented by Zhejiang Province as the research objects, and tries to straighten out the rich legal resources supporting the realization of further improve people’s living standards in China at present and the general direction of its further development in the future.

Keywords: Further improve people’s living standards, Legislation, Laws and regulations, Practice of rule of law

1. Introduction

With the pilot development of “Zhejiang further improve people’s living standards Demonstration Zone”, the achievements of further improve people’s living standards at the level of rule of law have become increasingly rich, forming a legal basis based on central and local regulations. In addition, there are practical and useful experiences in the application of laws for accumulation and learning. This series of exploration and practice provides practical experience for the construction of the legal system of further improve people’s living standards and provides great help for the early realization of further improve people’s living standards. This paper will discuss how the rule of law can provide important help to the realization of further improve people’s living standards from the aspects of the development of the concept of further improve people’s living standards, the evolution of the rule of law of further improve people’s living standards and the beneficial practical measures at present.

2. Manuscript Preparation

The Evolution of the Connotation of further improve people’s living standards

This part is devoted to the important literature resources that contribute to the research. Authors should investigate academic articles, books and other resources related to their research fields, and provide descriptions, summaries and critical evaluations of each work. Achieving further improve people’s living standards is the common expectation of all Chinese people. Since the founding of new China, further improve people’s living standards has been the common goal of the people. Looking back on the struggle of further improve people’s living standards, China has gone through the road from theory to practice, from preliminary exploration to systematic construction, from tortuous exploration to vigorous development on the right track.

2.1. Period of socialist construction

In the early days of the founding of the People's Republic of China, the Resolution of China on Developing Agricultural Production Cooperatives, adopted on December 16th, 1953, put forward further
improve people’s living standards for the first time, that is, "making farmers gradually get rid of poverty and achieve further improve people’s living standards and universal prosperity". [1] The concept of further improve people’s living standards has been formally put on the agenda. However, at that time, apart from the planned economy system of the Soviet Union, there was no useful experience for reference, and the influence of various factors led to the "egalitarianism" in the initial exploration stage. The "big pot" is a typical example. No matter how much you do or how little you do, no matter how much you contribute, the distribution of benefits is egalitarian. For such a long time, people's labor enthusiasm has been greatly frustrated, and the drawbacks of the system have been revealed, which not only fails to achieve further improve people’s living standards, but also makes social development stagnate.

2.2. Period of reform and opening up

Getting rich first and getting rich later in order to finally achieve further improve people’s living standards. From the perspective of liberating and developing productive forces, Implementing the household contract responsibility system, establishing a socialist market economic system with Chinese characteristics, and putting forward a series of measures such as the "three benefits" standard have greatly improved people's enthusiasm for production and promoted the further development of productive forces. [2] The understanding of further improve people’s living standards by the fourth generation of the central collective leadership of China pays more attention to the unity of fairness and efficiency. Both initial distribution and redistribution should pay attention to this standard, especially redistribution should pay more attention to fairness, focus on solving the problem of excessive income distribution gap, and further expand the proportion of middle-income groups. [3] Reviewing the beneficial exploration and practice of further improve people’s living standards in the whole period of reform and opening up has laid a solid foundation for the ultimate realization of further improve people’s living standards.

2.3. New socialist period

On the basis of building a well-off society in an all-round way, we will further realize rural revitalization, put forward and realize new goals, make further improve people's living standards closer and closer to people, and make people truly feel that further improve people’s living standards is not an abstract concept, but a concrete sense of acquisition. In order to further promote the realization of further improve people’s living standards, new ideas, new methods, new roads, institutional measures such as "sharing idea", "coordinated development" and "third income distribution" make the realization of further improve people’s living standards clearer. At the same time, it is suggested to guard against some misconceptions, avoid going astray, realize that further improve people’s living standards is not egalitarianism, but a reasonable gap, avoid falling into the trap of "middle income" and "populism" in the process of realizing further improve people’s living standards, further continuously expand the proportion of middle-income groups and raise the income level of low-income people. Around this series of goals, systematic and concrete measures are being carried out in an orderly manner. At present, the further promotion of further improve people’s living standards has been implemented. On June 10, 2021, the Opinions of the CPC Central Committee and the State Council on Supporting Zhejiang's High-quality Development and Construction of a further improve people’s living standards Demonstration Zone was released, which kicked off the further improve people’s living standards.

2.4. Legal concept of further improve people’s living standards

In the new socialist period, we will promote the realization of further improve people’s living standards through high-quality development and other specific ways, so that everyone can be satisfied in both material and spiritual aspects. [4] As most scholars agree, further improve people’s living standards not only requires "prosperity", but also emphasizes further improve people’s living standards, which is also an important point different from "prosperity" in western capitalist countries. Otherwise, the gap between the rich and the poor is too wide, which will lead to social contradictions.

further improve people’s living standards brings new forms such as sense of gain, happiness, dignity, security and justice into the category of rights. This change is revolutionary, and human rights have changed from abstract ideas to concrete existence. Achieving further improve people’s living standards depends on the joint efforts of all people, everyone's participation and everyone's efforts. This is a process of mutual achievement. The importance of this series of new rights lies in that "affluence" has changed from the privilege of a few people to the universal right of all people. The change from "property right standard" to "human rights standard" also represents the change from capital-centered logic to people-
centered logic.[5]

3. Legal support of further improve people’s living standards

Although the concept of further improve people’s living standards has been put forward for a long time, and it has been explored and practiced for a long time, at present, the relevant statements and regulations on further improve people’s living standards are mostly policy documents, while the relevant direct provisions in laws and regulations are still few, which need to be further supplemented and improved. The rule of law is an indispensable guarantee for the realization of further improve people’s living standards. This article will discuss the specific manifestations of further improve people’s living standards from the existing legal resources.

3.1. Relevant expressions of further improve people’s living standards in Chinese constitution

Although the expression of further improve people’s living standards is not directly stipulated in China's current Constitution, it is of course expressed in the text of China's Constitution as the fundamental policy of national development. As mentioned above, further improve people’s living standards is the essential requirement of socialism with Chinese characteristics and one of the goals that must be achieved. Therefore, the expressions and relevant provisions of "socialism" and "socialism with Chinese characteristics" in the Constitution are of course indirect expressions of further improve people’s living standards. For example, the socialist economic clauses contained in the general program of the Constitution contain the idea of rule of law that is essentially fair, which provides a stable social development environment for the promotion of further improve people’s living standards.

All efforts made since the founding of the People's Republic of China have been to formulate a concrete and feasible framework and route for the realization of this goal. Any generation of central collective leadership has never changed its initial mission of realizing the further improve people’s living standards of all people. This series of achievements and important expositions provide an important basis for the interpretation of the Constitution.

3.2. Relevant expressions of further improve people’s living standards in the Civil Code and other legal departments

It seems that the traditional civil and commercial law departments are more inclined to protect private property, that is, regardless of the difference between the rich and the poor, they are equally protected by the law. From this point of view, it seems that it is of little significance to further improve people’s living standards and may even lead to an increase in the gap between the rich and the poor. However, we should also realize that some provisions of China's current Civil Code also play an important supporting role in promoting further improve people’s living standards. For example, the provisions on state-owned resources in Article 246-259 of the Civil Code, it is this kind of protection of state ownership of important resources that lays the foundation for the common ownership of the means of production in the socialist public economy, prevents the important resources from being monopolized by private individuals, thus aggravating the gap between the rich and the poor, and lays a solid material guarantee foundation for the realization of further improve people’s living standards. At present, China is still in the primary stage of socialism and will be in the primary stage for a long time. At this stage, the economy of various forms of ownership still develops together, and both state-owned and private property are strictly protected by law. Therefore, in the new journey of promoting further improve people’s living standards, it is even more necessary to solve the shortcomings of the existing distribution methods. How to distribute more fairly is an important issue to be solved urgently.[7]

In addition to the Civil Code, there are a number of regulations in China's administrative law departments that guarantee the steady progress of further improve people’s living standards. As we all know, the unlimited expansion of public power will lead to the infringement of private rights, and all countries' laws control public power to some extent. In China's legal system, apart from the constitutional department, the administrative law department is the most obvious one that restricts public power. In the process of promoting further improve people’s living standards, it is necessary to protect citizens' legal rights, so as to focus on building and maintaining a fair and just harmonious society. As a socialist country, of course, China must adhere to the basic economic system of public ownership of the means of production, but this does not mean that private rights must be unconditionally compromised. When making concessions to private rights due to the needs of national interests or social public interests, we
must make corresponding compensation for the sacrifice of private rights. The most representative one is the stipulation that the expropriation of private property must be compensated accordingly. For example, the legal provisions of the more common land acquisition behavior, according to "the land administration law of the people's republic of China" Article 47 stipulates that "if land is expropriated, compensation shall be given according to the original use of the expropriated land. Compensation fees for cultivated land expropriation include land compensation fees, resettlement subsidies and compensation fees for attachments and young crops on the ground ". At the same time, there are many relief channels for the damage of private rights, such as appeals, hearings, administrative reconsideration, administrative mediation, administrative litigation, etc., which not only provide adequate protection to safeguard his own rights, but also play an important and positive role in restricting public power. Especially in the current period, the promotion of further improve people's living standards is clearer and more urgent than ever before. However, the legislation on further improve people’s living standards is not something that can be completed in a short time. Therefore, in practice, the burden as the main basis for trying first falls on administrative regulations and local regulations.

3.3. Relevant expressions of further improve people’s living standards in the regulations

Further improve people’s living standards needs a certain process from planning to legislation, and other conditions need to be mature besides time cost. Therefore, at present, the expression of further improve people’s living standards and related regulations are only reflected in a few constitutional laws, such as the Law of the People's Republic of China on the Promotion of Rural Revitalization, and most other bases need to be found in other legal texts, which are mainly reflected in the internal laws, administrative regulations, local laws, departmental rules, judicial interpretations and other legal documents.

3.3.1. Central regulations

The types of central regulations mentioned in this article include laws, administrative regulations, judicial interpretations, departmental regulations, resolutions of the National People's Congress, opinions of the State Council, etc. For example, the 14th Five-Year Plan for National Economic and Social Development of the People's Republic of China and the Outline of the Long-term Goals in 2035 adopted by the Fourth Session of the 13th National People's Congress on March 11th, 2021 mentioned further improve people’s living standards many times, such as "sticking to the direction of further improve people’s living standards", "all people have made more obvious substantive progress in further improve people’s living standards" and "all people have taken solid steps in further improve people’s living standards". It can be seen that "rural revitalization", "regional coordination" and "labor and social security" are the key legislative directions of further improve people's living standards in the future.

Rural revitalization is an indispensable link in the process of achieving further improve people's living standards, which can be said to be a phased goal. An important aspect of China's current unbalanced development is that the gap between urban and rural development is still large, and the problem of per capita income gap between urban and rural areas remains unresolved. Since the founding of the People's Republic of China, peasant groups have made great contributions to the country's development, but compared with their contributions, their returns are obviously unequal, and the state has been making efforts to make up for them. In addition, peasant groups account for a large proportion of China's population, and the rural market has great development potential. Therefore, promoting further improve people’s living standards also requires certain tilt protection for rural areas and peasants. Further improve people’s living standards is the legislative purpose of "Rural Revitalization Promotion Law", and its expression of further improve people’s living standards mainly stays at the level of legal principles, which means that it can only be applied when legal regulations are exhausted in practice. However, this expression has played a good guiding role in the current practice in China, especially in the formulation of local laws and regulations. These legal principles have played a role in clarifying the legislative purpose and ensuring the unity and stability of the legal system of further improve people’s living standards.

In the legislation on regional coordinated development, there are also specific expressions about further improve people’s living standards. For example, in the Report of the State Council on the Distribution and Use of Financial Transportation Funds, it is mentioned that further improve people’s living standards is promoted by increasing investment in transportation in the central and western regions. The importance of regional economic development of transportation is self-evident. Since the founding of the People's Republic of China, everyone has heard the saying that "if you want to get rich, build a road first". Facts have also proved that the general economic development level of areas with developed
transportation is at the forefront of the whole country and even the world. It is also an essential way to improve the traffic situation in the process of getting rid of poverty and building a well-off society in an all-round way. It can be said that this is an inevitable choice for all underdeveloped areas.

In terms of labor and social security, the expression of further improve people’s living standards is not only in infrastructure construction. For example, in the Notice of the General Office of the State Council on Printing and Distributing the Plan for the Construction of Urban and Rural Community Service System in the Tenth Five-Year Plan, it is mentioned that "we must take the road of further improve people’s living standards, ensure that groups with special difficulties have equal access to relevant basic public services, and demonstrate fairness and justice". There are also the Notice of the State Council on Printing and Distributing the 14th Five-Year Plan for the Protection and Development of Disabled Persons and the Opinions of the General Office of the State Council on Perfecting the Medical Insurance and Assistance System for Serious and Extraordinary Diseases, etc., all of which show that the state is committed to further protecting special groups, preventing more problems caused by low income, especially avoiding "poverty caused by illness", providing the most basic living guarantee for groups with special difficulties, and helping to realize further improve people’s living standards.

3.3.2. Local regulations

The local laws and regulations mentioned in this article only refer to the laws and regulations that conform to Article 72 of the Legislation Law. In addition to the topics mentioned in the above-mentioned central regulations, China's current local regulations on further improve people’s living standards also include gender equality, ethnic equality and non-public economy.

Under the guidance of the central laws and regulations that clearly put forward the goal of rural revitalization, the formulation of local laws and regulations naturally attaches great importance to the further refinement of the way to achieve the goal of rural revitalization. For example, “Zhejiang Rural Revitalization Promotion Regulations” stipulates that "to fully implement the rural revitalization strategy, we should adhere to the leadership of the China, promote high-quality development and build a demonstration area for further improve people’s living standards." It is stipulated in the Regulations on Promoting Rural Revitalization in Henan Province: "To promote rural revitalization, we should adhere to the priority development of agriculture and rural areas, ...and promote the further improve people’s living standards of farmers and rural areas." Similarly, it is also stated in the Regulations on the Promotion of Rural Revitalization in Sichuan Province: "To implement the rural revitalization strategy in an all-round way, follow the following principles ". The provisions of these local regulations are based on the National Rural Revitalization Promotion Law of the People's Republic of China, and their ideas, goals, and general realization methods are similar. Except for Zhejiang, which uses the expression of "further improve people’s living standards demonstration zone" because of its special situation, the regulations of other provinces take further improve people’s living standards as the ultimate goal of implementing the rural revitalization strategy. In addition, some provinces put the relevant provisions of further improve people’s living standards for legislative purposes, but this does not affect the unity and continuity of the further improve people’s living standards legal system under the guidance of the Rural Revitalization Promotion Law of the People's Republic of China.

Further improve people’s living standards is also a policy resource for promoting ethnic equality and an important reason for promoting gender equality. Zhejiang Province (Revised in 2021), etc. Building a firm sense of Chinese nation's community and promoting ethnic relations of ethnic equality, ethnic unity and further improve people’s living standards of all ethnic groups need to be based on a solid economic foundation. At present, some problems encountered in the work of national unity are generally caused by social differentiation caused by unbalanced development. Therefore, adding the provision of further improve people’s living standards to the national autonomy regulations is to further build the great national unity of the Chinese nation and lay a solid economic foundation for the sustainable development of all Chinese nations. In terms of promoting gender equality, at present, women groups in China are under more pressure than men in terms of family contributions, and they are often treated unfairly by gender discrimination. In order to liberate women groups and provide them with equal rights in work, rest and development, some local laws and regulations have also made corresponding provisions. For example, the Regulations on Population and Family Planning of Guangxi Zhuang Autonomous Region stipulates: "Population and family planning work should be combined with economic development, promoting further improve people’s living standards, building a civilized and happy family, increasing women's education and employment opportunities, improving women's health and improving women's status." further improve people’s living standards is the newly added content of this clause when it was revised in 2022. This revision will help women to get further liberation from the heavy burden of life, make the actual equality in employment, rest, education and personal development, and further reduce
the unfair treatment of female groups caused by gender discrimination.

Finally, in other aspects, such as labor and social security, social responsibility of non-public enterprises, further improve people’s living standards in the development of the network and other relevant regulations are reflected in some local regulations. What's more special is that the relevant regulations on regional coordinated development are less mentioned in local regulations than the central regulations, and can only be found in limited local regulations. For example, the Decision of the Standing Committee of Shanxi Provincial People's Congress on Supporting and Safeguarding the High-quality Development of Central Shanxi Urban Agglomeration states: "Accelerate the leading development, striving for the rise, taking the lead in layout and making the first transformation of Central Shanxi Urban Agglomeration, It is of great significance to lead the modernization of the whole province and promote high-quality development in an all-round way, and it is crucial for Shanxi to show its position in the national territory, better serve and integrate into the new development pattern. "It can be clearly seen that this plan of Shanxi is intended to drive the whole region to take off through the rise of the central urban agglomeration. This kind of development mode is quite common and effective in China, so as to further narrow regional development differences and help promote" further improve people’s living standards ". In addition, the above-mentioned Decision also mentioned the general division of labor among departments, the social responsibility of private enterprises, that is, the non-public economy, and the role of justice in promoting regional coordinated development. At present, it is rare for such local laws and regulations to make direct provisions on regional coordinated development. This is mainly because, from the national level, China has a vast land area, a large number of ethnic groups, and the development differences among different regions are obvious. Therefore, the issue of regional coordination is an important issue that cannot be mentioned. However, compared with the national level, these situations are not so different in a province or a more limited area. Even if some differences do exist, they can be solved by other ways besides legislation.

4. Rule of law experience of further improve people’s living standards-taking "Zhejiang further improve people’s living standards Demonstration Zone" as an example

4.1. Legislative Practice of further improve people’s living standards

On June 10, 2021, the Opinions of the CPC Central Committee and the State Council on Supporting Zhejiang's High-quality Development and Construction of a further improve people's living standards Demonstration Zone was released, which opened a new journey for Zhejiang to take the lead in realizing further improve people’s living standards. In addition to the fact that its total economic output ranks among the best in the whole country, Zhejiang Province is chosen as a demonstration area for further improve people’s living standards, and there are other advantages that other provinces temporarily lack. For example, the regional development difference is smaller than other provinces, the level of spiritual civilization is higher, Zhejiang's institutional innovation has been fruitful in recent years, as well as geographical location, population and new economic vitality. Generally speaking, Zhejiang has certain basic conditions to realize further improve people’s living standards, which is more conducive to the pilot project and forms a batch of advanced experiences that can be used for reference and copied as soon as possible.

After the official opening of the further improve people’s living standards demonstration zone, Zhejiang Province has made a lot of positive achievements in local legislation. In the legislative plan for 2022 published by the Standing Committee of Zhejiang Provincial People's Congress in the first half of this year, we can see that there are a total of 56 planned projects, including 24 research and demonstration projects, 16 preliminary consideration projects, 12 submitted for consideration and 4 continued consideration projects. The number of legislative plan projects this year is the highest in Zhejiang Province over the years. Most projects are directly or indirectly related to further improve people’s living standards, the most representative of which is the drafting of the Regulations of Zhejiang Province on Promoting High-quality Development and Building a further improve people’s living standards Demonstration Zone, in addition to the Regulations of China (Zhejiang) Pilot Free Trade Zone (Revised), the Regulations of Safe Construction and so on. Through legislation, reform, abolition and release, a number of heavyweight laws and regulations included in the legislative plan will provide a solid legal guarantee for the "further improve people’s living standards demonstration area" and bring tangible benefits to the people.

In fact, as early as this year's legislative plan was published, Zhejiang had already issued a number of local laws and regulations, which involved all aspects and laid a good foundation for its further
development. In 2018, the first local law in the field of "streamline administration, delegate power, strengthen regulation and improve services" reform in China was formulated, namely, the Reform Regulations of Zhejiang Province on Guaranteeing "Running at Most Once". In 2020, the first local law of Zhejiang Province to guarantee and promote the development of private enterprises and the first local law of Zhejiang Province to promote the development of digital economy were promulgated. Later, there were some local laws and regulations such as Zhejiang E-Commerce Regulations, Zhejiang Express Industry Promotion Regulations, Zhejiang Public Data Regulations, Zhejiang Medical Security Regulations, Zhejiang Population and Family Planning Regulations and Zhejiang Rural Revitalization Promotion Regulations, which safeguarded people's right to life and development from all aspects, and took the lead in the whole country. Take whether the people in Zhejiang are satisfied or not as the legislative standard, resolutely implement and safeguard the people-centered development thought, solve people's worries and safeguard people's rights and interests.

It can be seen that the legislation on further improve people’s living standards in Zhejiang Province is almost always made in the form of local regulations, which is a flexible and feasible way to meet the legal requirements. According to the provisions of Article 72 of China's Legislation Law, provincial people's congresses and their standing committees may formulate local laws and regulations according to actual needs, and municipal people's congresses and their standing committees may formulate local laws and regulations on matters such as urban and rural construction and management, environmental protection, historical and cultural protection, etc. This is an effective provision in line with China's actual national conditions. In China, which is in the primary stage of socialism, it is normal for reform to be tried first. If it is guaranteed only by law, it will seriously hinder the development and progress of the country and the region. The lag of the law itself and the long legislative cycle are hard to change, so it is necessary to adopt more flexible legislative methods to guarantee it. This practice can also provide valuable experience for legislation in related fields.

4.2. Local practice of further improve people’s living standards

Huzhou City, Zhejiang Province is the first demonstration city for the construction of a government ruled by law in China and the first demonstration city for the construction of a government ruled by law in Zhejiang Province. The people's satisfaction with the legal system construction ranks among the top in Zhejiang Province. Objective at present, Huzhou is actively explore that effective way of "helping the further improve people’s living standards and protect the peace by law". since 2021, Huzhou has successively issued the 14th Five-Year Plan for the construction of Huzhou under the rule of law and the Outline for the construction of a society under the rule of law in Huzhou, and organized and carried out the "eight actions" to guarantee the further improve people’s living standards by the rule of law. Through a series of beneficial explorations and practices, the rule of law construction has been integrated into the whole process of further improve people’s living standards, thus providing the exploration of further improve people’s living standards

Guarantee the people's subjectivity of further improve people’s living standards under the rule of law. Socialist rule of law should create a good rule of law environment for further improve people’s living standards through the rule of law system of "enriching the people, benefiting the people and safeguarding the people", provide a smooth rule of law channel for people's demands expression, interest coordination and rights protection, and transform people's needs of "reflecting people's interests, reflecting people's wishes, safeguarding people's rights and interests and enhancing people's well-being" into national will through legal procedures. In recent years, in order to implement the concept of "people's democracy in the whole process" into the whole process of major decision-making, Huzhou has made great efforts to improve the public opinion "through train" system, the whole process digital supervision system and the hearing system of the Standing Committee of the National People's Congress. At the same time, we should integrate the resources of public security inspection law, judicature, letters and visits, etc., take the lead in exploring the "diversified solution mode of contradictions and disputes", solve the previous situation of "the case can't be settled" especially in administrative litigation, and strive to truly realize "the case can be settled" to achieve the purpose of substantial resolution of contradictions and disputes, so as to enhance judicial credibility and help the early realization of a country ruled by law, a government ruled by law and a society ruled by law.

Protect the legitimate rights and interests of market players by the rule of law. Huzhou has always adhered to the working ideas of systematic governance, legal governance, source governance and comprehensive governance, and further strengthened supervision and law enforcement. For example, it launched a series of actions to crack down on wage arrears of migrant workers and disrupt the labor market order, effectively safeguarding the legitimate rights and interests of workers; Continue to
eliminate gender, geographical and other identity discrimination, protect the legitimate rights and interests of workers, and give full play to the stability and predictability of the law; Renovate cyberspace according to law, and make "the construction of network management system in city area according to law" a key project of Huzhou under the rule of law, and include it in the 14th Five-Year Plan of Huzhou under the rule of law and the Outline of Huzhou under the rule of law society, and severely crack down on illegal collection and use of personal information, online fraud, online slander and other common illegal and criminal acts in the Internet field.

Taking the above-mentioned local practices as an example, under the guidance of the central and provincial government departments, local governments have made clear their own positioning, and in order to promote the realization of further improve people's living standards and achieve the goal of "further improve people's living standards demonstration zone" as soon as possible, they have planned to carry out all-round, three-dimensional and multi-level reforms and explorations in the fields of legislation, law enforcement and justice. Not only limited to the traditional economic field, but also focusing on the new field, so that the rule of law can better and more comprehensively reflect the important role of further improve people's living standards.

5. Conclusion

Further improve people’s living standards is the common aspiration of all Chinese people since the founding of the People's Republic of China, and it is also the essential requirement of socialism with Chinese characteristics. The rule of law is an important guarantee to promote further improve people's living standards. Since the new socialist period, the promotion of further improve people’s living standards has entered a fast lane. The renewal of its concept, the definition of its goal, the further construction of its framework and the pilot of the reform pilot area are all inseparable from the important guarantee and guiding role of the rule of law. At present, China's direct legislation on further improve people’s living standards is still limited, and its legal system is still being built and improved. In this period, we should give full play to the flexible and dynamic role of local laws and regulations and other policies, explore a beneficial development path, accumulate feasible legislative and practical experience, and provide sufficient assistance for the early construction of a perfect legal system of further improve people’s living standards. In this process, we should always realize that the realization of further improve people’s living standards is not only material prosperity but also spiritual satisfaction. We should consider many aspects on the road of exploring legislation and practice. The further improvement of productivity, spiritual civilization, the harmony and stability of the social environment, the protection of people's democratic rights, the standardization of virtual cyberspace and digital economy, etc. all need to be paid attention to and integrated with further improve people’s living standards. Besides, in the process of law enforcement and judicature, we should also pay attention to the promotion of further improve people’s living standards, adhere to the people-centered work focus, timely solve disputes and contradictions involving the masses of the people, explore new and effective dispute resolution mechanisms, and truly "settle the case", so as to urge the whole society to truly respect the law, learn the law, abide by the law and use it, and give play to the important guarantee role of the rule of law in consolidating the foundation, stabilizing expectations and benefiting the long-term.

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