### Supplementary Table 2. Subgroup analysis on the association of normalized creatinine-to-cystatin C ratio with risk of diabetes

| Subgroup      | OR (95% CI)\(^a\) | \(P\) interaction |
|---------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Gender        |                   | 0.741             |
| Male          | 0.93 (0.79–1.07)  |                   |
| Female        | 0.90 (0.81–1.01)  |                   |
| Age, yr       |                   | 0.905             |
| ≥60           | 0.90 (0.80–1.02)  |                   |
| <60           | 0.91 (0.90–1.04)  |                   |
| Smoking       |                   | 0.407             |
| Yes           | 0.97 (0.83–1.13)  |                   |
| No            | 0.88 (0.79–0.98)  |                   |
| Drinking      |                   | 0.337             |
| Yes           | 0.96 (0.81–1.14)  |                   |
| No            | 0.89 (0.80–0.99)  |                   |

OR, odds ratio; CI, confidence interval.
\(^a\)Adjusted for age, gender, history of smoking and drinking, presence of hypertension, dyslipidemia, and heart disease, mean arterial pressure, glycosylated hemoglobin, total cholesterol/high-density lipoprotein, triglyceride, low-density lipoprotein, uric acid, and high-sensitivity C-reactive protein.