A Reflection on the Phenomenon of "argot "in linguistic view of landscape of Macao Shop

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Abstract: the landscape of Macao shops is first architectural symbol, which has the significance of design, then landscape symbol, which has geographical significance, and also public regional symbol, which has sociological significance. No matter which kind of symbol, in the final analysis, the essence is the collection of symbolic elements, first manifested as language symbols, then is the political, economic, cultural, educational and other multi-element word-formation, and finally affect its written writing style and communication mechanism is comprehensive and pluralistic. This paper expounds the phenomenon of "argot" in the language landscape of Macao shops from the aspects of folk culture, industry linkage and resource particularity, hoping to arouse more thinking about Macao's language landscape. It also hopes to provide some strategic thinking for changing the "single economic structure" mentioned in the outline.

1 Page layout

The Outline of the Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macau Greater Bay Area Development Plan (hereinafter referred to as "the Outline ") points out that" the development gap within the Dawan area is still large, the synergy and inclusiveness need to be strengthened, and the phenomenon of homogeneous competition and resource mismatch still exists in some regions and fields."\textsuperscript{[1]} Does the phenomenon of homogeneous competition and resource mismatch exist in the landscape of Macao shops, especially in the language of shops? Ideological culture is the soul of the country and nation, while landscape culture is the face of region and city, and the language symbol in landscape is the soul of landscape. This is the main purpose of this paper to investigate the Macao commodity language landscape.

From the perspective of sociolinguistics, this paper focuses on whether there is homogenization in the language landscape of shops in the Bay area, and whether homogenization causes a vicious circle of competition. From the point of view of current language communication and input mechanism, homogenization and resource mismatch are easy to confuse, mislead consumers and disturb market order. As a general collection of language symbols in public areas, the language landscape of the Bay area should first conform to the national common language and characters.\textsuperscript{[2]} But it is actually designed in combination with the political, economic, cultural and other elements of its own region. As a public area, the primary role of shop language symbols is to express and transfer meaning, and then affect communication, so what kind of language phenomenon will be caused by homogenization and resource mismatch?

The author investigates the main road shops in the Macao Peninsula, Taipa Island and Luhuan Island, taking the language symbols of the shops in Macao as the research object, focusing on the characters as the elements, and deeply analyzing the symbolic, systematic, hierarchical, social and ethnic characteristics of the language landscape. This paper focuses on Macao as a multilingual area, language has become a tool for communication and communication, and the language landscape of shops as a tool for communication and trading, is there only functional characteristics?\textsuperscript{[3]} The author takes the shop of the main road of Macao as the object of investigation, and finds that it is far from enough to simply investigate the phonetic meaning of its characters and symbols, and there is a deep humanistic pulse behind it. So is there an industry "hermit "? So what is an industry cryptic? Jews who did business in the Middle Ages designed specific words to avoid the disclosure of key information, commonly known as "jargon ", while Jews who did business in modern times monopolized New York's jewelry processing industry also used" argot "to raise the threshold for non-Jews to enter the jewelry industry.\textsuperscript{[4]} The "argot" of the shop language landscape in this paper is similar to the "jargon" of the Jews. Besides its special function, it also has deep cultural, political and economic connotations\textsuperscript{[5]} or in the form of "hidden meaning ", "metaphor ", "recessive" and so on in the language landscape, with the characteristics of "obscure" or "hidden" characteristics.
2 The cultural nature of folklore leads to the industry's "argot"

On 1 January 2018, Macao implemented the Prevention and Control of Smoking System, the Tobacco Control Act. No smoking in entertainment, Prohibit the public display of tobacco products at some outlets, Sales outlets such as convenience stores, supermarkets and street newspaper stalls in Macau can only show prices, Consumers can not see tobacco products through display windows outside the point of sale, It also stipulates that tobacco can not be advertised, This reduces the frequency of the word "tobacco" in the language landscape, I visited the shops in Macau, Find no more than 30 signboards from shops: Sichuan Tobacco Liquor, Chengxing Tobacco Co., Ltd., Lianyi Tobacco Co., Ltd., Phoenix Tobacco (Group) Co., Ltd., Macau Land Rolling Stock, Yunfu Rolling Stock (Macau) Co., Ltd., Macau Beauty Co., Ltd., Xingchang Tobacco Co., Ltd., Jincheng Tobacco Co., Ltd., Le Cesar, Fuyi Tobacco Co., Ltd., Yingfa Tobacco News, Macau Shanghai Rolling Stock Co., Ltd., Zhongxing Tobacco Co., Ltd., Hong Kong Tobacco Co., Ltd., Ltd., Yan Wanrong Tobacco Co., Ltd., International Wine, Hengchang Tobacco Wine Company, Changsheng Wine Company, Datong Bank, Chongqing Tobacco Company, Sanchang Tobacco Company, Sanchang Tobacco Company, Macau Hand letter, Fuchang Tobacco Company, Xinxinwei Tobacco Trade Co., Ltd., Chengchang Tobacco Co., Ltd., "Smoke" gradually withdrew from the Macau language landscape, On February 28,2021, Tencent changed its pseudo-language to "Smoke" (quit smoking), In the current context, The word "smoke" appears very low in the language landscape of shops, With the promotion of tobacco control law and the response of the public, Slowly the word "smoke" will withdraw from the field of language landscape.

For example, the Macao bus reminds passengers to beware of "pickpockets" and expresses "careful hands". Under the influence of" gentleman culture "and" villain culture "in traditional culture, the word" small hand "is more metaphorical than "pickpockets ". Hong Kong and Macao "hit the villain" custom still retains," small hand "and" villain "are deeply rooted in the hearts of citizens do not like behavior. Macau's shop language landscape. The loving seat on the bus refers to the elderly, expressed as "elderly ", not "old "or" old ", influenced by Western taboo age culture. As a familiar morpheme , old "is widely used. Once the morpheme involved in age is also in the state of "blanking ", the more scenes involving age morphemes in the mainland are also related to the traditional "modesty" culture. Instead of "blanking ", it appears as a more conspicuous scene, although the naming rules marking degree of the store language landscape are not high and have no characteristics. In addition to the recognition of their own products and the high self-recognition, the naming of the Chinese nation's 100 surnames and the same surnames is not conducive to communication and recognition. This is less common in Macao language landscape.

3 Industry linkage causes industry "argot"

Macao takes gambling industry as the economic pillar," pawnshop "and" gold shop "occupy the main share of the local economy. In Macao, the pawnshops are represented either by jewellery and watches, or by the word "profit" or "pledge ", which leads to the fact that the word" pawn "is almost hidden in the language landscape. They can only learn the function or marketing product of the store from the hidden words related to the word" pledge "or" profit ", but only from the "sound and meaning" of the language symbol of the store is unable to know the true intention of the language symbol to transmit information or express it[7]

The author made statistics on the local watch line of Macao : " Ying Fu watch line ", "Rong Mao watch line ", "Enicar"(English Na GE handprint, note: Portuguese, Chinese style as the timer),"Timepieces", "Corum"(Kunyu handprint, German language, Chinese style as Gangyu )," Mouthblanc "[8], and(Hand in hand, Note: German, With time, MONT BLANC TO OOHOVE WORD),"Great Shanghai Bridge ", "Close Bridge ", "Clock Mounting ", "Time Gallery", "New Time Hand Shop ", "New Times Clock Walk ", "Chiba Table ", "The Capital of the Table ", "Sigma Timers", " Day Line ", "Yuxinglong Watch ", "Oriental Red Watch ", "Cui Wenji Watch ", "Famous Watch, Hope last letter)," eternal life line ", "Patek Philippe Geneve", "Gmt-Time", "Da'an line ", "time square line ", "new light line ", "Datong line ", "Li Qiao record Zhong line ", "Xiang Xing line ", "big name line ", "Song Yi line ", From the statistics, Chinese symbolic elements take "table line" as word-formation affixes to account for 4/5, English "TIME" construction of language landscape accounts for 1/8, From the word "clock" or "watch" or "time"(time) to know the clock trading shop, could not get the extra information of "pawn" from the word.

The term "pawn" is used as a trade term. For example ; "God's bow ", "God's mercy "," prosperity "," prosperity "," wealth "," gold "," wealth "," everlasting
The author examines the local language landscape of Guangzhou. The word "artificial" has been found to be a word-formation element in the main stone, wood, leather, lawn, plant and other industries such as "Yongya Meishu artificial stone special-shaped manufacturing center ", "Shangxing wood-based panel Co., Ltd.", "Baofeng artificial leather co., Ltd.", "Shenzhen creative artificial stone co.", "Guangzhou Feng grass artificial lawn co., Ltd.", "artificial sea water miniature landscape ", "Guangzhou Dongjun artificial plant co., Ltd.", "Guangzhou Green Tan artificial lawn co.", "Zengcheng artificial beach ", "Yongfeng artificial board factory ", "Guangzhou Dafeng artificial grass co., Ltd." "Guangzhou Aosheng artificial grass limited public Division ", "artificial football field ", "Hengchun Garden artificial lawn" and so on. The word "artificial" and "jewelry" industry to form a language landscape phenomenon is almost zero, on the one hand, the local consumer's lack of self-confidence in consumer products, on the other hand, consumers to jewelry artificial wait-and-see attitude.

From the above point of view, Macao shop landscape is first architectural symbol, with design significance, followed by landscape symbol, with geographical significance, and public regional symbol, with sociological significance[10]. No matter what kind of symbol, in the final analysis, the essence is the set of symbolic elements, first manifested as language symbols, then is the political, economic, cultural, educational and other multi-element word-formation, and finally affect its written writing style and communication mechanism is comprehensive and pluralistic. This paper expounds the phenomenon of "argot" in the language landscape of Macao shops from the aspects of folk culture, industry linkage and resource particularity, hoping to arouse more thinking about Macao's language landscape. It also hopes to provide some strategic thinking for changing the "single economic structure" mentioned in the outline.
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