Ranking Economics Journals Using Data From a National Research Evaluation Exercise*

ARNE RISA HOLE

Department of Economics, University of Sheffield, 9 Mappin Street, Sheffield, S1 4DT, UK (e-mail: a.r.hole@sheffield.ac.uk)

Abstract

This paper describes an algorithm for creating a ranking of economics journals, using data from the 2014 UK Research Excellence Framework (REF) exercise. The ranking generated by the algorithm can be viewed as a measure of the average quality of the papers published in the journal, as judged by the REF Economics and Econometrics sub-panel, based on the outputs submitted to the REF.

I. Introduction

Research evaluations are increasingly used to inform the allocation of public research funding. A recent large-scale example is the 2014 Research Excellence Framework (REF), which evaluated a sample of research conducted by researchers in UK higher education institutions. As well as research outputs, which count for 65% of the overall score, departments were also evaluated according to their research environment (15%) and their non-academic impact (20%). The latter is the main difference between the REF and the 2008 Research Assessment Exercise (RAE), as the RAE did not evaluate departments on the basis of non-academic impact.

The quality of each submitted output (i.e. a journal article, working paper, book chapter or authored book) was assessed by the members of one of 36 sub-panels and given an individual score. Out of the 2600 outputs submitted to the Economics and Econometrics sub-panel 28% of outputs were classified as ‘world-leading’ (4*), 49% as ‘internationally excellent’ (3*), 20% as ‘recognised internationally’ (2*) and 3% as ‘recognised nationally’ (1*). 1 The scores were made publicly available at the level of the department only, along with a list of the outputs submitted by each department. 2

This paper uses the publicly available data on research outputs from the REF 2014 to construct a ranking of economics journals. This is done by using a simple algorithm

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1 In addition, a small number of outputs were ‘unclassified’.

2 The individual scores assigned to each output were destroyed once the results for the departments were complete.
which allocates a rank to each submitted output based on the journal it was published in and compares the predicted share of outputs in the different categories at the departmental level to the actual shares. The algorithm systematically changes the rank of the journals to find the combination that best reproduces the actual department-level shares. To my knowledge, this is the first attempt to construct a ranking of economics journals using data from the REF, or any other research evaluation, complementing analysis of such data in other fields (see e.g. Varin, Cattelan and Firth, 2016).

The ranking generated by the algorithm can be viewed as a measure of the average quality of the papers published in the journal, as judged by the REF sub-panel, based on the outputs submitted to the REF. Since the outputs were assessed individually it should not be viewed as an attempt to construct an ‘official’ UK ranking of economics journals. It is likely that the actual scores given to the outputs by the sub-panel members varied among papers published in the same journal, which is why the ranking is best viewed as an attempt to infer the average quality of the papers published in the journal.

The paper is organized as follows. Section II describes the algorithm used to construct the journal ranking and section III presents the ranking along with some robustness checks. Section IV offers some concluding remarks.

II. Methodology

Each of the 2,600 outputs submitted to the Economics and Econometrics REF sub-panel is given an initial rank. Using the initial ranks assigned to each paper, we can predict the proportion of 4*, 3*, 2* and 1* submissions for each department. We then calculate the squared difference between the predicted and actual proportions for each category and sum the squared differences over departments \((i = 1, 2, \ldots, 28)\) and categories \((j = 1, 2, \ldots, 4)\). The sum of squared differences (SSD) weighted by the number of submissions from each department \((N_i)\) is given by:

\[
SSD = \sum_{i=1}^{28} \sum_{j=1}^{4} N_i (p_{ij} - \hat{p}_{ij})^2
\]

where \(p_{ij}\) is the actual proportion of \(j\)-star submissions in department \(i\), and \(\hat{p}_{ij}\) is the predicted proportion:

\[
\hat{p}_{ij} = \frac{1}{N_i} \sum_{n=1}^{N_i} I(r_{ni} = j),
\]

where \(r_{ni}\) is the rank assigned to output \(n\) submitted by department \(i\). \(I(\cdot)\) is the indicator function which is equal to one if the expression in the parenthesis is true and zero otherwise.

The journals are then sorted in random order and the following algorithm is run:

1. Starting with the first journal re-calculate the SSD after temporarily assigning the journal each of the four possible ranks
2. Assign the journal the rank which leads to the lowest SSD in step 1
3. Repeat steps 1 and 2 for all the journals in the ranking
4. Repeat steps 1 to 3 until the algorithm converges. Convergence is declared when an iteration (i.e. a run through steps 1 to 3) decreases the SSD by < 0.0001.
The criterion for including a journal in the ranking is that at least five papers published (or forthcoming) in the journal were submitted to the REF. Together the papers published in the resulting 96 journals constitute 82% of the 2,600 outputs submitted. This threshold is somewhat arbitrary, but represents a tradeoff between the desire to include as many journals as possible in the ranking and having a reasonable basis for ranking a journal. Note that all the submitted outputs are included when calculating $p_{ij}$, but the rank is held constant at the initial value for journals not included in the ranking.

In the next section, this approach is used to generate a journal ranking using the Keele list\(^3\) to assign the initial ranks. The sensitivity of the results to the chosen starting values and the inclusion criterion is then subsequently explored, and the generated ranking is compared with two existing rankings of economics journals.

### III. Results

#### Journal ranking

The initial rank is set equal to the rank of the journal the paper was published in according to the Keele list. Eighty-five per cent of outputs are classified in this way. The remaining outputs are either working papers (6%), book chapters or authored books (2%), or papers published in journals not covered by the Keele list (7%). Working papers, book chapters and authored books are assigned a rank equal to the modal rank of the outputs submitted by the respective department minus one.\(^4\) Papers published in journals not in the Keele list are given a rank of 1, with a number of exceptions listed in Table 1.

In the case of several journals, the rank of the journal depends on the initial sort order. The algorithm is therefore run 1,000 times, each time with a different random sort order. Typically the algorithm converges in 5–10 iterations and decreases the SSD from 125.5 to about 38–45 depending on the sort order. This represents a reduction of about 64–70%. The results from the 1,000 runs are summarized in Appendix Table A1. Before proceeding it is worth mentioning that while most of the journals are consistently classified in either just one category or in two adjacent categories, there is a small number of journals which are more erratic in terms of their ranking. For example, the Journal of Economic Geography is ranked as 3* just under one third of the time and 1* about two thirds of the time, while the Journal of Economics and Management Strategy is ranked as 4* about 40% of the time and 1* just under 60% of the time. This may reflect that the papers published in these journals were considered to be of more variable quality by the REF panel, but it could also be a consequence of the fact that the journals had a small number of REF submissions.

The approach suggested by Hudson (2013) is used to convert the results into a ranking, where each journal is categorized according to the likelihood that it belongs to a certain category. To be specific, a journal is considered to be 4* if the proportion of times the

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\(^3\) See Hudson (2013) for a description of the Keele list. The advantage of using this ranking for the purpose of assigning initial ranks is that it uses the same four quality categories as the REF. It is also fairly comprehensive, although it omits some newer journals.

\(^4\) This is of course somewhat arbitrary, but can be justified on the grounds that the sub-panel overview report (available at http://www.ref.ac.uk/panels/paneloverviewreports/) states that the proportion of world-leading or internationally excellent quality outputs was higher in the case of journal articles than other outputs ‘reflecting the rigorous process of peer review which is now the norm in economics journals’.
algorithm ranks it as 4* is greater than or equal to 0.65. Journals with a proportion greater than or equal to 0.5 but lower than 0.65 is classified as a ‘probable 4*’ while journals with a proportion greater than or equal to 0.35 but lower than 0.5 is classified as a ‘possible 4*’. This is then repeated for the other categories, only that now the cumulative proportion is used. For example, a journal is considered to be 3* if the proportion of times the algorithm ranks it as 3* or higher is greater than or equal to 0.65 and it has not already been ranked as 4*. As discussed by Hudson (2013) the choice of cutoffs is arbitrary, but this approach avoids a sharp distinction between the categories. The results are presented in Table 2.

It can be seen from the table that the journals typically considered to be the top-5 economics journals5 (see e.g. Card and DellaVigna, 2013) are all ranked unambiguously as 4*, which gives the results some validity. In addition, a number of high-quality field journals are ranked as 3*.

The algorithm ranks the relatively new American Economic Association journals6 very highly, either as 4* or probable/possible 4*. The same goes for Quantitative Economics, the relatively new Econometric Society journal. Also of interest is that two economic history journals (Journal of Economic History and Explorations in Economic History) are ranked as 4* and a third (Economic History Review) as possible 4*.

While the findings in general seem plausible, there are some unexpected results. For example, while the Journal of Environmental Economics and Management is generally considered the top field journal in environmental economics, Environmental and Resource Economics performs better in the ranking.7 Another surprise is the relatively low rank of

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5 The American Economic Review, Econometrica, the Journal of Political Economy, The Quarterly Journal of Economics and The Review of Economic Studies.

6 American Economic Journal: Microeconomics, Macroeconomics, Applied Economics and Economic Policy.

7 Note that the first issue of the new Journal of the Association of Environmental and Resource Economists was published in 2014, i.e. after the end of the REF period.
TABLE 2

Journal ranking using the Keele list to assign initial ranks

| Journal                                           | Cumulative proportion | Number of REF submissions |
|---------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| **4***                                             |                       |                           |
| American Economic Review                          | 1                     | 111                       |
| Econometrica                                      | 1                     | 69                        |
| Review of Economic Studies                        | 1                     | 63                        |
| Quantitative Economics                            | 1                     | 12                        |
| Quarterly Journal of Economics                    | 0.999                 | 29                        |
| Journal of Economic History                       | 0.984                 | 13                        |
| American Economic Journal: Economic Policy        | 0.984                 | 12                        |
| The B.E. Journal of Theoretical Economics         | 0.879                 | 5                         |
| Journal of the European Economic Association      | 0.868                 | 71                        |
| Journal of the American Statistical Association   | 0.854                 | 5                         |
| Explorations in Economic History                  | 0.825                 | 11                        |
| Journal of Political Economy                      | 0.817                 | 24                        |
| American Economic Journal: Applied Economics      | 0.812                 | 16                        |
| Journal of Econometrics                           | 0.787                 | 93                        |
| Journal of Monetary Economics                      | 0.676                 | 42                        |
| **Probable 4***                                    |                       |                           |
| American Economic Journal: Macroeconomics         | 0.619                 | 11                        |
| International Journal of Forecasting              | 0.559                 | 5                         |
| **Possible 4***                                    |                       |                           |
| American Economic Journal: Microeconomics         | 0.497                 | 16                        |
| Journal of Economic Theory                        | 0.468                 | 80                        |
| Economic History Review                           | 0.449                 | 9                         |
| The Econometrics Journal                          | 0.424                 | 9                         |
| Journal of Economics & Management Strategy        | 0.410                 | 8                         |
| Review of Income and Wealth                       | 0.369                 | 6                         |
| **3***                                             |                       |                           |
| Economic Journal                                  | 1                     | 103                       |
| European Economic Review                          | 1                     | 51                        |
| International Economic Review                     | 1                     | 28                        |
| Journal of Finance                                | 1                     | 6                         |
| Journal of International Economics                | 1                     | 36                        |
| Review of Economics and Statistics                | 1                     | 59                        |
| Journal of Public Economics                       | 1                     | 57                        |
| Social Choice and Welfare                         | 1                     | 14                        |
| Journal of Development Economics                  | 1                     | 48                        |
| Journal of Mathematical Economics                 | 1                     | 18                        |
| Scandinavian Journal of Economics                 | 1                     | 16                        |
| RAND Journal of Economics                         | 1                     | 16                        |
| Journal of Applied Econometrics                   | 1                     | 24                        |
| Games and Economic Behavior                       | 1                     | 79                        |
| Labour Economics                                  | 1                     | 19                        |
| Journal of Population Economics                   | 1                     | 9                         |
| Experimental Economics                            | 1                     | 8                         |
| Journal of Law, Economics, & Organization        | 1                     | 11                        |
| Energy Economics                                  | 0.999                 | 5                         |

(continued)


| Journal                                      | Cumulative proportion | Number of REF submissions |
|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| Economic Theory                              | 0.998                 | 49                        |
| Journal of Labor Economics                   | 0.997                 | 13                        |
| Journal of Money, Credit and Banking         | 0.996                 | 33                        |
| International Journal of Industrial Organization | 0.995              | 16                        |
| Review of Financial Studies                  | 0.995                 | 5                         |
| International Journal of Game Theory         | 0.992                 | 11                        |
| Ecological Economics                         | 0.987                 | 6                         |
| The B.E. Journal of Macroeconomics           | 0.986                 | 9                         |
| Journal of Statistical Planning and Inference | 0.977              | 5                         |
| Environmental and Resource Economics         | 0.973                 | 15                        |
| Review of Economic Dynamics                  | 0.968                 | 14                        |
| Oxford Economic Papers                        | 0.967                 | 24                        |
| Journal of Human Resources                   | 0.966                 | 7                         |
| Theoretical Economics                        | 0.953                 | 13                        |
| Journal of Business & Economic Statistics    | 0.935                 | 13                        |
| Macroeconomic Dynamics                       | 0.925                 | 10                        |
| Journal of Economic Behavior & Organization  | 0.924                 | 42                        |
| Economica                                    | 0.911                 | 18                        |
| Econometric Theory                           | 0.891                 | 35                        |
| Journal of Economic Dynamics and Control     | 0.884                 | 44                        |
| Journal of Health Economics                  | 0.866                 | 33                        |
| Journal of Public Economic Theory            | 0.772                 | 12                        |
| Southern Economic Journal                    | 0.767                 | 5                         |
| World Bank Economic Review                   | 0.696                 | 5                         |

**Probable 3***

| Economic Inquiry                             | 0.649                 | 13                        |
| Theory and Decision                          | 0.616                 | 13                        |
| Oxford Bulletin of Economics and Statistics   | 0.613                 | 28                        |
| Economic Policy                              | 0.597                 | 6                         |
| Journal of Risk and Uncertainty              | 0.523                 | 8                         |

**Possible 3***

| Public Choice                                | 0.483                 | 14                        |
| Journal of Industrial Economics              | 0.431                 | 6                         |
| Computational Statistics & Data Analysis     | 0.421                 | 7                         |
| Studies in Nonlinear Dynamics and Econometrics | 0.394            | 6                         |
| Mathematical Social Sciences                 | 0.385                 | 8                         |

**2***

| Canadian Journal of Economics                | 1                     | 28                        |
| Management Science                           | 1                     | 6                         |
| Journal of Environmental Economics and Management | 1                  | 11                        |
| Journal of Time Series Analysis              | 1                     | 9                         |
| Journal of Comparative Economics             | 1                     | 8                         |
| Economics Letters                            | 1                     | 62                        |
| Journal of International Money and Finance   | 1                     | 15                        |
| Economic Modelling                           | 1                     | 7                         |

(continued)
TABLE 2
(Continued)

| Journal                                      | Cumulative proportion | Number of REF submissions |
|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| World Development                            | 1                     | 7                         |
| Journal of Banking and Finance               | 1                     | 23                        |
| Journal of Empirical Finance                 | 1                     | 5                         |
| Journal of the Royal Statistical Society: Series A | 1                   | 19                        |
| Journal of International Financial Markets, Institutions & Money | 1 | 6 |
| Manchester School                            | 1                     | 10                        |
| Journal of Financial Economics               | 0.995                 | 5                         |
| Annals of Finance                            | 0.967                 | 5                         |
| Journal of Agricultural Economics            | 0.921                 | 10                        |
| 1*                                           |                       |                           |
| Applied Economics                            | 1                     | 6                         |
| Review of International Economics            | 1                     | 5                         |
| Journal of Economic Geography                | 1                     | 5                         |

Note: The cumulative proportion is the proportion of times the algorithm has classified the journal in the assigned category or higher.

the Canadian Journal of Economics and Economics Letters, which both typically perform better in other rankings of economics journals. Finally, some journals which do not have an exclusive economics focus, such as the Journal of the Royal Statistical Society: Series A and Management Science, are ranked relatively low.8

Robustness checks

Starting values
To explore the sensitivity of the results to the starting values chosen for the algorithm the analysis was re-run using randomly chosen starting values for the 96 journals in the ranking. All the other aspects of the methodology remain unchanged.

The results are presented in Appendix Table A2. The ranking is remarkably stable: the correlation9 between the rankings is 0.94, which suggests that the final ranking is not very sensitive to the choice of starting values. In most cases the journals either keep the same rank or move from being unambiguously ranked in one category to being possibly or probably ranked in the same or an adjacent category (or vice versa). There is a small number of journals for which the rank changes more dramatically: Econometric Theory, for example, is ‘upgraded’ from 3* to 4* and the Review of Income and Wealth is ‘downgraded’ from

8 At the suggestion of a referee an additional analysis was run which distinguishes between regular issues and conference issues of the American Economic Review (AER) and the Economic Journal (EJ). The conference issue of the AER receives a lower (possible 4*) rank, while the conference issue of the EJ is somewhat unexpectedly ranked higher than the ordinary issue (4* vs. 3*). This result should be tempered by the fact that only five and eight papers published in a conference issue of the AER and EJ, respectively, were submitted to the REF. The ranking of the remaining journals was largely unaffected by treating conference issues of the AER and EJ separately from the regular issues. When treated separately both regular and Feature issues of the EJ receive a 3* rank.

9 To compute the correlation possible/probable 4* was coded as 3.35/3.65 and possible/probable 3* as 2.35/2.65.
possible 4* to 2*. The latter journal has only six submissions to the REF, which suggests that its rank should be treated with some caution.

Inclusion criterion

As discussed in section II, the criterion for including a journal in the ranking is that at least five papers published (or forthcoming) in the journal were submitted to the REF. Since this threshold is somewhat arbitrary it is useful to explore the sensitivity of the results to increasing the threshold to 10 papers. This reduces the number of journals included in the ranking from 96 to 60. As before, the rank is held constant at the initial value for journals not included in the ranking.

The results are presented in Appendix Table A3. Again the results are very stable: the correlation between the rankings of the 60 journals with 10 or more submissions is 0.95. Nearly all of the journals keep the same rank or move from being unambiguously ranked in one category to being possibly or probably ranked in the same or an adjacent category (or vice versa). Only one journal is affected more dramatically: the Journal of Agricultural Economics is ‘downgraded’ from 2* to 1*. These results suggest that the ranking for journals with 10 or more submissions is fairly robust to changing the inclusion criterion.

Simulation results

To investigate the validity of the methodology, a simulation experiment was carried out in which each of the journals in the ranking was assigned a hypothetical true rank according to the ranking presented in Table 2.10 Each output published in one of the journals in the ranking was assigned the rank of the journal, while the remaining outputs were assigned a rank according to the assumptions made in the analysis above. Based on the true ranks the department level scores were calculated, and the algorithm was run as before.

The correlation between the ranking produced by the algorithm and the true ranking is 0.86, and this increases to 0.93 when restricting the sample to the journals with 10 or more submissions to the REF. Most journals are either unambiguously assigned the correct rank, or ranked as probably/possibly belonging to the correct category. This is the case for 66% of the journals overall and 80% of the journals with 10 or more REF submissions. When the algorithm assigns a incorrect rank, this is nearly always the rank immediately above or below the true rank.

These findings are encouraging overall, but reinforce our earlier warning that the ranks of journals with only a small number of submissions should be treated with some caution.

Comparison with Keele and Academic Journal Guide 2015 rankings

Table 3 shows the pairwise correlations between the rankings based on the REF data, the Keele ranking and the recent rankings from the Academic Journal Guide (AJG) 2015.11

10 Journals ranked as probable 4* were considered to be 4* and those ranked as possible 4* to be 3* (and analogously for journals ranked probable/possible 3*) for the purposes of assigning the true ranks.

11 The guide can be downloaded at www.charteredabs.org (subject to free registration). We use the rankings in the ‘Economics, Econometrics and Statistics’ and ‘Business History and Economic History’ categories.
TABLE 3
Pairwise correlations between the different rankings

|                  | REF-based | REF-based (Random) | REF-based (10+ subs.) | Keele     | AJG 2015   |
|------------------|-----------|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------|------------|
| REF-based        | 1         |                    |                       |           |            |
| REF-based (Random) | 0.94      | 1                  |                       |           |            |
| (N = 96)        |           |                    |                       |           |            |
| REF-based (10+ subs.) | 0.95      | 0.90               | 1                     |           |            |
| (N = 60)        |           | (N = 60)           |                       |           |            |
| Keele            | 0.48      | 0.42               | 0.55                  | 1         |            |
| (N = 90)        |           | (N = 90)           | (N = 55)              |           |            |
| AJG 2015         | 0.48      | 0.47               | 0.39                  | 0.53      | 1          |
| (N = 81)        |           | (N = 81)           | (N = 56)              | (N = 75)  |            |

Notes: REF-based (Random) and REF-based (10+ subs.) refer to the rankings described in the ‘Robustness checks’ sub-section. The sample size (N) varies across cells as not all the journals in the REF-based rankings are included in the Keele and AJG 2015 rankings.

Like the Keele list, the AJG 2015 divides the journals into four quality categories, plus an additional ‘journal of distinction’ category which is re-coded as 4* for the purpose of computing the correlations. It can be seen that the correlation between the rankings based on the REF data is much higher than the correlations between these rankings and the Keele and AJG 2015 rankings.

IV. Concluding remarks

This paper has described an algorithm for creating a ranking of economics journals using data from the 2014 UK REF exercise. The ranking generated by the algorithm can be viewed as a measure of the average quality of the papers published in the journal, as judged by the REF Economics and Econometrics sub-panel, based on the outputs submitted to the REF.

The ranking produced is broadly in line with citation-based rankings of economics journals, such as Kalaitzidakis, Mamuneas and Stengos (2011). This finding complements the work by Clerides, Pashardes and Polycarpou (2011), who find that the rankings of economics departments in the earlier 1996 and 2001 RAEs are largely in agreement with metrics-based rankings. It is also consistent with the results from an official Higher Education Funding Council for England analysis of the 2014 REF data (HEFCE, 2015), which finds that the rank of the outputs submitted to the Economics and Econometrics sub-panel correlate highly with a range of citation-based metrics.

The ranking can be described as ‘egalitarian’ rather than ‘elitist’ in the sense of Neary, Mirrlees and Tirole (2003), as most of the journals are ranked relatively highly. This needs to be interpreted in the context of the REF being the driver of funding for UK universities, as well as the perceived prestige of different disciplines. While on one hand, departments have a strong incentive to submit only their best research to the REF, sub-panels may also have an incentive to give relatively high scores to the outputs evaluated, as suggested in newspaper commentary after the results were made public (see e.g. Marginson, 2014).

Some cautions are in order; firstly the ranking of the journals is based on a sample of papers published in the journals, in some cases as few as 5. The submitted papers may
not be representative of the population of papers published in the journal. Secondly, the ranking is based on the subjective judgments of a small group of economists, albeit a very influential one in a UK context. Thirdly, if fewer than five papers published in a journal were submitted to the REF the journal is omitted from the ranking regardless of its quality. For these reasons, the ranking should be considered a complement to existing rankings of economics journals, and not as a stand-alone measure of the quality of the papers published in a journal.

Appendix A Tables A1–A3

| Journal                                      | 4*   | 3*   | 2* | 1*   |
|----------------------------------------------|------|------|----|------|
| American Economic Review                     | 1    | 0    | 0  | 0    |
| Econometrica                                 | 1    | 0    | 0  | 0    |
| Review of Economic Studies                   | 1    | 0    | 0  | 0    |
| Quantitative Economics                       | 1    | 0    | 0  | 0    |
| Quarterly Journal of Economics               | 0.999| 0.001| 0  | 0    |
| Journal of Economic History                  | 0.984| 0.016| 0  | 0    |
| American Economic Journal: Economic Policy   | 0.984| 0.007| 0.009| 0   |
| The B.E. Journal of Theoretical Economics   | 0.879| 0.121| 0  | 0    |
| Journal of the European Economic Association | 0.868| 0.132| 0  | 0    |
| Journal of the American Statistical Association | 0.854| 0.146| 0  | 0    |
| Explorations in Economic History             | 0.825| 0.175| 0  | 0    |
| Journal of Political Economy                 | 0.817| 0.183| 0  | 0    |
| American Economic Journal: Applied Economics | 0.812| 0.188| 0  | 0    |
| Journal of Econometrics                      | 0.787| 0.085| 0.128| 0   |
| Journal of Monetary Economics                | 0.676| 0.324| 0  | 0    |
| American Economic Journal: Macroeconomics    | 0.619| 0.381| 0  | 0    |
| International Journal of Forecasting        | 0.559| 0.441| 0  | 0    |
| American Economic Journal: Microeconomics    | 0.497| 0.503| 0  | 0    |
| Journal of Economic Theory                   | 0.468| 0.532| 0  | 0    |
| Economic History Review                      | 0.449| 0.551| 0  | 0    |
| The Econometrics Journal                     | 0.424| 0.458| 0.118| 0   |
| Journal of Economics & Management Strategy   | 0.410| 0.002| 0.006| 0.582|
| Review of Income and Wealth                  | 0.369| 0.023| 0.608| 0   |
| Macroeconomic Dynamics                       | 0.336| 0.589| 0.075| 0    |
| Review of Economics and Statistics           | 0.288| 0.712| 0  | 0    |
| Journal of Public Economic Theory            | 0.270| 0.502| 0.157| 0.071|
| Games and Economic Behavior                  | 0.266| 0.734| 0  | 0    |
| RAND Journal of Economics                    | 0.206| 0.794| 0  | 0    |
| Econometric Theory                           | 0.180| 0.711| 0.109| 0   |
| Scandinavian Journal of Economics            | 0.166| 0.834| 0  | 0    |
| Review of Economic Dynamics                  | 0.145| 0.823| 0.032| 0   |
| Journal of Population Economics              | 0.143| 0.857| 0  | 0    |
| Theory and Decision                          | 0.137| 0.479| 0.384| 0    |

(continued)
| Journal                                           | 4*  | 3*  | 2*  | 1*  |
|--------------------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| European Economic Review                         | 0.133 | 0.867 | 0 | 0 |
| Public Choice                                    | 0.129 | 0.354 | 0.517 | 0 |
| Journal of Industrial Economics                  | 0.118 | 0.313 | 0.569 | 0 |
| Review of Financial Studies                      | 0.102 | 0.893 | 0 | 0.005 |
| Journal of International Economics               | 0.095 | 0.905 | 0 | 0 |
| Journal of Labor Economics                       | 0.091 | 0.906 | 0.003 | 0 |
| International Journal of Industrial Organization | 0.085 | 0.910 | 0 | 0.005 |
| Southern Economic Journal                        | 0.083 | 0.684 | 0.233 | 0 |
| Energy Economics                                 | 0.068 | 0.931 | 0.001 | 0 |
| Theoretical Economics                            | 0.049 | 0.904 | 0.047 | 0 |
| Journal of Law, Economics, & Organization        | 0.047 | 0.953 | 0 | 0 |
| Journal of Human Resources                       | 0.044 | 0.922 | 0.034 | 0 |
| Journal of Public Economics                      | 0.043 | 0.957 | 0 | 0 |
| Annals of Finance                                | 0.042 | 0 | 0.925 | 0.033 |
| Labour Economics                                 | 0.037 | 0.963 | 0 | 0 |
| Journal of Applied Econometrics                  | 0.034 | 0.966 | 0 | 0 |
| Journal of Economic Geography                    | 0.034 | 0.304 | 0 | 0.662 |
| Journal of Risk and Uncertainty                  | 0.031 | 0.492 | 0.477 | 0 |
| Journal of the Royal Statistical Society: Series A | 0.031 | 0.186 | 0.783 | 0 |
| International Economic Review                    | 0.027 | 0.973 | 0 | 0 |
| Journal of Business & Economic Statistics         | 0.024 | 0.911 | 0.065 | 0 |
| Journal of Development Economics                 | 0.023 | 0.977 | 0 | 0 |
| Oxford Economic Papers                           | 0.023 | 0.944 | 0.033 | 0 |
| Journal of Money, Credit and Banking             | 0.016 | 0.98 | 0.004 | 0 |
| Journal of Finance                               | 0.014 | 0.986 | 0 | 0 |
| Economic Journal                                 | 0.013 | 0.987 | 0 | 0 |
| Environmental and Resource Economics             | 0.013 | 0.960 | 0.027 | 0 |
| Journal of Financial Economics                   | 0.013 | 0.211 | 0.771 | 0.005 |
| Review of International Economics                | 0.012 | 0.010 | 0 | 0.978 |
| World Bank Economic Review                       | 0.011 | 0.685 | 0.304 | 0 |
| Experimental Economics                           | 0.005 | 0.995 | 0 | 0 |
| Journal of Economic Behaviour                    | 0.005 | 0.919 | 0.076 | 0 |
| & Organization                                   | 0.005 | 0.861 | 0.134 | 0 |
| Computational Statistics & Data Analysis          | 0.003 | 0.418 | 0.579 | 0 |
| International Journal of Game Theory             | 0.002 | 0.990 | 0.008 | 0 |
| Economic Policy                                  | 0.002 | 0.595 | 0.403 | 0 |
| Economica                                        | 0.001 | 0.910 | 0.089 | 0 |
| Economics Letters                                | 0.001 | 0.282 | 0.717 | 0 |
| Social Choice and Welfare                        | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Journal of Mathematical Economics                | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Economic Theory                                  | 0 | 0.998 | 0.002 | 0 |
| Ecological Economics                             | 0 | 0.987 | 0.013 | 0 |
| The B.E. Journal of Macroeconomics               | 0 | 0.986 | 0.014 | 0 |
### TABLE A1
(continued)

| Journal                                    | 4* | 3*   | 2*   | 1*   |
|--------------------------------------------|----|------|------|------|
| Journal of Statistical Planning and Inference | 0  | 0.977| 0.023| 0    |
| Journal of Economic Dynamics and Control    | 0  | 0.884| 0.116| 0    |
| Economic Inquiry                           | 0  | 0.649| 0.351| 0    |
| Oxford Bulletin of Economics and Statistics | 0  | 0.613| 0.387| 0    |
| Studies in Nonlinear Dynamics and Econometrics | 0  | 0.394| 0.606| 0    |
| Mathematical Social Sciences               | 0  | 0.385| 0.615| 0    |
| Canadian Journal of Economics              | 0  | 0.261| 0.739| 0    |
| Journal of Environmental Economics and Management | 0  | 0.228| 0.772| 0    |
| Journal of Agricultural Economics          | 0  | 0.138| 0.783| 0.079|
| Management Science                         | 0  | 0.057| 0.943| 0    |
| Journal of Time Series Analysis            | 0  | 0.012| 0.988| 0    |
| Journal of International Financial Markets, Institutions & Money | 0  | 0.012| 0.988| 0    |
| Applied Economics                          | 0  | 0.011| 0    | 0.989|
| Economic Modelling                         | 0  | 0.006| 0.994| 0    |
| Journal of International Money and Finance | 0  | 0.005| 0.995| 0    |
| World Development                          | 0  | 0.003| 0.997| 0    |
| Journal of Comparative Economics           | 0  | 0    | 1    | 0    |
| Journal of Banking and Finance             | 0  | 0    | 1    | 0    |
| Journal of Empirical Finance               | 0  | 0    | 1    | 0    |
| Manchester School                          | 0  | 0    | 1    | 0    |

### TABLE A2

**Journal ranking using randomly assigned initial ranks**

| Journal                                                      | Cumulative proportion | Number of REF submissions |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| 4*                                                           |                        |                           |
| American Economic Review                                     | 1                      | 111                       |
| Econometrica                                                 | 1                      | 69                        |
| Quantitative Economics                                       | 1                      | 12                        |
| Review of Economic Studies                                   | 0.997                  | 63                        |
| Explorations in Economic History                             | 0.979                  | 11                        |
| Quarterly Journal of Economics                               | 0.973                  | 29                        |
| Journal of Economic History                                  | 0.949                  | 13                        |
| American Economic Journal: Economic Policy                   | 0.932                  | 12                        |
| American Economic Journal: Applied Economics                 | 0.924                  | 16                        |
| Journal of Monetary Economics                                | 0.886                  | 42                        |
| American Economic Journal: Macroeconomics                    | 0.856                  | 11                        |
| Journal of the American Statistical Association              | 0.725                  | 5                         |
| Econometric Theory                                          | 0.719                  | 35                        |
| International Journal of Forecasting                        | 0.652                  | 5                         |

(continued)
### TABLE A2
(Continued)

| Journal                                             | Cumulative proportion | Number of REF submissions |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| **Probable 4***                                     |                       |                           |
| American Economic Journal: Microeconomics           | 0.646                 | 16                        |
| Journal of Economics & Management Strategy          | 0.634                 | 8                         |
| The Econometrics Journal                            | 0.614                 | 9                         |
| The B.E. Journal of Theoretical Economics          | 0.603                 | 5                         |
| Journal of the European Economic Association        | 0.529                 | 71                        |
| Journal of Political Economy                        | 0.522                 | 24                        |
| **Possible 4***                                     |                       |                           |
| Review of Economics and Statistics                  | 0.434                 | 59                        |
| Economic History Review                             | 0.413                 | 9                         |
| Journal of Econometrics                             | 0.355                 | 93                        |
| RAND Journal of Economics                           | 0.353                 | 16                        |
| **3***                                              |                       |                           |
| Economic Journal                                    | 1                     | 103                       |
| European Economic Review                            | 1                     | 51                        |
| International Economic Review                       | 1                     | 28                        |
| Journal of Economic Theory                          | 1                     | 80                        |
| Journal of Finance                                  | 1                     | 6                         |
| Journal of International Economics                  | 1                     | 36                        |
| Journal of Money, Credit and Banking                | 1                     | 33                        |
| Journal of Public Economics                         | 1                     | 57                        |
| Energy Economics                                    | 1                     | 5                         |
| Social Choice and Welfare                           | 1                     | 14                        |
| Journal of Development Economics                    | 1                     | 48                        |
| Journal of Mathematical Economics                   | 1                     | 18                        |
| Scandinavian Journal of Economics                   | 1                     | 16                        |
| Journal of Applied Econometrics                     | 1                     | 24                        |
| Games and Economic Behavior                         | 1                     | 79                        |
| Labour Economics                                    | 1                     | 19                        |
| Journal of Population Economics                     | 1                     | 9                         |
| Economic Theory                                     | 1                     | 49                        |
| Experimental Economics                              | 1                     | 8                         |
| Journal of Law, Economics, & Organization           | 1                     | 11                        |
| Review of Financial Studies                         | 0.999                 | 5                         |
| Journal of Labor Economics                          | 0.998                 | 13                        |
| International Journal of Industrial Organization    | 0.995                 | 16                        |
| Environmental and Resource Economics                | 0.995                 | 15                        |
| Review of Economic Dynamics                         | 0.987                 | 14                        |
| Oxford Economic Papers                              | 0.983                 | 24                        |
| Journal of Statistical Planning and Inference       | 0.981                 | 5                         |
| Journal of Human Resources                          | 0.976                 | 7                         |
| Journal of Economic Behavior & Organization         | 0.969                 | 42                        |
| Journal of Business & Economic Statistics           | 0.951                 | 13                        |
| Southern Economic Journal                           | 0.949                 | 5                         |
| International Journal of Game Theory                | 0.945                 | 11                        |
| The B.E. Journal of Macroeconomics                  | 0.944                 | 9                         |

(continued)
| Journal                                                      | Cumulative proportion | Number of REF submissions |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| Journal of Health Economics                                   | 0.943                 | 33                        |
| Ecological Economics                                          | 0.939                 | 6                         |
| Journal of Public Economic Theory                            | 0.937                 | 12                        |
| Macroeconomic Dynamics                                        | 0.914                 | 10                        |
| Theoretical Economics                                        | 0.889                 | 13                        |
| Journal of Economic Dynamics and Control                      | 0.843                 | 44                        |
| Economic Policy                                              | 0.782                 | 6                         |
| Economica                                                    | 0.774                 | 18                        |
| Oxford Bulletin of Economics and Statistics                  | 0.729                 | 28                        |
| Studies in Nonlinear Dynamics and Econometrics               | 0.658                 | 6                         |
| **Probable 3***                                               |                       |                           |
| World Bank Economic Review                                   | 0.642                 | 5                         |
| Economic Inquiry                                             | 0.641                 | 13                        |
| Theory and Decision                                          | 0.565                 | 13                        |
| **Possible 3***                                               |                       |                           |
| Computational Statistics & Data Analysis                     | 0.480                 | 7                         |
| Public Choice                                                | 0.479                 | 14                        |
| **2***                                                       |                       |                           |
| Canadian Journal of Economics                                 | 1                     | 28                        |
| Journal of Industrial Economics                               | 1                     | 6                         |
| Management Science                                           | 1                     | 6                         |
| Review of Income and Wealth                                  | 1                     | 6                         |
| Journal of Environmental Economics and Management             | 1                     | 11                        |
| Journal of Time Series Analysis                              | 1                     | 9                         |
| Journal of Comparative Economics                             | 1                     | 8                         |
| Economics Letters                                            | 1                     | 62                        |
| Mathematical Social Sciences                                 | 1                     | 8                         |
| Journal of International Money and Finance                   | 1                     | 15                        |
| Economic Modelling                                           | 1                     | 7                         |
| World Development                                            | 1                     | 7                         |
| Journal of Banking and Finance                               | 1                     | 23                        |
| Journal of Risk and Uncertainty                              | 1                     | 8                         |
| Journal of Empirical Finance                                 | 1                     | 5                         |
| Journal of the Royal Statistical Society: Series A           | 1                     | 19                        |
| Journal of International Financial Markets, Institutions & Money | 1                     | 6                         |
| Manchester School                                            | 1                     | 10                        |
| Annals of Finance                                            | 0.991                 | 5                         |
| Journal of Financial Economics                               | 0.987                 | 5                         |
| Journal of Agricultural Economics                            | 0.920                 | 10                        |
| **1***                                                       |                       |                           |
| Applied Economics                                            | 1                     | 6                         |
| Review of International Economics                            | 1                     | 5                         |
| Journal of Economic Geography                                | 1                     | 5                         |

*Note: The cumulative proportion is the proportion of times the algorithm has classified the journal in the assigned category or higher.*

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TABLE A3
Ranking of journals with 10 or more submissions

| Journal                                               | Cumulative proportion | Number of REF submissions |
|-------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| **4***                                                 |                       |                            |
| American Economic Review                              | 1                     | 111                        |
| Econometrica                                          | 1                     | 69                         |
| Review of Economic Studies                            | 1                     | 63                         |
| Quantitative Economics                                | 1                     | 12                         |
| Quarterly Journal of Economics                        | 0.998                 | 29                         |
| American Economic Journal: Economic Policy            | 0.986                 | 12                         |
| Journal of Economic History                           | 0.968                 | 13                         |
| Journal of Econometrics                               | 0.912                 | 93                         |
| Journal of the European Economic Association          | 0.881                 | 71                         |
| Explorations in Economic History                     | 0.841                 | 11                         |
| American Economic Journal: Applied Economics          | 0.78                  | 16                         |
| American Economic Journal: Microeconomics             | 0.718                 | 16                         |
| Journal of Political Economy                          | 0.717                 | 24                         |
| Journal of Monetary Economics                         | 0.707                 | 42                         |
| **Possible 4***                                       |                       |                            |
| American Economic Journal: Macroeconomics             | 0.412                 | 11                         |
| Journal of Economic Theory                            | 0.398                 | 80                         |
| Scandinavian Journal of Economics                     | 0.355                 | 16                         |
| **3***                                                 |                       |                            |
| Economic Journal                                      | 1                     | 103                        |
| European Economic Review                              | 1                     | 51                         |
| International Economic Review                         | 1                     | 28                         |
| Journal of International Economics                    | 1                     | 36                         |
| Journal of Money, Credit and Banking                  | 1                     | 33                         |
| Review of Economics and Statistics                    | 1                     | 59                         |
| Journal of Public Economics                           | 1                     | 57                         |
| Social Choice and Welfare                             | 1                     | 14                         |
| Journal of Development Economics                      | 1                     | 48                         |
| Journal of Mathematical Economics                     | 1                     | 18                         |
| RAND Journal of Economics                             | 1                     | 16                         |
| Journal of Applied Econometrics                       | 1                     | 24                         |
| Games and Economic Behaviour                          | 1                     | 79                         |
| Labour Economics                                      | 1                     | 19                         |
| Economic Theory                                       | 1                     | 49                         |
| Journal of Law, Economics, & Organization             | 1                     | 11                         |
| International Journal of Game Theory                  | 0.999                 | 11                         |
| Journal of Labor Economics                            | 0.999                 | 13                         |
| Oxford Economic Papers                                | 0.995                 | 24                         |
| Econometric Theory                                    | 0.995                 | 35                         |
| Environmental and Resource Economics                  | 0.985                 | 15                         |
| Journal of Public Economic Theory                     | 0.977                 | 12                         |
| Economica                                             | 0.963                 | 18                         |
| Journal of Economic Behavior & Organization           | 0.963                 | 42                         |
| Review of Economic Dynamics                           | 0.909                 | 14                         |

(continued)
TABLE A3
(Continued)

| Journal                                           | Cumulative proportion | Number of REF submissions |
|---------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| Journal of Health Economics                        | 0.864                 | 33                        |
| Theoretical Economics                              | 0.815                 | 13                        |
| Economic Inquiry                                   | 0.812                 | 13                        |
| Journal of Economic Dynamics and Control           | 0.812                 | 44                        |
| Theory and Decision                                | 0.744                 | 13                        |
| International Journal of Industrial Organization  | 0.655                 | 16                        |
| **Probable 3**                                     |                       |                           |
| Journal of Business & Economic Statistics          | 0.636                 | 13                        |
| **Possible 3**                                     |                       |                           |
| Oxford Bulletin of Economics and Statistics        | 0.428                 | 28                        |
| Macroeconomic Dynamics                             | 0.419                 | 10                        |
| **2**                                              |                       |                           |
| Canadian Journal of Economics                      | 1                     | 28                        |
| Public Choice                                      | 1                     | 14                        |
| Journal of Environmental Economics and Management  | 1                     | 11                        |
| Economics Letters                                  | 1                     | 62                        |
| Journal of International Money and Finance         | 1                     | 15                        |
| Journal of Banking and Finance                     | 1                     | 23                        |
| Journal of the Royal Statistical Society: Series A | 1                     | 19                        |
| Manchester School                                  | 1                     | 10                        |
| **1**                                              |                       |                           |
| Journal of Agricultural Economics                  | 1                     | 10                        |

*Note:* The cumulative proportion is the proportion of times the algorithm has classified the journal in the assigned category or higher.

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