SIGHT-GLASS DEGRADATION IN UREA CARBAMATE SOLUTION

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ABSTRACT: In the industrial environment, a sight glass acts as a gauge for the fluid level in a pressure vessel. Sight glass must have the following physical properties: clarity (clear enough to view the fluid in the vessel), hardness (not easily broken), thermal shock resistance, and corrosion resistance. A historical investigation of the equipment placed in the High-Pressure Decomposer (HPD) unit of the Urea Plant-X and Plant-Y has a pressure of 17 Bar and a temperature of 124-155°C, yielded an analysis of sight glass degradation in carbamate solution. The sight glass that was installed is soda-lime fused glass. The average is based on the equipment's history.

KEY WORDS: soda-lime fused glass, sight glass corrosion, carbamate solution

1. INTRODUCTION

Failure is almost an unavoidable phenomenon for all industrial systems, which can be repaired due to the possibility of damage and human error [1, 2]. In the fertilizer industry, one of the vital equipment in the fertilizer industry is a High-Pressure Decomposer (HPD). Sight glass at HPD is an important component. Sight Glass is a transparent material that allows operators to determine the level of fluid in a vessel. Sight glass is a form of glass material composed of non-crystalline silicate mixed with other oxides such as CaO, Na2O, K2O, and Al2O3 as a mixed material that impacts the material's properties [3, 4]. Table 1 shows some of the most prevalent commercially manufactured glass materials, as well as others. The higher the amount of fused silica in a material, the higher the glass transition temperature (resistance to high temperatures). The denser the glass structure, the more resistant it is to thermal expansion. Adding Al2O3 to the glass structure can increase the crystalline structure in the amorphous glass structure, increasing toughness. However, it can also reduce corrosion resistance, necessitating the addition of additional Sodium Oxide (Na2O) and calcium oxide (CaO) as network modifications to minimize the potential for structural degradation due to chemical contact. Boron Oxide (BaO) added to the sight glass structure can reduce thermal expansion and boost corrosion resistance in low pH two solutions [3, 5, 6].

Urea carbamate solution results from the reaction between CO2 gas, NH3, and recycled carbamate in a urea reactor with a reaction pressure of 200 bar and a temperature of 190°C. The pressure of the solution was lowered from 200 bar to 17-19 bar at 124-155°C in a High-Pressure Decomposer (HPD). This vessel separates the unreacted gas from the carbamate solution that has been generated. The HPD constituent material is coated with a corrosion-resistant coating in the form of a lining utilizing NTK R-4 (25.5Cr-3,5Ni-1,5Mo) material with a corrosion rate of 0.008 mm/year three because the carbamate solution is very corrosive. Several sight glasses are fitted in the HPD Vessel to allow the Operator to monitor the amount of carbamate solution in the HPD. These sight glasses must endure thermal stress loads and be
resistant to carbamate solutions. The objective of this work is to investigate sight glass of soda-lime fused glass degradation in a urea carbamate environment

2. MATERIALS AND METHODS

High-Pressure Decomposer (HPD) equipment was being used in the fertilizer industry [7]. In this work, the glass used as a sight glass in the High-Pressure Decomposer (HPD) is a form of soda-lime glass that has been fully tempered and has a low melting point. It is commonly used for food containers. Table 1 shows the physical parameters of soda-lime glass in detail. Table 2 and Table 3 show the results of mechanical and physical testing methods used to determine the composition of the sight glass, including the gravimetric method, Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometer (AAS), and Energy Dispersive X-Ray (EDAX).

Table 1: Physical Properties of soda-lime glass

| Physical Properties          |          |
|------------------------------|----------|
| Coefficient thermal expansion| 8.8 – 9.0 μm/m-K |
| Knoop hardness               | 570      |
| Tensile Strength             | 2100 Psi |

Table 2: Destructive test results sight glass test with gravimetric and AAS methods.

| Sight Glass Sample | SiO2 (%) | Na2O (%) | Al2O3 (%) | Boron (%) | Remarks         |
|-------------------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|
| Gravimetric       | AAS      | AAS      | AAS       |           |                 |
| A                 | 57.74    | 13.15    | 0.11      | -         | Soda-lime glass |
| B                 | 56.44    | 14.61    | 0.11      | -         | Soda-lime glass |
| C                 | 56.51    | 12.03    | 0.09      | -         | Soda-lime glass |
| D                 | 53.42    | 12.42    | 0.09      | -         | Soda-lime glass |
| E                 | 56.87    | 11.95    | 0.09      | -         | Soda-lime glass |

Table 3: the results of the destructive test sight glass test with the EDX method.

| Sight Glass Sample | Element (wt%) |
|-------------------|---------------|
|                   | O | Na | Mg | Al | Si | K | Ca | Remarks |
| A                 | 40.01 | 9.40 | 2.76 | 2.42 | 36.14 | 1.04 | 8.24 | Soda-lime |
| B                 | 40.92 | 10.11 | 2.72 | 1.12 | 36.19 | 1.02 | 7.93 | Soda-lime |
| C                 | 41.96 | 9.62 | 2.93 | 1.11 | 36.75 | 0.75 | 6.88 | Soda-lime |
| D                 | 42.05 | 10.89 | 2.59 | 0.90 | 35.69 | 0.66 | 7.22 | Soda-lime |
| E                 | 38.63 | 10.36 | 2.76 | 1.46 | 38.34 | 0.93 | 7.53 | Soda-lime |
| F                 | 46.22 | 4.36 | -   | 1.97 | 46.18 | -   | 1.27 | Fused-silica |

Table 4: Data sample sight glass at HPD Plant-X and Plant-Y

| No | Sight Glass Position | Installed date | Uninstall date | Lifetime |
|----|----------------------|----------------|----------------|----------|
| 1  | HPD P-3              | August 2015     | July 2016      | 335 days |
| 2  | HPD P-3              | August 2015     | July 2016      | 335 days |
| 3  | HPD P-4              | August 2008     | June 2017      | 3226 days |
| 4  | HPD P-4              | August 2008     | June 2017      | 3226 days |

The data is taken from the history of the replacement of sight glass in the High-Pressure Decomposer (HPD) unit of the Urea Plant-X and Plant-Y factories which have the same
material and operational characteristics. The data for the sight glass samples, among others, can be seen in Table 4.

3. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The results of observations refer to the specimens in Table 4. Detailed condition of sight glass in the High-Pressure Decomposer (HPD) unit can be seen in Fig. 1. In general, all sight glass has found defects in the form of erosion in each specimen.

New Sight Glass

The condition of Sight Glass on HPD Plant-X was installed during shutdown Plant-X in August 2015. Removed in July 2016. It was eroded with ± 0.5 mm and Ø 51 mm

The condition of the Sight Glass on the Plant-X HPD was installed during the P-3 2015 shutdown. Removed during the July 2016 shutdown, it was eroded with a ± 0.5 mm, Ø 51 mm and leak out

The condition of the Sight Glass on the HPD Plant-Y has been eroded with a ± 5.48 mm basin, Ø51 mm. it was installed during the 2008 FY P-4

The condition of the Sight Glass on the northern HPD Plant-Y, which was broken, was installed during FY P-4 2008

Fig. 1. HPD Sight Glass Damage Phenomenon
Based on the data above and the results of observations and measurements of the degraded sight glass, it can be seen that corrosion has occurred in the sight glass with an average corrosion rate of 0.608 mm/year. The results of the calculation of the minimum thickness of the sight glass with fused soda-lime glass material at a maximum pressure of 17 bar and a temperature of 125-155°C with the view side area (unsupported diameter) are 51 mm as in equation 1.

\[
\text{Thickness Min (cm)} = U\sqrt{\left(\frac{0.302 \times P}{A}\right)} + SF
\]

where:
- \(U\): Unsupported Diameter (cm)
- \(P\): Internal Pressure (kg/cm².g)
- \(A\): Tensile Strength sight glass (kg/cm²)
- \(SF\): Safety Factor for sight glass high Pressure (3 mm)

Based on Eq. 1, it is found that the minimum thickness of the soda-lime fused glass sight glass that can withstand a pressure of 17 Bar is 10.4 mm. With the initial thickness of the sight glass being 14.49 mm with a corrosion rate of 0.608 mm/years, it can be seen that the Used Life of Sight Glass with the Soda-lime fused glass type is 6.73 years, it is necessary to replace the sight glass every 2 Turn Around periods (TA). From these results, a literature study was carried out from the Manufacturing Handbook of Urea Factory Design P-3 and P-4. It was found that the recommended sight glass material is Borosilicate Glass which contains Boron so that it can increase the corrosion resistance of the sight glass itself. Further evaluation and data collection are needed to determine the corrosion rate in Borosilicate Glass material.

4. CONCLUSION

Investigation of soda-lime fused sight glass degradation in Urea Carbamate environment has been conducted. Conclusions can be drawn from the investigation and observation of the sight glass High-Pressure Decomposer (HPD) sample:

- Sight glass material with soda-lime fused glass type corrodes when operated in HPD with operating pressure conditions of 17 Bar and temperature of 125-155°C with a corrosion rate of 0.608 mm/years.
- For use in HPD sight glass made of soda-lime fused glass, it is necessary to replace every 6.73 years, or it is recommended every 2 Turn Around (TA) periods to prevent the unscheduled shutdown.
- Based on the source from the Handbook of Urea Manufacturing Factory Plant-X and Plant-Y, the standard material is Borosilicate Glass, which contains Boron, which can increase corrosion resistance, but further data analysis needs to be done.

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