A Framework for Keyword Based Query and Response System for Web Based Expert Search

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Abstract: Querying for human experts over WWW became an important activity. The query made through search engines produces numerous results that are huge in number and the users often lose track in finding suitable results. This is the problem when expert search is made in general. There are many issues related to this problem. Many researchers came up with ranking algorithms in order to overcome this problem. Page Rank and other algorithms played an important role in finding quality results. Recently there is research on heat diffusion techniques. In this paper we presented a framework that makes use of heat diffusion based ranking algorithm for more accurate ranking. This algorithm provides best ranked results to end users. This can help users to have highly relevant expert information available over web. We built a prototype application to demonstrate the proof of the concept. The results are taken and observed that the proposed method is useful in finding highly relevant experts over WWW.

Keywords: Web search, web mining, expert search and ranking.

1. Introduction

Mining World Wide Web (WWW) became an important research activity due to the source of information available over Internet. In fact, there is wealth of information over WWW which can be analyzed to gain business intelligence for different fields and organizations. In other worlds, web mining is the process of exploring web to obtain useful and previously not known facts or patterns or trends. These trends when utilized by an expert and interpreted become business intelligence. Such business intelligence can be used in order to make well informed decisions. Since WWW is a collection all web servers across the globe, WWW became a goldmine for researchers. Different domains can have a common search for information or domain specific search. Recently there is need for making expert search. It is the search for human experts. When an expert is needed in any field, WWW allows us to have specific search that can help in getting results.

The problem with aforementioned search is that search engines retune plethora of records or pages that are to be verified again for most relevant expert details. Sometimes the pages returned might have irrelevant information. These problems are faced by end users. To overcome these issues, it is important to have some sort of correlation, filtering and then ranking. When ranking is made, it is possible to improve the quality of results. Many researchers contributed towards ranking and other parts of the expert search. In this paper, we proposed a framework that helps in finding experts and then rank them based on heat diffusion based ranking algorithm. The framework proposed in this paper has the underlying algorithm that takes different matrices and performs web mining in order to have ranked expert results. The remainder of the paper is structured as follows. Section II provides review of literature. Section III presents the proposed system in detail. Section IV presents experimental results while section V concludes the paper.

2. Related Works

This section provides review of literature pertaining to expert search problem and the present state of the art in this area. Expert search is the research area which is growing faster. As explored in [1] organizations are building knowledge databases that contain important skill information of employees. However, making knowledge base with global information and doing it with automation is very important. Such automated approaches came into existence as presented in [2] and [3]. Since 2005, expert search became very hot topic in the academics and research domain [4]. There was a language model framework proposed in [5] for expert search. Similar kind of work was carried out in [6] with multi-lingual support in search for experts. In order to improve the performance of search results researchers explored many techniques such as data fusion techniques [7], proximity between occurrences [8], [9], non local evidence approach [10], [11], query expansion and relevance feedback [12], [13], similarity between persons [6] and URL length of retrieved documents [14].

Probabilistic random walks is another approach used in [15]. Relevance-feedback based discriminative learning and a framework related to it are done in [16]. Towards doing this kind of experiments two benchmark datasets are available. They are known as CSIRO [17] and W3C [4]. These datasets are widely used in order to have expert search research. There are many issues with expert search. For instance, finding similar experts is a problem as explored in [18]. Finding high expertise individuals is another problem as discussed in [19]. The problem of community based query and answer kind of framework was explored in [20]. Problem of matching research papers and reviews and its related algorithms were explored in [21]. In the same fusion, in [22] and [23] the matching problem with single and multiple aspects of expertise was discussed. Topic based model and language modelling were explored in [24] while coupled random walks approach is followed in [25].
The concept of heat diffusion was used by many researchers in applications such as online advertisement matching’s, social network marketing, ant spamming, classification and dimensionality reduction as explored in [26], [27], [28], [29] and [30]. In this paper we proposed a framework that takes care of ranking expert results using an algorithm in order to improve user experience and improve quality of results pertaining to expert search.

3. Proposed Framework for Expert Search

In this paper we proposed a framework that takes care of heat diffusion based ranking of expert search results. There is much importance given to search of experts in the contemporary world. The rationale behind this is that experts available in different fields are located geographically and reaching them with the virtual world is mandatory. In this context, the search results for experts should provide high quality results in order to help users to gain suitable candidates.

![Figure 1: The proposed framework for ranked results](image)

As shown in Figure 1, it is evident that the expert query is given by people in the application which provide web search user interface. Once the search results are returned by search engine, the results are subjected to finding co-occurrence structure. Once co-occurrence structure is found, it is further used to check relevance and reputation checking. The results are then subjected to heat diffusion based ranking which is very essential in order to give ranking results. Thus the ranked results are very useful to end users. It can save their time besides presenting high quality information. Heat diffusion is a mechanism that is used with the data related web. Relationship matrix between people and pages, Relationship matrix between words and pages and Matrix containing page rank score of pages are involved in the algorithm that can finally rank results accordingly and provide results with high quality. Such quality results are the take away to users of expert search.

Notations Used

| Table 1: Notations used in Heat Diffusion Algorithm |
|---|---|
| Notation | Description |
| Rp | Relationship matrix between people and pages |
| Rw | Relationship matrix between words and pages |
| Re | Matrix containing page rank score of pages |
| R | Ranked results |
| HM | Heat matrices |
| H | Heat distribution vector |

As shown in Table 1, the notations are used in the proposed algorithm. The algorithm is based on heat diffusion concept that is used to have improved ranking and present expert search results with more quality.

### Heat Diffusion Algorithm

**Algorithm: Heat Diffusion Algorithm (HDA)**

**Inputs:** Rp, Rw, Re

**Outputs:** Ranked results R

1. Find number of distinct co-occurring people using Rp
2. Create degree matrices using Rp, Rw, Re
3. Create heat matrices HM
4. For i =1 to n do
   5. Update heat distribution vector H using HM
5. Compute R based on H
6. Return R

Algorithm 1: Heat Diffusion Algorithm

Algorithm 1 is used to take different relationships among web pages and web users and compute ranked results. The ranked results are computed based on heat diffusion method that caters to the needs of quality ranking. When ranking process is improved, it is understood that the ranked results can satisfy the users. The users when use improved expert search results, the ranking of results can help users to pick ideal experts that meet their requirements precisely.

4. Experimental Results

This section provides results after making experiments. The observations are mainly related to the quality of ranked results due to the heat diffusion based framework. We built a prototype application to demonstrate proof of the concept. The results of experiments are presented in this section.

![Figure 2: Heat conductivity among people vs. precision](image)

As shown in Figure 2, the horizontal axis shows the heat conductivity among people and the precision in vertical axis. The results show that the performance of P@10 is better than that of P@20.
played an important role in finding quality results. Recently, this problem is challenging. Many researchers came up with ranking algorithms in order to overcome this problem. Page Rank and other algorithms are providing very vast information and sometimes most of the results show irrelevant details. Overcoming this problem is challenging.

In spite of the utility of expert search information over Internet, it is understood that the search engines are providing very vast information and sometimes most of the results show irrelevant details. Overcoming this problem is challenging. Many researchers came up with ranking algorithms in order to overcome this problem. Page Rank and other algorithms played an important role in finding quality results. Recently there is research on heat diffusion techniques. In this paper we presented a framework that makes use of heat diffusion based ranking algorithm for more accurate ranking. This algorithm provides best ranked results to end users. Our empirical results revealed that the proposed heat diffusion approach is useful in finding best results related to expert search. In future we intend to improve this research by using different algorithms and comparing them with heat diffusion algorithm.

5. Conclusions and Future Work

The usage of search engines has been around for many years. However, using search engines for finding human experts is relatively new. Nevertheless, this trend is increasing as the skilled people are playing vital role in the growth of organizations. Keeping this in mind web mining has been used for finding human expert information over web. In spite of the utility of expert search information over Internet, it is understood that the search engines are providing very vast information and sometimes most of the results show irrelevant details. Overcoming this problem is challenging. Many researchers came up with ranking algorithms in order to overcome this problem. Page Rank and other algorithms played an important role in finding quality results. Recently there is research on heat diffusion techniques. In this paper we presented a framework that makes use of heat diffusion based ranking algorithm for more accurate ranking. This algorithm provides best ranked results to end users. Our empirical results revealed that the proposed heat diffusion approach is useful in finding best results related to expert search. In future we intend to improve this research by using different algorithms and comparing them with heat diffusion algorithm.

As shown in Figure 3, the horizontal axis shows the heat conductivity among people and words and the precision in vertical axis. The results show that the performance of P@10 is better than that of P@20.

As shown in Figure 4, the horizontal axis shows the heat conductivity among words and the precision in vertical axis. The results show that The performance of P@10 is better than that of P@20.

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