Supplementary Fig. S2. Effect of increasing HDACi concentrations on HIV reactivation in latently infected CD4+ T cells. Latent HIV infection was established in resting CD4+ T cells derived from healthy donors as described in Materials and Methods. Three days post-infection cells were collected and replaced in culture in medium alone (CTR) or supplemented with three doses of HDACi (50, 334, 1000 nM VOR; 5, 10, 25 nM ROM; 5, 20, 30 nM PAN; 50, 100, 500 nM ENT) or with 10 µg/ml PHA. After 48 h cells were washed and seeded at 2 × 10⁶/ml in the same initial conditions. Five days later, p24 released in the culture medium was analyzed by ELISA. Bars represent mean ± SEM obtained from 3 independent donors. Comparisons were performed using paired Wilcoxon versus unstimulated control; *p < 0.05.