Effect of homeopathic medication on the cognitive and motor performance of autistic children (Pilot study)

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ABSTRACT

Autism is an infantile disorder of development characterized by deficits in social interaction, communication and unusual and repetitive behavior. Diagnosis is essentially grounded on behavioral tests and there is no pharmacological specific treatment, treatment is merely symptomatic. The aim of this study is to demonstrate the effect of homeopathic remedies on the cognitive and motor development in children with infantile autism. It is presented the evolution of 7 out of 30 children that already were evaluated twice with Psychoeducational Profile Revised (PEP-R), the first was performed before and the second 4-10 months after the onset of homeopathic treatment. Remedies were selected according to similarity between pathogenetic and repertory data and the general symptoms of autism, as well as specific individualization of symptoms in each case, and included organotherapics chosen according to studies related to the brain areas affected by autism. Results showed a positive interference of homeopathic treatment on development and behavior. These results encourage us to continue the study with a larger number of patients.

Keywords: Autism; Homeopathy; Cognitive skills; Motor skills.

Introduction

Autism is a deficiency that groups together a wide scope of disturb sharing common characteristics, but which are manifested in different ways in each individual. Characteristic traits are disturb in social interaction, language and behavior. The level of autism varies continuously from weak to severe, in interaction with the general intelligence level, which also varies from severe additional learning disabilities to normal patterns and in some rare cases, intelligence levels bordering genius [1].

Although a precise cause has not yet been established, recent studies suggest a biological origin, genetically based, affecting the development of the brain. In spite of scientific advance, diagnosis remains exclusively clinical, grounded on behavioral tests and the criteria listed in the International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems – ICD-10 [2] and the 4th edition of the Diagnostic and Statistic Manual of Mental Disorders – DSM-IV [3].

Different hypothesis on the cause of autism lead to several therapeutic approaches. However, current knowledge and resources are still insufficient to elaborate a therapeutic drug protocol taking into account the real symptoms of autism. The present study was designed to evaluate the effect of homeopathic treatment on the cognitive and motor disturb, through a validated specific instrument, Psychoeducational Profile Revised – PEP-R [4-6].

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PEP-R includes an inventory of behaviors and abilities conceived to identify irregular and idiosyncratic learning patterns. It is more frequently used in children age 6 months to 7 years, but it can also be used in older children, provided alphabetization is not complete. PEP-R supplies data on development, through: imitation, perception, fine motor skills, gross motor skills, eye-hand coordination, cognitive performance and cognitive verbal performance. The test also identifies behavioral disturbs in relationship and affect area, play, interest in materials, sensorial responses and language.

Materials and Methods

The study population included children of both genders, n=30, seen at the Outpatient Clinic for Neurological and Development Disease of the Brazilian Federation of Homeopathy, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, a nonprofit institution, with a diagnosis of autism made according to DSM-IV criteria. Exclusion criteria included: children older than 7 years old that had already completed alphabetization and patients that initiated other therapeutic modalities after the onset of the homeopathic treatment.

PEP-R was applied by the same psychologist or speech therapist in identical environmental conditions and presentation of materials in both tests.

Homeopathic remedies were chosen by similarity to the common and individualized symptoms of the patients. Remedies were prescribed single or in combination, according to the symptoms of each patient. The remedies used were: Carcinosinum, Stramonium, Natrium muriaticum, Arnica, Arsenicum album and Thebaicum. Dilutions were selected according to the degree of similarity between the pathological and pathogenetic symptoms, varying between 30-200cH.

The therapeutic scheme was completed with organotherapics (originated from sheep tissues, produced by Dolisos/Boiron Laboratories - France), a modality of isopathic treatment grounded on the use of diluted and agitated homologous human body tissues in order to correct dysfunctions. They aim to act directly on the affected tissue, equilibrating its deregulated function, through stimulation or reduction, according to the dilution employed (low: stimulating; middle: regulatory; high: depressant). According to Tetau, organotherapy, when integrated to homeopathic therapy amplifies the mode of action and the field of operation of the latter [7]. In this study, organotherapics were chosen according to data in literature on dysfunctional brain areas in autism: corpus callosum [8,9]; thalamus [8,9]; hippocampus [8]; frontal lobe [10-12]; brain cortex [9]; cerebellum [9,11,12]; parietal lobe [12] and temporal lobe [8]. Organotherapics were used in dilution 6cH.

Results

It is described the outcome of 7 of the 30 patients, who have already been tested twice for cognitive-motor performance, the first test applied before the onset and the second, 3-10 months after the onset of homeopathic treatment. (Table 1) Criteria for selection of remedies are described in Table 2.

DS: developmental scale (expected = 131). Autistic Behavior Intensity: A - adequate (expected score = 43); M – moderate; S – severe. EDA (estimate development age)

- In patient 01, behavioral improvement occurred especially in affect area, sensorial responses, play and interests in materials, as seen in Figure 1. In the developmental scale (DS), major progress concerned gross motor and eye-hand integration areas, followed by improvement in perception, imitation and cognitive performance, with consequent increase in the developmental profile (Figure 2).
- In patient 02, improvement in behavior occurred in each profile area, of lesser intensity in sensorial responses, play and interest in materials (Figure 3). DS showed progress in fine motor and gross motor skills, followed by perception, imitation and cognitive performance, with consequent increase in the developmental profile (Figure 4).
- In patient 03, improvement in behavior occurred in play and interest in materials, sensorial responses and relationship and affect (Figure 5). DS showed improvement in imitation, perception and cognitive performance (Figure 6).
- In patient 04, improvements occurred mainly in sensorial response, relationship and affect and play and interest in materials (Figure 7). In the DS profile, improvements were significant in every area, especially in perception, cognitive performance and cognitive verbal, followed by imitation, fine and gross motor skills, eye-hand integration and development areas (Figure 8).
- In patient 05, improvement in behavior occurred in the sensorial and language response areas (Figure 9). In DS profile, significant improvement occurred in perception, gross motor skills, cognitive performance, imitation, cognitive verbal, eye-hand integration. There was 1 point decrease in performance for fine motor skills coordination. (Figure 10)
- In patient 06, meaningful improvements took place in all areas, mainly communication, relationship and affect, sensorial responses, play and interest in materials (Figure 11). In DS
profile, improvements occurred in all areas, especially in perception, eye-hand integration and cognitive performance. (Figure 12)

- In patient 07, increase occurred in interaction and affect (Figure 13). DS showed the greatest improvement, encompassing all areas. (Figure 14)

Table 1. Scores of PEP-R in 7 autistic patients treated with homeopathy

| Patient          | Treatment                                      | First application of PEP-R | Second application of PEP-R |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| 01, male, 4 years 8 months | Arnica montana, 200cH, weekly + compound of organotherapics 6cH 3 times/day | DS: 27 | 39 |
|                  |                                               | ABI-A: 15                | 15 |
|                  |                                                | ABI-M: 7                 | 16 |
|                  |                                                | ABI-S: 23                | 13 |
|                  |                                                | EDA: 15 months           | 19 months |
| 02, male, 10 years, 7 months | Thebaicum 200cH + compound of organotherapics 6cH 3 times/day | DS: 17 | 31 |
|                  |                                               | ABI-A: 8                 | 15 |
|                  |                                                | ABI-M: 21                | 18 |
|                  |                                                | ABI-S: 14                | 10 |
|                  |                                                | EDA: 12 months           | 19 months |
| 03, male, 14 years | Stramonium 200cH weekly + compound of organotherapics 6cH 3 times/day | DS: 76 | 80 |
|                  |                                               | ABI-A: 4                 | 12 |
|                  |                                                | ABI-M: 21                | 29 |
|                  |                                                | ABI-S: 12                | 02 |
|                  |                                                | EDA: 29 months           | 35 months |
| 04, male, 9 years | Arsenicum album 200cH + compound of organotherapics 6cH 3 times/day | DS: 35 | 64 |
|                  |                                               | ABI-A: 06                | 16 |
|                  |                                                | ABI-M: 22                | 14 |
|                  |                                                | ABI-S: 14                | 13 |
|                  |                                                | EDA: 16 months           | 28 months |
| 05, male, 6 years | Carcinosinum 200cH + compound of organotherapics 6cH 3 times/day | DS: 95 | 105 |
|                  |                                               | ABI-A: 35                | 38 |
|                  |                                                | ABI-M: 05                | 00 |
|                  |                                                | ABI-S: 03                | 05 |
|                  |                                                | EDA: 42 months           | 48 months |
| 06, female, 3 years 5 months | Carcinosinum 200cH + compound of organotherapics 6cH 3 times/day | DS: 36 | 62 |
|                  |                                               | ABI-A: 16                | 38 |
|                  |                                                | ABI-M: 20                | 05 |
|                  |                                                | ABI-S: 07                | 00 |
|                  |                                                | EDA: 18 months           | 24 months |
| 07, male, 4 years 4 months | Natrium muriaticum 200cH + compound of organotherapics 6cH 3 times/day | DS: 58 | 87 |
|                  |                                               | ABI-A: 25                | 26 |
|                  |                                                | ABI-M: 14                | 14 |
|                  |                                                | ABI-S: 04                | 03 |
|                  |                                                | EDA: 24 months           | 37 months |

Table 2. Criteria for selection of remedies
| Patient 1 | Remedy         | Symptoms                                                                 |
|----------|----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 01       | *Arnica montana* | Hyper sensitiveness to all external impressions;                          |
|          |                | Sensitiveness to touch;                                                  |
|          |                | Startling by fright;                                                    |
|          |                | Startling in the night;                                                 |
|          |                | Severe attacks of anxiety;                                               |
|          |                | Stubborn resistance;                                                    |
|          |                | Fear of strangers coming near for fear of being touched;                |
|          |                | Capriciousness                                                            |
| 02       | *Thebaicum*    | Fear; Insensitiveness to pain;                                           |
|          |                | Mental alienation;                                                      |
|          |                | Loquaciousness;                                                          |
|          |                | Hyper sensitiveness to noise;                                            |
|          |                | Changing mood;                                                           |
|          |                | Chronic constipation                                                     |
| 03       | *Stramonium*   | Violent and disorderly agitation;                                        |
|          |                | Spasms;                                                                  |
|          |                | Gesticulation;                                                           |
|          |                | Rage attacks;                                                            |
|          |                | Impulse to scream, to beat and bite himself;                             |
|          |                | Hyper sensitiveness                                                      |
| 04       | *Arsenicum album* | Extreme anxiety;                                                        |
|          |                | Dictatorial;                                                             |
|          |                | Bites himself;                                                           |
|          |                | Always holding the mother's hand;                                       |
|          |                | Desire to climb;                                                        |
|          |                | Impatience;                                                              |
|          |                | Chronic constipation;                                                    |
|          |                | Cutting hair aggravates                                                  |
| 05       | *Carcinosinum* | Full of cares;                                                           |
|          |                | Perfectionism;                                                           |
|          |                | Persistence;                                                             |
|          |                | Extreme affectivity;                                                    |
|          |                | Sadness;                                                                 |
|          |                | Enraged with own mistakes;                                               |
|          |                | Hyper sensitiveness to music;                                            |
| 06       | *Carcinosinum* | Extreme affectivity;                                                    |
|          |                | Intense control of affect;                                               |
|          |                | Fastidiousness;                                                          |
|          |                | Stubbornness;                                                            |
|          |                | Timidity;                                                                |
|          |                | Love for music;                                                          |
|          |                | Dancing;                                                                 |
|          |                | Tics                                                                     |
| 07       | *Natrium muriaticum* | Desire for solitude;                                                    |
|          |                | Indifference in society;                                                |
|          |                | Quiet and melancholic disposition;                                     |
|          |                | Aversion to answer and to talk;                                         |
|          |                | Easily crying;                                                          |
|          |                | Consolation agg.;                                                       |
|          |                | Causeless laughter;                                                     |
|          |                | Concentration difficult;                                                |
|          |                | Delayed development;                                                    |
|          |                | Anxiety and agitation, alternating with indifference.                   |

**Figure 1:** Patient 01: Behavior

**Figure 2:** Patient 02: Developmental scale
Figure 3: Patient 02: Behavior

Figure 4: Patient 02: Developmental scale

Figure 5: Patient 03: Behavior

Figure 6: Patient 03: Developmental scale
Figure 7: Patient 04: Behavior

Figure 08: Developmental scale

Figure 9: Patient 05: Behavior

Figure 10: Patient 05: Developmental scale

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Figure 11: Patient 06: Behavior

Figure 12: Patient 06: Developmental scale

Figure 13: Patient 07: Behavior

Figure 14: Patient 07: Developmental scale
Conclusion

Analysis of these partial data show the positive interference of homeopathic treatment in the cognitive, motor and behavioral performance of autistic patients. These results also suggest that the longer the use of the medication, the more remarkable the improvement in PEP-R scores. Similarly, the earlier the onset of treatment, the more remarkable the outcome. On the other, even in teenagers, homeopathic treatment positively affected behavior, with a decrease in aberrant behavior and better social and familiar integration.

These preliminary results encourage our research group to perform a study with a larger population, to be followed by a randomized controlled double-blind trial, while preserving all the specificities of the homeopathic approach.

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