SECTION 9. Chemistry and chemical technology.

STUDY OF REACTION OF ARYLSULFOCHLORIDES WITH BICYCLIC AMINES

Abstract: The reaction of arylsulfochlorides with 6-(adamantyl-1)-2-z-3-(4-arylsulfonyl)-[2, 3-b]pyridineselenophen- or thiophen was studied. It was found that regardless of the nature of functional groups in 2-position the output of heterosulfamides with selenophens is lower than with thiophen fragment. The effort to obtain sulfamides with bicyclic amines containing nitrile group in 2-position, failed. Some adamantyl-pyridine-selenophens and – thiophens were tested as a bactericide against staphylococcus and typhoid fever. It was found that selenium containing products are more effective than sulfur-containing compounds.

Key words: heterosulfamides, aminoheterocycles, bicyclic amines, polarophil, heterocyclization, bactericide

Language: English

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INTRODUCTION

Medications improving brain blood circulation – nimodipine, nifedimin (blockers of calcium channels) were produced on the basis of pyridine thion compounds. At present active searches of non-glycoside and nonadrenergic cardiotonic agents with large therapeutic are conducted. Their synthetic analogs - acrinon, proximone, milrinone are widely applied in intensive therapy. Besides, sulphamides containing pyrimidine fragments have cytostatic action that allows using them as antiviral and antineoplastic medicines. They are potential bactericides. Their antimicrobial activity and influence on various microorganisms depends by...
nature of heterocycle and functional groups. Therefore, the synthesis of new sulphamides containing bicyclic compounds, by reaction of arylsulfochlorides with heterocyclic amines is urgent.

The influence of the composition of heterocycle and position of amino groups was studied. So, the location of amino groups in isoxazole strongly influences on its reactivity. During the reaction of sulfochlorides with 5-amino 3,4 dimethyl isoxazole [1] and biphenylisoxazole [2] we obtained hetarylsulfamides with high yield. Reaction of sulfochlorides with five-membered aminoheterocycles, such as oxazoles [3], pyrazole proceeds with high yields. However, the reaction of sulfochlorides with benzoxazole requires long boiling in solution of pyridine [4].

Reaction of arylsulfochlorides with piperazines, attached to them through oxygen or N-pyridylil- or pyrimidine diyle fragment, proceeds very easily. Action of radicals and functional groups on reaction wasn’t observed [5]. Obtained sulphamides can be applied at diseases of CNS and decreased kidney function.

Despite contents of cinchine acid in 4-aminobenzenesulfochloride fragment, the reaction with a 2-aminobenzenesulfochloride proceeds very easily forming sulphamides with having anti-inflammatory and analgesic activity [6].

It is found what aceticamidobenzenesulfochloride in the presence of DMSO easily joins derivatives of chitosan [7]. These sulphamides have antifungal activity in ratio with Alternaria Solani and Phomopsis asparage. Pyridazinesulfonamide derivatives obtained by the reaction of sulfochlorides also have antimicrobial activity [8].

Thus, reactivity of aminoheterocycles depends on structure, existence and location of functional groups. Researches of reaction of arylsulfochlorides with adamantyl-, sulfur- and selenium containing bicyclic amines is of great interest for obtaininf of new sulfamide compounds, from the other hand for study of their bactericidal and other properties.

Adamanlyl-, sulfur- and selenium containing bicyclic amines were synthesize in laboratory of chemistry of heterofunctional compounds of N.D.Zelinsky Institute of organic chemistry of RAS and were reflected in the works of prof. V.P.Litvinov [9-10].

It is found that reaction of arylsulfochloride with heterocyclic amines occurs when using freshly distilled pyridine as a solvent with a separation of chlorine hydride:

$$\text{R}^1\text{SO}_{2}\text{Cl} + \text{hetamine} \rightarrow \text{R}^1\text{SO}_{2}\text{NH}\text{Z}$$

It is found that in the presence of selenium atom, regardless of functional groups in 2-position, the yields of hetarylsulfamide are lower, than in sulfur atom. Besides, it should be noted that the content of such voluminous fragment like adamantyl-1 influences on yields of compounds.

Selective testing of some hetarylsulfamides (II, IV, V, VI, VII) as bactericides against staphylococcus and typhoid fever agents (S.typhi) was conducted. Obtained data are provided in table 1. As table 1 shows hetarylsulfamides containing selenium (compounds II, VI), regardless of the nature of functional groups (COC$_2$H$_5$, CONH$_2$) are more effective, than sulfur-containing sulphamides. They even in concentration of 0,01% in solution of 45% of ethanol within 60 min. completely destroy microorganisms of staphylococcus and stop the development of S.typhi. In comparison with compound II, sulfur-containing compound IV affeccts only in concentration in 0,05% for 30 min. The same is observed with compounds V and VII. Full elimination of staphylococcus happens in concentration of 0,1% for 60 min., and for S.typhi the elimination occurs in concentration of 0,05% for 30 min. In absence of adamantine fragment (compound VII) in heterocycle bactericidal action weakens.

Long latent period can be explained with large size of hetarylsulfamides and the reason of difficult penetration through membrane of microorganism.
Impact Factor:

| Journal   | Impact Factor |
|-----------|---------------|
| ISRA (India) | 1.344         |
| ISI (Dubai, UAE) | 0.829      |
| GIP (Australia) | 0.564       |
| JIF        | 1.500         |
| PIII (Russia) | 0.234       |
| ESJI (KZ)  | 1.042         |
| SIS (USA)  | 0.912         |
| РИНЦ (Russia) | 0.234       |
| ICV (Poland) | 6.630       |
| PIF (India) | 1.940         |
| SJIF (Morocco) | 2.031      |
| GIF (Australia) | 0.564       |
| SIS (USA)  | 0.912         |

Table 1:

| Strains of cultures | Concentration, % |
|---------------------|------------------|
|                     | 0.01% | 0.05% |
| staphylococcus      | +      |       |
| s. typhi             | +      |       |
| staphylococcus      | +      |       |
| s. typhi             | +      |       |
| staphylococcus      | +      | x     |
| s. typhi             | +      | x     |
| staphylococcus      | +      |       |
| s. typhi             | +      |       |
| staphylococcus      | +      |       |
| s. typhi             | +      |       |

45% of alcohol solution in water

Compound II

Compound IV

Compound V

Compound VI

EXPERIMENTAL PART

PMR-spectra of some synthesized compounds were registered on a spectrophotometer "Bruker" with operating frequency 90 MHz, IR spectra were registered on "Nicolet-is-10".

The synthesis of 6-(adamantyl-1) - 2-Z-3-3 (4-aryl sulfonyl) - pyridine [2,3b] selenophen or – thiophen.

General technique. 10 mmol of the appropriate heterocyclic amine was dissolved in 20-25 ml of freshly distilled pyridine and 11 mmol of arylsulfochloride was slowly added to solution. The mixture was heated in case of 50-60˚С 5-6 hours, cooled and diluted with water before drop-out of crystals, filtered, washed out 3-4 times with water, dried and recrystallized from ethanol. Physical and chemical characteristics are provided in table 2.

PMR-and IR - spectral data are given in table 3, which confirm the supposed structures.

Table 2:

| Z  | R1  | R2  | X  | Yield, % | Tmelt. 0°C | Chemical formula | Analysis, % |
|----|-----|-----|----|----------|------------|-----------------|-------------|
|    |     |     |    |          |            |                 | C | H | N | S |
|    |     |     |    |          |            |                 | Found | Calculated, % |
| I  | COOC6H5 | H | Ad1 | S  | 96,3 | 239-240.5 | C26H27N2O3S2 | 63.29 | 5.71 | 5.39 | 12.68 |
|    |       |   |     |     |     |           |       | 63.01 | 5.49 | 5.65 | 12.90 |
| II | COC6H5 | H | Ad1 | Se | 74,9 | 178-179  | C30H27N2O3Se  | 62.98 | 4.89 | 4.65 | ---   |
|    |       |   |     |     |     |           |       | 62.71 | 4.74 | 4.87 | ---   |
| III| COOH  | H | Ad1 | Se | 68,6 | 179.5-181.5 | C24H23N2O3Se | 55.29 | 4.68 | 5.37 | ---   |
|    |       |   |     |     |     |           |       | 56.03 | 4.51 | 5.45 | ---   |
| IV | COC6H5 | H | Ad1 | S  | 85,2 | 170-171.5 | C30H27N2O3S2 | 68.02 | 5.40 | 5.11 | 11.96 |
|    |       |   |     |     |     |           |       | 68.29 | 5.16 | 5.31 | 12.12 |
**Impact Factor:**

| ISRA (India) | SIS (USA) | ICV (Poland) |
|--------------|-----------|--------------|
| 1.344        | 0.912     | 6.630        |
| ISI (Dubai, UAE) | PHHI (Russia) | PIF (India) |
| 0.829        | 0.234     | 1.940        |
| GIF (Australia) | ESJI (KZ) | IBI (India)  |
| 0.564        | 1.042     | 4.260        |
| JIF          | SJIF (Morocco) |
| = 1.500      | = 2.031   |

| V | COOC₂H₅ | CH₃ | Ad₁ | S | 91.6 | 167-168 | C₂₇H₃₈N₂O₆S₂ | 63.81 | 5.92 | 5.38 | 12.36 | 12.5 |
|---|---------|-----|-----|---|------|---------|----------------|-------|-----|-----|------|------|
| VI | CONH₂ | CH₃ | Ad₁ | Se | 77.8 | 308-309.5 | C₂₅H₂₆N₂O₅SSe | 57.29 | 5.19 | 4.97 | 7.76 | --- |
| VII | COOC₂H₅ | CH₃ | CH₃ | S | --- | 168-169 | C₁₈H₁₆N₂O₄S₂ | 56.11 | 4.36 | 4.65 | 7.17 | 16.29 |
| VIII | COOC₂H₅ | H | CH₃ | S | --- | 178-179 | C₁₇H₁₆N₂O₃S₂ | 54.61 | 4.44 | 4.28 | 7.09 | 16.88 |

**Table 3**

**Data of PMR- and IR-spectra.**

| №  | Compound | CH₂ | CH₂ | NH илиNH₂ | Ad₁ | Arom. | Pyridyl | NH | SO₂ | C=O |
|----|----------|-----|-----|-----------|-----|-------|---------|-----|-----|-----|
| I  |          |     |     | 5.6       | 2.55 | 7.35  | 7.75    | 7.65 |     |     |
|    |          |     |     | 2.05     | Acetone-D₆ |       |         | 3400 | 1455| 1130| --- |
| II |          |     |     | 6.85     | 2.10 | 7.4  | 7.45    | 7.65 |     |     |
|    |          |     |     | 2.05     | Acetone-D₆ |       |         | 3440 | 1450| 1160| 1695|
| III|          |     |     | 8.2      | 2.10 | 7.4  | 7.45    | 7.65 |     |     |
|    |          |     |     | DMSO-D₆ |       |       |         | 3395 | 1455| 1170| 1695|
| IV |          |     |     |         |      |       |         | 3310 | 1455| 1165| 1685|
| V  |          |     |     | 7.0      | 2.50 | 7.3-7.6| 7.7     | 3400 | CONH₂;| 3320 | 1450| 1145| 1650|
|    |          |     |     | CONH₂; 8.25 |       |         |         | 3430 |     |     | 1490| 1160| 1720|

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