CORRECTION

Correction: Family Poverty Affects the Rate of Human Infant Brain Growth

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In Figs 2, 3 and 4 of the published article the units of volume are incorrectly noted as cm³. The correct units are mm³.
Fig 2. This figure shows total gray matter volume for group by age. Age in months is shown on the horizontal axis, spanning from 5 to 37 months. Total gray matter volume is shown on the vertical axis. The blue line shows children from Low SES households; children from Mid SES households are shown in red. The green line shows children from High SES households.

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Fig 3. This figure shows frontal lobe gray matter volumes for group by age. Age in months is shown on the horizontal axis, spanning from 5 to 37 months. Total gray matter volume is shown on the vertical axis. The blue line shows children from Low SES households; children from Mid SES households are shown in red. The green line shows children from High SES households.

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Fig 4. This figure shows parietal lobe gray matter volumes for group by age. Age in months is shown on the horizontal axis, spanning from 5 to 37 months. Total gray matter volume is shown on the vertical axis. The blue line shows children from Low SES households; children from Mid SES households are shown in red. The green line shows children from High SES households.

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Reference

1. Hanson JL, Hair N, Shen DG, Shi F, Gilmore JH, Wolfe BL, et al. (2013) Family Poverty Affects the Rate of Human Infant Brain Growth. PLoS ONE 8(12): e80954. doi: 10.1371/journal.pone.0080954

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