First record of *Kisanthobia ariasi* (Coleoptera: Buprestidae) in Romania

Adrian Ruicănescu¹, Amalia-Raluca Dumbravă²

¹ Institute of Biological Research - Branch of INCDSB, 48 Republicii Str., 400015 Cluj-Napoca, Romania
² N.F.A. Romsilva Iron Gates Natural Park Administration R.A., 2 Civic Center, Orșova, Romania

Corresponding author: Adrian Ruicănescu (adrian.ruicanescu@icbcluj.ro)

Received 19 July 2020 | Accepted 1 October 2020 | Published 31 December 2020

Citation: Ruicănescu A, Dumbravă A-R (2020) First record of *Kisanthobia ariasi* (Coleoptera: Buprestidae) in Romania. Travaux du Muséum National d'Histoire Naturelle “Grigore Antipa” 63(2): 189–194. https://doi.org/10.3897/travaux.63.e56704

Abstract

*Kisanthobia ariasi* is recorded in Romania for the first time. The species is illustrated, redescribed and short considerations about its biology, ecology and distribution are discussed.

Keywords

*Kisanthobia ariasi*, Buprestidae, new genus, new species, Romania

The xylophagous beetles are important in the natural ecosystems, being part of the natural processes. They contribute to the general health of the forest ecosystems. The rare or uncommon species are true indicators of the quality of these ecosystems and most of them are data deficient and considered at risk. A big percentage of the Buprestid beetles are secondary guests, in relation with the host plants, that means they are feeding with the already injured or stressed trees or bushes. In Romania, 150 Buprestid species (Ruicănescu 2013) were known, other 2 species being added later (Ruicănescu et al. 2018; Manci and Ruicănescu 2018).

*Kisanthobia ariasi* is a Circum-Mediterranean species, cited from Spain, France, Italy, Hungary, Croatia, Bosnia-Herzegovina, Greece, Bulgaria, Russia, Cyprus, Turkey, Syria, Lebanon, Tunisia and Algeria (Kubáň, in Löbl and Smetana 2006, in Löbl and Löbl 2016).
**Description:** 8–11 mm. Body oval, the maximum width in the right of the posterior third. Head gibbous, with no visible longitudinal groove. Antennal cavities, small and round. Antennae gracile. The antennal pores are concentrated at an end fossette, on the antennomeres 4–11. Eyes small, oval, distanced, with the internal margins subparallel.

Pronotum transversal, twice times large than long, trapezoidal, with all margins right. The sculpture consists in alveolar punctures.

Scutellum triangular. Elytra regularly narrowed started from the posterior third. Apex rounded. The posterior exterior margins with small denticles. The striae are almost indistinct. The surface consists in alveolar punctures, less regulate than in the head and pronotum. The legs are slender. Colour uniform emerald green (Fig. 1), sometimes with yellowish, golden or bluish shimmer, sometimes with the external margins golden or purple, or some specimens can be cyanotic, blue.

**Figure 1.** *Kisanthobia ariasi* (Robert, 1858) – Romania, Cozla Valley, 7.06.2020 (scale bar = 1 mm).
Ecology: The preferred biotope consists in *Quercus* species bushes or trees, mixed with chestnuts or other bushes or trees, especially on the rocky ground (Echevarría-León and Cáceres 2019).

The preimaginal stages, develop especially in dead wood of *Quercus* species and last about 3 years (Obregón 2012).

The material consists in a single specimen (Fig. 1), which is being deposited in the private collection of Adrian Ruicănescu.

The specimen was photographed with a Canon EOS 7D camera, equipped with a Canon EF 100mm, F2.8 Macro USM lens, all mounted on a stand, having around 3 desktop lamps with cold light LED bulbs. The obtained images were rendered using Zerene Stacker and Adobe Photoshop CC 2020.

The waypoint of collected specimen was taken using the smartphone application, named OruxMaps and the maps were created using QGIS 3.12 and then the collage was made with Photoshop CC 2020.

The specimen was collected in the Cozla Valley (South-Western Romania) (Fig. 2).

The collecting location environment consists in a scarce oak forest, on rocky background (Fig. 3). This location is included in the Iron Gates Natural Park, Natura 2000 site, named “ROSCI0206 Portiile de Fier”.

*Figure 2. The location of the first record of *Kisanthobia ariasi*, in Romania.*
Verdugo (2010) includes Romania in the distribution of this species, citing Kubáň (2006). After examination of this publication, Romania is not mentioned in this version of the catalogue, so we consider it was erroneously cited. Obregón (2012) also includes Romania among the countries where this species is present, mentioning Kubáň (2006) as source.¹

This species is generally uncommon, protected in Hungary (Magyar joganyagok) and in the Krasnodar territory (Volkovitsh and Nikitski 2017), its presence in the Iron Gates Natural Park, contributes to the enrichment of the biodiversity value of this region.

¹ Both Verdugo (2010) and Obregón (2012) included Romania in the countries lists of the distribution of *Kisanthobia ariasi*. This information was overtaken by the site “Fauna Europea”. All of them cited Kubáň (2006), Tribus Kisanthobiini, pp. 386–388, as source. But, studying the version 2006 of the Catalogue, as well as the new edition (2016), the tribus Kisanthobiini is mentioned in two lines in the pag. 386 and Romania is not present in the countries list of *Kisanthobia ariasi*. That means the previous mentions of *Kisanthobia ariasi* in Romania are not valid.

Figure 3. Aspect of the biotope, with pubescent oak on the slopes, characteristic for *Kisanthobia ariasi* (Photo: A. Dumbravă).
A new species and a new genus was recorded in the Romanian fauna of Buprestidae (Coleoptera). Future studies are necessary for the establishment of its status in Romania.

Acknowledgements

Many thanks to Sever D. Covaci-Marcov, who observed the specimen. This study was supported by the core program PN2019-2022 - BIODIVERS 3, through the project BIOSERV.

References

Echevarría-León E, Cáceres Y (2019) Primer registro de *Kisanthobia ariasi* (Robert, 1858) (Coleoptera: Buprestidae) para la comunidad autónoma de Extremadura (España) [First record of *Kisanthobia ariasi* (Robert, 1858) (Coleoptera: Buprestidae) for the autonomous community of Extremadura (Spain)]. Boletín de La SAE 29: 209–211. [in Spanish]

Kubáň V (2006) Tribus Kisanthobiini, pp. 386. In: Löbl I, Smetana A (Eds) Catalogue of Palaearctic Coleoptera, 3, 983 pp. https://doi.org/10.1163/9789004309142.

Kubáň V (2016) Tribus Kisanthobiini, pp. 521. In: Löbl I, Löbl D (Eds) Catalogue of Palaearctic Coleoptera, second edition, 3, 984 pp. https://doi.org/10.1017/CBO9781107415324.004.

Manci CO, Ruicănescu A (2018) *Agrilus* (*Uragrilus*) *guerini*: A new species for the Romanian Fauna (Coleoptera: Buprestidae). Travaux Du Museum National d'Histoire Naturelle Grigore Antipa 61(1): 19–21. https://doi.org/10.2478/travmu-2018-0005.

Obregón R (2012) Nuevas aportaciones sobre la distribución de *Kisanthobia ariasi ariasi* (Robert, 1858) (Coleoptera, Buprestidae, Kisanthobiini) para la Península Ibérica (España) [New contributions on the distribution of *Kisanthobia ariasi ariasi* (Robert, 1858) (Coleoptera, Buprestidae, Kisanthobiini) for the Iberian Peninsula (Spain)]. Rafael. Revista Gaditana de Entomología 3(1–2): 37–40. [in Spanish]

Ruicănescu A (2013) The Jewel Beetles of Romania (Coleoptera: Buprestidae). In Series Faunistica (Vol. 108, Issue 108). Pensoft Publishers, 203 pp.

Ruicănescu A, Cuzepan Bebeşelea G, Drăghici AC (2018) Revision of *Anthaxia salicis* species complex in Romania, with the first record of *Anthaxia suzannae* (Coleoptera: Buprestidae). Travaux Du Museum National d'Histoire Naturelle Grigore Antipa 61(1): 13–17. https://doi.org/10.2478/travmu-2018-0003.

Verdugo A (2010) Primer registro de *Kisanthobia ariasi ariasi* (Robert, 1858) (Coleoptera, Buprestidae, Kisanthobiini) para Andalucía (España) [First record of *Kisanthobia ariasi ariasi* (Robert, 1858) (Coleoptera, Buprestidae, Kisanthobiini) for Andalusia (Spain)]. Boletín de La Asociación Espaniol de Entomología 33(3–4): 533–535. [in Spanish]
Volkovitsh MG, Nikitsky NB (2017) *Kisanthobia ariasi*, pp: 254–255. In: Zamotailov AC, Lokhman YuB, Volfov BI (Eds), Red Data Book of Krasnodar Territory. Animals. Third Edition.

*** Magyar joganyagok - 13/2001, (updated in 2020) [Hungarian legal materials] (V. 9.) KöM rendelet - a védett és a fokozottan védett. [KöM decree - protected and highly protected] [in Hungarian]