Abstract: This article provides information on the glorification of the book, the promotion of the basics of science and enlightenment among children, the work of our ancestors to instill in students a love for books.

Key words: homeland, books, library, youth, students, reading, education, personality, reading.

Language: English

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Introduction

In our country, special attention is paid to the development of reading skills of students, the formation of a culture of reading among students, the formation of a reading culture of primary school students on the basis of a systematic approach. At the same time, the pedagogical conditions for the development of reading skills in primary school students, the improvement of the organizational-integrative model, the development of interactive technologies to cultivate interest in reading are gaining urgency. The Action Strategy for the Further Development of the Republic of Uzbekistan identifies such important tasks as “educating physically healthy, mentally and intellectually developed, independent-minded, loyal to the Fatherland, strong outlook on life, deepening democratic reforms and increasing their social activity in civil society.” This requires the definition of theoretical and methodological bases of the formation of reading skills in primary school students, the development of criteria for assessing the level of formation of reading skills, the definition of the stages of formation of reading skills in primary school students.

Representatives of the Jadid movement also set an example in establishing a library to glorify the book and promote the basics of science and enlightenment among children. For example, one of the enlighteners from Namangan, Ishakhan Ibrat, established a library in his house called “Kutubxonai Ishaqiya”. The library has literature in Uzbek, Russian, Turkish, Tatar and Persian-Tajik languages. Ishaq Khan Ibrat’s library served not only the students he taught, but also the villagers. The books in the library are divided into several sections according to their character and direction. In particular, the section for school teachers includes textbooks and manuals by S. Saidazizov "Master first", Abdulla Avloni "The first teacher", "Turkish Gulistan or morality", R. Yusufbek Haji oglu "Leader of the account". The Ibrat library has been constantly enriched. The enlightener personally supervised the organization of library activities, the maintenance of notebooks recording the receipt and delivery of books by readers, as well as the reading of books by students.

Since its inception, the book has served humanity, its spiritual need, throughout its historical development. Over time, the type of raw material used in its preparation has changed steadily in shape, size, delivery of books by readers, as well as the reading of books by students.
acquaintance of a person with books - the first link of continuous education, which is carried out consistently, systematically and purposefully.

The book directs mankind to be a good person. A book is a miracle that helps a person to understand why he came to life, why he lives, who is good and who is bad. A person who reads a book will have a broad outlook, but at the same time, a patient, patient person. Moreover, the knowledge gained from the book is as solid knowledge as it is inscribed in stone. If our students and young people today are interested in fiction, if they love it, we should only rejoice in it. In order to live a meaningful life, one must first be able to understand existence, have a high level of intelligence and experience. The place of the book in this regard cannot be compared to anything. Man is a companion and companion of the book throughout his life. As life goes on, man enriches his spiritual world through these books, which are considered to be great discoveries, raises his mind and thinking, and directs his life towards meaningful and purposeful deeds. Anyone who loves the book and is acquainted with it will stop and find light in it. Books allow a person to understand himself, the world, the meaning of life. It is impossible to achieve intellectual depth without books. Much can be said about the book and its reading. First of all, it is necessary to have a sincere desire to learn from books and dive into the world of ideas in them.

Over the past two years, a number of practical measures have been taken in Uzbekistan for the comprehensive development of society, including the publication and distribution of books, the widespread promotion of reading among the population, the development of a culture of reading among young people. The basis of systematic work in this area is the Resolution of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On a comprehensive program of measures to develop the system of publishing and distribution of book products, increase and promote the culture of reading and reading" (September 13, 2017).

The resolution identifies a number of tasks that highlight the importance of accelerating the development of reading culture in society, the population, especially young people, to decide on a positive attitude to reading and reading, to turn reading into a daily activity. For example: 
- Improving the regulatory framework for the further development of the publishing and distribution of books, publishing and printing, government support for the publication of books of social significance, especially children's literature; formation of the main directions of the state order for book products, improvement of the system of publication and distribution of literary-artistic, educational-methodical, scientific-theoretical, scientific-popular and exhibition literature, development of specialized bookstores;
- Issuance of state orders for the translation of the best works of world literature into Uzbek, the establishment of a system of their high-quality publication and funding, further development of the book distribution system and the development of specific mechanisms for price formation and sales of book products;
- Strengthening information and library activities, enrichment of library funds of information and resource centers of educational institutions, "Spiritual rooms" of libraries, organizations and institutions with educational and methodological literature, literary, artistic, educational and popular science books, strengthening their material and technical base;
- Improving the system of training, advanced training and incentives for specialists in the field of publishing and printing, art and technical editors, graphic artists, information and library staff; development of concrete measures to further increase the number of scientific, technical, literary, artistic and encyclopedic literature in the new Uzbek alphabet based on the Latin script;
- Formation of a single database of all types of information and library resources in the National Library of Uzbekistan and information and library centers and ensuring its use in other information and library institutions;
- Preparation of a draft action plan on measures to organize the system of library services to the rural population;
- Organization of production of eReader electronic educational devices, which allow to find and purchase the necessary literature on the Internet in our country, their database includes textbooks for secondary schools, academic lyceums and professional colleges, universities, textbooks, teaching aids, research and development, placement of theoretical sources, preparation of proposals for the establishment of mechanisms for the purchase of such products at low prices;
- take measures to prevent the production, publication and distribution of literature, the content of which is shallow, does not correspond to our national spirituality and values, moral norms, which may have a negative impact on the education of young people;
- Systematic and effective organization of advocacy work to improve the culture of reading and reading, in this regard, among readers, librarians and propagandists such competitions as “The most reading school”, “The most reading neighborhood”, “The most reading family”, “The most active librarian” to organize the qualifying and republican stages of competitions at a high level.

It is known that the acquisition of a culture of reading by society and the individual is determined by the presence of libraries, information and resource centers in the territory of the state, the quality of their

Impact Factor: 

| Journal | Impact Factor |
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| ISRA (India) | 4.971 |
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| GIF (Australia) | 0.564 |
| JIF | 1.500 |
| SIS (USA) | 0.912 |
| PII (Russia) | 0.126 |
| ESJI (KZ) | 8.997 |
| IBI (India) | 4.260 |
| SJIF (Morocco) | 5.667 |
| OAJI (USA) | 0.350 |
services, interest in reading in social subjects and participation in decision making. What is the situation of this industry in Uzbekistan?

If before 1991 there were only nine publishing houses in the republic, a quarter of a century later their number was 118. In the pre-independence period, there were 149 printing enterprises, but today the number of such enterprises has increased more than tenfold to 1,677.

As of 2018, there are 1,760 printing companies and 146 publishing houses in Uzbekistan. The National Library of Uzbekistan named after A. Navoi, 14 regional information-library centers, about 200 information-resource centers in educational institutions of districts and cities, "Kitob olami", "Sharq ziyokori", "Uzdavkitobsavdotaminoti" complexes provide services to young people. The fund of the National Library of Uzbekistan named after A. Navoi alone contains about 8 million books and book products, including more than 450,000 electronic versions of books, electronic textbooks and manuals. The database of the electronic library is created in Uzbek, Russian and English languages.

In accordance with the decision of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic, the Republican Children's Library was established in 1965 on the basis of the "Fund of the Department of Adolescent Services" of the National Library of Uzbekistan named after A. Navoi as a scientific and methodological center for regional children's libraries. With a stock of more than 220,000 books, the library covers everything from kindergarten-age children to high school students.

According to the director of the library D. Uralov, students can take their favorite book home and read it with a free subscription. Free English and drawing clubs have been set up for children.

In recent years, publishers have also taken the initiative to publish the best examples of national and world literature. As the leader of this initiative, Yangi Asr Avlodi Publishing House has published more than 50 rare samples of national and world literature under the heading "Kamolot Library".

Publishing and publishing houses of the Uzbek Agency for Press and Information in cooperation with the Uzbekiston Pochtasi launched a campaign "Book by mail." As part of the campaign, at least 2 modern social advertising banners dedicated to the promotion of books were placed on the streets, parks, markets, subways, bus stops, schools, lyceums, vocational colleges, universities and other populated areas in Tashkent, Nukus and regional centers. The banners in the "Recommended by the Press and Information Agency" section include "Give a book to your child!", "Read a book to your child!", "Read a book with your grandchild!" was promoted to promote a family reading culture.

The book is the light of the heart, the wing of contemplation. Because of the unique and pleasant smell that emanates from a printed book and cannot be found in an electronic edition, and the pleasure of reading a book and thinking about its contents with peers, the pleasure of reading the book is completely different, full of the mysterious rustling of miraculous pages.

In addition, parents should regularly take their children to the bookstore, ensure their participation in the library, and encourage them. The tradition of book donation, reading should be widely promoted.

In short, the tasks set by the President's decree, on the one hand, are aimed at creating a wide range of opportunities for our book-loving people, including our youth, to improve the reading culture, and on the other hand, in the near future Uzbekistan will become a literate country serves.

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| ESJI (KZ)      | 8.997         |
| SIF (Morocco)  | 5.667         |
| ICV (Poland)   | 6.630         |
| PIF (India)    | 1.940         |
| IB (Morocco)   | 5.667         |
| OAJI (USA)     | 0.350         |

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