Brief review of the *Azygophleps legraini* Yakovlev et Saldaitis, 2011 species group (Lepidoptera: Cossidae: Zeuzerinae) with descriptions of three new species from western Africa

Краткая ревизия группы видов *Azygophleps legraini* Yakovlev et Saldaitis, 2011 (Lepidoptera: Cossidae: Zeuzerinae) с описанием трех новых видов из Западной Африки

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КЛЮЧЕВЫЕ СЛОВА: энтомология, Lepidoptera, древоточцы, Zeuzerinae, фауна, Африка, таксономия.

ABSTRACT. The article contains the descriptions of three new species: *Azygophleps adamsonae* Yakovlev et László, sp.n. (type locality: Cameroon, North Region, Wack (La Falaise)), *Azygophleps attenboroughi* Yakovlev, Müller et Kravchenko, sp.n. (type locality: Southern Mali, 80 km SW Bamako, near Kineiroba, river Niger), and *Azygophleps pinheyi* Yakovlev et László, sp.n. (type locality: Muquitixe, Angola). The descriptions are provided with detailed diagnoses and illustrations.

РЕЗЮМЕ. В статье описаны три новых вида *Azygophleps adamsonae* Yakovlev et László, sp.n. (типовая местность: Камерун, Северная Регион, Вак (La Falaise)), *Azygophleps attenboroughi* Yakovlev, Müller et Kravchenko, sp.n. (типовая местность: Южный Мали, 80 км юго-запад от Бамако, около Кинеироба, р. Нигер), и *Azygophleps pinheyi* Yakovlev et László, sp.n. (типовая местность: Мукитихе, Ангола). Описания сопровождаются подробным диагнозом и проиллюстрированы.

Introduction

Carpenter-Moths (Cossidae) are a relatively large family of ditrise Lepidoptera, including over thousand taxa [Nieukerken et al., 2011]. Cossidae of Africa are still insufficiently studied. The most well studied subfamily is Zeuzerinae, where several genera have recently been revised: *Acosma* Yakovlev, 2011 (type species, by monotypy — *Acosma gurkoi* Yakovlev, 2011), *Tarsozeuzera* Schoorl, 1990 (type species, by original designation — *Zeuzera kochi* Semper, 1896–1902), *Paralophonotus* Schoorl, 1990 (type species, by monotypy — *Zeuzera auruguttata* Herrich-Schäffer, 1854), *Pseudozeuzera* Schoorl, 1990 (type species, by original designation — *Zeuzera kochi* Semper, 1896–1902), *Paralophonotus* Schoorl, 1990 (type species, by monotypy — *Zeuzera auruguttata* Herrich-Schäffer, 1854), *Pseudozeuzera* Schoorl, 1990 (type species, by monotypy — *Duomitus biatra* hampton, 1910), *Alophonotus* Schoorl, 1990 (type species, by monotypy — *Duomitus biatra* hampton, 1910), *Alophonotus* Schoorl, 1990 (type species, by monotypy — *Chalcidica (Duomitus) rauana* Strand, 1909), and *Eburnemelus* Schoorl, 1990 (type species, by monotypy — *Xyleutes geminatus* Gaede, 1930) [Schoorl, 1990; Yakovlev, Witt, 2017a, 2018a–c; Yakovlev et al., 2018; Yakovlev, 2019]. Detailed distributional data of the taxa of the...
subfamily are provided for only a few countries: South Africa, Namibia, Botswana [Mey, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2019]; Swaziland [Yakovlev, Witt, 2016a], Zambia [Yakovlev, 2014], Zimbabwe [Yakovlev, Lenz, 2013], Malawi [Yakovlev, Murphy, 2013] and Angola [Yakovlev et al., 2019].

One of the largest and poorly known African Zeuzerinae genera is *Azygophleps* Hampson, 1892 (type species, by monotypy — *Hepialis scalaris* Fabricius, 1775). According to the Catalog of Cossidae in the Old World [Yakovlev, 2011] the genus includes 29 valid species. Later, several new species were described from eastern and southern Africa, and several new synonyms and new combinations were established [Yakovlev, Witt, 2016b, 2017b; Mey, 2016, 2017, 2019; Yakovlev, 2019].

The species of the genus are widely distributed in the Paleotropics and in the southern Palaearctic (Turkey, Iran, Afghanistan, Pakistan, South China) [Daniel, 1963, 1964; Arora, 1976; Hua et al., 1990; Yakovlev, 2011; Yakovlev, Dubatolov, 2013; Yakovlev et al., 2015].

In 2011, *A. legraini* Yakovlev et Saldaitis, 2011 (Figs 1–4, 9, 13) was described from a single specimen, from Cameroon (type locality: Adamaoua, nr. Ngaoundéré, Ngaoundaba). The species is characterized by its very small size and lemon-yellow color of the wings. Later, several specimens of this rare species have been found in the collections of the Royal Museum of Central Africa and the African Natural History Research Trust from Cameroon and Congo. Further three, similar species have also been found from Mali, Angola and Cameroon, all clearly differing from *A. legraini* externally as well as in the male genitalia structures. The descriptions of these three new species are given below.

### Material and methods

Adults of Cossidae were collected using light traps. Male genitalia were dissected and mounted in euparal on microscope slides following the standard methods [Lafontaine, Mikkola, 1987; Lafontaine, 2004]. The adults were photographed using a Nikon D90 SLR camera equipped with Nikkor AF Micro 60 mm lens and iPhone7. The genitalia preparations were photographed using a Canon leg. ANHRT 2018.36 (ANHRT); 3 — *A. legraini*, male, [Congo], Lulua, Kapanga, 8.1933, F.G. Overlaet (RMCA); 4 — *A. legraini*, female, [Congo], Lubumbashi, 12.06.1934 (RMCA); 5 — *A. adamsonae* Yakovlev et László, sp.n., holotype, male (ANHRT); 6 — *A. attenboroughi* Yakovlev, Müller et Kravchenko, sp.n., holotype, male (MWM); 7 — *A. attenboroughi* Yakovlev, Müller et Kravchenko, sp.n., paratype, male (MWM); 8 — *Azygophleps pinheyi* Yakovlev et László, sp.n., holotype, male (NHMZ).

Рис. 1–8. Группа видов *Azygophleps legraini*; 1 — *A. legraini*, голотип, самец (RMCA); 2 — *A. legraini*, самец, Cameroon, North Region, Wack (La Falaise), 900m, 07°40.16.5´N, 13°33.18.4´E, 2–21.x.2018, General coll. Safian, Sz., Simonics, G. leg. ANHRT 2018.36 (ANHRT); 3 — *A. legraini*, male, [Congo], Lulua, Kapanga, 8.1933, F.G. Overlaet (RMCA); 4 — *A. legraini*, female, [Congo], Lubumbashi, 12.06.1934 (RMCA); 5 — *A. adamsonae* Yakovlev et László, sp.n., holotype, male (ANHRT); 6 — *A. attenboroughi* Yakovlev, Müller et Kravchenko, sp.n., holotype, male (MWM); 7 — *A. attenboroughi* Yakovlev, Müller et Kravchenko, sp.n., paratype, male (MWM); 8 — *Azygophleps pinheyi* Yakovlev et László, sp.n., голотип, самец (NHMZ).
EOS 700D SLR camera mounted on a Wild M7A stereomicroscope and an Olympus DP74 camera attached to an Olympus SZX16 stereomicroscope.

Abbreviations
MWM — African Natural History Research Trust (Leominter, Great Britain),
NHMZ — Natural History Museum of Zimbabwe (Bulawayo, Zimbabwe),
WMW — Museum Witt (Munich, Germany),
RMCA — Royal Museum of Central Africa (Tervuren, Belgium).
LG — Genitalia slide prepared by Gyula M. László

Taxonomic part

_Azygophleps adamsonei_ Yakovlev et László, _sp.n._
Figs 5, 10, 13.

MATERIAL. Holotype: _, “Cameroon, 900m, North Region, Wack (La Falaise), 07°40’16.5”N, 13°33’18.4”E, 2–21.x.2018, General coll. Safian, Sz., Simonics, G. leg., ANHRT:2018.36”; unique number ANHRTUK 00076478; Gen. slide no.: LG 5186 (ANHRT).

DIAGNOSIS. The new species clearly differs from the closely related further species of the _A. legraini_ species group by the absence of hindwing pattern; from its closest congener _A. adamsonei_ by the somewhat darker, more contrasting fringe of wings, the triangular apex of the uncus (that is broadly rounded in _A. adamsonei_), and the short depression in the middle third of the valval ventral margin (that is straight in its congener).

ETYMOLOGY. The new species is dedicated to Sir David Frederick Attenborough, world-famous English broadcaster and natural historian. He is best known for writing and presenting with the BBC Natural History Unit, and the nine natural history documentary series forming the Life collection providing a comprehensive overview of animal and plant life on Earth.

_Azygophleps pinheyi_ Yakovlev et László, _sp.n._
Figs 8, 12, 13.

MATERIAL. Holotype, _, Maquiteix [10.416667°S / 14.95°E], Angola, 23.iv.1971, P. de Carvalho (NHMZ).

DESCRIPTION. Length of forewing 12 mm. Antenna bipectinate in basal three-quarters, filiform in apical quarter, half as long as length of forewing. Head, thorax and abdomen densely covered in lemon-yellow scales. Forewing relatively broad, pale yellow variegated by dense black transverse streaks throughout the whole surface of wing except in radial zone (from root to submarginal area) forming a distally slightly dilated creamy stripe; fringe lemon-yellow with some reddish shade. Hind wing creamy yellow without pattern, fringe lemon-yellow.

_Male_ genitalia. Uncus short, robust, gradually narrowing from base to apex, triangular, apically rounded; gnathos arms very thin, short, unfused without medial plate of gnathos; valvae relatively narrow, leaf-shaped, costal margin almost straight, ventral margin straight in basal two-thirds, evenly arcuate in apical third; juxta robust, basally semicircular, with long lanceolate posterio-lateral processes, directed distally; saccus semicircular, wide; phallus robust, equal in length with valva, with long spindle-like carina process.

_Female_ unknown.

DIAGNOSIS. The new species clearly differs from the closely related further species of the _A. legraini_ species group by its larger size, absence of the hindwing pattern, and the straight costal and ventral margins of the valvae.

ETYMOLOGY. The new species is named after Friederike Victoria “Joy” Adamson (1910–1980), renowned naturalist, artist and author. Her book, Born Free, describes her like Victoria “Joy” Adamson (1910–1980), renowned naturalist, artist and author. Her book, Born Free, describes her experiences raising a lion cub named Elsa. Born Free was printed in several languages and also adapted into an Academy Award-winning movie.

_Azygophleps attenboroughi_ Yakovlev, Müller et Kravchenko, _sp.n._
Figs 6–7, 11, 13.

MATERIAL. Holotype: ?, Southern Mali, 80 km SW Bamako, near Kineiroba, river Niger, 360 m, October 2015, leg. Müller, Kravchenko, Traore, al. (MWM; GenPr MWM — 31.846). Paratype: male, 80 km SW Bamako, near Ourina forest, river Niger, 420 m, August 2015, leg. Müller, Kravchenko, Traore, al. (MWM).

DESCRIPTION. Length of forewing 12.5 mm. Antenna half as long as the length of fore wing. Head, thorax and abdomen densely covered in lemon-yellow scales. Forewing narrow, pale yellow with dense blackish transverse streaks throughout the wing surface. Black streaks absent in radial zone (from root to submarginal area); fringe orange. Hind-wing pale yellow without pattern, fringe orange.

_Male_ genitalia. Uncus conspicuously short, robust, gradually narrowing from base to apex, apically triangular; gnathos arms very thin, short, unfused, without medial plate of gnathos; valvae relatively wide, leaf-shaped, costal margin almost straight, ventral margin evenly arcuate with a short depression in the medial third; juxta robust, basally semicircular, with long lanceolate posterio-lateral processes, directed caudad; saccus semicircular, wide; phallus robust, three-quarters as long as the valva, with long spindle-like carina process.

_Female_ unknown.

DIAGNOSIS. The new species is distinguished from the other taxa of the _A. legraini_ species group by the absence of hindwing pattern; from its closest congener _A. adamsonei_ by the somewhat darker, more contrasting fringe of wings, the triangular apex of the uncus (that is broadly rounded in _A. adamsonei_), and the short depression in the middle third of the valval ventral margin (that is straight in its congener).

ETYMOLOGY. The new species is named after Elliot Charles Gordon Pinhey (1910–1999), renowned entomologist who spent most of his life in Africa studying Lepidoptera and Odonata. He joined the Transvaal Museum in Pretoria as assistant professional officer in entomology and later became the Museum’s Odonata specialist. He had been working in the Coryndon Museum.
in Nairobi from 1949 to 1955 under Dr. LSB Leakey, during this period he was able to collect insects extensively in eastern and central Africa, developing an interest also in Orthoptera and Hemiptera. Pinhey was invited in 1955 to take up the position of the Keeper of Invertebrate Zoology at the National Museum in Bulawayo, Zimbabwe. He was awarded a D.Sc. title by the University of London in 1962 for his publications in entomology. He served as the President of the Entomological Society of Southern Africa from 1974 to 1975.

Figs 9–12. *Azygophleps legraini* species group, male genitalia: 9 — *A. legraini*, Cameroon, North Region, Wack (La Falaise), 900m, 07°40'16.5"N, 13°33'18.4"E, 2–21.x.2018, General coll. Safian, Sz., Simonics, G. leg., Gen. slide no.: LG 5187 (ANHRT); 10 — *A. adamsonae* Yakovlev et László, sp.n., holotype, Gen. slide no.: LG 5186 (ANHRT); 11 — *A. attenboroughi* Yakovlev, Müller et Kravchenko, sp.n., holotype, slide Genitalpräparat Heterocera Nr. 31.846 (MWM); 12 — *Azygophleps pinheyi* Yakovlev et László, sp.n., holotype, slide NMZ–1 (NHMZ).

Рис. 9–12. Группа видов *Azygophleps legraini*, гениталии самцов: 9 — *A. legraini*, Камерун, Северная область, Вак (La Falaise), 900м, 07°40'16.5"N, 13°33'18.4"E, 2–21.x.2018, General coll. Safian, Sz., Simonics, G. leg., Gen. slide no.: LG 5187 (ANHRT); 10 — *A. adamsonae* Yakovlev et László, sp.n., голотип, Gen. slide no.: LG 5186 (ANHRT); 11 — *A. attenboroughi* Yakovlev, Müller et Kravchenko, sp.n., голотип, slide Genitalпрепарат Heterocera Nr. 31.846 (MWM); 12 — *Azygophleps pinheyi* Yakovlev et László, sp.n., голотип, slide NMZ–1 (NHMZ).
Species content of the
*Azygophleps legraini* Yakovlev et Saldaitis, 2011
species group

*Azygophleps adansonae* Yakovlev et László, *sp.n.*
TYPE MATERIAL: holotype male in coll. ANHRT, examined.
TYPE LOCALITY: Cameroon, North Region, Wack (La Falaise).
DISTRIBUTION: Cameroon, North Region.

*Azygophleps attenboroughi* Yakovlev, Müller et Kravchenko, *sp.n.*
TYPE MATERIAL: holotype male in coll. MWM, examined.
TYPE LOCALITY: Southern Mali, 80 km SW Bamako, near Kineiroba, river Niger.
DISTRIBUTION: Southern Mali.

*Azygophleps legraini* Yakovlev et Saldaitis, 2011
Yakovlev, Saldaitis, 2011: 86
TYPE MATERIAL: holotype male in coll. RMCA, examined.
TYPE LOCALITY: Cameroun, Adamaoua, nr. Ngaoundéré, Ngaoundaba.
ADDITION MATERIAL: 1 ♀, [Congo], Lulua, Kapanga, 8.1933, F.G. Overlaet (RMCA); 1 ♀, [Congo], Lubumbashi, 12.06.1934 (RMCA); 1 ♀, [Congo], Katanga, Zilo, 3.1968, Rec. V. Allard (RMCA); 1 ♀, Congo Belge, Lusungu 1760 m, 31.03.1947, Mis. G.F. de Witte (RMCA); 3 ♀♂, Congo Belge, P.N.G., Miss H. De Saeger, 3.12.1951, Rec. H. De Saeger (RMCA); 3 ♀♂, [Congo], Kivu, Mweza, 27.03.1957, R.P. de Caters (RMCA); 1 ♀, Cameroon, North Region, Wack (La Falaise), 900m, 07°40’16.5”N, 13°33’18.4”E, 2–21.x.2018, General coll. Safian, Sz., Simonics, G. leg., ANHRT 2018.36, unique number ANHRTUK 00057994, gen. slide No.: LG 5187 (ANHRT).
DIAGNOSIS. The species clearly differs from the closely related other taxa of the *A. legraini* species group by its relatively small size, conspicuously dense black pattern consisting of short streaks on the hind wing, and the relatively long and narrow uncus.
DISTRIBUTION: Cameroon, Democratic Republic of the Congo.

*Azygophleps pinheyi* Yakovlev et László, *sp.n.*
TYPE MATERIAL: holotype male in coll. NHMZ, examined.
TYPE LOCALITY: Muquitixe [10.416667°S / 14.95°E], Angola.
DISTRIBUTION: Angola.

Fig. 13. Distributional map of *Azygophleps legraini* species group.
Рис. 13. Карта распространения группы видов *Azygophleps legraini*. 
Discussion

The diverse and widespread Cossidae genus *Azygophleps* is in need of a thorough revision. The *A. legraini* species group is distributed in western Africa from South Mali to Angola. The West African fauna of Cossidae is very specific including a number of endemic and sub-endemic genera: *Gumilevia* Yakovlev, 2011 (type species *Gumilevia ziraph* Yakovlev, 2011), *Assegai* Yakovlev, 2006 (type species *Assegai clench* Yakovlev, 2006), *Microcosso* Schoorl, 1990 (type species *Brachyilia badiala* Fletcher, 1968), *Politzariella* Yakovlev, 2011 (type species *Politzariella pantherina* Yakovlev, 2011), *Holocerox* Strand, [1913] (type species *Holocerox ferrugineotincta* Strand, [1913]), *Geraldocossus* Yakovlev et Sáfáni, 2016 (type species *Geraldocossus durrelli* Yakovlev et Sáfáni, 2016), *Eburgemellius* Schoorl, 1990 (type species *Xyleutes geminatus* Gaede, 1930), *Pseudoeus* Schoorl, 1991 (type species *Duomitus biafrae* Holm, 1910) and *Acosma* Yakovlev, 2011 (Type species *Acosma gurkoi* Yakovlev, 2011). Majority of the species seems to be rather uncommon as the low number of available collection specimens indicates. The differences expressed by the characters of the apparently simplified genitalia are rather subtle, but allowing reliable species delimitations.

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