Automation of Pick and Place Operation in Contact Lens Manufacturing

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Abstract: This paper describes the design of an automation of pick and place operation in contact lens manufacturing. The contact lens pick and place system is designed so that it replaces operators to pick and place contact lenses from cassette to PS-48 tray automatically. The microcontroller used in this project is Arduino Uno. Solidwork is a software that used to create the design before fabrication. Actuators used in this projects are stepper motors due to their high precision in calculating steps to move the overall system. C programming is used along with the Arduino Integrated Development Environment, IDE in programming the movement of the system. In this work, the robot is controlled by pressing start and stop button. The system manages to transfer the lenses from cassette to tray automatically. The automated lens pick and place system is capable of reducing cycle time to complete the process by picking 7 lenses simultaneously. Moreover, the designed lens pick and place robot can reduce the number of labors and improve the hygiene in contact lenses production.

Keywords: cassette, contact lenses, vacuum sucker, PS-48 Tray.

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1. INTRODUCTION

In manufacturing industries, human labors are employed to do repetitive task whereby it needs the very high rate of precision and accuracy. Human labors tend to do mistakes and it is unavoidable. In addition, productivity is also affected due to human labors since they have limited working speed and need to take rest. As an alternative, the repetitive task is being automated to overcome the human inefficiency.

Automation as a technology is concerned with the use of mechanical, electrical, electronic and computer-based control systems to replace human beings with machines, not only for physical work but also for the development of information processing [1-3]. Industrial automation is designed and built to improve productivity, product quality and precision in performance. An industrial robot is also an automation whereby it is built in various designs according to the requirements of the task. Labor cost, shortage of workers and errors can be easily solved by automating a repetitive task.

Alcon is an American global medical company specializing in eye care products. Alcon is a Novartis company. They are one of the leading contact lenses manufacturers in this world. One of the Alcon branches is located at Tanjung Pelapas Port in Johor. Contact lenses are considered as medical devices and can be worn to correct vision, cosmetic or therapeutic reasons [4][5]. Figures 1 and 2 show the overall contact lens production process flow in Alcon Johor and the process flow of contact lens production at the finishing site and the process being automated.

In Alcon Johor, workers are assigned to pick lens from the cassette and place in PS-48 Tray using vacuum sucking pen manually on by one after the coating process at Linear Plasma machine. Each cassette and tray contain 96 lenses and 48 lenses respectively. One operator is assigned to remove the cassette from the Linear Plasma machine and three more operators to unload the lenses from the cassette. The cycle time to complete a tray is five minutes.

Alcon Johor planned to automate the lens pick and place operation from cassette to PS-48 Tray to reduce labors and cycle time. An automation system can perform pick and place faster with higher precision without stopping. An automation system is designed to transfer the lenses conveniently without any deformation. The design and structure of industrial robots are designed according to the function and complexity to perform the task. The main aim of this project is to automate the contact lens pick and place operation.

2. RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

2.1 Robot Design

The robot is designed to perform pick and place operation. The robot will pick 14 contact lenses at a time from cassette to PS-48 Tray. Thus, a simple structure with the X and Z axis linear movement is sufficient. The design has a total of two axes of movement. The vacuum sucking gripper move front and back to pick and place the contact lenses from cassette to tray.

Meanwhile, the tray holder is capable of holding two trays and it moves up and down from the 1st level of a cassette to the 7th level. For motion and movements of the linear axis, the stepper motor will be acting as the actuators. The proximity sensor is fixed for safety purposes. The machine will stop when a contact occurs,
developed for human safety in an industrial environment. Figure 3 shows the conceptual design of the lens pick and place robot. This machine needs to design the custom made of nozzle head which contains multiple vacuum sucker and control by pump motor in order to make vacuum sucker operate in same time. So, this machine can multiple picks and place contact lenses in one time with the same amount of pressure. In the same time, this method will reduce the time process of the pick-and-place process compare to manually pick-and-place process.

The estimation time for this machine reducing is 50 percent from manually time process. Figure 4 and Figure 5 show the vacuum sucker and cassette, respectively currently used in the production of ALCON Malaysia. This vacuum operated by touching the sensor to control in and out of pressure from the pneumatic pump.

![Figure 1. Overall contact lens production process flow in Alcon Johor](image1)

![Figure 2. The process flow in contact lens production at finishing site and the process being automated](image2)

### 2.2 Electrical Development

In an automatic system, a controller is needed to program with the sensor and mechanism in order to make the machine work properly [6-8]. Nowadays, there is a lot of controllers are used such as PLC, Arduino, PIC microcontroller, Raspberry Pi, ATMEL.

All these controllers actually have same control function but they are different in specification, programming, and design. For this machine, after completing the structure based, the electronics board can be design with space available or specified space. Custom development board can be made to ensure the connection and wiring can be made with less error. This part will show the major electronics component used in this project such as Arduino Uno, limit switch, Stepper motor Nema 17 with TB6560 and L298N motor driver and power
supply (12V & 10 A supply) [9][10].

The advantages of using stepper motor are faster positioning time during short strokes, overload saves, high torque in high speed and simplicity of construction [11-14]. Besides that, the advantages of using Arduino Uno very easy to extend it and has tons of user-contributed shields and libraries [15][16]. Shields are available to do pretty much anything, can be used in real-time applications, many input & output and open source (both hardware, software and IDE).

Figure 3. Design of the Automation System

Figure 4. Vacuum Sucker

2.3 Software Interface

Arduino IDE is the software for reading and writes the instruction to the Arduino Uno microcontroller inside it. The microcontroller contains about 7 analog signals and 13 input and output digital which capability to support more data. Solidworks 2017 software is used to build 3D design solution for rapid creation of parts, assemblies, and 2D drawings.

3. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

In this section, the result of the project will be presented and explained in detail. The results include the preliminary design, fabrication, and analysis of the system.

3.1 Preliminary Design

Lens Pick and Place robot are designed. The parts which are designed include the cassette, tray, vacuum sucking gripper which is designed to pick the lens and mounted at the end-effector of the machine. The vacuum sucking gripper design contains multiple vacuum sucker attached with silicon to avoid lens deformation. This machine is capable of picking multiple lenses at a time from cassette and place at tray safely.

The inputs and outputs of the Lens Pick and Place robot are identified. The proximity sensor is the one and only input for this project. Besides that, stepper motor and servo motor are the outputs to execute the task. Identifying inputs and outputs of a project need be done. Figure 6 shows the primary result of mechanical structure design of Lens Pick and Place Robot.

As shown in Figure 6, this conceptual design of the robot includes design of nozzle head structure implemented with multiple vacuum suckers are attached with silicon and connected to pump motor. Silicon is attached to reduce damage on the surface of contact lenses.
precision as the stepper motor can provide the movement at the step angle up to 1.8 degrees. Finally, the designed system is more flexible. It can easily be modified or can be customized according to task, space, and process.

4. CONCLUSION
The 2 degree of freedoms the robotic arm is able to replace the human workers if the robotic arm is installed properly. As a conclusion, this project can provide some assistance to Alcon Sdn Bhd to automate their manufacturing process. This project provides analytical skills training, hardware assembly training, program writing training and circuitry design training. This project had achieved the goal to provide the best technic that can handle a lot of soft contact lenses while operating automatically, smoothly and providing the flexible design. Besides that, this machine is still under development for application in large-scale manufacturing, change it with more advanced technology in order to make the machine more accurate, move in high speed and can avoid any defect using the latest sensor.

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