Supplementary Material for:

**Trusting the experts: the domain-specificity of prestige-biased social learning**

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Example screenshots for each stage of the experiment, and each Condition.

Please note, Round 1 is identical for each Condition.

Example of a question for the “Language” topic in Round 1. Players have two possible answers to choose from, or they can select “Ask Someone Else.” The number ‘8’ here is the countdown timer, telling players they have 8 seconds left to answer. Each player gets 15 seconds to decide on their first response.

Example of Round 1, after choosing “Ask Someone Else.” On this question, 3 out of the other 9 participants answered for themselves. Those three player’s scores are displayed to each participant who chose to “ask someone else”, as below:

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**Welcome to our quiz, you are player 612**

You are in the **Language** topic on question 82/100

"Strom" means "tree" in which language?

- Slovak
- Ukrainian
- Ask Someone Else

8

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**Welcome to our quiz, you are player 612**

You have 3 players to copy from, below are their topic scores.

Please select a player to copy.

- Language Score: 3 correct
- Language Score: 2 correct
- Language Score: 9 correct
Example of for **Round 2, Condition A** after selecting “Ask Someone Else”

Welcome to our quiz, you are player 604
What information do you want to see about the other players?
- Times Chosen on This Topic
- Times Chosen on a Different Topic

Example of **Round 2, Condition A** after choosing “Times Chosen on a Different Topic”

Welcome to our quiz, you are player 620
You have 3 players to copy from, below are how many times they were chosen in Round 1 on a Different Topic.

Please select a player to copy.
- chosen 1 times in the Geography topic
- chosen 5 times in the Geography topic
- chosen 3 times in the Geography topic
Example of for **Round 2, Condition B** after selecting “Ask Someone Else”

Welcome to our quiz, you are player 612
What information do you want to see about the other players?

- Times Chosen Altogether
- Times Chosen on a Different Topic

Example of **Round 2, Condition B** after choosing “Times Chosen Altogether”

Welcome to our quiz, you are player 612
You have 3 players to copy from, below are how many times they were chosen in Round 1 altogether.

Please select a player to copy.

- chosen 15 times altogether in Round 1
- chosen 0 times altogether in Round 1
- chosen 11 times altogether in Round 1
Example of Round 2, Condition C after selecting “Ask Someone Else”

Welcome to our quiz, you are player 774
What information do you want to see about the other players?
Times Chosen Altogether  Times Chosen on This Topic

Example of Round 2, Condition C after choosing “Times Chosen on This Topic”

Welcome to our quiz, you are player 774
You have 2 players to copy from, below are how many times they were chosen in Round 1 on this Topic.
Please select a player to copy.

chosen 2 times in the Weight topic
chosen 7 times in the Weight topic
Example of for **Round 2, Condition D** after selecting “Ask Someone Else”

Welcome to our quiz, you are player 603
What information do you want to see about the other players?
- Their Player ID
- Times Chosen on a Different Topic

Example of **Round 2, Condition D** after choosing “Their Player ID”

Welcome to our quiz, you are player 603
You have 2 players to copy from, below are their Player IDs
Please select a player to copy.

Player ID: 841
Player ID: 539
Model specifications

Full code and analysis scripts are available at https://github.com/lottybrand/Prestige_2_Analysis

All models were written according to the Statistical Rethinking course (McElreath 2016) using the Rethinking() package in R.

To test predictions 2 and 3 (whether participants chose to copy the highest scoring demonstrator available to them, and whether participants chose to copy the most copied demonstrator available to them), models 1 and 2 were used:

Model 1:

```r
model1 <- map2stan(
  alist(
    copied_successful ~ dbinom(1, p),
    logit(p) <- a + a_p[pptIndex]*sigma_p + a_g[groupIndex]*sigma_g,
    a ~ dnorm(0,4),
    a_p[pptIndex] ~ dnorm(0,1),
    a_g[groupIndex] ~ dnorm(0,1),
    sigma_p ~ dcauchy(0,1),
    sigma_g ~ dcauchy(0,1)
  ),
  data=scoreChoice, constraints=list(sigma_p="lower=0", sigma_g="lower=0"),
  warmup=1000, iter=4000, chains=3, cores=3)
```

Model 2:

```r
model2 <- map2stan(
  alist(
    copied_prestigious ~ dbinom(1, p),
    logit(p) <- a + a_p[pptIndex]*sigma_p + a_g[groupIndex]*sigma_g,
    a ~ dnorm(0,4),
    a_p[pptIndex] ~ dnorm(0,1),
    a_g[groupIndex] ~ dnorm(0,1),
    sigma_p ~ dcauchy(0,1),
    sigma_g ~ dcauchy(0,1)
  ),
  data=prestigeChoice, constraints=list(sigma_p="lower=0", sigma_g="lower=0"),
  warmup=1000, iter=4000, chains=3, cores=3 )
```

To test our main hypothesis (predictions 4, 5 and 6), that participants chose the information we prediction in each condition, model 3 was used:

Model 3:

```r
model3.2 <- ulam(
  alist(
    chosePredicted ~ dbinom(1, p),
    logit(p) <- a[pptIndex] + g[groupIndex] + b[condsIndex],
    b[condsIndex] ~ dnorm(0, sigma_b),
    a[pptIndex] ~ dnorm(0, sigma_a),
  )
)
g[groupIndex] ~ dnorm( 0 , sigma_g ), 
sigma_a ~ dexp(1), 
sigma_g ~ dexp(1), 
sigma_b ~ dexp(1) 
), data=infoChosen_list, constraints=list(sigma_a="lower=0", sigma_g="lower=0", sigma_b="lower=0"), 
control=list( adapt_delta=0.99, max_treedepth=13), 
  warmup=1000, iter=9000, chains=3 , cores=3 , log_lik=TRUE )

To test predictions 7 and 8 (whether participants copied more in conditions where domain-specific information was available, and whether participants scored higher in conditions where domain-specific information was available) we ran Models 4 and 5.

Model 4:

model4.2 <- ulam(
  alist(
    copied ~ dbinom( 1 , p ),
    logit(p) <- a_bar + a[pptIndex]*sigma_a + g[groupIndex]*sigma_g + b[condsIndex],
    b[condsIndex] ~ dnorm( 0 , 0.5 ),
    a[pptIndex] ~ dnorm( 0 , 1 ),
    g[groupIndex] ~ dnorm( 0 , 1 ),
    a_bar ~ dnorm( 0 , 1.5 ),
    sigma_a ~ dexp(1),
    sigma_g ~ dexp(1)
  ), data=asocialOnly_list_2 , constraints=list(sigma_a="lower=0", sigma_g="lower=0"), control=list( adapt_delta=0.99, max_treedepth=13), 
  warmup=1000, iter=5000, chains=3 , cores=3 , log_lik=TRUE )

Model 5:

model5 <- map2stan(
  alist(
    t_score ~ dnorm(mu, sigma),
    mu <- a + b[condsIndex] + g[groupIndex],
    a ~ dnorm(50,10),
    b[condsIndex] ~ dnorm(0,0.5),
    g[groupIndex] ~ dnorm(0,0.5),
    sigma ~ dexp(1)
  ), data = finalScore_list, chains=3)

Exploratory analyses:

All code and data for exploratory analyses are available at: https://github.com/lottybrand/Prestige_2_Analysis

In exploratory analyses we found that more copying throughout the quiz does lead to a higher score on the quiz overall (mean estimate: 0.24, 89%CI: [0.20, 0.28]) and that higher asocial quiz score on the quiz overall does lead to a higher prestige score overall (mean estimate: 0.22, 89%CI: [0.14, 0.30]).
The below plot shows the relationship between asocial quiz score and prestige score, comparable to previous results (Brand et al. 2020).

The below plot shows the individual differences in prestige score, comparable to previous results (Brand et al. 2020). This shows that, the vast majority of participants were never copied, or copied under 20 times, but that a handful of participants became extremely prestigious in their group, being copied over 40 times, in each condition except Condition D.