Product datasheet

Anti-TGF beta Receptor II antibody ab186838

★★★★☆ 1 Abreviews  39 References  4 图像

概述

产品名称  Anti-TGF beta Receptor II抗体
描述  兔多克隆抗体 to TGF beta Receptor II
宿主  Rabbit
经测试应用  适用于: ICC/IF, WB, IHC-P
种属反应性  与反应: Mouse, Rat, Human
免疫原  Recombinant fragment within Human TGF beta Receptor II aa 23-280. The exact sequence is proprietary.

Database link: P37173

阳性对照  WB: HT-29 and A-549 cell lysates, mouse lung, spleen, brain and kidney tissues, rat lung tissue lysates; IHC: human breast cancer and human appendix; IF: NIH/3T3 cells.

常规说明  The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years. Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

性能

形式  Liquid
存放说明  Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.
存储溶液  pH: 7.30
            Preservative: 0.02% Sodium azide
            Constituents: 49% PBS, 50% Glycerol
纯度  Immunogen affinity purified
克隆  多克隆
同种型  IgG
The Abpromise guarantee

Abpromise™ 承诺保证使用ab186838于以下的经测试应用

应用说明部分下显示的仅为推荐的起始稀释度; 实际最佳的稀释度/浓度应由使用者检定。

| 应用 | Ab评论 | 说明 |
|------|--------|------|
| ICC/IF | 1/50 - 1/200. | |
| WB | 1/500 - 1/2000. Predicted molecular weight: 65 kDa. | |
| IHC-P | 1/50 - 1/200. ab171870 - Rabbit polyclonal IgG, is suitable for use as an isotype control with this antibody. | |

靶标

功能

Transmembrane serine/threonine kinase forming with the TGF-beta type I serine/threonine kinase receptor, TGFBR1, the non-promiscuous receptor for the TGF-beta cytokines TGFB1, TGFB2 and TGFB3. Transduces the TGFB1, TGFB2 and TGFB3 signal from the cell surface to the cytoplasm and is thus regulating a plethora of physiological and pathological processes including cell cycle arrest in epithelial and hematopoietic cells, control of mesenchymal cell proliferation and differentiation, wound healing, extracellular matrix production, immunosuppression and carcinogenesis. The formation of the receptor complex composed of 2 TGFBR1 and 2 TGFBR2 molecules symmetrically bound to the cytokine dimer results in the phosphorylation and the activation of TGFBR1 by the constitutively active TGFBR2. Activated TGFBR1 phosphorylates SMAD2 which dissociates from the receptor and interacts with SMAD4. The SMAD2-SMAD4 complex is subsequently translocated to the nucleus where it modulates the transcription of the TGF-beta-regulated genes. This constitutes the canonical SMAD-dependent TGF-beta signaling cascade. Also involved in non-canonical, SMAD-independent TGF-beta signaling pathways.

疾病相关

Defects in TGFBR2 are the cause of hereditary non-polypsis colorectal cancer type 6 (HNPCC6) [MIM:614331]. Mutations in more than one gene locus can be involved alone or in combination in the production of the HNPCC phenotype (also called Lynch syndrome). Most families with clinically recognized HNPCC have mutations in either MLH1 or MSH2 genes. HNPCC is an autosomal, dominantly inherited disease associated with marked increase in cancer susceptibility. It is characterized by a familial predisposition to early onset colorectal carcinoma (CRC) and extra-colonic cancers of the gastrointestinal, urological and female reproductive tracts. HNPCC is reported to be the most common form of inherited colorectal cancer in the Western world, and accounts for 15% of all colon cancers. Cancers in HNPCC originate within benign neoplastic polyps termed adenomas. Clinically, HNPCC is often divided into two subgroups. Type I: hereditary predisposition to colorectal cancer, a young age of onset, and carcinoma observed in the proximal colon. Type II: patients have an increased risk for cancers in certain tissues such as the uterus, ovary, breast, stomach, small intestine, skin, and larynx in addition to the colon. Diagnosis of classical HNPCC is based on the Amsterdam criteria: 3 or more relatives affected by colorectal cancer, one a first degree relative of the other two; 2 or more generation affected; 1 or more colorectal cancers presenting before 50 years of age; exclusion of hereditary polyposis syndromes. The term "suspected HNPCC" or "incomplete HNPCC" can be used to describe families who do not or only partially fulfill the Amsterdam criteria, but in whom a genetic basis for colon cancer is strongly suspected. HNPCC6 is a type of colorectal cancer complying with the clinical criteria of HNPCC, except that the onset of cancer...
was beyond 50 years of age in all cases. Defects in TGFBR2 are a cause of esophageal cancer (ESCR) [MIM:133239].
Defects in TGFBR2 are the cause of Loeys-Dietz syndrome type 1B (LDS1B) [MIM:610168].
LDS1 is an aortic aneurysm syndrome with widespread systemic involvement. The disorder is characterized by arterial tortuosity and aneurysms, craniosynostosis, hypertelorism, and bifid uvula or cleft palate. Other findings include exotropy, micrognathia and retrognathia, structural brain abnormalities, intellectual deficit, congenital heart disease, translucent skin, joint hyperlaxity and aneurysm with dissection throughout the arterial tree.
Defects in TGFBR2 are the cause of Loeys-Dietz syndrome type 2B (LDS2B) [MIM:610380]. An aortic aneurysm syndrome with widespread systemic involvement. Physical findings include prominent joint laxity, easy bruising, wide and atrophic scars, velvety and translucent skin with easily visible veins, spontaneous rupture of the spleen or bowel, diffuse arterial aneurysms and dissections, and catastrophic complications of pregnancy, including rupture of the gravid uterus and the arteries, either during pregnancy or in the immediate postpartum period. LDS2 is characterized by the absence of craniofacial abnormalities with the exception of bifid uvula that can be present in some patients. Note=TGFBR2 mutations Cys-460 and His-460 have been reported to be associated with thoracic aortic aneurysms and dissection (TAAD). This phenotype, also known as thoracic aortic aneurysms type 3 (AAT3), is distinguished from LDS2B by having aneurysms restricted to thoracic aorta. As individuals carrying these mutations also exhibit descending aortic disease and aneurysms of other arteries (PubMed:16027248), they have been considered as LDS2B by the OMIM resource.

序列相似性
Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. TKL Ser/Thr protein kinase family. TGFB receptor subfamily.
Contains 1 protein kinase domain.

翻译后修饰
Phosphorylated on a Ser/Thr residue in the cytoplasmic domain.

细胞定位
Cell membrane.

图片
Paraffin-embedded human breast cancer tissue stained for TGF beta Receptor II using ab186838 at 1/100 dilution in immunohistochemical analysis.
Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-TGF beta Receptor II antibody (ab186838)

Immunofluorescence staining of NIH/3T3 cells stained for TGF beta Receptor II with ab186838 at 1/100 dilution. Nuclei are labeled with DAPI (Blue).

Western blot - Anti-TGF beta Receptor II antibody (ab186838)

All lanes : Anti-TGF beta Receptor II antibody (ab186838) at 1/1000 dilution

Lane 1 : HT-29 cell lysate
Lane 2 : A-549 cell lysate
Lane 3 : Mouse lung tissue lysate
Lane 4 : Mouse spleen tissue lysate
Lane 5 : Mouse brain tissue lysate
Lane 6 : Mouse kidney tissue lysate
Lane 7 : Rat lung tissue lysate

Lysates/proteins at 25 µg per lane.

Secondary
All lanes : HRP Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L)

Developed using the ECL technique.

Predicted band size: 65 kDa

Exposure time: 3 seconds

Blocking buffer: 3% nonfat dry milk in TBST.
Paraffin-embedded human appendix tissue stained for TGF beta Receptor II using ab186838 at 1/100 dilution in immunohistochemical analysis.

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