Temperature and humidity control system for broiler chicken coops

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ABSTRACT
Stress in chickens due to rising cage temperatures is a problem that is often faced by breeders, especially broiler breeders. Research with the title "temperature and humidity control system for broiler chicken coops", has formulated the research problem as follows; how to make an automatic control system to maintain the temperature and humidity of the ras broiler chicken coop to keep it stable using Arduino Uno ATMega328. In this tool it has been set, if the temperature is ≥ 30º C then the water pump will turn on, and the water pump will turn off when the temperature is ≤ 29º C. Based on the results in this study, the temperature and humidity control system succeeded in helping farmers keep the temperature of the ras broiler chicken coop remained stable, so that farmers' production can be increased. In addition, this system also helps efficiency in terms of time and labor, because this system works automatically.

1. INTRODUCTION
The livestock industry in the tropics is confronted with high ambient temperatures, so the pace growth and production of eggs produced incompatible with animal genetic potential. Chicken livestock classified as warm-blooded animals (homeothermic) with specific characteristics do not have sweat glands and almost all parts of his body covered with fur. Hot conditions make it difficult for chickens to dispose of body heat into the environment [1]-[3]. As a result, broiler chickens raised in the tropics are vulnerable to the danger of heat stress. Stress is defined as a condition in an animal that results from the action of one or more stressors that may be of either external or internal origin. Heat stress can be defined as a condition in livestock that experiences an extreme temperature increase that comes from outside or from inside the room [1]-[6].

Lack of adequate facilities in dealing with stress in broilers is often a problem that is often faced by farmers to stabilize the humidity of the open cage room air. Some ways to stabilize the humidity of the cage air, one of them is by using a water pump that will be splashed to broiler chickens that have increased temperatures. This is considered effective, to increase the level of humidity in the cage, which is seen from the behavior of the animals themselves [4]-[11]. Then from that we need a microcontroller-based automatic control system as a tool for breeders to stabilize the humidity of the broiler chicken cage [11]-[23]. In this researcher has produced a tool to stabilize the humidity of the broiler chicken cage room by turning on and
off the water pump automatically using a humidity sensor that is connected to the arduino microcontroller, and commands the water pump based on a standardized temperature that has been set. The microcontroller will provide instructions to turn off or turn on the water pump through a humidity sensor, where the sensor will read the temperature of the broiler chicken house coop then instruct arduino to turn on the switch, and turn on the water pump which will then automatically flow into the pipe to be poured on the broiler coop which has increased air humidity. Based on the explanation above, this research takes the title, "temperature and humidity control system for broiler chicken coops".

2. RESEARCH METHOD

2.1. Mechanisms of heat production in broiler chickens

Broilers are superior breeds of chickens through the crossing of various types of chicken that have high productivity, especially in the production of chicken meat [1]-[9]. Heat stress is a condition in which livestock experiences stress due to the heat produced by the body beyond its capacity to dispose of it into the environment. Heat stress often occurs in chickens when the ambient temperature is higher than the comfortable temperature of the chicken. The negative impact caused can threaten the sustainability of production and even the safety of chickens. Not a few farmers who experience losses due to mortality (death) are very high when the chickens are exposed to heat stress. Chickens do not have sweat glands, so the heat produced by the body due to metabolic processes cannot be released optimally when the ambient temperature is high. When chickens are stressed, the body will respond to reduce discomfort due to heat stress. Some of the responses shown were reduced chicken activity. Chickens will tend to be quiet a lot and decrease appetite, avoid contact with other chickens, reduce feed consumption, increase water consumption and do panting (breathing quickly) [6]-[13]. Chicken body temperature must be maintained around 39.9-41 °C, the chicken will die if the body temperature rises by 41 °C or more as shown in Figure 1. Broilers have fast growth and a fast metabolism rate, accompanied by high heat production due to high feed consumption. Chickens are homeothermic that maintain body temperature in a narrow range, the ability to anticipate heat decreases when the ambient temperature rises as shown in Figure 2.

2.2. Microcontroller

Microcontroller is an integrated circuit (IC) which contains central processing unit (CPU), read only memory (ROM), random access memory (RAM), and input/output (I/O). With this CPU, the microcontroller can do the thinking process based on the command program that has been given to it. Microcontroller can also be called a small-sized computer that is low-power so that a battery can provide power [13]-[25]. Arduino is the most popular microcontroller in the world because it is open source, developers are everywhere, and it's easy to find references. In Arduino Uno there is already an ATMega328 microcontroller, which has 14 digital input/output pins; the Arduino circuit is also equipped with a regulator IC that functions as a power supply circuit. The ATmega 328 microcontroller separates memory for program code and memory for data so that it can maximize work and parallelism. This research uses DHT11 sensor as an indicator of temperature and humidity detection.

2.3. Arduino integrated development environment (IDE)

Arduino is defined as an open-source electronic platform, based on software and hardware that is flexible and easy to use, aimed at artists, designers, hobbies and anyone who is interested in creating interactive objects or environments. Arduino as a physical computing platform (physical computing) which is open source on a simple output board input, what is meant by a physical computing platform here is a

![Figure 1. Heat stress in poultry](image1)

![Figure 2. Diagram of thermoneutral zone](image2)

Figure 1. Heat stress in poultry

Figure 2. Diagram of thermoneutral zone [5]
physical system interactive with the use of software and hardware that can detect and respond to situations and conditions [13]-[25]. To program the Arduino board, the built-in integrated development environment (IDE) application from Arduino is needed. The IDE is short for Integrated development environment, or in simple language is an integrated environment that is used to carry out development. This application is useful for creating, opening, and editing Arduino source code. Furthermore, if we mention the source code written for Arduino, then we will also call sketch. Sketch is a source code that contains logic and algorithms that will be uploaded into the microcontroller IC [13]-[25].

3. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION
3.1. System description
Prototype of the temperature control system and humidity of the broiler chicken house based on the ATMega328 microcontroller is a design of temperature and humidity control devices that are automatically useful to create the ideal temperature and humidity environment for poultry broilers so as not to overheat the livestock. The use of this tool will run automatically based on commands or source code that is embedded into the microcontroller. In conditions where the temperature increases, the DHT11 sensor will detect the temperature as well as the humidity that will be displayed on the liquid crystal display (LCD) 16x2 and instruct the water pump to turn on and splash water in the form of water dew through a relay that is set based on the sourcecode on the Arduino ATMega328, this tool is also equipped with buzzer output that is useful as a sign or warning will change to a higher temperature. Using this tool can help streamline the time and energy of farmers, especially Broilers with open cage [6], [13]-[25].

3.2. Tool design
The making of the prototype of this temperature and humidity regulation system goes through several manufacturing stages. Starting with preparing the tools and materials to be used such as, as acrylic box and Arduino mainboard arrangement. The purpose of making acrylic box is intended as a container to put electronic components in order to facilitate and adjust the system in its use. In the next process is to make an electronic schematic series of temperature and humidity control systems where the Arduino ATMega328 microcontroller is connected several other components such as the DHT11 sensor, 2 channel relay, buzzer, light-emitting diodes (LED) indicator, 16x2 LCD, batrai, water pump and several other components.

3.3. Constructing
At the stage of making this circuit what is done is to prepare the components to be used such as, the DHT11 sensor, Arduino Uno ATMega328. In Arduino Uno there is already an ATMega328 Microcontroller, which has 14 digital input/output pins (6 Outputs for pulse width modulation (PWM)), the Arduino circuit is also equipped with a regulator IC that functions as a power supply circuit. This series was added with the presence of a buzzer as an alarm, LCD 16x2 as a display of temperature values and LEDs that function as a form of notification in the form of flashing lights on the circuit. For DHT11 sensor circuits use a 10k resistor, and get a 5 volt electrical input to deliver impaction to the Arduino, whereas for LEDs and water pumps are connected to the relay circuit. Can be seen in Figure 3.

3.4. Flowchart
Flowchart is a showing chart a flow or flow in a program or logical procedures, where flowcharts are much needed in order to simplify the way to understand a system flow that will be built [26]. The system will work when the DHT11 sensor detects the temperature and humidity of the enclosure environment, based on the predetermined temperature value set on the microcontroller. If the temperature value is above 29°C then the water pump will turn on as well as the water pump will turn off automatically when the temperature is below 30 °C. The working principle of the temperature and humidity control system is that if the sensor detects a high temperature whose value has been determined then the LED lights will flash red; the buzzer will turn on the relay to work to turn on the water pump. Can be seen in Figure 4.

3.5. Programs
The program used in the control system this temperature and humidity using the application Arduino IDE. Arduino IDE is short from integrated development environment. An integrated environment that is used to perform this software development is the arduino programming that performs functions which are implanted through syntax programming. It can be seen in Figure 5.
3.6. Implementation

Figure 6 is a physical display of output components such as LCDs and water pumps. LCDs are used to display the temperature and humidity values that are in the environment, in the temperature and humidity control system, this water pump is used as a medium to flush dew water. Implementation is the stage where all commands that have been made are entered into the Arduino Uno ATmega328. Figure 7 shows the process of entering commands from the Arduino IDE program into the Arduino Uno ATmega328 board. The upload process does not require a long time just by connecting the microcontroller to the computer.
using a universal serial bus (USB) cable, opening the Arduino IDE program, then preparing the commands or source code that will be uploaded, then uploading the source code by selecting the upload button.

![Output LCD](image)

**Figure 6. Output LCD**  
**Figure 7. Process upload arduino program innovations deserving exploratory analysis (IDEA)**

### 3.7. System testing

The last stage in this research is testing the system on the device, where all components are connected well, and has been ordered inside microcontroller. The testing of the system circuit of this tool was carried out using matches as a source of heat generation, which would be detected by the DHT11 sensor [6], [14], [17]. On the market there are two types of DHT11 types that are generally already in the form of modules, namely DHT11 with 3 pins and 4 pins. How to identify the pin, face the sensor facing us, the leftmost pin is the first pin [23]-[25]. Figure 8 is a physical display of the DHT11 sensor used in the temperature and humidity control system, the DHT11 sensor has the advantage to detect temperature; the DHT11 sensor can also detect humidity as shown in Figure 8. If the temperature value is above 29 °C then the water pump will turn on as well as the water pump will turn off automatically when the temperature is below 30 °C.

![DHT11 sensor](image)

**Figure 8. DHT11 sensor**

### 4. CONCLUSION

Based on the results of the study and description of the series of systems, it has run according to research planning. Starting from the preparation of tools, design and manufacture of the system, to testing, it can be concluded that the temperature and humidity control system can work well. All important components such as DHT11 sensor, LCD, LED buzzer and water pump can function properly. The DHT11 sensor detects temperature and humidity in an open chicken coop area. This control system will work automatically and repeatedly when the DHT11 sensor detects high temperature levels in the chicken coop. Based on the results of this study, there are some suggestions that are very useful for this stage further development. Among others are; provide a monitor that will later be useful for monitoring temperature and humidity that occur. Second, it provides additional Android applications for facilitate monitoring via smartphone. Third, adding solar panels to provide electricity that is continuous and efficient. Fourth, do the installation of a series of components, such as the Board and cables that are more orderly and neater so eases the component release.

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process on acrylic box. Finally, add a light bulb to keep the temperature warm when there is a drop in temperature very low.

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