eFigure 1: Predictive ability of the LACE score for 30-day post-discharge death or readmission after hospitalization for COVID-19 in Alberta and Ontario. Data are from a logistic regression model examining the association between LACE score (length of stay, acuity, Charlson index score, and number of emergency visits in prior 6 months) and 30-day readmission or death after hospital discharge for COVID-19. Sensitivity (or true positivity rate) is plotted versus 1-specificity (or false positivity rate) at various thresholds for classifying predictive risk as positive. A higher area under the curve (i.e., greater sensitivity and greater specificity) reflects better predictive ability.