A Study on Development of Instant Kodo Dosa Mix and Evaluation of Its Nutritional Composition and Shelf Life

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Abstract

Value added healthy instant foods are the requirements of modern society and also are becoming popular day by day. These foods are convenient to use and time saving. Dosa is a popular vegetarian fermented South Indian breakfast food item made from parboiled rice, black gram dhal, fenugreek seeds, edible oil and salt. In the present study the attempts were made to standardize instant kodo millet dosa mix by incorporation of kodo millet flours with parboiled rice at different incorporation levels at 25%, 50%, 75%, 100% and control 100% with rice flour. Nutritional composition was analyzed by using standard protocols. Developed product was acceptable up to 75% kodo flour incorporation. The nutrients namely crude fibre, calcium and iron contents were enhanced. Moreover, iron, free fatty acid, peroxide value and microbial load were within safe limits up to 6 months. Thus, acceptable shelf stable product can be developed from kodo millet.

Keywords

Kodo, Dosa, Free fatty acid, Peroxide, Moisture, Microbial load

Introduction

Millets are nutritious crops and possesses various health benefits. Dietary fibre in millets helps to lower blood glucose level and helps to manage diabetes. Fibre binds to cholesterol and hinders its absorption, thus it helps to protect from heart diseases. Incomplete or slow fermentation of millets by micro flora in the colon, promotes normal laxation which prevents constipation, diverticulosis and diverticulitis (Mounika et al., 2017).

Minor millets are claimed to be future foods for better health and nutrition security in the recent years, they are recognized as important substitutes for major cereal crops and to cope up with the world food shortage and to meet the demands of increasing population (Shreshta and Noomhorm, 2002).

Food habits in India changed drastically due to influence of Western culture. In 21st century ready to eat and ready to prepare foods are in demand. Instant foods help to save the time and energy.

Instant mixes are convenient food for all kind of peoples. It is easy to use and helps to reduce the effort of collecting and processing various ingredients. Qualitative and nutritious
Instant foods are the requirement of present generation. Dosa is a common breakfast food in India; it is rich in carbohydrates and protein. Main constituents of dosa are rice and black gram dhal. There are many varieties of dosa’s are available at Indian kitchen. Each variation has got unique taste.

In this study attempts are made to develop value added kodo dosa mix. Muragod, P. P. et al., 2019 stated that kodo is a fantastic substitute for rice. It cooks very fast and it can be used to make a variety of dishes.

Materials and Methods

Formulation and standardization of value added instant kodo millet dosa mix

Dosa mix was prepared by using kodo millet rice flour, parboiled rice flour, fenugreek seeds powder, black gram dhal flour and salt. The following table depicts formulation of kodo dosa mix (Table 1). Procedure of kodo dosa mix preparation and kodo dosa making from the mix is depicted in fig. 1 and 2.

Sensory evaluation: Sensory evaluation of the control dosa mix and all the variations was done with the help of nine point hedonic scale by a panel of twenty one semi trained panellists.

Nutrient composition: Nutrient composition of highly accepted kodo dosa mix per 100g was analyzed by following the AOAC (2000) official protocols. All samples were analyzed in triplicates. Moisture content was determined from sample weight loss after drying at 110°C for 4 hour. Protein content was determined by Kjeldahl method. The Soxhlet method was used for total fat determination. Crude fiber was estimated by treatment of sample first with acid and subsequently with alkali. The loss in weight was taken as the crude fibre content. Carbohydrate and energy were analyzed by difference method (Livesey, 1995). Ash was analyzed by using muffle furnace. Calcium content of the sample was estimated by preparing mineral solution and titrating it against 0.01 N EDTA in the presence of alkaline condition (Heau et al., 1965). The iron content of the sample was estimated by using atomic absorption spectrophotometer and the results were expressed in mg per 100 g of the sample (AOAC, 1980).

Estimation of total antioxidant activity (Kang and Saltveit, 2002)

The disappearance of the DPPH (1,1-Diphenyl-2-picryl hydrazyl) radical absorption at 517 nm by the action of antioxidants is measured spectrophotometrically in a methanolic solution until the absorbance remains constant.

Estimation of total polyphenols (Sadasivam and Manickam, 1991)

Blue colour developed by Polyphenols Folin-ciocalteau (FCR) reagent in alkaline condition was measured at 650 nm.

Estimation of tannins (Ranganna, 2005)

Tannins were estimated colorimetrically based on the measurement of blue color formed by the reduction of phosphotungstomoybdic acid in alkali solution.

Estimation of Phytic acid (Wheeler and Ferrel, 1971)

The phytate was extracted with trichloroacetic acid and precipitated as ferric salt. The iron content of the precipitate was determined colorimetrically and the phytate phosphorus content calculated from value assuming a
constant 4 Fe: 6 molecular ratios in the precipitate. Phytates were estimated as phytic and phytate phosphorous were obtained.

**Storage quality evaluation**

The Control and kodo dosa mixes were packed in aluminium silver pouch and plastic pouches, heat sealed and stored in cardboard boxes at ambient temperature for a period of 180 days. The storage quality of control dosa mix and kodo dosa mix were evaluated for moisture content, free fatty acid (FFA), peroxide value (PV) and sensory quality at the interval of 30 days for a period of 180 days.

**Microbial load**

Microbial load was analyzed by using standard protocols. Pour plate method was followed for estimation of microorganisms. For bacteria used Nutrient Agar (NA), for fungi used Rose Bengal Agar (RBA), for Coliforms used Eiosine Methalene Blue Agar (EMBA). Microbial load was analyzed on initial day, 90th day and 180th day.

**Statistical analysis**

All the experiments were performed in triplicates and completely randomized design was carried out for the experimental values in order to know the significant difference (at 5% significant level).

**Results and Discussion**

Table 2 depicts the mean sensory scores of dosa mix for the characteristics of appearance, colour, texture, aroma, taste and overall acceptability. These variations were prepared by incorporating kodo millet flour at different levels i.e., 25, 50, 75 and 100 per cent. The scores for appearance ranged from 6.52 to 8.57, for colour 6.26 to 8.55, texture 6.17 to 8.57, aroma 5.80 to 8.60, taste 5.95 to 8.60 and overall acceptability 6.00 to 8.34. the control had the highest score for all the sensory characteristics. Among all variations, KMD 1 (25%) was found to be best accepted and KMD 3(75%) had lesser scores for all the sensory characteristics. People are familiar with only rice, black gram dhal based dosa. Hence, as the level of kodo incorporation increased, the sensory scores got reduced significantly. However, till 75% kodo flour incorporation dosa were very well acceptable between like moderately to like very much.

Vindhya and Roobhadevi (2014) reported that, dosa mix with only 20% kodo millet incorporation was best accepted due to darker colour and grainy feel of kodo millet. Roopa et al., (2017) reported that dosa mix with 40% little millet incorporation was best accepted. They also suggested that, these kinds of millet based foods can be considered as therapeutic foods for health conscious people. It was very interesting to note that in the present study, kodo millet was acceptable till 75 per cent level.

Table 3 represents the nutritional composition of 75% kodo millet incorporated dosa mix (KMD 3) in comparison with control dosa mix. Moisture (11.53%), ash (3.49g), crude fibre (17.33g), calcium (53.83mg) and iron (5.62g) contents were significantly high in kodo millet dosa mix. Carbohydrate (57.05g), protein (12.22g) and energy (280.92 K.Cal) contents were significantly high in control dosa mix. Crude fibre helps to reduce the problem of lifestyle disorders such as obesity, diabetes, cancer etc., calcium helps to reduce the problem of osteoporosis and other bone related problems. Iron helps to overcome the problem of anaemia. Kodo millet based dosa mix can be used for therapeutic purpose.

Table 4 denotes the antinutritional and antioxidant composition of control and kodo dosa mix. Total antioxidants in kodo dosa mix
was significantly high compared to control dosa mix (30.41 and 17.89 % respectively). Tannins, phytic acid and polyphenols were significantly high in kodo dosa mix (1.77%, 0.85 g, 23.97 mg respectively). Polyphenols kind of antioxidants has got anti-inflammatory properties that help to reduce the problems such as CVD, neurodegenerative disorders and cancer (Pérez-Jiménez J,2010 and Singh A. 2011).

Table 5 denotes the free fatty acid values of the dosa mix from initial to 180th day of storage. The increase in free fatty acid of control dosa mix when stored in silver pouch was from 0.28 to 0.51, plastic pouch was from 0.29 to 0.77 which was highly significant.

In kodo dosa mix, it was observed that FFA values in silver pouch increased significantly from 0.26 to 0.75 and in plastic pouch from 0.27 to 0.88.

FFA values were significantly high in plastic pouch compared to silver pouch both in control and kodo dosa mixes. On initial, 30th and 60th day of storage difference between the pouches was non - significant. However, on 90th, 120th, 150th and 180th day of storage, FFA values were significantly high in plastic pouch compared to silver pouch both in control as well as in kodo dosa mix. However, in both pouches FFA values were within safe limits up to 180th day.

Table.1 Formulation and standardization of instant kodo millet dosa mix

| Treatments | Parboiled rice flour (gm) | Kodo millet flour (gm) | Black gram dhal (gm) | Fenugreek seeds (gm) | Salt (gm) |
|------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------|
| CMD        | 100                      | 00                    | 25                  | 5                   | 2        |
| KMD1       | 75                       | 25                    | 25                  | 5                   | 2        |
| KMD2       | 50                       | 50                    | 25                  | 5                   | 2        |
| KMD3       | 25                       | 75                    | 25                  | 5                   | 2        |
| KMD4       | 00                       | 100                   | 25                  | 5                   | 2        |

CMD -Control Millet Dosa, KMD(1)-Kodo Millet Dosa (25% Kodo flour incorporation), KMD(2)-Kodo Millet Dosa (50 % Kodo flour incorporation), KMD(3)-Kodo Millet Dosa (75% Kodo flour incorporation), KMD(4)-Kodo Millet Dosa (100% Kodo flour incorporation)

Table.2 Mean sensory scores of value added instant kodo millet dosa mix

| Variations | Appearance | Colour | Texture | Aroma | Taste | Overall acceptability |
|------------|------------|--------|---------|-------|-------|-----------------------|
| CMD        | 8.57±0.36  | 8.55±0.49| 8.57±0.20| 8.60±0.26| 8.60±0.23| 8.34±0.35          |
| KMD1       | 8.34±0.34  | 8.21±0.36| 8.31±0.24| 8.41±0.25| 8.51±0.22| 8.33±0.32          |
| KMD2       | 8.01±0.52  | 7.86±0.40| 7.81±0.48| 7.84±0.50| 7.53±0.46| 7.80±0.66          |
| KMD3       | 7.52±0.57  | 7.22±0.36| 7.22±0.38| 7.06±0.30| 7.00±0.38| 7.36±0.73          |
| KMD4       | 6.52±0.38  | 6.26±0.29| 6.17±0.33| 5.80±0.45| 5.95±0.36| 6.00±0.43          |
| SEM ±      | 0.0995     | 0.0858  | 0.0758  | 0.0818 | 0.0765 | 0.1173              |
| F –value   | **         | **      | **      | **     | **     | **                  |
| CD at 5%   | 0.2791     | 0.2408  | 0.2126  | 0.2296 | 0.2146 | 0.3290              |

*significant at p<0.05%, ** significant at p<0.01%
### Table 3: Nutritive value of kodo millet dosa Mix per 100g

| Variations | Moisture (g) | Carbohydrate (g) | Protein (g) | Fat (g) | Ash (g) | Crude fibre (g) | Calcium (mg) | Iron (mg) | Energy K.cal |
|------------|--------------|------------------|-------------|--------|---------|----------------|---------------|-----------|-------------|
| CMD        | 11.32±0.01   | 57.05±1.08       | 12.22±0.04  | 0.43±0.02 | 2.83±0.03 | 15.40±0.25   | 48.08±0.08   | 1.80±0.02 | 280.92±4.23 |
| KMD3       | 11.53±0.05   | 55.91±0.19       | 11.33±0.09  | 0.41±0.02 | 3.49±0.04 | 17.33±0.05   | 53.83±2.98   | 5.62±0.64 | 272.62±0.27 |
| SEM ±      | 0.0191       | 0.1225           | 0.0414      | 0.0103  | 0.0176  | 0.1058        | 1.2169       | 0.2617    | 0.4206      |
| F –value   | **           | **               | **          | NS     | **      | **            | *            | **        | **          |
| CD at 5%   | 0.0752       | 0.4811           | 0.1624      | 0.0403  | 0.0693  | 0.4154        | 4.7780       | 1.0276    | 1.6516      |

*significant at p<0.05%, ** significant at p<0.01% NS-Non Significant

### Table 4: Antioxidants, polyphenols, tannins and phytic acid contents in kodo millet dosa mix

| Variations | Total antioxidants (%) | Polyphenols (mg/100g) | Tannins (%) | Phytic acid (g/100g) |
|------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| CMD        | 17.89±0.40             | 20.58±0.02            | 0.84±0.04   | 0.57±0.02            |
| KMD3       | 30.41±0.80             | 23.97±0.46            | 1.77±0.19   | 0.85±0.04            |
| SEM ±      | 0.3651                 | 0.1881                | 0.0770      | 0.0197               |
| F –value   | **                     | **                    | **          | **                   |
| CD at 5%   | 1.4336                 | 0.7386                | 0.3022      | 0.0774               |

*significant at p<0.05%, ** significant at p<0.01%

### Table 5: Dosa Mix Free Fatty Acid (%) on storage

| Variations | Days  | Silver pouch (%) | Plastic pouch (%) | SEM ± | F-value | CD 5% |
|------------|-------|------------------|-------------------|-------|---------|-------|
| CDM        | Initial day | 0.28±0.01              | 0.29±0.01                | 0.0033 | NS      | 0.0131 |
|            | 30th day  | 0.32±0.03               | 0.36±0.03               | 0.0156 | NS      | 0.0614 |
|            | 60th day  | 0.38±0.04               | 0.40±0.01               | 0.0176 | NS      | 0.0693 |
|            | 90th day  | 0.40±0.01               | 0.49±0.01               | 0.0047 | NS      | 0.0185 |
|            | 120th day | 0.44±0.01               | 0.51±0.02               | 0.0085 | **      | 0.0334 |
|            | 150th day | 0.48±0.03               | 0.63±0.05               | 0.0213 | **      | 0.0838 |
|            | 180th day | 0.51±0.02               | 0.77±0.06               | 0.0254 | **      | 0.0997 |
| SEM ±      |        | 0.0127                | 0.0185                |
| F –value   | **     | **                    | **                    |
| CD at 5%   |       | 0.0386                | 0.0560                |
| KMD 3      | Initial day | 0.26±0.02              | 0.27±0.02               | 0.0094 | NS      | 0.0370 |
|            | 30th day  | 0.37±0.03               | 0.43±0.07               | 0.0287 | NS      | 0.1126 |
|            | 60th day  | 0.40±0.02               | 0.50±0.08               | 0.0330 | NS      | 0.1296 |
|            | 90th day  | 0.44±0.05               | 0.54±0.02               | 0.0194 | *       | 0.0763 |
|            | 120th day | 0.47±0.03               | 0.63±0.05               | 0.0233 | **      | 0.0916 |
|            | 150th day | 0.51±0.04               | 0.77±0.02               | 0.0156 | **      | 0.0614 |
|            | 180th day | 0.75±0.06               | 0.88±0.03               | 0.0277 | *       | 0.1087 |
| SEM ±      |        | 0.0205                | 0.0265                |
| F –value   | **     | **                    | **                    |
| CD at 5%   |       | 0.0622                | 0.0804                |

*significant at p<0.05%, ** significant at p<0.01%, NS-Non Significant
### Table 6: Peroxide value (Meq O$_2$/kg) on storage

| Variations | Days | Silver pouch (%) | Plastic pouch (%) | SEM | F-value | CD at 5% |
|------------|------|------------------|-------------------|-----|---------|----------|
| CDM | Initial | 0.97±0.02 | 0.94±0.02 | 0.0111 | NS | 0.0434 |
| | 30$^{th}$ | 1.95±0.05 | 1.91±0.01 | 0.0215 | NS | 0.0843 |
| | 60$^{th}$ | 3.09±0.09 | 3.15±0.03 | 0.0389 | NS | 0.1529 |
| | 90 | 4.25±0.12 | 4.16±0.04 | 0.0525 | NS | 0.2061 |
| | 120 | 5.47±0.07 | 5.50±0.04 | 0.0309 | NS | 0.1214 |
| | 150 | 6.38±0.20 | 6.31±0.15 | 0.1009 | NS | 0.3960 |
| | 180 | 7.16±0.18 | 7.36±0.06 | 0.0774 | NS | 0.3040 |
| SEM ± | 0.0694 | 0.0439 |
| F –value | ** | ** |
| CD at 5% | 0.2105 | 0.1332 |

**KMD 3**

| Variations | Days | Silver pouch (%) | Plastic pouch (%) | SEM | F-value | CD at 5% |
|------------|------|------------------|-------------------|-----|---------|----------|
| Initial | 0.57±0.09 | 0.58±0.02 | 0.0380 | NS | 0.1492 |
| 30$^{th}$ | 2.07±0.13 | 2.20±0.13 | 0.0733 | NS | 0.2879 |
| 60$^{th}$ | 3.19±0.02 | 3.27±0.08 | 0.0317 | NS | 0.1245 |
| 90 | 4.41±0.20 | 4.33±0.29 | 0.1454 | NS | 0.5707 |
| 120 | 5.76±0.11 | 5.80±0.17 | 0.0835 | NS | 0.3279 |
| 150 | 6.18±0.24 | 6.67±0.29 | 0.1519 | NS | 0.5963 |
| 180 | 6.65±0.30 | 7.07±0.07 | 0.1261 | NS | 0.4952 |
| SEM ± | 0.1038 | 0.1031 |
| F –value | ** | ** |
| CD at 5% | 0.3148 | 0.3126 |

*significant at p<0.05%, ** significant at p<0.01%, NS-Non Significant

### Table 7: Moisture (%) of dosa mix on storage

| Variations | Days | Silver pouch (%) | Plastic pouch (%) | SEM | F-value | CD |
|------------|------|------------------|-------------------|-----|---------|----|
| CDM | Initial | 11.33±0.05 | 11.30±0.09 | 0.0414 | NS | 0.1624 |
| 30 | 11.35±0.03 | 11.46±0.09 | 0.0372 | NS | 0.1460 |
| 60 | 11.44±0.03 | 11.47±0.06 | 0.0262 | NS | 0.1031 |
| 90 | 11.51±0.03 | 11.56±0.03 | 0.0160 | NS | 0.0628 |
| 120 | 11.80±0.01 | 11.74±0.06 | 0.0258 | NS | 0.1014 |
| 150 | 11.88±0.18 | 11.97±0.01 | 0.0732 | NS | 0.2873 |
| 180 | 12.45±0.18 | 12.66±0.03 | 0.0739 | NS | 0.2902 |
| SEM | 0.0571 | 0.0332 |
| F –value | ** | ** |
| CD | 0.1731 | 0.1006 |

**KMD 3**

| Variations | Days | Silver pouch (%) | Plastic pouch (%) | SEM | F-value | CD |
|------------|------|------------------|-------------------|-----|---------|----|
| Initial | 11.53±0.05 | 11.51±0.03 | 0.0233 | NS | 0.0916 |
| 30 | 11.62±0.06 | 11.66±0.01 | 0.0240 | NS | 0.0944 |
| 60 | 11.73±0.07 | 11.77±0.04 | 0.0337 | NS | 0.1325 |
| 90 | 11.81±0.02 | 11.84±0.06 | 0.0262 | NS | 0.1031 |
| 120 | 11.92±0.07 | 11.98±0.01 | 0.0276 | NS | 0.1083 |
| 150 | 12.20±0.08 | 12.19±0.08 | 0.0447 | NS | 0.1756 |
| 180 | 12.57±0.10 | 12.51±0.08 | 0.0516 | NS | 0.2026 |
| SEM | 0.0424 | 0.0300 |
| F –value | ** | ** |
| CD | 0.1285 | 0.0910 |

*significant at p<0.05%, ** significant at p<0.01%, NS-Non Significant
**Table 8** Organoleptic scores of dosa mix on storage

| Storage Material | Variations | Duration | Sensory attributes |
|------------------|------------|----------|--------------------|
|                  |            |          | Appearance         | Colour | Texture | Aroma | Taste | Overall acceptability |
| Plastic pouch    | CDM        | Initial  | 8.57±0.37          | 8.55±0.50 | 8.57±0.20 | 8.60±0.27 | 8.60±0.23 | 8.34±0.36 |
|                  |            | 30th day | 8.44±0.38          | 8.36±0.66 | 8.47±0.28 | 8.54±0.32 | 8.45±0.53 | 8.24±0.54 |
|                  |            | 60th day | 8.39±0.66          | 8.31±0.85 | 8.35±0.59 | 8.49±0.36 | 8.40±0.31 | 8.20±0.51 |
|                  |            | 90th day | 8.34±0.72          | 8.27±0.77 | 8.29±0.67 | 8.43±0.36 | 8.37±0.37 | 8.17±0.55 |
|                  |            | 120th day| 8.31±0.65          | 8.10±0.83 | 8.20±0.72 | 8.30±0.70 | 8.30±0.61 | 8.12±0.65 |
|                  |            | 150th day| 8.28±0.59          | 8.00±0.89 | 8.12±0.70 | 8.19±0.69 | 8.11±0.74 | 7.98±0.70 |
|                  |            | 180th day| 7.98±0.86          | 7.90±0.94 | 7.95±0.80 | 7.96±0.88 | 7.99±0.82 | 7.60±1.19 |
|                  | F value    | **       | **                 | **     | **     | **     | **     | **     |
|                  | SEm±       | 0.1368   | 0.1724             | 0.1320 | 0.1216 | 0.1212 | 0.1514 |
|                  | CD (5%)    | 0.3824   | 0.4819             | 0.3690 | 0.3399 | 0.3388 | 0.4233 |
| KMD 3            | CDM        | Initial  | 7.52±0.58          | 7.22±0.37 | 7.22±0.39 | 7.06±0.30 | 7.00±0.39 | 7.36±0.74 |
|                  |            | 30th day | 7.44±0.50          | 7.06±0.57 | 7.18±0.38 | 7.04±0.36 | 6.99±0.44 | 7.26±0.90 |
|                  |            | 60th day | 7.37±0.55          | 7.02±0.56 | 7.13±0.38 | 7.00±0.25 | 6.94±0.45 | 7.21±0.83 |
|                  |            | 90th day | 7.35±0.60          | 6.96±0.57 | 7.05±0.58 | 6.95±0.43 | 6.88±0.51 | 7.17±0.98 |
|                  |            | 120th day| 7.30±0.58          | 6.79±0.65 | 6.98±0.62 | 6.43±0.91 | 6.80±0.58 | 7.10±0.82 |
|                  |            | 150th day| 7.05±0.67          | 6.71±0.64 | 6.88±0.75 | 6.43±0.91 | 6.64±0.76 | 7.00±0.88 |
|                  |            | 180th day| 6.33±1.02          | 6.67±0.80 | 6.76±0.90 | 6.33±0.90 | 6.58±0.76 | 6.95±0.85 |
|                  | F value    | **       | **                 | **     | **     | **     | **     | **     |
|                  | SEm±       | 0.1470   | 0.1321             | 0.1311 | 0.1416 | 0.1250 | 0.1874 |
|                  | CD (5%)    | 0.4111   | 0.3693             | 0.3665 | 0.3960 | 0.3494 | 0.5239 |
| Plastic pouch    | CDM        | Initial  | 8.58±0.38          | 8.49±0.53 | 8.53±0.23 | 8.54±0.32 | 8.56±0.26 | 8.31±0.37 |
|                  |            | 30th day | 8.49±0.39          | 8.34±0.68 | 8.41±0.30 | 8.51±0.34 | 8.47±0.44 | 8.20±0.51 |
|                  |            | 60th day | 8.32±0.65          | 8.22±0.82 | 8.33±0.60 | 8.45±0.37 | 8.37±0.33 | 8.17±0.51 |
|                  |            | 90th day | 8.27±0.71          | 8.17±0.86 | 8.24±0.67 | 8.38±0.47 | 8.32±0.36 | 8.12±0.59 |
|                  |            | 120th day| 8.22±0.82          | 8.07±0.84 | 8.22±0.69 | 8.29±0.66 | 8.30±0.61 | 8.08±0.69 |
|                  |            | 150th day| 8.19±0.70          | 8.02±0.90 | 8.20±0.66 | 8.24±0.64 | 8.05±0.72 | 7.98±0.70 |
|                  |            | 180th day| 7.98±0.86          | 7.83±0.89 | 7.90±0.82 | 7.98±0.84 | 7.95±0.80 | 7.60±1.19 |
|                  | F value    | **       | **                 | **     | **     | **     | **     | **     |
|                  | SEm±       | 0.1460   | 0.1740             | 0.1313 | 0.1201 | 0.1172 | 0.1500 |
|                  | CD (5%)    | 0.4083   | 0.4865             | 0.3671 | 0.3358 | 0.3277 | 0.4195 |
| KMD 3            | CDM        | Initial  | 7.48±0.58          | 7.20±0.33 | 7.24±0.41 | 7.04±0.30 | 7.03±0.36 | 7.36±0.74 |
|                  |            | 30th day | 7.39±0.67          | 7.03±0.56 | 7.22±0.48 | 7.05±0.44 | 6.98±0.44 | 7.29±0.94 |
|                  |            | 60th day | 7.34±0.53          | 7.02±0.54 | 7.19±0.46 | 7.02±0.28 | 6.96±0.45 | 7.24±0.87 |
|                  |            | 90th day | 7.28±0.68          | 7.00±0.52 | 7.14±0.73 | 7.01±0.38 | 6.92±0.47 | 7.21±1.11 |
|                  |            | 120th day| 7.25±0.65          | 6.81±0.63 | 7.00±0.63 | 6.90±0.52 | 6.89±0.51 | 7.19±0.75 |
|                  |            | 150th day| 7.10±0.62          | 6.76±0.62 | 6.95±0.66 | 6.62±0.96 | 6.63±0.77 | 7.02±0.75 |
|                  |            | 180th day| 6.33±1.02          | 6.69±0.72 | 6.78±0.81 | 6.48±0.86 | 6.75±0.96 | 7.00±0.82 |
|                  | F value    | **       | **                 | **     | **     | **     | **     | **     |
|                  | SEm±       | 0.1498   | 0.1244             | 0.1340 | 0.1286 | 0.1310 | 0.1938 |
|                  | CD (5%)    | 0.4188   | 0.3479             | 0.3745 | 0.3595 | 0.3661 | 0.5419 |

*significant at p<0.05%, ** significant at p<0.01%
**Table.9** Microbial load of value added dosa mix

| Organisms | Variations | Initial day | 90<sup>th</sup> day | 180<sup>th</sup> day |
|-----------|------------|-------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| **Bacteria (×10^2 cfu/g)** | CMD (SP) | 0.00(0.707) | 0.00(0.707) | 0.66 (1.077) |
| | KMD3 (SP) | 0.00(0.707) | 0.00(0.707) | 0.66(1.077) |
| | CMD (PP) | 0.00(0.707) | 0.00(0.707) | 0.66(1.077) |
| | KMD3 (PP) | 0.00(0.707) | 0.00(0.707) | 0.33(0.911) |
| **Fungi (×10^2 cfu/g)** | CMD (SP) | 0.00(0.707) | 0.00(0.707) | 0.00(0.707) |
| | KMD3 (SP) | 0.00(0.707) | 0.00(0.707) | 0.00(0.707) |
| | CMD (PP) | 0.00(0.707) | 0.00(0.707) | 0.00(0.707) |
| | KMD3 (PP) | 0.00(0.707) | 0.00(0.707) | 0.00(0.707) |
| **Coliforms (×10^1 cfu/g)** | CMD (SP) | 0.00(0.707) | 0.00(0.707) | 0.00(0.707) |
| | KMD3 (SP) | 0.00(0.707) | 0.00(0.707) | 0.00(0.707) |
| | CMD (PP) | 0.00(0.707) | 0.00(0.707) | 0.00(0.707) |
| | KMD3 (PP) | 0.00(0.707) | 0.00(0.707) | 0.00(0.707) |

CMD (SP)-Control Millet Dosa (silver pouch), KMD(SP)-Kodo Millet Dosa (silver pouch)
CMD (PP)-Control Millet Dosa (plastic pouch), KMD(PP)-Kodo Millet Dosa (plastic pouch), Values in parenthesis indicate (√x + 0.5 )

**Fig.1** Flow chart for preparation of kodo millet dosa mix

Kodo millet grits, parboiled rice, fenugreek seeds and black gram dhal were separately ground to powder.

Then mixed together all the ingredients

Salt was finally added

**Fig.2** Flow chart for preparation of kodo millet dosa

100 g dosa mix was taken

200 ml of curd and water was added to make batter.

Allowed it to ferment for 30 min (at room temperature)

Fermented batter was used to make dosa
Table 6 indicates the peroxide values of the dosa mix. In control dosa mix, peroxide values when stored in silver pouch increased significantly from 0.97 to 7.16, in plastic pouch from 0.94 to 7.36. In kodo dosa mix it was increased from 0.57 to 6.65 in silver pouch, and from 0.58 to 7.07 in plastic pouch. Significant difference was not observed between type of storage materials. Peroxide values were within safe limits upto 180th day of storage period.

Table 7 denotes the moisture content of stored dosa mix. Control dosa mix in silver pouch showed significant increase of 11.33 to 12.45, in plastic pouch from 11.30 to 12.66. In kodo dosa mix stored in silver pouch was from 11.53 to 12.57 and in plastic pouch was from 11.51 to 12.51. This may be due to hygroscopic nature of flours.

Table 8 shows the organoleptic scores of stored products. Control dosa mix stored in silver pouch appearance scores reduced from 8.57 to 7.98, colour from 8.55 to 7.90, texture 8.57 to 7.95, aroma 8.60 to 7.96, taste 8.60 to 7.99 and overall acceptability from 8.34 to 7.60. KMK6 scores got reduced for appearance from 7.52 to 6.33, for colour 7.22 to 6.67, texture 7.22 to 6.76, aroma 7.06 to 6.33, taste 7.00 to 6.58 and overall acceptability 7.36 to 6.95.

In plastic pouch also, in control dosa mix scores got reduced for appearance from 8.58 to 7.98, for colour 8.49 to 7.83, texture 8.53 to 7.90, aroma 8.54 to 7.98, taste 8.56 to 7.95 and overall acceptability 8.31 to 7.60. For kodo dosa mix scores reduced for appearance from 7.48 to 6.33, for colour 7.20 to 6.69, texture 7.24 to 6.78, aroma 7.04 to 6.48, taste 7.03 to 6.75 and overall acceptability 7.36 to 7.00.

Thus, on 180th day, the overall acceptability of kodo dosa mix was 6.95 and 7.00 stored in silver and plastic pouches respectively, indicating the moderate level of acceptability.

Table 9 denotes the microbial load of dosa mix. There was no growth of any kind of microorganisms on initial to 90th day of storage both in silver pouch and plastic pouch packed products. But bacteria started to grow on 180th day in products i.e. both control and kodo dosa mixes packed in silver as well as plastic pouches. However, Fungi and coliforms were not observed. Moreover, bacterial load was within permissible safe limits. Thus, the results showed that dosa mix can be safely stored for 180 days at ambient temperature either in plastic or silver pouches.

In conclusion the millets are climate resilient and nutritionally superior crops. Hence, there is a need to develop value added products from millets to exploit their nutritional and health benefits. From the present study, it is observed that traditional ready to prepare, acceptable and shelf stable instant dosa mix can be successfully developed. However, such products should be popularized among all sectors of population.

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