CHAMP is a HPC Access and Metadata Portal

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Summary

CHAMP is a high performance computing (HPC) and metadata portal which provides an easy to use workflow for FAIR (Findable, Accessible, Interoperable, and Reusable) data generation and publication. It provides a web-based interface allowing submission of HPC workloads and subsequent one-click publication of the results to data repositories such as Zenodo. Depositories support rich metadata to repositories that include a full implementation of the Subject property of the DataCite metadata schema (DataCite Metadata Working Group, 2021).

Users submit jobs simply by choosing from pre-configured software and computing resource specifications (see Figure 1).

![Figure 1](image)

The user is then asked to upload the required input files for their chosen software and may optionally provide a job description (see Figure 2).

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Cave-Ayland et al., (2022). CHAMP is a HPC Access and Metadata Portal. Journal of Open Source Software, 7(70), 3824. https://doi.org/10.21105/joss.03824
The status of jobs is available via a dedicated view (see Figure 3). Publication to data repositories is also possible once the job has completed, with the reserved persistent identifier (a DOI) shown associated with the job.

![Figure 2: The form for the file upload step in job creation](image)

### Table: Summary of jobs run using the portal

| Job Number | Software | Description | Resources | Status | Runtime | Submission Time | Project | Directory | Repository |
|------------|----------|-------------|-----------|--------|---------|----------------|---------|-----------|------------|
| 00000004   | Gaussian | 1a          | 1gb, 4gb mem, 30 mins (Desktop) | Completed | 0:00:15 | 24/08/2021 8:57 p.m. | test | Open Download | 10.5281/zenodo.5513002 | Delete |
| 00000005   | Gaussian | 1b          | —         | Completed | 0:00:15 | 24/08/2021 8:56 p.m. | — | Open Download | Publish | Delete |
| 00000001   | Gaussian | 5a          | —         | Completed | 0:00:15 | 15/08/2021 12:14 p.m. | — | Open Download | Publish | Delete |

![Figure 3: Summary table of jobs run using the portal](image)

CHAMP makes use of the Open OnDemand (Hudak et al., 2018) (OOD) framework. This allows CHAMP to be portable across different HPC systems and to integrate flexibly with institutional infrastructure (e.g., authentication mechanisms).

CHAMP represents over 15 years of experimentation in HPC portal design (Harvey et al., 2014). The recent 2.0 release is a ground up rewrite to facilitate its publication as an open-source package, to modernise the code base and to address issues of portability and sustainability.

### Statement of Need

Access to HPC resources has traditionally been available almost exclusively via command line interfaces which can present a barrier to entry for new and occasional users. The web interface provided by CHAMP is simple and intuitive providing an ideal entry point for non-experts.

Open OnDemand, the framework used by CHAMP, also provides a web based interface for HPC job submission. CHAMP differs by providing a higher level of abstraction that completely removes the need to deal with shell scripts or scheduler directives. This trade-off makes CHAMP much easier to use but introduces the restriction that only pre-configured software and resource configurations are supported.
The ability to publish job outputs to data repositories greatly simplifies the process of producing metadata-enabled FAIR datasets. The relevant files to upload and various rich metadata items are collected using workflows based on the selected software.

Implementation and Features

CHAMP is written as a Passenger App within the OOD framework. It must therefore be deployed within a local OOD instance. Use of OOD provides numerous advantages such as portability, a strong security model and an active community of users. This allows the CHAMP code base to be quite minimal with mechanisms for authentication and system scheduler interaction provided by the parent framework. The per-user NGINX (Reese, 2008) architecture of OOD ensures all relevant computational processes are run under individual user identifiers.

CHAMP is written for use in Python (>3.6) using Django (Django Software Foundation, 2019) and supports extensive customisation via its main YAML (YAML Ain’t Markup Language) configuration file. Administrators may configure the relevant software packages and resource configurations for their local system. There are no restrictions on the software or resource types that may be configured. Arbitrary workflows may be used to run software and to generate metadata. For example, this allows flexibility to use a job restart file if uploaded by a user or vary metadata for publication depending on job inputs.

The workflow that CHAMP imposes for HPC usage also provides inherent reproducibility. Individual jobs are structured within separate directories with relevant input files and scripts present. Jobs are recorded with metadata such as resources used and a free text description and are organised into projects. Job history can be filtered and searched according to this metadata allowing the portal to act as a simple electronic lab notebook.

An integration with Zenodo is included in the code base. Additional data repositories that support interaction via application programming interface and OAuth2 (Hardt, 2012) authentication may be configured via a plugin mechanism. This allows the development of custom integrations with institutional data repositories where desired, as in the case of Imperial College with an existing repository service (Harvey et al., 2017).

Acknowledgments

We acknowledge the extensive contributions of Dr. Matthew Harvey for work on version 1 of this software.

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