IMPLEMENTATION OF CHARACTER EDUCATION THROUGH CULTURE 5S (SENYUM, SAPA, SALAM, SOPAN DAN SANTUN) AT STATE JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL 2 NGAWI (SMPN 2 NGAWI) EAST JAVA INDONESIA

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ABSTRACT

This study aims to describe and find the implementation of character education through the 5S culture at SMPN 2 Ngawi. Data collection techniques in this study using in-depth interviews, participatory observation and documentation. The results show that the implementation of character education through the application of 5S culture in schools has proven effective, which can result in the cultivation of livable values of life, which can be a provision of community life. If the application of the 5S culture is consistent, it can automatically improve school performance but also the school into a character education center followed by other schools.

Keywords: Character Education, Culture 5, SMPN 2 Ngawi

INTRODUCTION

The word “character” comes from the English “Character” of the Greek “Character”, which used to mean the sign of a coin, but then is generally interpreted as a distinctive mark that distinguishes a set of qualities that distinguish one another (Homjak, 2007). Characteristic education of psychological and philosophical perspective states that a virtue can be taught and studied with the right education. Character education will be able to reconstruct students’ ethical and social awareness abilities optimally in schools. CEP (2010) Character education comprehensively can be done through the implementation of positive moral culture in the school environment and supported by the planting of values in learning in the classroom. Koesoema (2010: 123) argues “the character is the dynamic condition of the anthropological structure of the individual, who does not want to stop only on his natural determination, but also an attempt to become more integral to overcome determination in himself for the process of perfecting himself continuously” One form of character education Which is applied in SMPN 2 Ngawi is a culture of 5S (Senyum, Sapa, Salam, Sopan dan Santun) .With the 5 S culture expected students to be a strong person, both in the realm of cognitive (knowledge), psychomotor domain (personality) Behavior), has a virtuous and polite attitude towards others. In addition, it will also benefit ourselves, the nation, and the country in welcoming the gold generation in the future (Ferryka, 2016). Lickona (2012) that the formation of good character needs to emphasize on the continuous guidance of behavior starting from the process of moral knowing, moral feeling, and moral action of character education.

According to Akhmad Sudrajat (2010), the benefits of developing a school culture include, as follows: (1) ensuring better quality of work; (2) open all communication networks of all kinds and levels of both vertical and horizontal communications; (3) more open and transparent; (4) creating a high sense of belonging and belonging; (4) promote solidarity and kinship; (5) if it finds an error will be fixed immediately; And (6) can adapt well to the development of Science and Technology. In addition to some of the above benefits, other benefits for individuals (personal) and groups are: (1) increasing job satisfaction; (2) more intimate relationships; (3) discipline increases; (4) functional oversight may be lighter; (5) the desire to always be proactive;
The parents, teachers, and other friends at school and outside of school. Even the 5S culture is actually also the implementation of the Ngawi district motto with “Ngawi Ramah”. Of the results, the interview is “friendly” here means is friendly with the environment, does not distinguish from religion, and background, so that the outsider is expected by the hospitality of wong Ngawi not hesitate to come to Ngawi. This is in accordance with the opinion of Agboola (2012) character education is a discipline developed with a conscious effort to maximize the ethical behavior of students whose outcomes can prepare the future leaders of the nation.

METHOD

This research use the qualitative approach. Data collection techniques used in-depth interview techniques, participatory observation, and documentation. His research design uses case studies. Ulfatin (2015) case studies can be interpreted as a direct method of inquiry with a natural setting and be focusing on an event intensively and in detail. Interview technique using semi-structured interview technique, the informants are 1 principal, 4 vice principals, 6 teachers, 5 students, 2 staff of education personnel and 1 school committee. Research subjects used snowballing. Interviews regarding: 5S Cultural Meaning, 5S Cultural Objectives, 5S Cultural Implementation, Characteristic / Values of 5S Culture, and the role of teachers, schools, and parents in the 5S culture. Observation techniques with regard to 4 self-development activities are routine activities, spontaneous activities, exemplary and conditioning. Documentation techniques obtained from a photocopy of the vision of the school mission, and culture 5S either through writing or banner and photos of 5S activities. Data analysis techniques using techniques from Miles and Huberman cited by Sugiyono (2010), with the steps: data reduction, data presentation, and withdrawal of conclusions/verification. Techniques The validity of the data using triangulation of sources and techniques. Triangulasi source by checking from various sources, while triangulation techniques by checking through the results of interviewing techniques, observation, and documentation. Member checks, extension of observation, increasing perseverance, discus-
sion with colleagues and reference adequacy (Creswell, 2009).

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

First, Culture 5S, Culture 5S is an abbreviation of Smile, Sapa, Salam, Sopan dan Santun, is a culture of salute to all citizens of the school, every day by shaking hands, either while inside or outside the school. Smiling means giving a smile to every citizen of the school and the guests who come to school when meeting, Sapa means to say a greeting, like hi, how are you? Hail is to say a greeting like assalamualaikum, shalom, horas, etc. Sopan and Santun have respect, respect the elder, by behaving in accordance with the applicable ethics. Ujiningsih (2010: 3) argues that courtesy is a Javanese term that can be interpreted as a behavior of someone who upholds the value of respect, respect, not arrogant and noble. The embodiment or manifestation of this courtesy attitude is a behavior that respects others through communication using language that does not undermine or degrade others. In Javanese culture a polite attitude of one is characterized by respectful behavior to an older person, using polite language, not possessing an arrogant nature.

The application of culture 5S in State Junior High School 2 Ngawi will describe in table 1. Documentation results can be traced through

Table 1: Activities that include self-development

| No | Aspects of activities | Form of activity |
|----|----------------------|-----------------|
| 1  | Routine activities   | 1. Every day there are some teachers who lined the gate of the school to welcome the presence of students, Students shake hands and kissed the hands of their teacher’s. |
|    |                      | 2. The entire school community shook hands at each other. |
|    |                      | 3. Students at the time before the start of the study, and after finished learning shake hands with the father of the mother who teaches in the class. |
|    |                      | 4. Every student goes to school shake hands with their respective parents. |
| 2  | Spontaneous Activities| 1. Meeting school residents outside the school should apply the 5S culture. |
|    |                      | 2. If there is a school guest, it should give a smile. |
|    |                      | 3. Ask about the news and conditions of today. |
| 3  | Exemplary            | 1. Every morning the principal always comes early to welcome the children. |
|    |                      | 2. The mother of the teachers also applies the 5S culture. |
|    |                      | 3. Teachers and education personnel also greet one another. |
|    |                      | 4. Headmasters become role models for school residents, teachers become role models for students, older siblings become young and for younger siblings |
| 4  | Conditioning         | 1. Installed slogans about 5S |
|    |                      | 2. Written in a school program document. |
|    |                      | 3. Implemented daily. |
school program documents, school vision visions, photographs, and videos as evidence of the 5S cultural implementation at SMPN 2 Ngawi.

Second, the purpose of the 5S culture is to have good character, to have a good identity, to provide societal association, to succeed Ngawi city program with the motto “Ngawi Ramah” and achieve the vision of school mission. As outlined by the Directorate of Education Personnel of the Directorate General for the Improvement of Quality of Educators and Education Personnel of the Ministry of National Education in 2007 on Culture and Climate Development Learning in Schools, one of the efforts to develop a school culture should refer to the vision, mission and objectives of the school. The function of school vision, mission, and objectives is to direct the development of school culture. The vision of quality excellence, for example, should be accompanied by concrete programs on the creation of school culture (Sudrajat, 2011).

Third, the implementation of 5S culture at SMPN 2 Ngawi. The result of the interview, stated that the 5S culture has been applied in SMPN 2 Ngawi as a lifestyle that reflects the characteristics of students of SMPN 2 Ngawi, because it is a routine to be carried away at home, when leaving school to shake hands, ask for blessings to parents, Meet with all their school residents applying the 5S culture. The results of the observations that researchers do base on findings from Gunawan (2012) suggests the implementation strategy of 5S culture, can be done through self-development studies, in 4 activities, among others: 1) routine activities are activities that students do regularly and continuously.2) Spontaneous activity is an activity that is done by unplanned on the spot.3. Exemplary is the behavior and attitude of teachers and education personnel in providing an example through good action and 4) Conditioning is the creation of conditions to support the implementation of character education. It is stated that the 5S culture has been implemented consistently, can be seen from the following table 1.

Fourth, the characteristics/values of the 5S cultural implementation in SMPN 2 Ngawi, among others: have a friendly attitude, caring for others, tolerance, have etiquette, have a respectful attitude and respect the elderly, have a noble sense, and uphold Cultural ethics. And have the provision to live in a multicultural society. Character values generated from the 5S culture are very important to counteract the negative effects of globalization. One of the effects of globalization is the rapid change of socio-cultural values that can lead to mental disorders and the welfare of society, so multisectoral, holistic, and responsible management is needed to create a culture that can counteract the stressors created by the global world (Sharma, 2016). Example of research results as follows: The higher the self-control the lower the tendency of juvenile delinquency behavior, on the contrary, the lower the level of self-control in SMK X, the higher the tendency of juvenile delinquency (Aroma, 2012).

Fifth, the role of teachers, parents, and schools in the implementation of 5S culture at SMPN 2 Ngawi. The role of teachers in this case teachers should continue to give direction, admonition to students if they forget to implement the 5S culture in school, Parents role, should always remind the importance of applying the 5S habituation at home and when meeting with anyone should give smile, greetings and greetings and behave Polite and courteous, Gunarso (2010) Parents are not the only determinants for the moral development of children, but parents have the most important role to guide the moral development of children. While the role of school, the school should be a container of character building by applying the 5S culture.

There is a process to built character education at SMPN 2 Ngawi. This process will describe in Figure 1.

Sixth, the process of character education through the 5S culture can be seen in the scheme 1. The first process is analize the decline of morality for next generation. After that the government will design character education. Schools have purpose to develop potency of citizen. SMPN 2 Ngawi also implementation of character education through 5S culture until visible in scholl vision and mission.

CONCLUSION

First, Culture 5S (Smiles, Sapa, Greetings, Polite and courteous) is one of the implementation of character education held in SMPN 2 Ngawi. This is based on the reason that character education should be implemented because of it Shifts in
the values of nation and state life that result in the nation’s cultural values, and undermine the morality of the younger generation.

Second, the goal of the implementation of character education through the 5S culture is that learners have a commendable character, have provision for social life in the community, realizing the vision of the school mission.

Third, the implementation of character education through the 5S culture has been applied in SMPN 2 Ngawi through routine activities, spontaneous activities, exemplary and conditioning.

Fourth, the implementation of character education through the 5S culture has resulted in life values such as caring for others, hospitality, tolerance, manners, tolerance, respect and respect for the elder, living more ethically, and having an attitude to preserve culture.

Fifth, in the implementation of character education through the 5S culture is needed the role of various parties, both from parents, teachers, and schools, This is important because it will be able to realize the formation of student character more effectively.

The six processes of implementing character education through the 5S culture are based on the current condition of concern with the decline of the morale of the next generation, both because of the internal factors of the absence of moral education in the family and the absence of children’s willingness to receive good moral teaching, misguided, and external factors due to the negative effects of globalization, and bad association, so that the government designs character education, and one of its implementation in SMPN 2 Ngawi through the 5S culture, which produces commendable character, is expected to achieve the vision and mission of the school.
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