Automatic Car Theft Detection System Based on GPS and GSM Technology

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ABSTRACT

An efficient automotive security system is implemented for anti-theft using an embedded system integrated with Global Positioning System (GPS) and Global System for Mobile Communication (GSM). System presented has two types of tracking, one is online tracking with GPS system can only receive the vehicle location information from satellites and other is offline tracking. GSM system is installed in the vehicle for sending the information to the owner of the vehicle. The preventive measures like engine ignition cutoff is installed in the vehicle which is controlled using user or owner GSM mobile. The owner can lock or unlock his/her vehicle with the help of SMS. The system is implemented on general purpose printed circuit board (PCB) Using Arduino.

Keywords: Arduino, GPS Modem, GSM Modem, SMS, Motor

1. INTRODUCTION

Vehicle tracking systems were first implemented for the shipping industry because people wanted to know where each vehicle was at any given time. These days, however, with technology growing at a fast pace, automated vehicle tracking system is being used for car theft detection which tracks and displays vehicle’s locations in real-time. GPS is a real-time satellite navigation system for three-dimensional position determination. The Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM) is the second-generation digital cellular mobile network. Due to its wide availability, it is chosen as the medium for transfer of location information.

The simple and inexpensive Short Message Service (SMS) allows users to send up to 160 characters. System presented here incorporates the development of in-vehicle tracking device to locate the coordinates of the vehicle stolen, which are then plotted on the Google map application to get the exact and accurate location. Also the developed system can switch-off the ignition of engine with the help of SMS.

2. Design of System

This project is primarily designed for car theft detection in which arduino, GSM module and GPRS are used. Arduino is used as the controlling unit of whole process. Whenever the car is stolen and forcefully started input signal (Push button in our case) will be send to the arduino. Arduino which is connected to the GSM will send an alert SMS to the owner, mentioning the latitude and longitude coordinates of the location using GPRS module. The owner will receive a short message sent by GSM module as soon as the car is stolen and forcefully started, then he/she can request the location of the vehicle via SMS. The message will show the coordinate of latitude and longitude of the location. To address the limitations of existing vehicle tracking/alarming systems, we presented an anti-theft system mainly based on GPS, GSM and Google map application to provide better service and cost effective solution for users. Brief detail represents the scheme of implemented system.

Figure 1.1: Block diagram of scheme of the project

2.1 Literature survey

Literature review reveals that many people worked for the security system of vehicle to avoid theft. Present day technological developments have been studied and tabulated in table below. It was found that people worked for GPRS, GSM, GPS, IOTs & web etc along with biometric sensing system. All such anti-theft modules are even available in hi-end vehicles. Here our approach is to design a cost-effective anti-theft system for low range vehicles.
Papers followed for the implementation of the project are tabulated in the Table-2.1

| No. | Design and Implementation of Vehicle Tracking System Using Smartphone Application | Author | Technology used |
|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|----------------|
| 1   | Subekti, Lee, Gomi, Tamside, and Hashim Kwon                                       | Hybrid GPS/GSM Technology |
| 2   | Hybrid GPS/GSM Localization of Autonomous Vehicle                                | M. A. A. Hashid            | Hybrid GPS/GSM |
| 3   | RFID, GPS and GSM-Based Vehicle Tracking and Employee Security System             | S. S. Prathak, N. Souraya, and S. D. Rajaguru                             | RFID, GPS and GSM |
| 4   | Microcontroller-based Anti-Theft Security System Using GSM Networks with Text Message | V. M. Ibrahim and A. A. Victor                                           | GSM |
| 5   | Real-Time GSM GPS-Based Tracking System Based on GSM Mobile Phone                 | M. A. A. Raad, G. A. Omer, and D. Singh                                   | GSM/GPS |
| 6   | A Smart Auto Theft System for Vehicle Security                                     | Prathak Singh, Rajiv Basu, Suresh Balasubramanian, and S. Venkata Patil     | GSM/GPS |

3. Design and implementation

3.1. Hardware Framework

Arduino is a physical computing platform for managing and handling electronic signals. It has an open source platform independent Integrated development environment, that facilitates programmer to process the electronic signal from the attached components and control them. Arduino has prepared its own software called integrated development environment (IDE) which completely supports C and C++ programming languages.

GSM Module, GSM SIM800C type is selected to carry the task in communication part. SIM800C is a quad-band GSM/GPRS module that works on frequencies GSM850 MHz, EGSM 900MHz, DCS1800MHz and PCS1900 MHz. Communication between Arduino and GSM module is serial. So we connect the Tx pin of GSM module to Rx pin of Arduino and Rx pin of GSM module to Tx pin of Arduino. GSM Tx -> Arduino Rx and GSM Rx -> Arduino Tx. Next connect the ground pin of arduino to ground pin of gsm module.

3.2. Circuit Diagram

Circuit diagram shows the connection and interfacing of Arduino Nano board with GPS module, GSM module, relay and motor.

Unauthorized ignition of engine (motor) will deliver a signal to the arduino. This arduino is coded to further activate the GSM component with pins Rx/Tx of the circuit. Which will send a warning to the owner via a text message. Simultaneously GPS will also be activated via arduino pins GND, D2, D3, 5V are connected to GND, Rx, Tx, Vcc of GSM.
respectively send back the co-ordinates of the location to the
latter. This further these co-ordinates in turn are passed to
the GSM which will send them to the owner. This cycle is
repeated after every 10 seconds. In response to the warning
owner may reply to the text message that is STOPED. Which
will be received by GSM and further transmitted to arduino.
Then arduino will stimulate the relay that is connected to 5V
supply of arduino and will turn engine OFF.

3.3. Software development
The software of the project is based on the flow chart in
figure 3.4. If vehicle is forcefully ignited then automatically
turn on anti theft detection system. On the other hand, If
vehicle is started in authorized way feedback system
automatically disables the anti-theft detection system. When
vehicle started forcefully a warning message is delivered to
registered mobile number as “Car Started”. Owner has access
to stop the vehicle by sending the message “Stop” in relay
and GPS enable the Arduino to send location coordinate. GPS
attached to the arduino enable GSM to send the live
coordinates of the location in every 10 second. These
coordinate when used in Google map help to locate the exact
position of the vehicle.

4. RESULT
This proposed project model is tested by forcefully starting
the vehicle as in case the vehicle is stolen. The results
obtained are as per expectations of the project designed. As
soon as the car is forcefully started by the unauthorized
person, theft detection system kicks in and the owner gets
the SMS within 15 to 20 seconds. There may be slight delay,
if any due to mobile network. Central arduino sends signal to
control section in real time.
Figure 4.4: Message showing coordinates tracked by detection device

After receiving the alert message from the theft detection device, the user responds via ‘STOPED’ message and after receiving the response from the owner mobile, the GPS and GSM modules keeps tracking and sending the updated location coordinates every 10 seconds to the owner mobile number.

CONCLUSIONS
The proposed project is a low cost, intelligent and easy to install for theft protection. This automatic car theft detection system will alert the user about unauthorized access and then help to locate the vehicle. The vehicle-tracking device provide the user to know his/her vehicle location in real time. The product designed is user-friendly anyone with a little knowledge of smartphone can use this system. It is easy to install the system in the vehicle and it requires very low maintenance. The coordinates received shows the correct location on the Google map. Also, the size of the device is compact since the GSM and GPS modules are not present as separate module.

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