### STROBE Statement—checklist of items that should be included in reports of observational studies

| Section/Item          | Item No | Recommendation                                                                                      | Reported on Page Number/Line Number | Reported on Section/Paragraph |
|-----------------------|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Title and abstract    | 1       | (a) Indicate the study’s design with a commonly used term in the title or the abstract               | Page 1, line 3-5                   | title                       |
|                       |         | (b) Provide in the abstract an informative and balanced summary of what was done and what was found | page 2, line 17-32; page 3, line 32-33 | abstract, methods and results |
| Introduction          |         |                                                                                                   | Page 3, line 32-33; page 4, line 1-18 | introduction, paragraph 2   |
| Background/rationale   | 2       | Explain the scientific background and rationale for the investigation being reported                |                                     |                             |
| Objectives            | 3       | State specific objectives, including any prespecified hypotheses                                    | Page 4, line 18-20                 | introduction, paragraph 3   |
| Methods               |         |                                                                                                   |                                     |                             |
| Study design          | 4       | Present key elements of study design early in the paper                                             | Page 4, line 27-30; page 5, line 1-19 | methods, paragraph 1 and 2  |
| Setting               | 5       | Describe the setting, locations, and relevant dates, including periods of recruitment, exposure, follow-up, and data collection | Page 4, line 27-33; page 5, line 1-19 | methods, paragraph 1 and 2  |
| Participants          | 6       | (a) **Cohort study**—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of selection of participants. Describe methods of follow-up **Case-control study**—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of case ascertainment and control selection. Give the rationale for the choice of cases and controls **Cross-sectional study**—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of selection of participants | Page 4, line 27-33; page 5, line 1-19 | methods, paragraph 1 and 2  |
|                       |         | (b) **Cohort study**—For matched studies, give matching criteria and number of exposed and unexposed **Case-control study**—For matched studies, give matching criteria and the number of controls per case | No matched studies                 | No matched studies          |
| Variables             | 7       | Clearly define all outcomes, exposures, predictors, potential confounders, and effect modifiers. Give diagnostic criteria, if applicable | Page 5, line 9-12 and line 18-19    | methods, paragraph 2        |
| Data sources/         | 8       | For each variable of interest, give sources of data and details of methods of assessment (measurement). Describe comparability of assessment methods if there is more than one group | Page 5, line 15-19                 | methods, paragraph 2        |
| measurement           |         |                                                                                                   |                                     |                             |
| Bias                  | 9       | Describe any efforts to address potential sources of bias                                            | Page 5, line 18-19                 | methods, paragraph 2        |
| Study size            | 10      | Explain how the study size was arrived at                                                            | Page 4, line 27-30                 | methods, paragraph 1        |
| Quantitative variables| 11      | Explain how quantitative variables were handled in the analyses. If applicable, describe which groupings were chosen and why | Page 5, line 24-26                 | methods, paragraph 3        |
| Statistical methods | 12 | (a) Describe all statistical methods, including those used to control for confounding | Page 5, line 24-26 | methods, paragraph 3 |
|---------------------|----|-----------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
|                     |    | (b) Describe any methods used to examine subgroups and interactions | Page 5, line 24-26 | methods, paragraph 3 |
|                     |    | (c) Explain how missing data were addressed | No missing data | No missing data |
|                     |    | (d) **Cohort study**—If applicable, explain how loss to follow-up was addressed | No loss to follow-up | No loss to follow-up |
|                     |    | **Case-control study**—If applicable, explain how matching of cases and controls was addressed | No required | No required |
|                     |    | **Cross-sectional study**—If applicable, describe analytical methods taking account of sampling strategy | No required | No required |
|                     |    | (e) Describe any sensitivity analyses | No sensitivity analyses | No sensitivity analyses |
| Results             | 13*| (a) Report numbers of individuals at each stage of study—eg numbers potentially eligible, examined for eligibility, confirmed eligible, included in the study, completing follow-up, and analysed | Page 5, line 31-33; page 6, line 1-4, and line 6-8 | Results, paragraph 1 and 2 |
|                     |    | (b) Give reasons for non-participation at each stage | participation at each stage | participation at each stage |
|                     |    | (c) Consider use of a flow diagram | No required | No required |
| Descriptive data    | 14*| (a) Give characteristics of study participants (eg demographic, clinical, social) and information on exposures and potential confounders | Page 11 | table 1 |
|                     |    | (b) Indicate number of participants with missing data for each variable of interest | No missing data | No missing data |
|                     |    | (c) **Cohort study**—Summarise follow-up time (eg, average and total amount) | Page 5, line 31 | Results, paragraph 1 |
| Outcome data        | 15*| **Cohort study**—Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures over time | Page 5, line 33; page 6, | Results, paragraph 1 |
|                     |    | **Case-control study**—Report numbers in each exposure category, or summary measures of exposure | No Case-control study | No Case-control study |
|                     |    | **Cross-sectional study**—Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures | No Cross-sectional study | No Cross-sectional study |
| Main results        | 16 | (a) Give unadjusted estimates and, if applicable, confounder-adjusted estimates and their precision (eg, 95% confidence interval). Make clear which confounders were adjusted for and why they were included | No unadjusted estimate data | No unadjusted estimate data |
|                     |    | (b) Report category boundaries when continuous variables were categorized | No continuous variables | No continuous variables |
|                     |    | (c) If relevant, consider translating estimates of relative risk into absolute risk for a meaningful time period | No relevant | no relevant |
| Other analyses      | 17 | Report other analyses done—eg analyses of subgroups and interactions, and sensitivity analyses | No other analyses | No other analyses |
| Discussion          | 18 | Summarise key results with reference to study objectives | Page 7, line 10-18 | Discussion, paragraph 1 |
| Limitations         | 19 | Discuss limitations of the study, taking into account sources of potential bias or imprecision. Discuss both direction and magnitude of any potential bias | Page 7, line 12-13 | Discussion, paragraph 1 |
| Interpretation | 20 | Give a cautious overall interpretation of results considering objectives, limitations, multiplicity of analyses, results from similar studies, and other relevant evidence | Page 8, line 33; page 9, line 1-5 | discussion, paragraph 5 and 6 |
|----------------|----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Generalisability | 21 | Discuss the generalisability (external validity) of the study results | Page 9, line 4-5 | discussion, paragraph 6 |
| Other information | | | | |
| Funding | 22 | Give the source of funding and the role of the funders for the present study and, if applicable, for the original study on which the present article is based | No funding, because of this is a retrospective study | No funding, because of this is a retrospective study |

*Give information separately for cases and controls in case-control studies and, if applicable, for exposed and unexposed groups in cohort and cross-sectional studies.

**Note:** An Explanation and Elaboration article discusses each checklist item and gives methodological background and published examples of transparent reporting. The STROBE checklist is best used in conjunction with this article (freely available on the Web sites of PLoS Medicine at http://www.plosmedicine.org/, Annals of Internal Medicine at http://www.annals.org/, and Epidemiology at http://www.epidem.com/). Information on the STROBE Initiative is available at www.strobe-statement.org.

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*As the checklist was provided upon initial submission, the page number/line number reported may be changed due to copyediting and may not be referable in the published version. In this case, the section/paragraph may be used as an alternative reference.