Erratum to: Water intake: validity of population assessment and recommendations

Joan Gandy1

Published online: 23 July 2015
© Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg 2015

Erratum to: Eur J Nutr (2015) 54 Suppl (2):S11–S16
DOI 10.1007/s00394-015-0944-8

Unfortunately, the Table 1 has been incorrectly published in the original publication. The correct table is given below:

| Table 1  | Recommended adequate intakes for total water (European Food Safety Authority and Institute of Medicine) |
|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|          | Adequate intake (L/day)                                                         |
|          | EFSA [7]  | IOM [10]                      |
| Age      | Total water intake | Fluid intake\(^a\) | Total water intake | Fluid intake\(^a\) |
| 0–6 months | 0.68\(^b\)      | 0.68\(^b\)      | 0.70              | 0.70              |
| 6–12 months (IOM 7–12 months) | 0.80–1.00      | 0.64–0.80      | 0.80              | 0.60              |
| 1–2 years | 1.10–1.20      | 0.88–0.90      |                   |                   |
| 2–3 years | 1.30          | 1.04            |                   |                   |
| 1–3 years | 1.30          | 1.30            | 0.90              |                   |
| 4–8 years | 1.60          | 1.28            | 1.70              | 1.20              |
| 9–13 years |               |                 |                   |                   |
| Boys     | 2.10          | 1.68            | 2.40              | 1.80              |
| Girls    | 1.90          | 1.50            | 2.10              | 1.60              |
| >14 years as adults |               |                 |                   |                   |
| Boys     | 2.50          | 2.00            | 3.30              | 2.60              |
| Girls    | 2.00          | 1.60            | 2.30              | 1.80              |
| Adults   |               |                 |                   |                   |
| Men      | 2.50          | 2.00            | 3.70              | 2.60              |
| Women    | 2.00          | 1.60            | 2.70              | 1.80              |
| Pregnant women | +0.30      | +0.30           |                   | 0.10              |
| Lactation women | +0.60 to 0.70 | +1.10          |                   | 0.90              |
| Elderly  | As adults     | As adults       | As adults         | As adults         |

\(^a\) 80% of total intake; \(^b\) through milk

The online version of the original article can be found under doi:10.1007/s00394-015-0944-8.

✉ Joan Gandy
joan.gandy@btinternet.com

¹ School of Life and Medical Services, University of Hertfordshire, Hatfield AL10 9AB, UK