Study on mechanics of bodies under the action of sound pollution in industrial halls. Part II: Analysis of sound pressure inside the hall

M Arghir¹ and I L Lăpuşan²

¹ Department of Mechanical Engineering Systems, Technical University of Cluj-Napoca, Faculty of Building Machines, Romania
² Department of Mechanical Engineering Systems, Technical University of Cluj-Napoca, Cluj-Napoca, Romania

E-mail: ¹ marghir@mep.utcluj.ro, marianaarghir@yahoo.com

Abstract. In this work, it is taking into account all these phenomena of sounds propagation in given space. Within the framework of the given research is a study in industrial park "Teraplast" from Bistrița-Năsăud county. This is industrial products for pvc constructions. From the submissions made to the workshops of processing industrial park "Teraplast" has been found, that noise is produced mainly in the power pumps hall. The registrations were made during a normal working days. The recorders made, for one minute, with recorder (NL32, Japanese society RION) in the pump's hall 12 positions were introduced in a high-capacity computer. This second part of the paper contains a natural continuation of the study conducted in the first part. Through the composition of sound waves for each pump in part according to the construction of the hall, gives the sound field generated by sources of power pumps during simultaneous operation. Field of noise sources inside the hall of power pumps determines an acoustic pressure on the walls of the hall. Taking into consideration the frequencies that are threatening the construction of the hall, will be presented successively acoustic pressure what special expertise to the hall walls the pressures of 230Hz, 350Hz, 800Hz and 1400Hz. This study is important for the acoustic pressure made from the "Teraplast" enterprise inside, and outside the halls.

1. General considerations
The work contains a natural continuation of the study conducted in the first part, setting out the sources of noise and sound pressure level maximum local products inside the hall of power pumps from the enterprise "Teraplast" in Bistrita-Năsăud County [6].

Through the composition of sound waves for each pump in part according to the construction of the hall, gives the sound field generated by sources of power pumps during simultaneous operation.

2. Recording sound pollution supply pumps hall
Field of noise sources inside the hall of power pumps determines an acoustic pressure on the walls of the hall. From the composition of industrial noise produced by the 10 pumps inside the hall results that there are some special frequencies and they expertise strong the hall structure in which are mounted pumps [6].
From registered of the noise caused by the 10 pumps in their hall, because all work at the same time was needed in the composition of all registered made in the 12 points inside the hall it was obtained figure 1.

![Graphical representation](image)

**Figure. 1.** Registration of all the ten points (two of them are superposed on another two). In the right side up in the graphical representation, the FFTi where i contains the number of the registration point given by the position in the figure 2, of the first part of this paper.

| Crt. No. | Frequency [Hz] | Amplitude [dB] |
|----------|----------------|----------------|
| 1.       | 234,2          | 92,06          |
| 2.       | 1424           | 105,3          |
| 3.       | 718,7          | 90,93          |
| 4.       | 2145           | 92             |

**Table 1.** The highs recorded of noise pollution in pump hall.

From comparing all records shall be fixed frequencies local maxims, the extreme values, centralized in the table 1. Partial results from the analysis of each point of measurement, remove the frequencies so companies: 230Hz, 350Hz, 800Hz and 1400Hz [4].

Through the composition of sound waves for each pump in part according to the construction of the Hall, the sound field generated by all sources is presented in the figure 2 [5].

3. **Finite element analysis of sound pressure inside the pumps hall**

Field of noise sources inside the power supply pumps hall, represented in figure 2, determines an acoustic pressure on the walls of the hall. From the composition of industrial noise produced by the 10 pumps inside the hall (figure 1) results that there are some special frequencies, that expertise, strong structure of the Hall in which are mounted pumps [1], [2], [3].

According to the documentation provided by the processor of plastics "Teraplast" in the city of Bistrita, the hall of supply pumps are considered a prism formed from:

- ground, floor or foundation which supports supply pumps;
- side walls, parallel each other and perpendicular to the surface of the support, of varying sizes;
- ceiling.
3.1. Sound pressure at 230Hz frequency

The acoustic pressure what special expertise in the walls and ceiling of the Hall, in interior part of hall, at the 230Hz frequency, was analyzed with finite element, according to the general theory.

The acoustic pressure is presented in figure 3, and it shows that: • on the first wall pressure is between 59.7 and 108 dB; • on the second wall pressure is between 64.9 and 109 dB; • on the third wall pressure is between 62.7 and 109 dB; • on the ceiling pressure is between 60.5 and 107 dB.

![Figure 2. Sound sources field generated by functional pumps.](image)

![Figure 3. Acoustic pressure in pump supply warehouse at 230 Hz frequency: (a) first wall; (b) second wall; (c) third wall; (d) ceiling.](image)
3.2. Sound pressure at 350Hz frequency
The acoustic pressure what special expertise in the walls and ceiling of the Hall, in interior part of hall, at the 350Hz frequency, was analyzed with finite element, according to the general theory. The acoustic pressure is presented in figure 4.

![4](image)

Figure 4. Acoustic pressure in pump supply warehouse at 350 Hz frequency: (a) first wall; (b) second wall; (c) third wall; (d) ceiling.

Figure 4 shows that: • on the first wall pressure is between 64.3 and 111 dB; • on the second wall pressure is between 73.3 and 114 dB; • on the third wall pressure is between 69.8 and 114 dB; • on the ceiling pressure is between 70.2 and 114 dB.

3.3. Sound pressure at 800Hz frequency
The acoustic pressure what special expertise in the walls and ceiling of the Hall, in interior part of hall, at the 800Hz frequency, was analyzed with finite element, according to the general theory. The acoustic pressure is presented in figure 5.

Figure 5 shows that: • on the first wall pressure is between 66.6 and 108 dB; • on the second wall pressure is between 80.8 and 113 dB; • on the third wall pressure is between 73.5 and 112 dB; • on the ceiling pressure is between 53.3 and 114 dB.
3.4. Sound pressure at 1400Hz frequency
The acoustic pressure what special expertise in the walls and ceiling of the Hall, in interior part of hall, at the 1400Hz frequency, was analyzed with finite element, according to the general theory. The acoustic pressure is presented in figure 6. Figure 6 shows that: • on the first wall pressure is between 74 and 118 dB; • on the second wall pressure is between 73.9 and 121 dB; • on the third wall pressure is between 62.6 and 121 dB; • on the ceiling pressure is between 80.8 and 120 dB.

4. Conclusions regarding indoor sound pressure in pump supply hall
In this paper sets out the action of sound pressure produced by supply pumps into the Hall the 10 pumps within the enterprise "Teraplast". This is a processing factory for plastics materials, which realises contestants' pipe dimensions and different profiles.
The enterprise is in the immediate neighbourhood of Bistrita municipality, why it was needed in the evaluation of noise pollution on this undertaking particularly factory of plastics, it produces in near the area of residential district.

With a tape recorder was marked the noise in the hall of power supply pumps, with which it was conducted analysis in the frequency of registrations, from which resulted the frequencies, which have maximum amplitudes during pumps activity.

With frequencies that are considered excessively demanding, it was passed to the finite element analysis of acoustic pressures, what solicit on the walls and ceiling of hall. It is centrally presented in table 4 the acoustic pressures inside the hall.

### Table 2. The acoustic pressures inside the supply pumps hall

| Crt. No. | Frequency [Hz] | Acoustic Pressure [dB] | First Wall | Second Wall | Third Wall | Ceiling |
|----------|----------------|------------------------|------------|-------------|------------|---------|
| 1.       | 230            | minimă 59,7            | 64,9       | 62,7        | 60,5       |
|          | maximă 108     |                        | 109        | 109         | 107        |
| 2.       | 350            | minimă 64,3            | 73,3       | 69,8        | 70,2       |
|          | maximă 111     |                        | 114        | 114         | 114        |
| 3.       | 800            | minimă 66,6            | 80,8       | 73,5        | 53,3       |
|          | maximă 108     |                        | 113        | 112         | 114        |
| 4.       | 1400           | minimă 74              | 73,9       | 62,6        | 80,8       |
|          | maximă 118     |                        | 121        | 121         | 120        |

From the summary table shown results in the following any frequency operating the fuel pump pressure acoustic maximum playing escapes pressure acoustic admissible inside industrial plants (which you had to exceed 85dB) as European standardization, which is applied in Romania as a national standard.

5. References

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