assess differences in direction (p<0.0063) and Gwet’s AC1 score to determine interobserver agreement.

Results: Amplitude of the displacement of the ED tendons was statistically significantly higher in JA+ patients than in JA- patients and controls in flexion for both readers (p<0.0001) and in extension for one reader (p=0.0048). Ulnar deviation of the ED tendons was statistically significantly more frequent in JA+ patients than in JA- patients and controls in flexion and in extension for both readers (p<0.0001). Interobserver agreement for the assessment of displacement was moderate to very good (0.51≤kappa≤0.93).

Conclusion: JA is associated with abnormal displacement of the ED tendons in flexion and extension. Abnormal displacement of the ED tendons is absent in patients without JA.

References:
[1] Santiago MB. Miscellaneous non-inflammatory musculoskeletal conditions. Jaccoud’s arthropathy. Best Pract Res Clin Rheumatol. 2011;25(8):715-25.

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**Table. Factors associated with proliferative LN**

| Variable                      | Univariable analysis | Multivariable analysis |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| Age                           | 0.982 (0.951–1.014)  | 0.269                  |
| Female sex                    | 1.437 (0.295–7.006)  | 0.653                  |
| Positive anti-Sm Ab           | 0.648 (0.243–1.728)  | 0.386                  |
| Positive anti-Ro Ab           | 0.928 (0.341–2.529)  | 0.885                  |
| Positive anti-La Ab           | 2.075 (0.572–7.528)  | 0.267                  |
| Positive anti-U1RNP Ab        | 0.271 (0.085–0.861)  | 0.027                  |
| Positive anti dsDNA Ab        | 7.333 (2.574–20.893) | <0.001                 |
| Low C3†                       | 9.970 (3.117–31.891) | <0.001                 |
| Low C4†                       | 3.839 (1.405–10.486) | 0.009                  |
| GFR                           | 0.980 (0.964–0.997)  | 0.021                  |
| Urine PCR                     | 1.000 (0.987–1.013)  | 0.986                  |
| Urine RBC of ≥5 HPF           | 4.178 (1.156–11.509) | 0.006                  |
| Urine WBC of ≥5 HPF           | 2.687 (0.568–7.543)  | 0.060                  |
| Urine cast                    | 4.429 (0.597–34.578) | 0.156                  |
| SLEDAI-2K                     | 1.173 (1.063–1.294)  | 0.001                  |
| Protein/creatinine ratio      | 1.046 (0.900–1.216)  | 0.557                  |

Variables with P value less than 0.05 in the univariable analysis were selected for inclusion in the multivariable analysis.

*Analysed as binary variables (Anti-U1RNP Ab, positive/negative; Anti-dsDNA Ab, positive/negative; C3, low/not low; C4, low/not low)

Ab, antibody; anti-dsDNA, anti-double-stranded DNA; GFR, glomerular filtration rate; PCR, protein/creatinine ratio; RBC, red blood cell; HFP, high power field; WBC, white blood cell; SLEDAI-2K, Systemic Lupus Erythematosus Disease Activity Index 2000; OR, odds ratio; CI, confidence interval

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