Developing a wireless real-time automated home approach utilizing NI MyRIO microcontroller board and LabVIEW platform

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ABSTRACT
In this paper, a design process and a hardware implementation for a wireless real-time home automation system approach based on NI MyRIO microcontroller board and LabVIEW platform has been developed. The proposed automated system has two hardware elements: the first one is a personal computer as a system main server hosting the designed LabVIEW platform and the second element is a NI MyRIO microcontroller board for managing the operating between the appliances and the sensors. The appliances can be automatically monitored, controlled, and accessed in response to the signals from the related sensors or manually by the system end-user through smart phone based on Wi-Fi and cloud computing technology. To approve the reliability of the proposed automated system, a hardware realization for three appliances: temperature management, light energy saving, and biometric security system of face recognition with fingerprint check has been introduced. The proposed system has a simple structure, economically cost effective and flexible scaling up for a proper automated home future.

Keywords:
Hardware implementation
Home automation approach
LabVIEW platform
NI MyRIO microcontroller
Sensors

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1. INTRODUCTION
Recently, the rapid development in communications and information technologies has a big impact on the human life. Particularly, new technologies based on the Internet services become necessary in our daily routine life. Furthermore, portable devices including smart phones provide appropriate online access for them. For that, Internet of Things (IoT) technology will cause a dramatic impact in informational society for the human being’s way of life. Specially, the upcoming 5G communication system will based on the internet of things technology which will not only cause comfortable and safe for the life but also can be a new strategy for energy management and saving problem [1-5].

Because of the rapid revolution in electronics inventions and their integration with conventional building industry, the idea of smart and intelligent home system has been adopted by many researchers and lifestyle professionals’ companies. The first smart house concept was developed in 1980’s as a project of the National Research Center of the National Association of Home Builders. The basic idea of smart home automation is to use sensors and control system technologies to monitor a home, and provide an adjustment for various services such as lighting, heat, ventilation, and other. Modern homes require to have numerous appliances for comfortable and luxury human life that cause increasing of the energy demand for operation. For that, smart home can achieve an intelligent and efficient energy management and saving through
scheduling, monitoring, diagnostic, and controlling the appliances. Economically, lifelong of the appliances will be increased and the maintenance expenses will be reduced [6-9].

Remarkable efforts have been achieved for developing the smart home remote control systems. The earlier proposed systems are mainly a land phone-based system with personal computer approach for remote controlling some of home appliances [10-12] based on FPGA [13, 14]. These types of systems used the conventional land-phone for remotely controlling the system devices with the other subsystems connected through any user interface. Moreover, the growth of telecommunication technologies has impacted most of recent smart home automation industries employed the modern wireless communication technologies to communicate the home appliances. The latest designed systems using the new wireless approaches including RF, GSM, Bluetooth, Zig Bee,...etc for short distance remote controlling the various appliances have been developed in [15-18]. The effective cost arranging network problem of objects for a green IoT is investigated by introducing a new unique deployment scheme for developing an IoT based green network approach. Also, the energy consumption and smart energy control framework for intelligent home approach is a hot topic to be considered [19-21]. A cloud based and Android system supported home automation approach for allowing multiple users to monitor and control many appliances using Android applications or through a web site is developed [22, 23]. Different Arduino modules for smart cellular phone was used to achieve the control function for the home appliances by employing the smartphone to point to the required appliances, the phone’s monitor automatically pops out on the designed control panel of the device, the proposed scheme was verified through the simulation study and the on-site hardware realization successfully [24, 25].

This paper presented a design process and a hardware implementation for a wireless real-time home automation system approach based on NI MyRIO microcontroller board and LabVIEW platform. The developed automated system has two hardware elements: the first element is a personal computer acting a system main server hosting the designed LabVIEW platform, where the second element is a NI MyRIO microcontroller board for managing the operating between the appliances and the sensors. The appliances can be automatically monitored, controlled, and accessed in response to the signals from the related sensors or manually by the system end-user through smart phone based on Wi-Fi and cloud computing technology. The reliability of the proposed system is validated through a hardware implementation for three appliances: temperature management, light energy saving, and biometric security system of face recognition with fingerprint check.

The following sections of this paper is arranged as: Section 2 introduces the designing process and the system structure. The proposed system hardware on-site implementation is developed in Section 3. Finally, the conclusion part is addressed in Section 4.

2. PROPOSED SYSTEM STRUCTURE AND DESIGNING ALGORITHM
The proposed smart automated system has two principle hardware components: the PC home server and the NI MyRIO microcontroller board that can be connected to computer via Wi-Fi and communicates using standard serial protocol. The architecture of the system developed is shown in Figure 2. A PC home server hosts the LabVIEW platform management and control algorithm that enables the user to access the home appliances through it. Many appliances and sensors are connected to ports of the microcontroller board. The home appliances can be controlled automatically or accessed manually through the system user. The essential part of the proposed automated home system includes the NI MyRIO microcontroller board which is connected with a number of sensors and appliances actuators. A personal computer acting as a system server for hosting the LabVIEW management algorithms of the appliances operation is connected to the microcontroller via Wi-Fi wireless technology. The appliances can be automatically monitored, controlled, and accessed in response to the signals from the related sensors or manually by the system end-user through smart phone based on Wi-Fi and cloud computing technology as shown in Figure 1.

In this design, three different appliances including temperature control, light control, and biometric based security sub-system have been developed. The flow charts of these three appliances algorithms are shown in Figure 2. In case of temperature control process, temperature sensor measures the ambient temperature. The microcontroller will compare the sensor reading with a reference temperature (30°C set as a reference temperature). For automatic control case, if the temperature exceeds 30°C, microcontroller will operate the air-condition to reduce the temperature level as shown in Figure 2 (a). In automatic light management algorithm, an object motion detection sensor is employed. In case of human movement, the light will be in on-state on for five minutes and recheck the object status again as shown in Figure 2(b). This application is very useful for energy saving and management. Figure 2 (c) shows the algorithm used for biometric based sub-system for the automated home system security. There are two security access levels including face recognition utility and fingerprint check. moreover, all the three algorithms mentioned above...
can be manually managed by the system end-user through monitoring and controlling processes via wireless portable devices like laptops, cellular phones and tablets.

Figure 1. Structure of the automated home system

Figure 2. Flow charts of the automated home system processes
(a) Temperature control; (b) Light control; (c) Biometric security sub-system

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3. **ON-SITE EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS AND DISCUSSION**

To justify the proper operation of the designed system, an on-site hardware implementation has been developed on-site (Lab room in the faculty building) as shown in Figure 3. The system includes a personal computer as system server with LabVIEW platform management algorithm (block diagram detailed in Figure 4) and the MyRIO microcontroller board that enables the control processes for different home appliances. A three different types of home appliances and sensors are connected to the microcontroller board. Miscellaneous home appliances can be controlled automatically or accessed through the system end-user. The main server computer is connected to the MyRIO microcontroller via Wi-Fi. The three employed sensors are: LM35 temperature sensor for air-condition temperature management, Passive Infrared (PIR) sensor for human motion detection utilized for light control process, and a biometric based sub-system for the system security including face recognition utility and fingerprint check as shown in Figure 5.

![Figure 3. Proposed automated home hardware realization](image)

![Figure 4. Block diagram of the proposed LabVIEW management platform](image)
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4. CONCLUSION
This paper presented a design process and a hardware implementation for a real-time wireless automated home system approach utilizing NI MyRIO microcontroller board and LabVIEW platform. The proposed automated system has two hardware elements: the first one is a personal computer as a system main server hosting the designed LabVIEW platform and the second element is a NI MyRIO microcontroller board for managing the operating between the appliances and the sensors. The appliances can be automatically monitored, controlled, and accessed in response to the signals from the related sensors or manually by the system end-user through smart phone based on Wi-Fi and cloud computing technology. The reliability of the proposed system has been verified thought on-site hardware realization for three essential appliances: temperature management, light energy saving, and biometric security system of face recognition with fingerprint check has been introduced. The developed system has a simple structure, economical cost and flexible configuration with scaled up feature. A future improvement can be developed to the proposed system scheme using wireless sensors for internet of things approach.

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