An innovative endotracheal tube clamp for use in COVID-19

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To the Editor,

The coronavirus disease (COVID-19) pandemic surprised the medical and scientific community because of its characteristic high transmission rate. This has led to the need for reorganization of procedures and the implementation of new approaches to protect medical teams from contamination via aerosols. The latter is of particular importance for those responsible for managing the patient’s airway.\(^1\) Other countries (Italy, China, and Spain) have registered a significant number of infected health professionals.\(^2\) In addition, during the 2003 severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS) outbreak in Canada, it was evident that health professionals were at risk of infection, particularly those involved in airway-related procedures such as endotracheal intubation, extubation, and suctioning.\(^3\) Therefore, it is crucial to minimize the risk of aerosol generation when managing the airway and find protective strategies that can be adopted to mitigate it.

The emission of aerosols through the endotracheal tube (ETT) is a serious form of exposure to the virus that healthcare professionals should consider. Recommendations advise that the ETT be clamped when not connected to a filtered ventilator circuit to reduce aerosol particle dispersion.\(^4\)

Herein, we report the use of a disposable clamp (Figure) consisting of a three-dimensional (3D) printed plastic piece that fits around an ETT allowing clamping/unclamping during intubation/extubation and other procedures such as suctioning. Before videolaryngoscope intubation, we insert...
the ETT through the device and close the clamp using its integrated clip, only unclamping after connection to the closed circuit of the ventilator. This can be easily done by the same person. Although clamping can also be done with regular surgical forceps, as this proposed clamp always remains attached to the ETT, it makes it practical to use and avoids contamination of multiple forceps, thus reducing the likelihood of cross infection. The ETT clamp was designed by a Portuguese operating room nurse (Mário Gomes; 3D printer file available as an online supplement) and it has been produced using polylactic acid and a 3D printer. This material is derived from a renewable resource (like corn starch or sugar cane) making it a non-toxic, inexpensive, environmentally friendly product.

Our empirical experience has shown us that with successive use and disinfection, the clamping force may decrease, so we recommend it as a single-patient disposable device. Production is relatively fast and inexpensive, so it has been increasingly used throughout our country. Most intensive care, anesthesiology, and prehospital emergency units have access to the ETT clamp.

This innovative clamp is intended to increase safety, but it does require some training prior to use. It can be used by different health professionals, including doctors, nurses, and respiratory therapists, any time the ETT needs to be disconnected from the ventilator circuit. Medical innovation plays a pivotal role in protecting teams that provide invasive care to infected patients and as the severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) is highly infectious, the development of additional methods of protection can have added value in airway approach procedures.

Footnote
A. Dropbox. Available from URL: https://www.dropbox.com/sj0b6go4nhcv0p81/Clamp%20TOT.rar?dl=0&fbclid=IwAR3HAl0HNjemXCHARrReV1TCLguPYrwQ7TX3WkLMweiJdwtvjV3qomiBtuo&file_subpath=%2FClamp+TOT (accessed May 2020).

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