Faunistic composition, ecological properties and zoogeographical composition of the family Elateridae (Coleoptera) of the Central Anatolian Region of Turkey

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Abstract

The focus of this study was to understand the faunistic composition, ecological properties and zoogeographical composition of Elateridae (Coleoptera) of the Central Anatolian region. 72 species belonging to seven subfamilies and 25 genera were identified. The major part of the Elateridae fauna of the Central Anatolian region is formed by the subfamilies Elaterinae and Cardiophorinae. The genus Cardiophorus was the most species-rich genus. The species composition of the Elateridae fauna of the Central Anatolian region is partially consistent with known Elateridae fauna of Turkey. The Central Anatolian region shares most species with the European part of the Western Palaearctic as does the Elateridae fauna of Turkey. Detailed localities of nine species are given for the first time for Turkey, with emphasis on the Central Anatolian region.
Introduction

The family Elateridae is the ninth biggest family of Coleoptera and belongs to the superfamily Elateroidea (Lawrence, 1982). According to various authors (Lawrence, 1982; Lodos, 1998; Demirsoy, 1999; Booth et al., 1990; Laibner, 2000), the family Elateridae has 6,000-10,000 species. In Turkey, there are eight subfamilies, 65 genera and more than 450 species belonging to the Elateridae (Mertlik and Platia, 2008; Kabalak and Sert, 2009; Platia and Gudenzi, 2009; Platia et al., 2009; Schimmel et al., 2009). The number of species of Elateridae in Turkey is increasing rapidly.

Turkey is at the intersection of three continents (Asia, Africa, and Europe) (Figure 1) and it was divided into seven geographic regions (three inner regions and four coastal regions) at the first geography congress of Turkey in Ankara in 1941. Geographic regions were determined according to several criteria, including the presence of sea around three sides of Turkey; parallel extension of high mountains to coasts; separation of the middle part of Anatolia from the sea by high mountains thus climatic and floristic differentiations occur between inner parts and coastal parts; and the distribution of agriculture types and transportation systems and house types. The first four of the seven regions determined to be adjacent to the sea are the Black Sea region, Marmara region, Aegean region and Mediterranean region. The other three regions are named according to their location in the whole of Anatolia (Central Anatolian region, Eastern Anatolian region and Southeastern Anatolian region) (www.cografya.gen.tr/egitim/bolgeler/). The Central Anatolian Region (Figure 2) is one of Turkey's seven geographical regions. The surface area is 151,000 square kilometers and it occupies 20% of Turkey's land area. It is the second largest geographical region after the Eastern Anatolian region. It is surrounded by other regions except the Southeastern Anatolian region. The Central Anatolian region contains the Aksaray, Ankara, Çankırı, Eskişehir, Karaman, Kayseri, Kirikkale, Kirşehir, Konya, Nevşehir, Niğde, Sivas and Yozgat provinces. It is composed of Konya, Upper Sakarya, Middle Kızılirmak and Upper Kızılirmak subregions. The Central Anatolian region has an appearance that is simple in terms of landforms. Plains are usually found in most parts of the Central Anatolian region at 1000 m elevation. Areas and river valleys of the Sakarya and Kızılirmak rivers are the lowest in elevation at about 700 meters. Volcanic mountains, which extend from Northeast to Southwest, are the Hasandağ, Karacadağ, Karadağ, Erciyes and Melendiz mountains. Mountain chains include the Akdağlar, Hızır, Tecer and Yıldız mountains. This Central Anatolian region is composed of many plateaus, including the western Haymana and Cihanbeyli plateaus, the southern Obruk plateau, the eastern Bozok (Kızılirmak) plateau, the Yazılıkaya (Bayat) plateau at the border with the Aegean Region and the Uzunyayla plateau at the border with the Eastern Anatolian region. The Salt Lake is the largest closed basin in the research area. Some of the plains of Central Anatolia are very broad. The Konya Plain is the largest plain of Turkey, which is at the base of an old lake. The Kızılirmak, Sakarya, Porsuk, Çekerek and Delice are the most important rivers in the Central Anatolian region. The Salt Lake is the largest lake in the region. Other major lakes are the Akşehir, Eber, Ilgın (Çavuşçu), Tuzla, Seyfe, Eymir and Mogan.
High mountains surround the region. Humid and temperate sea air cannot penetrate into the Central Anatolian region, causing the summers to be hot and dry, and winters to be cold and snowy with a dominant continental climate. Elevation increases towards the eastern part of region and winter temperatures decrease to very low values. Precipitation is lowest at the Central Anatolian region of Turkey and it has 7% of all forests of Turkey (www.cografya.gen.tr/egitim/bolgeler/ic-anadolu.htm).

There are many studies on the Elateridae fauna of Turkey, which were done mostly by foreign researchers. Most of these studies are limited in scope and generally are descriptions of new species. Studies on Turkish Elateridae include the following: Bodemeyer (1900), Buysson (1891), Cate and Platia (1989, 1997), Cate et al. (2002), Cate (2007), Chassain (1998), Dolin (1995), Dolin and Mertlik (2002), Dušánek and Mertlik (2007), Fairmaire (1866), Guglielmi and Platia (1985), Gurjeva (1972, 1989), Gül-Zümreoğlu (1972), Gülperçin and Tezcan (2009), Heyden et al. (1906), Horion (1953), Jagemann (1939), Kabalak and Sert (2005), Kabalak and Sert (2006, 2009), Kesdek et al. (2006), Laibner (2000), Lodos (1998), Lohse (1979), Mertlik (2000, 2005), Mertlik and Dušánek (2006), Platia (1989, 1994, 2001, 2003a, 2003b, 2004a, 2004b), Platia and Cate (1990), Platia and Gudenzio (1996a, 1996b, 1998a, 1998b, 1999, 2000a, 2000b, 2002a, 2002b, 2004a, 2004b, 2005, 2007, 2009), Platia, Kabalak and Sert. (2007), Platia and Kovancı (2005), Platia and Marini (1999), Platia and Mertlik (1996), Platia and Schimmel (1991, 1992, 1993, 1994), Platia and Tarnawski (1998), Platia, Yıldırım and Kesdek (2007), Reitter (1905, 1910, 1911, 1918), Roubal (1924), Sahlberg (1912-1913), Schenkling (1925, 1927), Schimmel (1990), Schwarz (1892, 1900, 1902), Tarnawski (1995, 1996, 2001), Winkler (1924 - 1932), Wurst (1994, 1995a, 1995b, 1997), Wurst and Schimmel (1995), Yüksel (1970), Zeising and Brunne (2003).

The main aim of this research was to study the faunistic composition (species distributions of subfamilies and genera), ecological properties of species (abundance and rarity of species, vertical distributions of species, habitat preferences of species and seasonality of species and genera) and the zoogeographical composition of the Elateridae fauna including the faunal relations between the Central Anatolian region and other geographical regions of Turkey.

**Materials and Methods**

In this study, species collected mostly between April and August between 2005–2008 from the Central Anatolian region were part of a Tübitak project entitled: "Systematic studies on the family Elateridae (Coleoptera) in Central Anatolian and Middle Black Sea regions of Turkey". Some specimens from the insect collection of the Entomology Laboratory of the Department of Biology, Hacettepe University collected in 1995, 1999, 2001–2004 and 2009 were also included in this study. Specimens were collected using different methods (insect net, Japanese umbrella, light trap and aspirator). Locality details of specimens (collecting provinces and counties, GPS coordinates, altitudes, collecting dates) are given. In the Material Examined section, the collector’s name is listed at the end as ‘col.’.

Determinations of species were done by using published taxonomic keys (Gurjeva 1984; Laibner 2000; Platia 1994, 2003a, 2003c; Platia and Gudenzio 1998b, 2000b, 2002a, 2003a, 2003c;
### Table 1. Number of species and collected specimens.

| Species                          | Number of Species | Collecting habitats and methods | Collecting Months | Vertical Distribution |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Adoxa crenulata                  | 273               | Hf-In                           | May, Jun, Jul     | C, D, E, F, G         |
| A. crenulata                     | 6                 | Hf-In                           | Jun               | C                     |
| A. caseolata                     | 1                 | Hf-In                           | Jan                | E                     |
| A. dissecta                      | 5                 | Uls-In, Us-In                   | Apr, May, Jun     | D                     |
| A. fisera                       | 6                 | Uls-In                          | May                | D                     |
| A. poppei                       | 2                 | Uls-In                          | Jul, Aug          | E                     |
| A. rosea                        | 34                | Li                              | Jul                | F                     |
| A. rubricollis                   | 3                 | Fl-In                           | May, Jun          | E, F, G               |
| A. rufescens                     | 8                 | Hf-In                           | Jul                | E                     |
| A. valensi                      | 4                 | Uls-In                          | Apr                | E                     |
| A. labiata                      | 629               | Hf-In                           | Apr, May, Jun, Jul| A, C, D, E, F, G, H  |
| A. marina                       | 1                 | Uls-In                          | Jul                | G                     |
| A. aquatica                     | 80                | Hf-In, Us-In                    | Apr, May, Jun     | D, E, F, G, H, I      |
| A. spinosum                     | 135               | Hf-In, Us-In, Hf-In            | Apr, May, Jun     | D, E, F, G           |
| A. prasina                       | 7                 | Uls-In                          | May                | G                     |
| A. rubripes                     | 6                 | Uls-In                          | May, Jun          | D                     |
| A. spongivora                   | 1                 | Uls-In                          | Apr, May, Jun     | G, E, F, G           |
| A. spongivora                   | 8                 | Uls-In                          | May                | G, E, F, G           |
| A. spongivora                   | 2                 | Uls-In                          | May                | D                     |
| A. spongivora                   | 29                | Uls-In                          | Apr, May, Jun     | D, E, F, G           |
| A. spongivora                   | 24                | Hf-In, Hf-In                    | Apr, May, Jun     | G, E, F, G           |
| A. spongivora                   | 40                | Hf-In                           | Apr, May, Jun     | D, E, F, G, H        |
| A. spongivora                   | 20                | Hf-In, Hf-In                    | Jan, Jul          | G                     |
| A. spongivora                   | 4                 | Hf-In                           | May                | E                     |
| A. spongivora                   | 4                 | Hf-In                           | May, Jun          | D, E, F, G           |
| A. spongivora                   | 6                 | Hf-In                           | May, Jun          | D, E, F, G, H        |
| A. spongivora                   | 150               | Hf-In                           | Apr, May, Jun     | C, E, F               |
| A. spongivora                   | 4                 | Hf-In, Fl-In                    | Apr, May          | E, F                  |
| A. spongivora                   | 8                 | Hf-In                           | Apr                | E                     |
| A. spongivora                   | 5                 | Hf-In, Uls-In                   | May, Jun          | B, E, F               |
| A. spongivora                   | 1                 | Hf-In                           | May                | D                     |
| A. spongivora                   | 8                 | Hf-In                           | May, Jun          | D, E, F, G           |
| A. spongivora                   | 1                 | Hf-In                           | Apr                | E                     |
| A. spongivora                   | 2                 | Hf-In                           | Jul                | E                     |
| A. spongivora                   | 7                 | Hf-In, Hf-In, Hf-In            | Apr, May, Jul     | D, E, F, G            |
| A. rubripes                      | 8                 | Hf-In, Fl-In                    | May, Jun          | E                     |
| A. rubripes                      | 8                 | Hf-In                           | May, Jun          | E                     |
| A. rubripes                      | 12                | Hf-In, Uls-In                   | May, Jun          | B, D, E, F            |
| A. rubripes                      | 4                 | Uls-In                          | May                | C, D                  |
| A. rubripes                      | 8                 | Hf-In, Hf-In                    | Apr, May, Jul     | C, D, E, F, H        |
| A. rubripes                      | 7                 | Hf-In, Hf-In, Hf-In            | Apr, May, Jul     | D, F                  |
| A. rubripes                      | 2                 | Hf-In                           | Jan, Jul          | E                     |
| A. rubripes                      | 2                | Fl-In                           | Jul                | F                     |
| A. rubripes                      | 30                | Li, Hf-In, Hf-In               | May, Jun          | G                     |
| A. rubripes                      | 3                 | Li, Hf-In, Hf-In               | May, Jun          | G                     |
| A. rubripes                      | 1                 | Th-Ju                           | Jan                | D                     |
| A. rubripes                      | 6                 | Li                              | Jul, Aug          | C, D, E, F            |
| A. rubripes                      | 29                | Li                              | Jul, Aug          | D, E, F               |
| A. rubripes                      | 2                 | Li, Hf-In                       | Jul, Aug          | D                     |
| A. rubripes                      | 5                 | Uls-In                          | May, Jun          | D                     |
| A. rubripes                      | 8                 | Hf-In                           | May, Jun          | G                     |
| A. rubripes                      | 17                | Th-Ju, Hf-In                    | May, Jun, Jul     | C, E, F               |
| A. rubripes                      | 11                | Th-Ju, Hf-In                    | May, Jun          | E                     |
| A. rubripes                      | 8                 | Hf-In, Hf-In                    | Jan, Aug          | C, E, F, H            |
| A. rubripes                      | 1                 | Hg-In                           | Jan                | G                     |
| A. rubripes                      | 69                | Th-Ju, Fl-In                    | May, Jun          | G, E, H               |
| A. rubripes                      | 3                 | Uls-In                          | May                | E                     |
| A. rubripes                      | 2                 | Uls-In, Hf-In                   | May                | E                     |
| A. rubripes                      | 430               | Hf-In, Li                       | Apr, May, Jun     | B, C, D, E, F, G     |
| A. rubripes                      | 7                 | Uls-In                          | May                | C, F                  |
| A. rubripes                      | 1                 | Uls-In                          | May                | E                     |
| A. rubripes                      | 2                 | Uls-In                          | Apr, May, Jun     | E, F                  |
| A. rubripes                      | 4                 | Uls-In                          | May                | B                     |
| A. rubripes                      | 1                 | Uls-In                          | May                | F                     |

Collecting habitat and methods (Fhp-In: Forest ground herbaceous plants-Insect net, Hps-In: Herbaceous plants near streams-Insect net, Hpfr-In: Herbaceous plants near fields and roads-Insect net, Tb-Ju: Trees and bushes-Japanese Umbrella, Lt: Light trap, Ib-As: Inside building-Aspirator, Dt-As: Decaying trees-Aspirator, Usds-As: Under stones and detritus near stream-Aspirator, Usb-As: Under stones and plants-Aspirator).

Collecting months (Apr: April, May: May, Jun: June, Jul: July, Aug: August, Sep: September, Nov: November).

Vertical distribution (A: 0-250m, B: 251-500m, C: 501-750m, D: 751-1000m, E: 1001-1250m, F: 1251-1500m, G: 1501-1750m, H: 1751-2000m, I: 2001m and above).

This table was prepared by using recorded data of species collected during field studies and specimens in the Entomology Laboratory collection.
Table 2. Distributions of detected species in Turkey and Zoogeographical regions

| Species | Distribution in Turkey | Zoogeographical Distribution |
|---------|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Aphelinus aeneus | 1, 2, 4, 6, 7 | ETR |
| A. minansae | 1 | EWP |
| A. montanus | 2, 1 | EWP |
| A. oblongus | 1 | EWP |
| A. parthenos | 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 | EWP, NA |
| A. rapicauda | 2 | EWP |
| A. roseus | 1, 2, 3, 4 | EWP, NA |
| A. scabrosus | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 | EWP, NA |
| A. sexipunctatus | 1 | EWP |
| A. thomsoni | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 | EWP, NA |
| A. vici | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 | EWP, NA |
| A. hibernica | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 | EWP, NA |
| A. minansae | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 | EWP, NA |
| A. scabrosus | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 | EWP, NA |
| A. sexipunctatus | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 | EWP, NA |
| A. thomsoni | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 | EWP, NA |
| A. vici | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 | EWP, NA |
| A. hibernica | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 | EWP, NA |
| Dicranopus abderami | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 | ETR |
| E. cinctus | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 | ETR |
| E. cruciger | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 | ETR |
| E. obscurus | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 | ETR |
| E. sexipunctatus | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 | ETR |
| E. thomsoni | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 | ETR |
| E. vici | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 | ETR |
| E. hibernica | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 | ETR |
| D. abbreviates | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 | EWP, NA, SB |
| D. abbreviates | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 | EWP, NA, SB |
| D. abbreviates | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 | EWP, NA, SB |
| D. abbreviates | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 | EWP, NA, SB |
| D. abbreviates | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 | EWP, NA, SB |

1: Central Anatolian region, 2: Blacksea Region, 3: Marmara Region, 4: Eastern Anatolian Region, 5: Southeastern Anatolian Region, 6: Aegean Region, 7: Mediterranean Region, 8: First detailed species description (Kesdek et al., 2006; Gülpercin 2006; Mertlik, 2000; Merkl and Mertlik, 2005; Merkl and Dusanek, 2007; Platia 1989, 2003b, 2008; Platia and Gudenzi 1996a, 1998, 2000a, 2002a, 2004a; Platia and Schimmel 1991; Schimmel 1990; Yüksel 1970). Zoogeographical distributions; ETR: Endemic for Turkey, EWP: European part of Western Palaearctic, SB: Siberia, ME: Middle East, MA: Middle Asia, NA: North Africa, FE: Far East, NEA: Nearctic region and AUST: Australian region (Cate, 2007).
Classification system of the family Elateridae followed that of Mertlik and Platia (2008) except for the subfamily Lissominae for which we followed the concept of Laibner (2000) and Cate (2007). In the faunistic composition section, distributions of species in subfamilies and genera are shown (Figures 3 and 4) and species numbers of subfamilies and genera are compared between each other and species numbers of collected genera from the studied area are compared with known species numbers of genera recorded from Turkey. In the ecological properties of fauna section, specimen numbers of collected species, collecting habitats and methods, collecting months and vertical distributions of species (Figure 6) are given and assessed (Figures 5 and 6, Table 1). In the zoogeographical composition of fauna section, zoogeographical distributions and distributions in Turkey according to present literature of the identified species (Figures 7 and 8, Table 2) are given with information on endemic species. The Elateridae fauna of the studied area is compared with the Elateridae fauna of other geographical regions of Turkey. Zoogeographical distributions of identified species and the relationships between studied areas and zoogeographical regions are discussed.

Results and Discussion

Annotated Checklist of Elateridae Species of the Central Anatolian Region of Turkey

Subfamily: DENDROMETRINAE Gistel, 1856

Tribe: Athouini Candèze, 1859

Genus: Nothodes Le Conte , 1861

1. Nothodes parvulus (Panzer, 1799)

Material Examined: Çankırı: Bayramören, 40°57'20" N, 33°18'19"E, 936 m, 04.VI.2008, 1 specimen; Kayseri: Talas, 38°38'40"N, 35°36'17"E, 1424 m, 29.V.2007, 2 specimens; Konya: Beysel, 39°35'55"N, 31°26'49"E, 1124 m, 14.V.2005, 1 specimen; Niğde: Central County, 38°01'10"N, 35°01'09"E, 1573 m, 27.VI.2006, 1 specimen; Yozgat: Akdağmadeni, 39°43'28"N, 35°54'37"E, 1195 m, 12.VI.2007, 3 specimens; col. M. Kabalak.

Genus: Limonius Eschscholtz, 1829.

2. Limonius minutus Linnaeus, 1758

Material Examined: Eskişehir: Alpu 39°56'18"N, 31°08'34"E, 1515 m, 15.V.2007, 1 specimen; Niğde: Çamardı, 37°51'31"N, 34°57'30"E, 1580 m, 29.V.2005, 1 specimen; Sivas: Zara, 40°04'04"N, 37°43'39"E, 1626 m, 01.VI.2007, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak.

Genus: Limoniscus Reitter, 1905.

3. Limoniscus elegans (Boysson, 1891)

Material Examined: Yozgat: Çekerek, 40°08'43"N, 35°25'30"E, 945 m, 12.VI.2007, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak.

Genus: Athous Eschscholtz, 1829.

Subgenus: Athous Eschscholtz, 1829

4. Athous (s. str.) haemorrhoidalis (Fabricius, 1821)
Material Examined: **Aksaray:** Ortaköy, 38°44'54"N, 33°59'55"E, 1256 m, 25.IV.2006, 2 specimens; **Çankırı:** Bayramören, 40°57'20"N, 33°18'19"E, 936 m, 04.VI.2008, 3 specimens; **Eskişehir:** Central County, 39°57'06"N, 30°31'03"E, 1045 m, 05.VI.2006, 1 specimen; **Niğde:** Çamardi, 37°48'52"N, 34°59'35"E, 1434 m, 23.V.2008, 4 specimens; Ulukişla, 37°26'50"N, 34°36'57"E, 1780 m, 22.V.2008, 4 specimens; Çamardi, 37°52'43"N, 35°06'25"E, 1512 m, 23.V.2008, 3 specimens; **Sivas:** Divriği, 39°30'27"N, 38°7'32"E, 1405 m, 22.V.2006, 3 specimens; **Central County:** 39°24'17"N, 36°41'25"E, 1366 m, 23.V.2006, 12 specimens; Gemerek, 39°18'18"N, 35°56'48"E, 1353 m, 30.V.2007, 6 specimens; Suşehri, 40°03'47"N, 38°03'10"E, 1356 m, 02.VI.2007, 1 specimen; **Yozgat:** Çandır, 39°15'13"N, 35°34'03"E, 1264 m, 11.VI.2001, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak.

**Subgenus:** Haplathous Reitter, 1905

5. **Athous (H.) subfuscus** (O. F. Müller, 1764)

Material Examined: **Çankırı:** Ilgaz 41°02'07"N, 33°47'28"E, 1502 m, 04.VI.2006, 5 specimens; Ilgaz 41°04'22"N, 33°43'47"E, 1851 m, 22.VII.2006, 3 specimens; Ilgaz 41°04'22"N, 33°43'47"E, 1867 m, 05.VI.2008, 4 specimens; Ilgaz 41°02'03"N, 33°47'31"E, 1639 m, 05.VI.2008, 5 specimens; **Sivas:** Koyulhisar, 40°21'06"N, 37°49'58"E, 1730 m, 02.VI.2007, 3 specimens; col. M. Kabalak.

**Tribe:** Hemicrepidii Champion, 1894

**Genus:** Hemicrepidius Germar, 1829.

6. **Hemicrepidius hirtus** (Herbst, 1784)

Material Examined: **Yozgat:** Central County, 39°44'33"N, 34°48'15"E, 1097 m, 20.VII.2005, 1 specimen; Çandır, 39°14'50"N, 35°33'07"E, 1253 m, 12.VII.2006, 1 specimen; Central County, 39°41'41"N, 34°50'58"E, 1135 m, 11.VI.2007, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak. **Eskişehir:** Central County, 39°35'53"N, 30°16'42"E, 886 m, 02.VII.2009, 1 specimen; col. Y. Turan.

7. **Hemicrepidius nigritulus** (Reitter, 1890) (Fig. 5.7 a-b).

Material Examined: **Yozgat:** Sorgun 40°04'27"N, 35°14'41"E, 1442 m, 13.VII.2006, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak.

**Tribe:** Ctenicerini Fleutiaux, 1936

**Genus:** Prosternon Latreille, 1834

8. **Prosternon syriacum** (Buysson, 1891).

Material Examined: **Ankara:** Gülüler 40°14'15"N, 32°15'40"E, 683 m, 09.VII.2003, 1 specimen; Kızılacehamam, 40°26'56"N, 32°50'41"E, 1464 m, 05.VIII.2008, 1 specimen; **Çankırı:** Ilgaz, 41°04'22"N, 33°43'47"E, 1851 m, 22.VII.2006, 2 specimens; **Eskişehir:** İnönü 39°47'18"N, 30°05'41"E, 1123 m, 31.VII.2006, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak; **Eskişehir:** Mihaliçtk, 39°59'13"N, 31°20'32"E, 643 m, 30.VI.2009, 1 specimen; col. Y. Turan.

9. **Prosternon tessellatum** (Linnaeus, 1758)

Material Examined: **Çankırı:** Ilgaz, 41°02'07"N, 33°47'28"E, 1502 m, 05.VI.2008, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak.

**Genus:** Selatosomus Stephens, 1830

**Subgenus:** Selatosomus Stephens, 1830

10. **Selatosomus (s. str.) ampicollis** Dolin, 1982
Material Examined: **Niğde:** Ulüksla, 37°24′52″N, 34°33′55″E, 2341 m, 22.V.2008, 3 specimens; col. M. Kabalak.

11. *Selatosomus* (s. str.) *latus* (Fabricius, 1801)

Material Examined: **Nevşehir:** Ürgüp, 38°38′01″N, 34°53′52″E, 1151 m, 26.VI.2004, 1 specimen; **Yozgat:** Sorgun, 40°04′07″N, 35°15′23″E, 1545 m, 19.V.2008, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak.

**Subfamily:** ELATERINAE Leach, 1815  
**Tribe:** Elaterini Leach, 1815  
**Genus:** *Mulsanteus* Gozis, 1875

12. *Mulsanteus guillebaeui* (Mulsant and Godart, 1853)

Material Examined: **Ankara:** Yenimahalle, 39°57′58″N, 32°48′21″E, 885 m, 05.VIII.2002, col. N. Kocatepe, 1 specimen; **Nevşehir:** Gülşehir, 38°45′55″N, 34°36′00″E, 914 m, 06.VII.2006, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak.

**Tribe:** Pomachilliini Candèze, 1859.  
**Genus:** *Idotarmonides* Agajev, 1985.

13. *Idotarmonides anatolicus* (Candèze, 1881)

Material Examined: **Ankara:** Kızılcahamam, 40°16′15″N, 32°25′30″E, 1188 m, 28.VI.2003, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak.

**Tribe:** Synaptini Gistel, 1856.  
**Genus:** *Peripontius* Gurjeva, 1979

14. *Peripontius crassus* (Buyson, 1906)

Material Examined: **Karaman:** Central County, 36°56′49″N, 33°02′20″E, 416 m, 28.V.2005, 6 specimens; Central County, 36°56′49″N, 33°02′20″E, 416 m, 22.IV.2006, 2 specimens; col. M. Kabalak.

15. *Peripontius omissus* (Buyson, 1889)

Material Examined: **Ankara:** Kazan, 40°12′16″N, 32°34′47″E, 1064 m, 16.VI.2003, 5 specimens; **Eskişehir:** Mihalçık, 39°59′12″N, 31°20′33″E, 646 m, 04.VI.2006, 2 specimens; **Kayseri:** Yahyalı, 38°02′27″N, 35°24′22″E, 1443 m, 08.VII.2006, 1 specimen; Develi, 38°11′51″N, 35°53′45″E, 1481 m, 29.V.2007, 1 specimen; **Konya:** Ahırlı, 37°11′48″N, 32°04′10″E, 1360 m, 10.VI.2006, 1 specimen; Bozkır, 37°06′10″N, 32°18′16″E, 1260 m, 10.VI.2006, 1 specimen; Hadim, 37°00′44″N, 32°19′52″E, 1380 m, 05.V.2007, 1 specimen; **Niğde:** Çamardı, 37°40′79200″N, 35°00′69900″E, 1232 m, 3 specimens; 12.V.2007; col. M. Kabalak. **Eskişehir:** Mihalçık, 39°59′54″N, 30°40′06″E, 1166 m, 01.VII.2009, 1 specimen; **Konya:** Seydişehir, 37°27′35″N, 31°43′53″E, 1470 m, 03.VI.2009, 1 specimen; col. Y. Turan.

16. *Peripontius terminatus* (Erichson, 1842)

Material Examined: **Çankırı:** Şabanözu, 40°31′07″N, 33°26′34″E, 1187 m, 22.VII.2006, 2 specimens; **Konya:** Derebucak, 37°25′48″N, 31°30′52″E, 1253 m, 15.V.2005, 1 specimen; Bozkır, 37°06′10″N, 32°18′16″E, 1260 m, 10.VI.2006, 1 specimen; Hadim, 37°00′44″N, 32°19′52″E, 1380 m, 05.V.2007, 7 specimens; col. M. Kabalak.

**Genus:** *Adrastus* Eschscholtz, 1829

17. *Adrastus anatolicus* Platia and Schimmel, 1991

Material Examined: **Aksaray:** Güzelyurt,
38°14'20"N, 34°16'47"E, 1324 m, 28.VI.2004, 2 specimens; Güzelyurt, 38°16'03"N, 34°17'16"E, 1194 m, 28.VI.2004, 1 specimen; Kirişehir: Mucur, 39°00'41"N, 34°28'19"E, 1071 m, 26.VI.2006, 1 specimen; col. T. Tükçe.

Aksaray: Güzelyurt, 38°15'51"N, 34°17'25"E, 1197 m, 13.VI.2006, 43 specimens; Ankara: Kazan, 40°12'16"N, 32°34'47"E, 1064 m, 16.VI.2003, 7 specimens; Kızılıçhamam, 40°20'00"N, 32°42'03"E, 971 m, 17.VI.2003, 1 specimen; Nallihan, 40°13'53"N, 31°20'27"E, 658 m, 23.VI.2003, 9 specimens; Çubuk, 40°18'54"N, 32°55'46"E, 1072 m, 25.VI.2003, 5 specimens; Kızılıçhamam, 40°18'43"N, 32°28'04"E, 792 m, 28.VI.2003, 3 specimens; Çamlıdere, 40°28'20"N, 32°20'45"E, 1037 m, 29.VI.2003, 1 specimen; Kızılıçhamam, 40°41'00"N, 32°43'46"E, 1563 m, 10.VII.2003, 2 specimens; Kızılıçhamam, 40°35'04"N, 32°39'41"E, 1068 m, 10.VII.2003, 44 specimens; Çankiri: Central County, 40°33'55"N, 33°33'25"E, 788 m, 03.VI.2006, 1 specimen; Ilgaz, 40°56'51"N, 33°39'45"E, 945 m, 22.VII.2006, 5 specimens; Eskişehir: Günyüzü, 39°20'41"N, 31°50'09"E, 859 m, 06.VII.2003, 1 specimen; Kayseri: Yeşilhisar, 38°21'34"N, 34°58'53"E, 1324 m, 07.VII.2006, 52 specimens; Kirikkale: Çelebi, 39°28'37"N, 33°32'18"E, 1128 m, 22.VI.2007, 3 specimens; Kırşehir: Akpınar, 39°26'54"N, 33°58'58"E, 1157 m, 05.VII.2006, 1 specimen; Kaman, 39°27'47"N 33°36'31"E, 984 m, 22.VI.2007, 1 specimen; Nevşehir: Central County, 38°35'45"N 34°43'05"E, 1248 m, 07.VII.2006, 1 specimen; Ürgüp, 38°42'55"N, 35°00'31"E, 1077 m, 24.VI.2007, 9 specimens; Central County, 38°35'49"N, 34°43'05"E, 1254 m, 25.VI.2007, 4 specimens; Niğde: Çamardı, 37°52'43"N, 35°06'15"E, 1556 m, 21.VI.2006, 11 specimens; Çamardı, 37°48'40"N, 34°59'40"E, 1425 m, 21.VI.2006, 7 specimens; Sivas: Gürün, 38°45'29"N, 37°13'58"E, 1339 m, 31.V.2007, 1 specimen; Yozgat: Central County, 39°44'33"N, 34°48'15"E, 1241 m, 20.VII.2005, 14 specimens; Sorgun, 39°36'23"N, 35°15'25"E, 1101 m, 11.VI.2007, 3 specimens; Central County, 39°41'41"N, 34°50'58"E, 1135 m, 11.VI.2007, 2 specimens; Central County, 39°56'14"N, 34°42'33"E, 1206 m, 13.VI.2007, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak. Aksaray: Güzelyurt, 38°15'13"N 34°18'07"E, 1266 m, 15.VI.2009, 2 specimens; Güzelyurt, 38°16'03"N, 34°17'16"E, 1194 m, 22.VI.2009, 14 specimens; Ankara: Kalecik, 40°11'41"N, 33°20'00"E, 1049 m, 11.VII.2008, 1 specimen; Eskişehir: Mihaliççık, 39°59'13"N, 31°20'32"E, 643 m, 30.VI.2009, 5 specimens; Kırşehir: Central County, 39°10'05"N, 33°55'39"E, 1039 m, 28.VI.2009, 3 specimens; Nevşehir: Ürgüp, 38°43'59"N, 34°55'50"E, 948 m, 24.VI.2009, 2 specimens; Sivas: Hafik, 39°55'12"N, 37°23'44"E, 1322 m, 18.VII.2009, 10 specimens; col. Y. Turan.

18. Adrastus circassicus Reitter, 1896

Material Examined: Çankırı: Kurşunlu, 40°52'03"N, 33°12'49"E, 1423 m, 27.VII.2005, 4 specimens; Yozgat: Central County, 39°38'07"N, 34°55'25"E, 1027 m, 12.VII.2006, 1 specimen; Akdağmadeni, 39°39'04"N, 35°57'37"E, 1628 m, 14.VII.2006, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak.

19. Adrastus montanus (Scopoli, 1763)

Material Examined: Ankara: Gölbasi 39°35'56"N, 32°50'45"E, 1096 m, 24.VI.2003, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak.

Genus: Synaptus Eschsoltz, 1829
20. Synaptus filiformis (Fabricius, 1781)

Material Examined: Aksaray: Güzelyurt, 38°15'51"N, 34°17'25"E, 1197 m, 19.VI.2006, 18 specimens; Central County, 38°21'05"N, 34°13'34"E, 1116 m, 19.VI.2006, 1 specimen; Central County, 38°23'54"N, 34°07'21"E, 1071 m, 19.VI.2006, 2 specimens; Güzelyurt, 38°15'51"N, 34°17'27"E, 1301 m, 11.V.2007, 3 specimens; Ankara: Ayaş, 40°11'59"N, 32°27'51"E, 1036 m, 30.V.2004, 1 specimen; Ayaş, 40°06'03"N, 32°24'22"E, 1039 m, 30.V.2004, 5 specimens; Çankırı: Şabanözü, 40°31'07"N, 33°26'34"E, 1187 m, 22.VII.2006, 2 specimens; Şabanözü, 40°29'50"N, 33°24'38"E, 1178 m, 05.VI.2008, 6 specimens; Şabanözü, 40°24'13"N, 33°15'11"E, 923 m, 05.VI.2008, 1 specimen; Eskişehir: Mihaliççık, 39°59'12"N, 31°20'33"E, 646 m, 04.VI.2006, 2 specimens; Central County, 39°57'06"N, 30°31'03"E, 1045 m, 05.VI.2006, 1 specimen; Sarıcakaya, 39°57'02"N, 30°40'25"E, 1154 m, 30.VII.2006, 2 specimens; Karaman: Central County, 37°04'49"N, 33°05'31"E, 1285 m, 28.V.2005, 1 specimen; Central County, 36°47'04"N, 32°53'55"E, 1742 m, 28.V.2005, 2 specimens; Central County, 36°56'49"N, 33°02'20"E, 408 m, 28.V.2005, 1 specimen; Ermenek, 36°42'18"N, 32°57'18"E, 1483 m, 11.VI.2006, 2 specimens; Central County, 37°09'06"N, 33°33'07"E, 1206 m, 12.VI.2006, 4 specimens; Kayseri: Yeşilhisar, 38°21'34"N, 34°58'53"E, 1324 m, 07.VII.2006, 2 specimens; Yahyali, 38°02'27"N, 35°24'22"E, 1443 m, 08.VII.2006, 1 specimen; Sarz, 38°21'55"N, 36°26'35"E, 1500 m, 09.VII.2006, 4 specimens; Özvatan, 39°5'17"N, 35°48'47"E, 1107 m, 11.VII.2006, 13 specimens; Central County, 38°47'57"N, 35°14'40"E, 1004 m, 12.VII.2006, 6 specimens; Şanırgan, 39°01'35"N, 36°03'27"E, 1229 m, 10.VII.2006, 3 specimens; Felahiye, 39°75'34"N, 35°38'7.86"E, 1401 m, 11.VII.2006, 7 specimens; Yahyali, 38°03'15"N, 35°23'37"E, 1362 m, 28.V.2007, 1 specimen; Develi, 38°11'51"N, 35°53'45"E, 1481 m, 29.V.2007, 1 specimen; İncesu, 38°37'53"N, 35°09'28"E, 1117 m, 24.VI.2007, 4 specimens; Kirşehir: Akpınar, 39°21'47"N, 34°00'37"E, 1147 m, 04.VI.2007, 20 specimens; Akpınar, 39°26'54"N, 33°58'58"E, 1157 m, 05.VII.2006, 1 specimen; Akpınar, 39°26'43"N, 34°05'50"E, 1309 m, 05.VII.2006, 10 specimens; Central County, 39°30'33"N, 34°09'37"E, 1076 m, 09.VI.2007, 5 specimens; Central County, 38°18'15"N, 34°06'07"E, 1083 m, 09.VI.2007, 49 specimens; Central County, 39°19'18"N, 34°06'39"E, 1115 m, 22.VI.2007, 1 specimen; Konya: Akşehir, 38°18'24"N, 31°29'11"E, 1063 m, 13.V.2005, 6 specimens; Seydişehir, 37°23'33"N, 31°59'26"E, 1096 m, 18.IV.2006, 1 specimen; Derebucak, 37°25'48"N, 31°30'52"E, 1253 m, 15.V.2005, 5 specimens; Seydişehir, 37°27'56"N, 31°44'23"E, 1355 m, 15.V.2005, 2 specimens; Hadim, 37°06'28"N, 32°27'20"E, 1229 m, 27.V.2005, 2 specimens; Akşehir, 38°18'17"N, 31°27'57"E, 1081 m, 09.VI.2006, 3 specimens; İlğın, 38°05'06"N, 31°49'32"E, 1193 m, 13.VI.2006, 5 specimens; Yunak, 38°55'03"N, 32°05'25"E, 926 m, 03.V.2007, 1 specimen; Sarayönü, 38°11'58"N, 32°25'49"E, 1147 m, 08.V.2007, 1 specimen; Hadim, 37°03'04"N, 32°35'29"E, 851 m, 06.V.2007, 1 specimen; Nevşehir: Ürgüp, 38°36'04"N, 34°54'24"E, 1092 m 07.VII.2006, 1 specimen; Niğde: Çamardı, 37°51'31"N, 34°57'30"E, 1580 m, 15.V.2005, 13 specimens; Ulukuşla, 37°27'10"N, 34°38'21"E, 1638 m, 20.VI.2006, 6 specimens; Çamardı, 37°42'50"N, 35°01'17"E, 1299 m,
21.VI.2006, 1 specimen; Çamardı, 37°48'40"N, 34°59'40"E, 1425 m, 21.VI.2006, 6 specimens; Çamardı, 37°42'49"N, 35°01'18"E, 1308 m, 23.V.2008, 4 specimens; Çamardı, 37°48'52"N, 34°59'35"E, 1434 m, 23.V.2008, 4 specimens; Central County, 38°00'46"N, 35°01'42"E, 1599 m, 23.V.2008, 2 specimens; Sivas: Doğanşar, 40°10'09"N, 37°34'21"E, 1385 m, 21.VII.2005, 6 specimens; Koyulhisar, 40°14'22"N, 37°58'21"E, 763 m, 21.VII.2005, 1 specimen; Suşehri, 40°03'01"N, 38°02'47"E, 1469 m, 21.VII.2005, 1 specimen; Divriği, 39°30'27"N, 38°07'32"E, 1405 m, 22.V.2006, 5 specimens; Gürün, 38°45'29"N, 37°13'59"E, 1364 m, 22.V.2006, 15 specimens; Central County, 39°38'28"N, 37°00'29"E, 1338 m, 22.V.2006, 6 specimens; Gemerek, 39°17'12"N, 36°00'25"E, 1187 m, 23.V.2006, 4 specimens; Yıldızeli, 39°49'51"N, 36°42'10"E, 1338 m, 24.V.2006, 2 specimens; Gemerek, 39°18'18"N, 35°56'48"E, 1345 m, 23.V.2006, 2 specimens; Şarkışla, 39°35'32"N, 36°09'38"E, 1458 m, 14.VII.2006, 1 specimen; Yıldızeli, 39°49'44"N, 36°42'15"E, 1341 m, 15.VII.2006, 2 specimens; İmranlı, 39°53'07"N, 38°01'52"E, 1568 m, 17.VII.2006, 5 specimens; Zara, 39°51'46"N, 37°45'40"E, 1337 m, 17.VII.2006, 2 specimens; Gürün, 38°45'29"N, 37°13'58"E, 1339 m, 01.V.2007, 13 specimens; Zara, 39°55'50"N, 37°50'26"E, 1620 m, 02.VI.2007, 1 specimen; Şarkışla, 39°34'27"N, 36°14'36"E, 1351 m, 03.VI.2007, 1 specimen; Yıldızeli, 39°49'38"N, 36°42'21"E, 1334 m, 04.VI.2007, 8 specimens; Yozgat: Yerköy, 39°36'47"N, 34°30'47"E, 760 m, 19.VII.2005, 1 specimen; Central County, 39°44'33"N, 34°48'15"E, 1241 m, 20.VII.2005, 1 specimen; Akdağmadeni, 39°40'51"N, 35°46'23"E, 1244 m, 20.VII.2005, 4 specimens; Akdağmadeni, 39°39'28"N, 36°00'43"E, 1380 m, 20.VII.2005, 5 specimens; Çayıralan, 39°17'05"N, 35°36'29"E, 1311 m, 12.VII.2006, 4 specimens; Central County, 39°38'7.68"N, 34°55'25.14"E, 1027 m, 12.VII.2006, 9 specimens; Central County, 39°32'53"N, 34°57'48"E, 953 m, 13.VII.2006, 4 specimens; Sarkkaya, 39°33'31"N, 35°34'00"E, 1145 m, 14.VII.2006, 2 specimens; Central County, 39°41'25"N, 34°38'10"E, 962 m, 10.VI.2007, 5 specimens; Çandır, 39°15'13"N, 35°34'03"E, 1264 m, 11.VI.2007, 13 specimens; Central County, 39°34'09"N, 34°59'41"E, 952 m, 11.VI.2007, 22 specimens; Akdağmadeni, 39°43'28"N, 35°54'37"E, 1195 m, 12.VI.2007, 2 specimens; col. M. Kabalak. Aksaray: Güzelyurt, 38°15'13"N, 34°18'07"E, 1266 m, 15.VI.2009, 11 specimens; Güzelyurt, 38°16'03"N, 34°17'16"E, 1196 m, 22.VI.2009, 2 specimens; Ankara: Beypažarı, 40°19'07"N, 31°59'56"E, 1135 m, 09.VII.2008, 1 specimen; Elmadağ, 39°44'03"N, 33°08'09"E, 1245 m, 30.V.2009, 2 specimens; Eskişehir: Mihalgazi, 39°56'54"N, 30°40'06"E, 1166 m, 01.VII.2009, 2 specimens; Central County, 39°35'53"N, 30°16'42"E, 886 m, 02.VII.2009, 1 specimen; Karaman: Central County, 37°09'12"N, 33°26'09"E, 1112 m, 12.VI.2009, 1 specimen; Başyayla, 36°45'15"N, 32°40'32"E, 1301 m, 13.VI.2009, 1 specimen; Central County, 36°50'38"N, 32°55'01"E, 1652 m, 13.VI.2009, 3 specimens; Kirşehir: Kaman, 39°12'49"N, 33°52'05"E, 1059 m, 28.VI.2009, 1 specimen; Konya: Akören, 37°31'42"N, 32°22'30"E, 1076 m, 04.VI.2009, 2 specimens; İlgin, 38°03'37"N, 31°50'03"E, 1225 m, 05.VI.2009, 1 specimen; Akşehir, 38°18'18"N, 31°27'53"E, 1087 m, 05.VI.2009, 1 specimen; Nevşehir: Acığöl, 38°41'22"N, 34°21'07"E, 1084 m, 25.VI.2009, 2 specimens; Sivas: Yıldızeli,
4 specimens; Karaman: 37°07'Karaman: specimen; 40°38'Karaman: specimen; 37°32'Karaman: specimen; 37°32'Karaman: specimen; 37°32'

Material Examined: (Eschscholtz, 1829)

21. Ampedus cinnaberinus (Eschscholtz, 1829)

Material Examined: Aksaray: Gülgaz, 38°21'04"N, 34°13'32"E, 1056 m, 12.V.2007, 7 specimens; Eskişehir: Sivrihisar, 39°22'55"N, 31°29'28"E, 916 m, 14.V.2007, 2 specimens; Karaman: Central County, 37°07'13"N, 33°04'21"E, 1156 m, 06.V.2007, 4 specimens; Kırıkkale: Çelebi, 39°28'37"N, 33°32'18"E, 1128 m, 22.VI.2007, 6 specimens; Konya: Ilgın, 38°08'33"N, 31°48'34"E, 1069 m, 04.V.2007, 7 specimens; Yozgat: Akdağmadeni, 39°49'16"N, 35°53'50"E, 1219 m, 06.V.2006, 5 specimens; col. M. Kabalak.

22. Ampedus elegantulus (Schönherr, 1817)

Material Examined: Aksaray: Güzelyurt, 38°16'27"N, 34°22'42"E, 1538 m, 11.V.2007, 3 specimens; Çankırı: Central County, 40°38'05"N, 33°36'28"E, 754 m, 05.VI.2008, 1 specimen; Karaman: Central County, 37°12'03"N, 33°24'10"E, 1069 m, 07.V.2007, 1 specimen; Konya: Derbent, 37°53'00"N, 31°59'42"E, 1305 m, 04.V.2007, 3 specimens; col. M. Kabalak.

23. Ampedus nigroflavus (Goeze, 1777)

Material Examined: Yozgat: Şefaatlı, 39°30'19"N, 34°44'34"E, 915 m, 05.V.2006, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak.

24. Ampedus ochropterus Germar, 1844

Material Examined: Çankırı: Ilgaz, 41°03'57"N, 33°44'47"E, 1866 m, 05.VI.2008, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak.

25. Ampedus platiai Schimmel, 1990

Material Examined: Konya: Selçuklu, 37°55'18"N, 32°16'17"E, 1275 m, 04.V.2007, 2 specimens; Yozgat: Central County, 39°38'07"N, 34°55'21"E, 1040 m, 04.V.2006, 5 specimens; Çayralan, 39°17'06"N, 35°36'30"E, 1309 m. 05.V.2006, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak.

26. Ampedus pomonae (Stephens, 1830)

Material Examined: Yozgat: Çekerek, 40°05'13"N, 35°35'14"E, 775 m, 06.V.2006, 2 specimens; col. M. Kabalak.

27. Ampedus samedovi Dolin and Agajev, 1983

Material Examined: Aksaray: Ortaköy, 38°44'54"N, 33°59'55"E, 1256 m, 25.IV.2006, 5 specimens; Kayseri: Felahiye, 39°07'16"N, 35°37'47"E, 1388 m, 04.V.2006, 5 specimens; Kirikkale: Çelebi, 39°31'09"N, 33°29'56"E, 895 m, 07.V.2006, 6 specimens; Keskin, 39°46'45"N, 33°55'17"E, 772 m, 07.V.2006, 1 specimen; Nevşehir: Central County, 38°37'04"N, 34°47'15"E, 1329 m, 30.IV.2006, 2 specimens; Niğde: Central County, 38°00'52"N, 35°01'30"E, 1589 m, 12.V.2007, 3 specimens; Sivas: Central County, 39°38'28"N, 37°00'29"E, 1338 m,
28. **Ampedus sanguinolentus**  
(Schrank, 1776)

Material Examined:  
**Aksaray:** Ortaköy, 38°44'54"N, 33°59'55"E, 1256 m, 25.IV.2006, 2 specimens; Ortaköy, 38°44'53"N, 33°59'56"E, 1257 m, 11.V.2007, 1 specimen; **Eskişehir:** Mahmudiye, 39°33'26"N, 30°50'37"E, 917 m, 16.V.2007, 1 specimen; **Karaman:** Central County, 37°12'03"N, 33°24'10"E, 1069 m, 07.V.2007, 2 specimens; **Kayseri:** Tomarza, 38°24'27"N, 35°57'5"E, 1370 m, 02.V.2006, 2 specimens; Özvatan, 39°08'03"N, 35°38'57"E, 1414 m, 30.V.2007, 1 specimen; **Konya:** Ilgin, 38°11'00"N, 31°50'45"E, 1092 m, 17.IV.2006, 1 specimen; Sarayönü, 38°11'58"N, 32°25'49"E, 1147 m, 08.V.2007, 1 specimen; **Niğde:** Central County, 38°00'52"N, 35°01'30"E, 1589 m, 12.V.2007, 3 specimens; Çamardi, 37°48'52"N, 34°59'35"E, 1434 m, 23.V.2008, 1 specimen; **Sivas:** Central County, 39°38'28"N, 37°0'29"E, 1338 m, 22.V.2006, 1 specimen; Yıldızeli, 39°49'51"N, 36°42'10"E, 1338 m, 24.V.2006, 1 specimen; Yıldızeli, 39°49'51"N, 36°42'10"E, 1338 m, 24.V.2006, 3 specimens; **Yozgat:** Central County, 39°37'44"N, 34°52'7"E, 1149 m, 05.V.2006, 1 specimen; **Çankırı:** Ilgaz, 41°02'03"N, 33°47'31"E, 1639 m, 05.V.2008, 1 specimen; **Kastamonu:** Yozgat, 39°08'03"N, 35°38'57"E, 1414 m, 30.V.2007, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak.

**Tribe: Agriotini** Champion, 1894  
**Genus: Dalopius** Eschscholtz, 1829

29. **Dalopius marginatus** (Linnaeus, 1758)

Material Examined:  
**Sivas:** Gemerek, 39°18'18"N, 35°56'48"E, 1345 m, 23.V.2006, 2 specimens; Gemerek, 39°28'40"N, 35°57'59"E, 1809 m, 03.VI.2007, 6 specimens; col. M. Kabalak.

**Genus: Agriotes** Eschscholtz, 1829

30. **Agriotes gurgistanus** (Faldermann, 1835)

Material Examined:  
**Kayseri:** Pınarbaşı, 38°48'41"N, 35°58'37"E, 1609 m, 20.VII.03, 3 specimens; **Yozgat:** Saraykent, 39°40'23"N, 35°30'29"E, 1145 m, 18.VII.2003, 1 specimen; col. N. Kocatepe; **Kayseri:** Sarışoğlan, 39°09'38"N, 35°51'41"E, 1398 m, 21.VII.09, 1 specimen; col. Y. Turan.

31. **Agriotes heydeni** Schwarz, 1891

Material Examined:  
**Sivas:** Central County, 39°41'57"N, 37°00'33"E, 1255 m, 20.VII.2005, 13 specimens; Central County, 39°41'57"N, 37°00'33"E, 1255 m, 21.VII.2005, 13 specimens; Central County, 39°41'57"N, 37°00'33"E, 1255 m, 15.VII.2006, 8 specimens; col. M. Kabalak.

32. **Agriotes infuscatus** Desbrochers des Loges, 1870

Material Examined:  
**Ankara:** Çubuk, 40°57'38"N, 33°06'32"E, 1085 m, 13.VI.2008, 1 specimen; **Çankırı:** Ilgaz, 41°02'03"N, 33°47'31"E, 1639 m, 05.V.2008, 1 specimen; **Kayseri:** Özvatan, 39°08'03"N, 35°38'57"E, 1414 m, 30.V.2007, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak.

33. **Agriotes lineatus** (Linnaeus, 1767)
34. *Agriotes modestus* Kiesenwetter, 1858

Material Examined: **Ankara**: Kızılcahamam, 40°34′58″N, 32°39′44″E, 1067 m, 10.VII.2003, 8 specimens; col. M. Kabalak.

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35. *Agriotes paludum* Kiesenwetter, 1859

Material Examined: **Ankara**: Beytepe 39°51′57″N, 32°44′25″E, 1050 m, 18.V.1995, col. H. Alakoç, 1 specimen. **Aksaray**: Ortaköy, 38°44′54″N, 33°59′55″E, 1256 m, 19.VI.2006, 1 specimen; **Ankara**: Çankaya, 39°51′57″N, 32°44′25″E, 1050 m, 25.VI.2002, 1 specimen; Çankaya, 39°52′40″N, 32°43′49″E, 1050 m, 11.VII.2002, 1 specimen; Elmadag, 39°52′55″N, 33°16′38″E, 981 m, 15.V.2003, 7 specimens; Gündül, 40°09′16″N, 32°14′06″E, 1036 m, 24.V.2003, 2 specimens; Gündül, 40°16′52″N, 32°07′17″E, 844 m, 24.V.2003, 15 specimens; Haymana, 39°26′03″N, 32°27′10″E, 1198 m, 25.V.2003, 1 specimen; Evren, 38°59′39″N, 33°43′44″E, 1150 m, 28.V.2003, 16 specimens; Akyurt, 40°08′45″N, 33°14′42″E, 1179 m, 30.V.2003, 3 specimens; Beypazarı, 40°19′12″N, 32°02′22″E, 1193 m, 07.VI.2003, 1 specimen; Elmadag, 39°58′21″N, 33°09′37″E, 1123 m, 08.VI.2003, 1 specimen; Yenimahalle, 40°07′50″N, 32°45′41″E, 1084 m, 16.VI.2003, 2 specimens; Kazan, 40°12′16″N, 32°34′47″E, 1064 m, 16.VI.2003, 7 specimens; Kızılcahamam, 40°20′00″N, 32°42′02″E, 971 m, 17.VI.2003, 33 specimens; Polatlı, 39°22′39″N, 32°06′52″E, 862 m, 18.VI.2003, 1 specimen; Polatlı, 39°43′27″N, 32°05′00″E, 838 m, 18.VI.2003, 1 specimen; Polatlı, 39°26′55″N, 32°07′21″E, 816 m, 18.VI.2003, 9 specimens; Nallihan, 40°17′02″N, 31°28′22″E, 957 m, 23.VI.2003, 30 specimens; Çubuk, 40°18′53″N, 32°55′46″E, 1073 m, 25.VI.2003, 21 specimens; Kızılcahamam, 40°18′44″N, 32°28′09″E, 795 m, 28.VI.2003, 4 specimens; Gündül, 40°05′51″N, 32°15′04″E, 673 m, 09.VII.2003, 3 specimens; Mamak, 39°56′39″N, 33°02′08″E, 997 m, 25.VII.2003, 7 specimens; Gündül, 40°10′55″N, 32°20′19″E, 1007 m, 30.V.2004, 1 specimen; Kalecik, 40°14′24″N, 33°27′28″E, 842 m, 09.V.2006, 8 specimens; Kalecik, 40°11′28″N, 33°19′52″E, 1049 m, 09.V.2006, 2 specimens; Çankaya, 39°52′40″N, 32°43′49″E, 1050 m, 22.IV.2008, 35 specimens; Çankırı: Ilgaz, 40°56′51″N, 33°39′45″E, 945 m, 22.VI.2006, 1 specimen; Ilgaz, 40°53′15″N, 33°30′22″E, 947 m, 27.VII.2005, 2 specimens; Şabanözü, 40°24′13″N, 33°15′11″E, 923 m, 05.VI.2008, 3 specimens; Eskişehir: Günüzyüzü, 39°20′38″N, 31°50′04″E, 873 m, 06.VII.2003, 1 specimen; Mihaliç, 39°59′12″N, 31°20′33″E, 646 m, 04.VI.2006, 6 specimens; Seyitgazi, 39°28′50″N, 30°39′42″E, 1000 m, 05.VI.2006, 1 specimen; Günüzyüzü, 39°21′15″N, 31°50′38″E, 834 m, 29.VII.2006, 1 specimen; Seyitgazi, 39°21′26″N, 30°47′04″E, 996 m, 29.VII.2006, 2 specimens; İnönü, 39°49′15″N, 30°10′06″E, 818 m, 30.VII.2006, 1 specimen; Günüzyüzü, 39°10′04″N, 31°38′47″E, 847 m, 13.V.2007, 1 specimen; Seyitgazi, 39°28′50″N, 30°39′42″E, 1000 m, 14.V.2007, 2 specimens; Seyitgazi, 39°21′26″N, 30°47′04″E, 996 m, 16.V.2007, 1 specimen; Mihaliç, 39°59′12″N, 31°20′33″E, 646 m, 04.VI.2006, 23 specimens; Karaman: Ermenek, 37°04′49″N, 33°05′31″E, 1285 m, 28.V.2005, 1 specimen; Central County, 37°09′06″N, 33°33′07″E, 1206 m, 12.VI.2006, 2 specimens; Central County, 37°07′13″N, 33°04′21″E, 1156 m, 06.V.2007, 16 specimens; Central County,
specimen; Kayseri: Central County, 38°50'57"N, 36°19'40"E, 1682 m, 12.VII.2006, 3 specimens; Central County, 38°55'10"N, 35°04'59"E, 1210 m, 27.V.2007, 4 specimens; Felahiye, 39°03'42"N, 35°33'00"E, 1225 m, 30.V.2007, 2 specimens; Özvatan, 39°08'03"N, 35°38'57"E, 1414 m, 30.V.2007, 1 specimen; İncesu, 38°37'53"N, 35°09'28"E, 1117 m, 24.VI.2007, 17 specimens; Kırıkkale: Keskin, 39°46'45"N, 33°55'17"E, 772 m, 07.V.2006, 7 specimens; Sulakkyurt, 40°19'24"N, 33°47'38"E, 571 m, 07.V.2006, 1 specimen; Çelebi, 39°28'37"N, 33°32'18"E, 1128 m, 22.VI.2007, 2 specimens; Kırşehir: Kaman, 39°25'59"N, 33°45'20"E, 974 m, 09.VI.2007, 2 specimens; Central County, 39°18'15"N, 34°06'07"E, 1083 m, 09.VI.2007, 2 specimens; Konya: Akşehir, 38°26'50"N, 31°30'58"E, 952 m, 13.V.2005, 17 specimens; Akşehir, 38°18'24"N, 31°29'11"E, 1063 m, 13.V.2005, 1 specimen; Doğanhisar, 38°09'26"N, 31°39'41"E, 1196 m, 14.V.2005, 1 specimen; Beşiktepe, 39°35'55"N, 31°26'49"E, 1124 m, 14.V.2005, 34 specimens; Seydişehir, 37°27'56"N, 31°44'23"E, 1355 m, 15.V.2005, 5 specimens; Tuzluca, 38°26'31"N, 31°39'53"E, 1002 m, 16.IV.2006, 4 specimens; Ilgın, 38°16'23"N, 31°42'25"E, 1101 m, 17.IV.2006, 5 specimens; Beşiktepe, 37°38'27"N, 31°37'44"E, 1128 m, 18.IV.2006, 1 specimen; Seydişehir, 37°23'33"N, 31°59'26"E, 1096 m, 18.IV.2006, 3 specimens; Akşehir, 38°18'17"N, 31°27'57"E 1081 m, 09.VI.2006, 6 specimens; Bozkır, 37°06'10"N, 32°18'16"E, 1260 m, 10.VI.2006, 2 specimens; Selçuklu, 37°55'20"N, 32°16'12"E, 1269 m, 13.VI.2006, 5 specimens; Ilgın, 38°05'06"N, 31°49'32"E, 1193 m, 13.VI.2006, 17 specimens; Akşehir, 38°26'57"N, 31°31'02"E, 967 m, 03.V.2007, 1 specimen; Hadim, 37°00'44"N, 32°19'52"E, 1380 m, 05.V.2007, 1 specimen; Hadim, 37°03'04"N, 32°35'29"E, 851 m, 06.V.2007, 3 specimens; Sarayönü, 38°11'58"N, 32°25'49"E, 1147 m, 08.V.2007, 1 specimen; Nevşehir: Gülşehir, 38°45'49"N, 34°35'43"E, 949 m, 29.IV.2006, 1 specimen; Ürgüp, 38°42'55"N, 35°00'31"E, 1077 m, 24.VI.2007, 8 specimens; Ürgüp, 38°33'39"N, 34°55'18"E, 1169 m, 24.VI.2007, 9 specimens; Niğde: Ulukışla, 37°26'50"N, 34°36'57"E, 1780 m, 22.V.2008, 2 specimens; Sivas: Suşehri, 40°17'17"N, 38°09'52"E, 966 m, 16.VII.2006, 2 specimens; Gürün, 38°45'29"N, 37°13'58"E, 1339 m, 31.V.2007, 3 specimens; Divriği, 39°17'26"N, 38°01'43"E, 1185 m, 01.VI.2007, 5 specimens; Suşehri, 40°15'40"N, 38°09'27"E, 816 m, 02.VI.2007, 8 specimens; Yozgat: Central County, 39°38'41"N, 34°54'58"E, 1034 m, 19.VII.2005, 21 specimens; Central County, 39°44'33"N, 34°48'15"E, 1097 m, 20.VII.2005, 10 specimens; Central County, 39°38'07"N, 34°55'21"E, 1040 m, 04.V.2006, 1 specimen; Şafatlı, 39°30'19"E, 34°44'34"E, 915 m, 05.V.2006, 2 specimens; Çekerek, 40°05'13"N, 35°35'14"E, 775 m, 06.V.2006, 2 specimens; Şafatlı, 39°31'46"N, 34°52'59"E, 958 m, 13.VII.2006, 3 specimens; Şafatlı, 39°31'40"N, 34°43'04"E, 902 m, 13.VII.2006, 3 specimens; Central County, 39°32'53"N, 34°57'48"E, 953 m, 13.VII.2006, 12 specimens; Çekerek, 40°05'41"N, 35°28'30"E, 1013 m, 14.VII.2006, 4 specimens; Central County, 39°41'25"N, 34°38'10"E, 962 m, 15.VI.2007, 31 specimens; Central County, 39°38'07"N, 34°55'22"E, 1043 m, 11.VI.2007, 8 specimens; Central County, 39°36'29"N, 34°58'06"E, 982 m, 11.VI.2007, 3 specimens; Central County, 39°34'09"N, 34°59'41"E, 952 m, 11.VI.2007, 28 specimens; Aksaray, 39°43'28"N, 35°54'37"E, 1195 m, 12.VI.2007, 3 specimens; Central County, 39°56'14"N, 34°42'33"E, 1206 m, 13.VI.2007, 1 specimen;
Material Examined: **Kayseri**: Pınarbaşı, 38°42'28"N, 36°26'07"E, 1547 m, 20.VII.2003, 1 specimen; col. N. Kocatepe.

37. *Agriotes proximus* Schwarz, 1891

Material Examined: **Aksaray**: Ortaköy, 38°42'56"N, 34°06'14"E, 1143 m, 11.V.2007, 1 specimen; **Ankara**: Ayaş, 40°11'55"N, 32°27'51"E, 1036 m, 30.V.2004, 1 specimen; Çankaya, 39°51'57"N, 32°44'25"E, 1050 m, 22.IV.2008, 4 specimens; **Çankırı**: Korgun, 40°49'01"N, 33°33'28"E, 1229 m, 28.VII.2005, 1 specimen; **Eskişehir**: Seyitgazi, 39°28'50"N, 30°39'42"E, 1000 m, 05.VI.2006, 1 specimen; Seyitgazi, 39°21'26"N, 30°47'04"E, 996 m, 29.VII.2006, 1 specimen; Mahmudiye, 39°33'26"N, 30°50'37"E, 917 m, 16.V.2007, 1 specimen; **Kayseri**: Tomarza, 38°25'25"N, 35°51'38"E, 1364 m, 02.V.2006, 1 specimen; Bünyan, 38°51'24"N, 35°47'11"E, 1233 m, 10.VII.2006, 1 specimen; Sarız, 38°21'55"N, 36°26'35"E, 1500 m, 09.VII.2006, 1 specimen; Sarız, 38°27'00"N, 36°28'42"E, 1559 m, 29.V.2007, 8 specimens; Develi, 38°11'51"N, 35°53'45"E, 1481 m, 29.V.2007, 1 specimen; Özvatan, 39°08'03"N, 35°38'57"E, 1414 m, 30.V.2007, 3 specimens; Pınarbaşı, 38°54'17"N, 36°26'47"E, 1566 m, 31.V.2007, 1 specimen; Pınarbaşı, 38°50'57"N, 36°19'40"E, 1682 m, 31.V.2007, 7 specimens; Pınarbaşı, 38°49'11"N, 36°11'12"E, 1552 m, 31.V.2007, 1 specimen; **Kırşehir**: Akpınar, 39°35'55"N, 34°05'50"E, 1309 m, 05.VII.2006, 1 specimen; Kaman, 39°21'55"N, 33°47'14"E, 1049 m, 09.VI.2007, 1 specimen; Central County, 39°18'15"N, 34°06'07"E, 1083 m, 09.VI.2007, 2 specimens; Akpınar, 39°26'43"N, 34°05'50"E, 1309 m, 05.VII.2006, 1 specimen; Kaman, 39°21'55"N, 33°47'14"E, 1049 m, 09.VI.2007, 1 specimen; **Konya**: Beyşehir, 39°35'55"N, 31°26'49"E, 1124 m, 14.V.2005, 1 specimen; Çumra, 37°32'33"N, 32°40'32"E, 1025 m, 27.V.2005, 1 specimen; Selçuklu, 37°55'20"N, 32°16'12"E, 1269 m, 13.VI.2006, 1 specimen; **Kütahya**: Seydişehir, 37°27'25"N, 31°42'39"E, 1727 m, 05.V.2007, 3 specimens; **Niğde**: Uluhisar, 37°24'51"N, 34°33'55"E, 2341 m, 22.V.2008, 3 specimens; **Sivas**: Yıldızeli, 39°49'44"N, 36°42'16"E, 1339 m, 22.VII.2005, 3 specimens; Divriği, 39°30'27"N, 38°07'32"E, 1405 m, 22.V.2006, 1 specimen; Central County, 39°38'28"N, 37°00'29"E, 1338 m, 22.V.2006, 1 specimen; Yıldızeli, 39°49'51"N, 36°42'10"E, 1338 m, 24.V.2006, 2 specimens; Yıldızeli, 39°49'44"N, 36°42'15"E, 1341 m, 15.VII.2006, 6 specimens; İmranlı, 39°53'07"N, 38°1'52"E, 1568 m, 17.VII.2006, 1 specimen; Zara, 40°00'01"N, 37°43'49"E, 1559 m, 01.VI.2007, 1 specimen; Zara, 40°04'04"N, 37°43'39"E, 1692 m, 01.VI.2007, 1 specimen; Zara, 40°04'55"N, 37°43'41"E, 1571 m, 01.VI.2007, 1 specimen; Şarkışla, 39°34'27"N, 36°14'36"E, 1351 m, 16.
03.VI.2007, 1 specimen; Şarkışla, 39°33'38"N, 36°17'36"E, 1299 m, 03.VI.2007, 1 specimen; Gemerek, 39°28'40"N, 35°57'59"E, 1809 m, 03.VI.2007, 1 specimen; Yozgat: Sarkarya, 39°26'34"N, 35°21'38"E, 1185 m, 04.V.2006, 2 specimens; Central County, 39°37'44"N, 34°52'07"E, 1149 m, 05.V.2006, 1 specimen; Çekerek, 40°05'41"N, 35°28'30"E, 1013 m, 14.VII.2006, 2 specimens; Çandır, 39°15'13"N, 35°34'03"E, 1264 m, 11.VI.2007, 2 specimens; Akdağmadeni, 39°32'56"N, 35°41'33"E, 1348 m, 13.VI.2007, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak. Kayseri: Develi, 38°25'28"N, 35°17'42"E, 1086 m, 02.VII.2003, col. N. Yanbuluğlu, 1 specimen. Ankara: Ayas, 40°01'43"N, 32°22'39"E, 1087 m, 29.V.2008, 1 specimen; Sivas: Hafik, 39°55'12"N, 37°23'44"E, 1322 m, 18.VII.2009, 1 specimen; col. Y. Turan.

38. Agriotes sputator (Linnaeus, 1758)

Material Examined: Ankara: Kızılcahamam, 40°27'05"N, 32°37'17"E, 1216 m, 14.V.1995, 1 specimen; Çankaya, 39°52'17"N, 32°44'08"E, 1042 m, 18.V.1995, 1 specimen; Çankaya, 39°52'17"N, 32°44'08"E, 1042 m, 24.IV.2002, 4 specimens; Çankaya, 39°52'17"N, 32°44'08"E, 1042 m, 11.VII.2002, 1 specimen; Haymana, 39°32'39"N, 32°38'55"E, 1150 m, 10.V.2003, 23 specimens; Bala, 39°38'31"N, 33°03'31"E, 969 m, 15.V.2003, 1 specimen; Bala, 39°38'32"N, 33°03'33"E, 970 m, 15.V.2003, 1 specimen; Çubuk, 40°17'02"N, 33°02'50"E, 1193 m, 16.V.2003, 28 specimens; Kızılcahamam, 40°37'53"N, 32°29'28"E, 1379 m, 21.V.2003, 1 specimen; Kızılcahamam, 40°38'22"N, 32°30'24"E, 1364 m, 21.V.2003, 1 specimen; Kızılcahamam, 40°39'09"N, 32°36'38"E, 1590 m, 21.V.2003, 2 specimens; Haymana, 39°27'31"N, 32°25'42"E, 1124 m, 25.V.2003, 3 specimens; Evren, 38°59'39"N, 33°43'44"E, 1150 m, 28.V.2003, 4 specimens; Çubuk, 40°16'50"N, 33°00'27"E, 1156 m, 29.V.2003, 6 specimens; Elmadag, 39°48'48"N, 33°07'58"E, 1191 m, 08.V.2003, 1 specimen; Gölbaşı, 39°35'56"N, 32°50'45"E, 1096 m, 24.V.2003, 1 specimen; Çamlıdere, 40°30'14"N, 32°25'40"E, 1183 m, 29.V.2003, 1 specimen; Gündül, 40°10'55"N, 32°20'19"E, 1007 m, 30.V.2004, 3 specimens; Ayaş, 40°06'03"N, 32°24'22"E, 1039 m, 30.V.2004, 1 specimen; Kalecik, 40°14'24"N, 33°27'28"E, 842 m, 09.V.2006, 7 specimens; Çankaya, 39°51'57"N, 32°44'25"E, 1050 m, 22.IV.2008, 10 specimens; Karaman: Central County, 1410 m, 28.V.2005, 3 specimens; Ermenek, 36°42'18"N, 32°57'18"E, 1483 m, 11.VI.2006, 3 specimens; Kayseri: Tomarza, 38°24'27"N, 35°57'05"E, 1370 m, 02.V.2006, 1 specimen; Pınarbaşı, 38°54'11"N, 36°26'49"E, 1579 m, 03.V.2006, 1 specimen; Akköy, 39°00'59"N, 36°04'16"E, 1235 m, 03.V.2006, 4 specimens; Bünyan, 38°51'24"N, 35°47'11"E, 1233 m, 10.VII.2006, 1 specimen; Saroğlan, 39°01'35"N, 36°03'27"E, 1229 m, 10.VII.2006, 1 specimen; Kırıkkale: Keskin, 39°38'23"N, 33°38'07"E, 1060 m, 25.V.2004, 1 specimen; Karşıhisar: Boztepe, 39°24'20"N, 34°15'45"E, 1163 m, 25.V.2004, 1 specimen; Kaman, 25.VI.2004, 1 specimen; Aktepke Akpinar-Akçakent yolu, 39°31'12"N, 34°03'27"E, 990 m, 28.IV.2006, 1 specimen; Akpinar, 39°26'54"N, 33°58'58"E, 1157 m, 05.VII.2006, 1 specimen; Akpinar, 39°26'43"N, 34°05'50"E, 1309 m, 05.VII.2006, 1 specimen; Nevşehir: Hacıbektaş, 38°54'19"N, 34°38'09"E, 1109 m, 23.VI.2007, 3 specimens; Niğde: Central County, 38°00'38"N, 34°50'33"E, 1545 m, 23.IV.2006, 1 specimen; Sivas: Yıldızeli, 39°49'44"N, 36°42'16"E, 1339 m, 22.VII.2005, 1 specimen; Divriği, 39°30'27"N, 38°07'32"E, 1405 m, 22.V.2006,
Material Examined: **Yozgat**: Sorgun, 40°04'08"N, 35°15'21"E, 1536 m, 22.VII.2005, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak.

**40. Melanotus (s. str.) fraseri** Platia and Schimmel, 1993

Material Examined: **Ankara**: Çankaya, 39°54'38"N, 32°49'04"E, 909 m, 31.VII.2002, col. A. Gültekin, 1 specimen. **Ankara**: Çubuk, 40°17'15"N, 33°00'53"E, 1139 m, 17.VII.2005, 1 specimen; Çankaya, 39°52'17"N, 32°44'08"E, 1042 m, 02.VIII.2005, 2 specimens; Çankaya, 39°52'17"N, 32°44'08"E, 1042 m, 29.VII.2008, 2 specimens; col. M. Kabalak.

**41. Melanotus (s. str.) fusciceps** Gyllenhal, 1817

Material Examined: **Ankara**: Yenimahalle, 39°57'58"N, 32°48'21"E, 885 m, 18.VII.2002, 1 specimen; Ayas, 40°02'38"N, 32°15'24"E, 728 m, 25.VII.2002, 5 specimens; Bala, 39°39'31"N, 33°04'22"E, 970 m, 26.VII.2002, 1 specimen; Gölbasi, 39°44'11"N, 32°50'02"E, 1084 m, 01.VIII.2002, 4 specimens; Yenimahalle, 39°57'58"N, 32°48'21"E, 885 m, 16.VIII.2002, 1 specimen; Çankaya, 39°52'17"N, 32°44'08"E, 1042 m, 02.VIII.2005, 1 specimen; Yenimahalle, 39°57'58"N, 32°48'21"E, 885 m, 08.VIII.2002, 1 specimen; Elmadağ, 39°58'23"N, 33°07'06"E, 1110 m, 10.VIII.2006, 1 specimen; Sincan, 39°59'36"N, 32°35'28"E, 835 m, 10.VII.2007, 1 specimen; Bahçelievler, 39°55'16"N, 32°49'35"E, 902 m, 29.VII.2008, 1 specimen; Çankaya, 39°52'17"N, 32°44'08"E, 1042 m, 29.VII.2008, 1 specimen; Elmadağ, 39°58'23"N, 33°07'06"E, 1110 m, 29.VII.2009, 1 specimen; Bahçelievler, 39°55'16"N, 32°49'35"E, 902 m, 06.VIII.2009, 1 specimen; **Eskişehir**: Mihalıççık, 39°58'28"N, 31°22'38"E, 933 m, 24.VII.2002, 1 specimen; **Kayseri**: Central County, 38°53'31"N, 35°44'05"E, 1216 m, 10.VII.2006, 1 specimen; **Nevşehir**: Avanos,
38°58’37”N, 34°57’57”E, 1210 m, 06.VII.2006, 1 specimen; 
**Sivas:** Central County, 39°41’57”N, 37°0’33”E, 1255 m, 20.VII.2005, 1 specimen; 
**Yozgat:** Central County, 39°38’07”N, 34°55’25”E, 1027 m, 12.VII.2006, 5 specimens; col. M. Kabalak.

**Subfamily: NEGASTRIINAE**

**Genus: Quasimus** Des Gozis, 1886

42. *Quasimus minutissimus* (Germar, 1817)

Material Examined: 
Çankırı: Ilgaz, 41°4’22”N, 33°43’47”E, 1851 m, 22.VII.2006, 7 specimens; 
**Sivas:** Koyulhisar, 40°0’08”N, 35°15’21”E, 1536 m, 22.VII.2005, 1 specimen; 
**Yozgat:** Sorgun, 39°54’47”N, 35°18’04”E, 1224 m, 05.V.2006, 60 specimens; col. M. Kabalak.

**Genus: Zorochros** C. G. Thomson, 1859

43. *Zorochros dermestoides* (Herbst, 1806)

Material Examined: 
Ankara: Çubuk, 40°26’48”N, 32°52’38.11”E, 1418 m, 29.V.2003, col. M. Kabalak, 2 specimens; 
EskİŞehir: Mihalıççık, 39°59’13”N, 31°20’32”E, 643 m, 30.VI.2009, 1 specimen; 
Yozgat: Sorgun, 39°54’47”N, 35°18’04”E, 1224 m, 05.V.2006, 60 specimens; col. M. Kabalak.

44. *Zorochros georgicus* Dolin and Tschatlandze, 1980

Material Examined: 
Karaman: Ermenek, 36°42’18”N, 32°57’18”E, 1483 m, 11.VI.2006, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak.

45. *Zorochros heyrovskyi* Roubal, 1940

Material Examined: 
Konya: Kadinhani, 38°08’42”N, 32°07’33”E, 1319 m, 17.IV.2006, 15 specimens; Taşkent, 36°50’26”N, 32°29’36”E, 1820 m, 10.VI.2006, 5 specimens; 
**Yozgat:** Sorgun, 39°54’47”N, 35°18’04”E, 1224 m, 05.V.2006, 6 specimens; col. M. Kabalak.

46. *Zorochros pilosellus* (Reitter, 1895)

Material Examined: 
Karaman: Central County, 36°56’49”N, 33°02’20”E, 408 m, 28.V.2005, 4 specimens; col. M. Kabalak.

47. *Zorochros stibicki* (Leseigneur 1970)

Material Examined: 
**Ankara:** Kızılcıhamam, 40°38’23”N, 32°30’22”E, 1369 m, 21.V.2003, 1 specimen; 
**Beypazarı,** 40°06’14”N, 1224 m, 05.V.2006, 6 specimens; col. M. Kabalak.

**Subfamily: Agrypninae** Candèze, 1857

**Tribe: Agrypnini** Candèze, 1857

**Genus: Agrypnus** Eschscholtz, 1829

48. *Agrypnus crenicollis* (Ménétriés, 1832)

Material Examined: 
**Karaman:** Suşehri, 40°01’12”N, 38°00’28”E, 1614 m, 14.V.2006, 3 specimens; 
**Kızılcıhamam,** 39°59’13”N, 31°20’32”E, 643 m, 30.VI.2009, 1 specimen; 
**Konya:** Kadin, 38°08’42”N, 32°07’33”E, 1319 m, 11.VI.2006, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak.

**Tribe: Oophorini** Gistel, 1856

**Genus: Drasterius** Eschscholtz, 1829

49. *Drasterius bimaculatus* Rossi, 1790

Material Examined: 
**Karaman:** Suşehri, 40°01’12”N, 38°00’28”E, 1614 m, 14.V.2006, 3 specimens; 
**Suşehri,** 40°01’11”N, 38°00’25”E, 1620 m, 02.VI.2007, 4 specimens; col. M. Kabalak.

**Genus: Oophorus** Eschscholtz, 1829

50. *Oophorus achyamus* (Candèze, 1857)

Material Examined: 
**Ankara:** Kızılcıhamam, 40°38’23”N, 32°30’22”E, 1369 m, 21.V.2003, 1 specimen; 
**Konya:** Kadinhani, 38°08’42”N, 32°07’33”E, 1319 m, 11.VI.2006, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak.
22°01’38"E, 522 m, 14.V.2003, 40 specimens; Nallihan, 40°06’29"N, 31°36’02"E, 467 m, 14.V.2003, 2 specimens; Elmadag, 39°47’37"N 33°15’25"E 842m 15.V.2003, 20 specimens; Elmadag 39°53’16"N 33°15’48"E 1038 m, 15.V.2003, 1 specimen; Elmadag, 39°44’20"N, 33°11’14"E, 898 m, 15.V.2003, 1 specimen; Çubuk, 40°22’55"N, 33°03’50"E, 1277 m, 16.V.2003, 1 specimen; Çubuk, 40°25’47"N, 33°06’44"E, 1545 m, 16.V.2003, 1 specimen; Çubuk, 40°23’47"N, 33°03’50"E, 1261 m, 16.V.2003, 3 specimens; Polatlı, 39°30’12"N, 32°12’57"E, 849 m, 18.V.2003, 6 specimens; Ayas, 40°05’51"N, 32°15’04"E, 673 m, 24.V.2003, 4 specimens; Gündül, 40°17’20"N, 31°57’24"E, 1398 m, 24.V.2003, 5 specimens; Akyurt, 40°08’40"N, 33°14’59"E, 1171 m, 30.V.2003, 1 specimen; Beypazari 1.5 km, 40°11’04"N, 31°54’53"E, 716 m, 07.VI.2003, 1 specimen; Beypazari, 40°19’34"N, 32°03’12"E, 1016 m, 07.VI.2003, 1 specimen; Kızılcahamam, 40°20’00"N, 32°42’03"E, 971 m, 17.VI.2003, 2 specimens; Polatlı, 39°22’29"N, 32°15’57"E, 839 m, 18.VI.2003, 1 specimen; Nallihan, 40°07’45"N, 31°33’30"E, 620 m, 23.VI.2003, 3 specimens; Nallihan, 40°13’53"N, 31°20’27"E, 658 m, 23.VI.2003, 15 specimens; Çubuk, 40°18’54"N, 32°55’46"E, 1072 m, 25.VI.2003, 1 specimen; Gölbasi, 39°29’05"N, 32°49’31"E, 1286 m, 24.VII.2003, 1 specimen; Ayas, 40°06’09"N, 32°14’58"E, 687 m, 09.VII.2003, 1 specimen; Çubuk, 40°14’19"N, 33°11’05"E, 1132 m, 04.IX.2003, 1 specimen; Çankırı: Bayramören, 40°57’01"N, 33°11’57"E, 765 m, 04.VI.2008, 1 specimen; Karaman: Central County, 36°56’49"N, 33°02’06"E, 416 m, 28.V.2005, 4 specimens; Kayseri: Develi, 38°23’21"N, 35°21’52"E, 1075 m, 12.IV.2003, 9 specimens; Develi, 38°23’21"N, 35°21’52"E, 1075 m, 28.VII.2003, 1 specimen; Develi, 38°23’21"N, 35°21’52"E, 1072 m, 01.V.2006, 8 specimens; Kirikkale: Çelebi, 39°30’36"N, 33°31’06"E, 993 m, 25.VII.2003, 1 specimen; Konya: Doğanhisar, 38°09’26"N, 31°39’41"E, 1196 m, 14.V.2005, 8 specimens; Tuzluquete, 38°26’31"N, 31°39’53"E, 1002 m, 16.IV.2006, 1 specimen; Tuzluquete, 38°30’13"N, 31°35’44"E, 953 m, 16.IV.2006, 1 specimen; Akşehir, 38°26’31"N, 31°39’53"E, 1002 m, 16.IV.2006, 3 specimens; Kadinhanı, 38°08’42"N, 32°07’33"E, 1319 m, 17.IV.2006, 1 specimen; Ilgın, 38°16’23"N, 31°42’25"E, 1101 m, 17.IV.2006, 1 specimen; Beyşehir, 37°38’27"N, 31°37’44"E, 1128 m, 18.IV.2006, 1 specimen; Akşehir, 38°26’57"N, 31°31’02"E 967 m, 03.V.2007, 2 specimens; Beyşehir, 37°37’22"N, 31°27’09"E, 1126 m, 04.V.2007, 9 specimens; Bozkır, 37°06’50"N, 32°18’17"E, 1277 m, 05.V.2007, 2 specimens; Niğde: Çamardı, 37°52’43”N, 35°06’25”E, 1565 m, 21.VI.2006, 1 specimen; Sivas, 40°14’40”N, 38°05’09”E, 752 m, 02.VI.2007, 1 specimen; Yozgat: Çekerek, 40°04’11”N, 35°33’46”E, 788 m, 12.VI.2007, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak. Aksaray: Central County, 38°16’42”N, 33°42’20”E, 926 m, 29.V.2004, 1 specimen; Şereflıkoçhisar, 38°56’20”N, 33°32’18”E, 948 m, 29.V.2004, 2 specimens; Kirşehir: Boztepe, 39°24’20”N, 34°15’45”E, 1163 m, 25.VI.2004, 2 specimens; col. N. Kocatepe. Ankara: Çankaya, 39°52’00”N, 32°44’27”E, 1046 m, 22.V.2007, 1 specimen; Çankaya, 39°53’00”N, 32°45’21”E, 936 m, 12.IV.2008, 1 specimen; col. K. Koyuncu. Ankara: Yenimahalle, 39°53’22”N, 32°42’02”E, 932 m, 07.IX.2008, col. O. Sert, 1 specimen; Aksaray: Güzelyurt, 38°15’15”N, 34°18’10”E, 1227 m, 15.VI.2009, 2 specimens; Güzelyurt, 38°16’03”N, 34°17’16”E, 1196 m, 22.VI.2009, 6 specimens; Gülağaç, 38°21’19”N, 34°13’45”E, 1107 m, 23.VI.2009, 3 specimens; Ankara:
Genus: **Aeoloderma** Fleutiaux, 1928

50. **Aeoloderma crucifer** (Rossi, 1790)

Material Examined: **Ankara**: Polatl, 39°30′12″N, 32°12′56″E, 848 m, 18.VI.2003, 3 specimens; **Konya**: Akşehir, 38°26′57″N, 31°31′02″E, 967 m, 03.V.2007, 1 specimen; **Nevşehir**: Hacibektas, 38°45′49″N, 34°35′43″E, 949 m, 29.IV.2006, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak

Genus: **Aeolosomus** Dolin, 1982

51. **Aeolosomus rossi** (Germar, 1844)

Material Examined: **Konya**: Beyşehir, 37°43′59″N, 31°41′18″E, 1127 m, 28.V.1999, 4 specimens; col. O. Sert.

Subfamily: **Cardiophorinae** Candèze, 1860

**Tribe: Cardiophorini** Candèze, 1859

**Genus: Cardiophorus** Eschscholtz, 1829

**Subgenus: Cardiophorus** Eschscholtz, 1829

52. **Cardiophorus (Cardiophorus) analis** Schwarz, 1892

Material Examined: **Konya**: Beyşehir, 37°43′59″N, 31°41′18″E, 1127 m, 28.V.1999, 4 specimens; col. O. Sert.

53. **Cardiophorus (s. str.) anticus** Erichson, 1840

Material Examined: **Ankara**: Krızılaçhamam, 40°20′00″N, 32°42′02″E, 971 m, 17.VI.2003, 1 specimen; Çankaya, 39°51′57″N, 32°44′25″E, 1049 m, 05.V.2005, 1 specimen; Çankaya, 39°51′57″N, 32°44′25″E, 1049 m, 02.V.2008, 2 specimens; col. M. Kabalak.
54. *Cardiophorus (s. str.) discicollis* (Herbst, 1806)

Material Examined: **Eskişehir**: Sivrihisar, 39°32'35"N, 31°42'39"E, 815 m, 06.VI.2006, 1 specimen; **Karaman**: Central County, 37°08'27"N, 33°34'09"E, 1260 m, 07.V.2007, 3 specimens; col. M. Kabalak. **Aksaray**: Güzelyurt, 38°15'13"N, 34°18'07"E, 1266 m, 15.V.2009, 1 specimen; **Karaman**: Ayrançi, 37°21'33"N, 33°38'52"E, 1112 m, 14.VI.2009, 1 specimen; col. Y. Turan.

55. *Cardiophorus (s. str.) dolini* Mardjanian, 1985

Material Examined: **Ankara**: Gölbaşı, 39°45'44"N, 32°45'29"E, 987 m, 20.V.2003, 5 specimens; Güdül, 40°12'35"N, 32°14'15"E, 703 m, 24.V.2003, 3 specimens; Haymana, 39°26'03"N, 32°27'10"E, 1198 m, 25.V.2003, 3 specimens; Kazan, 40°07'37"N, 32°35'36"E, 856 m, 16.VI.2003, 1 specimen; Bala, 39°37'54"N, 32°55'08"E, 1174 m, 21.VI.2003, 1 specimen; Bala, 39°30'55"N, 32°57'32"E, 1044 m, 21.VI.2003, 2 specimens; Gölbaşı, 39°29'05"N, 32°49'31"E, 1287 m, 24.VI.2003, 13 specimens; Gölbaşı, 39°35'56"N, 32°50'45"E, 1096 m, 24.VI.2003, 2 specimens; Gölbaşı, 24.VI.2003; **Eskişehir**: Seyitgazi, 39°28'50"N, 30°39'42"E, 1000 m, 05.VI.2006, 2 specimens; **Karaman**: Merkez, 37°26'18"N, 33°10'00"E, 1210 m, 21.IV.2006, 1 specimen; **Kayseri**: Tomarza, 38°30'13"N, 35°48'02"E, 1442 m, 29.V.2007, 3 specimens; Sarıoğlan, 39°04'13"N, 35°50'37"E, 1177 m, 30.V.2007, 1 specimen; **Kırşehir**: Kaman, 39°22'13"N, 33°50'20"E, 1118 m, 25.VI.2004, 1 specimen; Central County, 39°21'49"N, 34°10'55"E, 1208 m, 09.VI.2007, 2 specimens; Çiçekdağ, 39°34'16"N, 34°27'13"E, 904 m, 10.VI.2007, 1 specimen; Mucur, 39°07'14"N, 34°25'06"E, 1189 m, 10.VI.2007, 8 specimens; Mucur, 39°01'21"N, 34°16'45"E, 975 m, 10.VI.2007, 12 specimens; **Konya**: Kulu, 39°03'47"N, 32°53'52"E, 1070 m, 13.V.2005, 25 specimens; Central County, 37°40'59"N, 32°35'11"E, 1015 m, 27.V.2005, 1 specimen; Kulu, 39°03'46"N, 32°53'46"E, 1068 m, 09.VI.2006, 4 specimens; ** Nevşehir**: Kozaklı, 39°19'03"N, 34°44'49"E, 1008 m, 10.VII.2007, 18 specimens; **Yozgat**: Boğazlıyan, 39°22'53"N, 35°08'08"E, 1177 m, 11.VI.2007, 7 specimens; Boğazlıyan, 39°15'30"N, 35°12'35"E, 1148 m, 11.VI.2007, 11 specimens; col. M. Kabalak. **Ankara**: Şereflikoçhisar, 39°05'19"N, 33°32'06"E, 947 m, 25.V.2008, 14 specimens; Beypazarı, 40°16'49"N, 31°55'31"E, 1136 m, 17.VI.2008, 1 specimen; **Nevşehir**: Gülşehir, 38°45'56"N, 34°35'59"E, 909 m, 26.VI.2009, 8 specimens; col. Y. Turan.

56. *Cardiophorus (s. str.) frequens* Platia and Gudzeni, 2002

Material Examined: **Konya**: Karapınar, 37°42'49"N, 33°31'34"E, 1001 m, 20.IV.2006, 3 specimens; Bozkır, 37°06'50"N, 32°18'17"E, 1277 m, 05.V.2007, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak.

57. *Cardiophorus (s. str.) impressiventris* Schwarz, 1900

Material Examined: **Karaman**: Central County, 37°26'18"N, 33°10'00"E, 1210 m, 21.IV.2006, 8 specimens; col. M. Kabalak.

58. *Cardiophorus (s. str.) kindermanni* Candèze, 1860

Material Examined: **Karaman**: Central County, 36°56'49"N, 33°02'20"E, 416 m, 11.VI.2006, 3 specimens; Ermenek,
59. Cardiophorus (s. str.) levis Platia and Gudenzi, 2002

Material Examined: Yozgat: Sorgun, 40°04'27"N, 35°14'41"E, 1442 m, 19.V.2008, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak.

60. Cardiophorus (s. str.) megathorax Faldermann, 1835

Material Examined: Ankara: Polatlı, 39°25'15"N, 32°15'01"E, 916 m, 18.VI.2003, 8 specimens; Bala, 39°30'02"N, 33°16'56"E, 951 m, 21.VI.2003, 1 specimen; Şereflikoçhisar, 39°10'08"N, 33°22'38"E, 1029 m, 21.VI.2003, 4 specimens; Çubuk, 40°12'35"N, 32°53'26"E, 1317 m, 25.VI.2003, 2 specimens; Kayseri: İncesu, 38°40'33"N, 35°13'48"E, 1056 m, 27.V.2007, 3 specimens; Sarioğlan, 39°04'13"N, 35°50'37"E, 1177 m, 30.V.2007, 1 specimen; İncesu, 38°41'33"N, 35°07'41"E, 1222 m, 24.VI.2007, 16 specimens; Konya: Kulu, 39°08'39"N, 33°06'29"E, 1005 m, 09.VI.2006, 1 specimen; Kulu, 39°03'46"N, 32°53'46"E, 1068 m, 09.VI.2006, 20 specimens; Nevşehir: Central County, 38°36'28"N, 34°48'35"E, 1487 m, 25.VI.2007, 6 specimens; Acığöl, 38°30'05"N, 34°29'52"E, 1311 m, 25.VI.2007, 1 specimen; Yozgat: Çekerek, 40°04'11"N, 35°33'46"E, 788 m, 12.VI.2007, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak. Aksaray: Central County, 38°11'37"N, 34°07'15"E, 1287 m, 15.VI.2009, 4 specimens; Ankara: Şereflikoçhisar, 39°00'00"N, 33°30'31"E, 1002 m, 25.V.2008, 1 specimen; Eskişehir: Mihalçık 39°45'32"N, 31°34'28"E 764 m, 30.VI.2009, 1 specimen; Karaman: Central County, 37°13'28"N, 33°02'10"E, 1040 m, 12.VI.2009, 11 specimens; Ayrancı, 37°21'33"N, 33°38'52"E, 1112 m, 14.VI.2009, 6 specimens; Konya: Hadim, 37°01'35"N, 32°42'08"E, 814 m, 04.VI.2009, 1 specimen; col. Y. Turan.

61. Cardiophorus (s. str.) miniaticollis Candèze, 1860

Material Examined: Konya: Güneysınır, 37°17'54"N, 32°43'05"E, 1130 m, 19.IV.2006, specimen; col. M. Kabalak.

62. Cardiophorus (s. str.) nigratissimus Buysson, 1891

Material Examined: Ankara: Polatlı, 39°25'15"N, 32°15'01"E, 916 m, 18.VI.2003, 32 specimens; Şereflikoçhisar, 39°10'08"N, 33°22'38"E, 1029 m, 21.VI.2003, 17 specimens; Nallihan, 40°07'45"N, 31°32'38"E, 633 m, 23.VI.2003, 3 specimens; Çubuk, 40°12'35"N, 32°53'26"E, 1317 m, 25.VI.2003, 7 specimens; Kayseri: İncesu, 38°41'33"N, 35°07'41"E, 1222 m, 24.VI.2007, 51 specimens; İncesu, 38°40'33"N, 35°13'48"E, 1056 m, 27.V.2007, 3 specimens; Kırşehir: Çiçekdağı, 39°34'16"N, 34°27'13"E, 904 m, 10.V.2007, 1 specimen; Mucur, 38°52'57"N, 34°20'20"E, 906 m, 23.VI.2007, 1 specimen; Konya: Kulu, 39°03'46"N, 32°53'46"E, 1068 m, 09.VI.2006, 37 specimens; Nevşehir: Gülşehir, 38°48'21"N, 34°30'56"E, 928 m, 26.VI.2004, 2 specimens; Hacıbektaş, 38°51'01"N, 34°33'33"E, 1255 m, 23.VI.2007, 34 specimens; Gülşehir, 38°44'29"N, 34°25'19"E, 1005 m, 23.VI.2007, 1 specimen; Derinkuyu, 38°21'10"N, 34°37'29"E, 1304 m, 25.VI.2007, 2 specimens; Acığöl, 38°30'05"N, 34°29'52"E, 1311 m, 25.VI.2007, 2 specimens; Kozaklı, 39°06'39"N,
34°50′16″E, 1167 m, 25.VI.2007, 42 specimens; **Sivas**: Divriği, 39°17′26″N, 38°01′43″E, 1185 m, 01.VI.2007, 29 specimens; **Yozgat**: Çekerek, 40°04′11″N, 35°33′46″E, 788 m, 12.VI.2007, 1 specimen; Aydın, 40°10′31″N, 35°21′33″E, 684 m, 12.VI.2007, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak. **Aksaray**: Eskil, 38°16′03″N, 34°17′16″E, 964 m, 22.VI.2009, 1 specimen; **Eskişehir**: Alpu, 39°40′48″N, 31°03′44″E, 811 m, 03.VII.2009, 1 specimen; **Karaman**: Central County, 37°13′28″N, 33°02′10″E, 1040 m, 12.VI.2009, 12 specimens; Ayrancı, 37°21′33″N, 33°38′52″E, 1112 m, 14.VI.2009, 4 specimens; col. Y. Turan.

**63. Cardiophorus (s. str.) parvulus**
Platia and Gudzeni, 2000

Material Examined: **Karaman**: Central County, 36°56′37″N, 33°16′28″E, 1465 m, 28.V.2005, 2 specimens; Central County, 36°56′49″N, 33°2′20″E, 416 m, 28.V.2005, 3 specimens; **Konya**: Hadim, 37°06′28″N, 32°27′20″E, 1229 m, 27.V.2005, 1 specimen; Cihanbeyli, 38°48′44″N, 32°54′03″E, 963 m, 03.V.2007, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak. **Aksaray**: Güzelyurt, 38°15′13″N, 34°18′07″E, 1266 m, 15.VI.2009, 5 specimens; col. Y. Turan.

**64. Cardiophorus (s. str.) ruficruris**
(Brullé, 1832)

Material Examined: **Ankara**: Ayaş, 39°52′58″N, 32°35′31″E, 682 m, 11.V.2003, 3 specimens; **Konya**: Cihanbeyli, 38°48′44″N, 32°54′03″E, 963 m, 03.V.2007, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak.

**65. Cardiophorus (s. str.) sacratus**
Erichson, 1840

Material Examined: **Konya**: Yunak, 38°55′03″N, 32°05′25″E, 926 m, 03.V.2007, 1 specimen; Hadim, 37°00′44″N, 32°19′52″E, 1380 m, 05.V.2007, 1 specimen; ** Nevşehir**: Hacıbektaş, 39°00′24″N, 34°43′44″E, 1184 m, 29.IV.2006, 1 specimen; **Sivas**: Koyulhisar, 40°16′46″N, 37°49′35″E, 671 m, 14.V.2006, 1 specimen; Gemerek, 39°18′18″E, 35°56′48″E, 1345 m, 23.V.2006, 1 specimen; **Yozgat**: Aydin, 40°13′12″N, 35°18′56″E, 639 m, 06.V.2006, 1 specimen; Aydın, 40°13′12″N, 35°18′56″E, 639 m, 22.V.2007, 1 specimen; **Akdağmadeni**, 39°31′30″N, 36°00′40″E, 1921 m, 10.VII.2007, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak.

**66. Cardiophorus (s. str.) vestigialis**
Erichson, 1840

Material Examined: **Eskişehir**: Sivrihisar, 39°22′55″N, 31°29′28″E, 916 m, 14.V.2007, 1 specimen; **Kayseri**: Yeşilhisar, 38°21′34″N, 34°58′53″E, 1324 m, 07.VII.2006, 1 specimen; **Konya**: Karapınar, 37°42′48″N, 33°31′23″E, 996 m, 20.IV.2006, 5 specimens; col. M. Kabalak.

**Genus: Dicronychus** Brullé, 1832

**67. Dicronychus adanensis** (Pic, 1908)

Material Examined: **Yozgat**: Aydin, 40°13′12″N, 35°18′56″E, 639 m, 06.V.2006, 8 specimens; col. M. Kabalak.

**68. Dicronychus cinereus** (Herbst, 1784)

Material Examined: **Çankırı**: Central County, 40°38′05″N, 33°36′28″E, 754 m, 05.VI.2008, 2 specimens; **Eskişehir**: Mihalçık, 39°59′12″N, 31°20′33″E, 646 m, 04.VI.2006, 1 specimen; **Karaman**: Central County, 37°08′27″N, 33°34′09″E, 1260 m, 07.V.2007, 1 specimen; **Kayseri**: Yeşilhisar, 38°20′39″N, 34°58′17″E, 1315 m, 27.V.2007, 2 specimens;
Yeşilhisar, 38°21’34”N, 34°58’53”E, 1324 m, 27.V.2007, 1 specimen; **Niğde**: Çamardı, 37°51’31”N, 34°57’30”E 1580 m, 29.V.2005, 47 specimens; Çamardı, 37°48’40”N, 34°59’40”E, 1425 m, 21.VI.2006, 1 specimen; **Sivas**: Gemerek, 39°19’15”N, 35°51’44”E, 1470 m, 23.V.2006, 4 specimens; **Yozgat**: Çekerek, 40°5’13”N, 35°35’14”E, 775 m, 06.V.2006, 8 specimens; col. M. Kabalak.

**69. Dicronychus iconiensis** Pic, 1908

Material Examined: **Karaman**: Kılbasan, 37°26’18”N, 33°10’00”E, 1210 m, 21.IV.2006, 3 specimens; Kılbasan, 37°25’40”N, 33°07’03”E, 1534 m, 21.IV.2006, 1 specimen; **Kayseri**: Develi, 38°27’59”N, 35°31’05”E, 1834 m, 28.V.2007, 2 specimens; **Konya**: Obruk, 38°10’27”N, 33°10’58”E, 994 m, 15.IV.2006, 2 specimens; Akşehir, 38°30’14”N, 31°35’43”E, 953 m, 16.IV.2006, 4 specimens; Akşehir, 38°26’31”N, 31°39’53”E, 1002 m, 16.IV.2006, 1 specimen; Seydişehir, 37°23’33”N, 31°59’26”E, 1096 m, 18.IV.2006, 1 specimen; Cihanbeyli, 38°48’49”N, 32°54’03”E, 963 m, 03.V.2007, 9 specimens; **Niğde**: Çamardı, 37°51’33”N, 34°57’30”E, 1585 m, 23.IV.2006, 1 specimen; **Yozgat**: Aydincık, 40°13’12”N, 35°18’56”E, 639 m, 06.V.2006, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak.

**70. Dicronychus obscuripennis** (Pic, 1899)

Material Examined: **Konya**: Cihanbeyli, 38°40’30”N, 33°07’13”E, 927 m, 15.IV.2006, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak.

**71. Dicronychus senaci** Desbrochers des Loges, 1870

Material Examined: **Konya**: Cihanbeyli, 38°40’30”N, 33°07’13”E, 927 m, 15.IV.2006, 2 specimens; **Sivas**: Gemerek, 39°28’40”N, 35°57’59”E, 1809 m, 03.VI.2007, 3 specimens; col. M. Kabalak.

**Subfamily: Lissominae** Laporte, 1835

**Genus:** Drapetes Dejean, 1821

72. **Drapetes mordelloides** (Host, 1789).

Material Examined: **Kırşehir**: Akpinar, 39°26’43”N, 34°05’50”E, 1309 m, 05.VII.2006, 1 specimen; **Nevşehir**: Ürgüp, 38°36’04”N, 34°54’24”E, 1092 m, 07.VII.2006, 1 specimen; **Sivas**: Şarkışla, 39°34’27”N, 36°14’36”E, 1351 m, 03.VI.2007, 1 specimen; col. M. Kabalak.

**Faunistic composition of the Central Anatolian Region**

As a result of this study, it was found that the major part of the Elateridae fauna of the Central Anatolian region is formed by the subfamilies Elaterinae (27 species; 37.5%) and Cardiophorinae (20 species; 27.8%). These subfamilies are followed by the subfamilies Dendrometrinae (11 species; 15.3%), Negastrinae (6 species; 8.3%), Agrypninae (4 species; 5.5%), Melanotinae (3 species; 4.2%) and Lissominae (1 species; 1.4%) (Figure 3) in species richness. The genus *Cardiophorus* is the richest genus with 15 species from the Central Anatolian region (Figure 4). The genus *Cardiophorus* is followed by *Agriotes* (9 species), *Amepus* (8 species), *Dicronychus* and *Zorochostra* (5 species each), *Melanotus* and *Peripontius* (3 species each), *Athous, Hemicrepidius, Prosternon, Selatosomus* (2 species each) and *Aeoloderma, Aeoosomus, Agrypnus, Dalopius, Drapetes, Drasterius, Idotarnonides, Limonius, Limoniscus*,...
Mulsanteus, Nothodes, Quasimus and Synaptus (1 species each).

The numbers of species in genera found in the Central Anatolian region were compared with the known numbers of species in genera of Turkey according to Mertlik and Platia (2008) (Table 3). It is apparent that the distributions of species in each genus show that Elateridae fauna found in this study are partially consistent with Elateridae fauna of Turkey.

Ecological properties of fauna
Results show that Agriotes paludum (629 specimens) is the most abundant species. Synaptus filiformis (430 specimens), Cardiophorus nigratissimus (284 specimens), Adrastus anatolicus (273 specimens), Drasterius bimaculatus (231 specimens), Agriotes sputator (155 specimens) and Cardiophorus dolini (150 specimens) are also abundant species. Adrastus montanus, Agriotes propleuralis, Ampedus nigroflavus, Ampedus ochropterus, Cardiophorus levis, Cardiophorus miniaticollis, Dicronychus obscuripennis, Hemicrepidius nigritulus, Idotarmonides anatolicus, Limoniscus elegans, Melanotus bajulus, Prosternon tessellatum, Zorochros georgicus and Zorochros stibicki, are the rarest species, which are represented with one specimen each (Table 1). In the light of these data, it can be stated that species with most collected specimens may have dense populations and species with fewer collected specimens may have sparse populations in nature. However, other factors may have affected the number of specimens collected, including the coincidence of collecting dates with low or high density of populations, effects of collecting habitats on population density and different collecting methods.

Specimens that were collected from different altitudes and vertical distributions of species exhibited differences. Evaluations of vertical distributions of species were made in terms of vertical intervals, which are appointed as 250 meters (A: 0-250 m, B: 251-500 m, C: 501-750 m, D: 751-1000 m, E: 1001-1250 m and F: 1251-1500 m, G: 1501-1750 m, H: 1751-2000 m and I: 2000 m and above). Evaluation of the results showed that there are differences in vertical distributions of species. Accordingly, most of the species were collected from interval E with 43 species. This interval is followed by interval F (38 species), interval D (33 species), interval G (24 species), interval C (16 species), interval H (12 species), interval B (6 species), interval I (2 species) and interval A (1 species) (Figure 5, Table 1). Vertical distributions of species are given in Table 1. Agriotes paludum,
**Drasterius bimaculatus** and **Synaptus filiformis** were the most diverse species vertically.

During the fieldwork, species were collected from different habitats using different collecting methods. Most of the species were collected from herbaceous plants near streams (25 species). Other habitats included herbaceous plants near fields and roads (23 species), under stones and plants (12 species), under stones and debris near streams (10 species), forest ground herbaceous plants (10 species), decaying trees (*Populus* spp. and *Salix* spp.) (eight species), trees and bushes (seven species), light trap (six species). **Cardiophorus miniaticollis** was collected incidentally inside buildings. Evaluating the collection methods showed that 47 species were collected using insect nets, 30 species using an aspirator, 7 species using the Japanese umbrella, and 6 species using light traps (Table 1). Adults of most detected species occur on herbaceous plants (near streams, fields, roads and forested ground cover). Most of the rest occur under stones and plants, in decaying trees, under stones and debris near streams. Minor numbers of detected species occur on trees and bushes and nocturnal species, which were collected by using light traps.

Specimens were collected between April – November (21 species in April, 47 in May, 41 in June, 27 in July, 4 in August and 1 in September and November) (Figure 6). It is apparent from these data that species of Elateridae are mainly active in May and June, and that April and July are secondarily appropriate months for collecting Elateridae. The species showed minimum activity in August, September, October and November. Collecting periods of species exhibit differences: four species collected only in April (5.6%), 12 species in May (16.7%), six species in June (8.3%), seven species in July (9.7%), three species in April and May (4.2%), one species in April and June (1.4%), five species in April, May and June (6.9%), five species in April, May, June and July (6.9%), two species in April, May and July (2.8%), 14 species in May and June (19.4%), five species in May, June and July (6.9%); two species in June and July (2.8%), one species in June, July and August (1.4%), three species in July and August (4.2%) and 1 species in April, May, June, July, September and November (1.4%) (Figure 5). Numbers of species varied by month: 29 species were collected for one month, 24 species were collected for two months, eight species were collected for three months, five species were collected for four months and one species (**Drasterius bimaculatus**) was collected for six months. These data help to estimate the occurrence of the species in nature. **Drasterius bimaculatus** occurs for the longest time in nature followed by *Agriotes paludum*, *Agriotes proximus*, *Agriotes sputator*, *Cardiophorus dolini* and *Synaptus filiformis*. As a result of evaluations of active periods of genera, which are represented more than one species, species of the genus *Adrastus* were collected during May-July; species of the genus *Agriotes* were collected during April-July; species of the genus *Ampedus* were collected during April-June; species of the genus *Athous* were collected during April-July; species of the genus *Cardiophorus* were collected during April-July; species of the genus *Dicronychus* were collected during April-June; species of the genus *Hemicrepidius* were collected during April-July; species of the genus *Melanotus* were collected during July-August; species of the genus *Peripontius* were collected during April-July; species of the genus *Prosternon* were collected during June-August; species of
the genus *Selatosomus* were collected during May-June; species of the genus *Zorochros* were collected during April-May. These data may help understanding phenologies of these genera (Table 1).

**Zoogeographical composition of fauna**

As a result of the evaluations of distributions of detected species in zoogeographical regions and subregions (Figure 7, Table 2), it is evident that 11 species are endemic to Turkey. The remaining 61 species are shared differently with the European part of the Western Palaearctic (53 species), the Middle East (46 species), Middle Asia (25 species), Siberia (12 species), North Africa (nine species), the Far East (seven species), Nearctic region (two species) and the Australian region (one species). This composition shows that the geographical situation of Turkey, at the intersection of Asia, Africa and Europe, affects its fauna. Research area shares most species with the European part of the Western Palaearctic and, subsequently, Asia (Middle Asia, the Middle East, Siberia and the Far East). Because most of Turkey is a part of Asia, that situation may be evaluated as contradictory. However, Cate (2007) reported that the Elateridae fauna of Turkey share the most species with the European part of the Western Palaearctic region (223 species): Asia (194 species), followed by North Africa (29 species), Nearctic region (6 species), Afrotropical region (one species), the Australian region (one species) and Neotropical region (one species). Cate's (2007) data are consistent with our findings. According to Cate (2007), *Agriotes lineatus* and *A. sputator* are the most widely distributed species within the research area. *Aeoloderma crucifer*, *Ampedus nigroflavus*, *A. pomonae*, *Dalopius marginatus*, *Drapetes mordelloides*, *Idotarmonides anatolicus*, *Zorochros georgicus*, *Z. heyrovskyi* and *Z. pilosellus* are also widely distributed species within the research area.

According to the present literature, the distribution of the collected species in Turkey are given in Table 2. Thirty-four species out of 72 are reported for the first time from the Central Anatolian region. Detailed locality records of *Agriotes modestus*, *Ampedus nigroflavus*, *A. pomonae*, *Dalopius marginatus*, *Drapetes mordelloides*, *Idotarmonides anatolicus*, *Zorochros georgicus*, *Z. heyrovskyi* and *Z. pilosellus* are given for the first time from the research area and Turkey. The research area shares many species with the Mediterranean (35 species), Eastern Anatolian region (33 species), Black Sea region (32 species), Aegean region (29 species), Marmara region (19 species) and the Southeastern Anatolian region (11 species) (Figure 8). Various researchers have previously recorded 38 species from the studied area. During this research, field studies were done following the political borders of provinces, and not the geographical border of the Central Anatolian region. The borders of geographical regions of Turkey were determined according to geographical, floristic and climatic features, but some parts of the provinces of the research area are situated in other geographical regions. As a result, species sharing data of the Central Anatolian and other geographical regions may be affected by that situation.

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Figure 1. Map of Palaearctic Region (Green: European part of Western Palaearctic, Brown: North Africa, Yellow: Siberia, Navy Blue: Middle Asia, Orange: Middle East, Light Blue: Far East) (modified by authors) (http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/f/fb/Ecozone-Biocountries-Palaearctic.svg/800px-Ecozone-Biocountries-Palaearctic.svg.png). High quality figures are available online.

Figure 2. Map of research area (Provinces of Central Anatolian region are shown by using different colours). (http://www.sosyalokulu.com/konuresim/icanadolu.jpg). High quality figures are available online.

Figure 3. Number of species in subfamilies. High quality figures are available online.

Figure 4. Number of species in genera. High quality figures are available online.

Figure 5. Number of collected species according to altitude zones in research area. High quality figures are available online.

Figure 6. Number of species according to collecting months. **Apr:** April, **May:** May, **Jun:** June, **Jul:** July, **Aug:** August, **Sep:** September and **Nov:** November. High quality figures are available online.
Figure 7. Distributions of detected species in Zoogeographical regions. (ETR: Endemic species for Turkey, ME: Middle East, EWP: European part of Western Palaearctic, MA: Middle Asia, SB: Siberia, NA: North Africa, FE: Far East, AUST: Australian Region, NEA: Nearctic Region) (Cate, 2007). High quality figures are available online.

Figure 8. Number of shared species between research area and other geographical regions of Turkey. (S. A. R.: Southeastern Anatolian Region, M. R.: Marmara Region, A. R.: Aegean Region, E. A. R.: Eastern Anatolian Region, B. R.: Blacksea Region, Md. R.: Mediterranean Region. High quality figures are available online.)