Development of software products aimed to streamline the waste management process

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Abstract. This system will boost activity in the waste market involving waste processing enterprises. For this purpose, the research of thermal conductivity of RDF-raw materials of waste landfills was conducted in the laboratory of quality control of new functional materials GUAP, who also did the programming in JavaScript virtual platform ECO 365. The global perspective of the project is the consolidation of the laboratory of new composite materials GUAP to create a waste processing center with the main focus on research in the field of production and sale of biogas. Demand in the market is large. The used technologies of analytical and measuring instruments and programs of three-dimensional equipment will allow to apply in parallel with the analysis of raw materials the possibility of developing equipment for the production of by-products from waste with their subsequent certification.

1 Introduction
The main goal pursued when working in Javascript [1-2] is to get closer to a successfully working prototype in the Russian food market – the agro 24 platform, which implements the principle of a catalyst for the movement of perishable products. ECO-365 program-analogue in the field of storage, processing and sale of waste [1-3].

2 Materials and Methods
To manage the system of waste removal and disposal, 4 programs were allocated, working as a full-fledged ERP-system:
1) "RG-soft: waste Removal" - program designed for the analysis and monitoring of waste removal companies, analysis of the threshold of garbage limits, section accounting for waste disposal. As well as: accounting of recyclable materials, Accounting of own coupons, accounting of third-party coupons, Environmental reporting, formation of documents, Accounting of payments from customers. As a drawback-the lack of environmental monitoring of the waste disposal area [3] (Figure 1);

2) "RG-soft: waste Treatment and disposal " - offers possible forms of waste treatment, but in the absence of the proposed methods at the landfill, as appropriate, which occurs in most cases, does not offer options to sell waste to interested enterprises from other regions. In this case, of course, the carrier has no alternatives other than a simplified waste disposal procedure;

3) "Siemens umwelt" - creates the analysis of ecological tension in the course of work of production objects, at the stage of production of finished goods estimates the size of payments to the utilization organizations for placement and processing of waste (Figure 2);

4) "Recycle Map" - with the possibility of pop-up tips on the location of containers for disposal of batteries

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and incandescent lamps according to the user's geodata[4] (Figure 3).

Fig. 3. Screenshot of software «Recycle Map» for smartphones.

5) "1S: Enterprise 8. Waste and recycling management" - the configuration supports the main operational processes in the processing plants, such as the reception and shipment of solid waste (MSW) and recyclables, sorting, processing, transportation and disposal of waste. Integration with various equipment used in such enterprises (scales, cameras, access control systems, etc.) is envisaged.

6) "2GIS" - the program and the application allows the search module to determine the location of the organization receiving the waste closest to the location of the interested person.

It is possible to conclude that the majority of IT applications are concentrated in the field of construction, engineering, mining industry and economy (Fig 4).

For comparison of the described programs in terms of quality, suitability for waste processing, an appropriate comparison was made in the table (Table 1).

Satellite monitoring of Citypoint, however, in our opinion, the program is not aimed at the company's recycling, but only at the disposal of waste, this is its significant drawback, which we seek to finalize in our ECO-365 program.

The result of the analysis can be concluded: recycling is a relatively young sphere of industry and therefore, as can be seen from the above programs in this area, there is a software it vacuum. The main principles that were used in the creation of ECO-365: "Federal waste classifier 2017-2018", GOST R 54096-2010 "Resource. Waste treatment"[5-6].

Table 1. Results of research compared programs.

| Compared programs | geolocation | upload reports to the tax service | calculation of logistics | selection and description of the recycling process | Converter from other formats | application for smartphone (Google market) | quick messaging between users (messenger) | ability to create personal user accounts |
|-------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| 1 RG-SOFT: waste Removal RG-SOFT: waste Treatment and disposal | - | + | + | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2 1S: Enterprise 8. Waste and recycling management | - | + | + | - | + | - | - | - |
| 3 Recycle Map | + | - | + | - | - | + | + | - |
| 4 Siemens UMWELT | - | + | + | + | + | - | - | - |
| 5 2Gis | + | - | - | - | - | + | + | + |
3 Results and Discussion

The JavaScript language was used as the writing of the application software. JavaScript is an object-oriented language, but the prototyping used in the language causes differences in working with objects compared to traditional class-oriented languages [7-9].

The program constantly monitors these waste databases, which allows you to request a certain type of waste, instantly receive information about the form of its processing and potential processors in your area.

In the study of the above programs, actively used for waste disposal in Russia and Europe, it can be concluded that the main rate in the writing and creation of the program is put on logistics, calculation of the cost of disposal, the simplest interface, the choice of landfill. We can say this about all programs equally, in addition to "Siemens umwelt" . Indeed, in the "Siemens umwelt" the main task was not the speed of waste disposal and thus the solution of the problem through the clogging of the territory as far as possible from water bodies and residence, but also methods of processing. Siemens proposes to focus on the possibility of profit in the search for recycling technology, which would make it possible not only to get rid of waste, but also profitable to sell them to those who need them. It was from this position that the development began soft "ECO-365"

ECO-365 program-assistant in the field of storage, processing and sale of waste for the operator. The program systematized electronic information resources in the field of waste processing, developed in JavaScript direct code, adapted to the current requirements of Rosprirodnadzor (Russian ecology department). The method of waste search is maximally adapted in the software interface and visually ergonomic for users. As a writing application software was used JavaScript language, which is an object-oriented language. Prototyping used in the language causes differences in working with objects in comparison with traditional class-oriented languages.

The main fields of the program, which are automatically filled in when specifying any type of waste:
- FCCO code-11 digit classifier code
- Production – what type of industry waste is generated
- The process – what the process produces waste
- Name of components, content, % wt. - composition of waste
- Physical state and the physical form – the form in which the waste is transported
- Hazard class - to which class I to V the waste relates
- Note – the content of the additional organic impurities

The program in the form of an application is easily installed on the Windows XP platform and runs provided that the folder is a waste database in Excel format (new data, Fig 5).

The database of Rosprirodnadzor, on which the "engine" of the program is based, is the most extensive and is presented in the form of spreadsheets on several sheets.

Beginning and ending program text in Java Script is presented below.

```java
using System; using System.Collections.Generic; using System.ComponentModel; using System.Data; using System.Drawing; using System.Linq; using System.Text; using System.Windows.Forms; using System.IO; using Excel = Microsoft.Office.Interop.Excel; namespace Waste { public partial class MainForm : Form {

    System.Windows.Forms.Application.DoEvents();
    }
}
private void MainForm_FormClosed(object sender, FormClosedEventArgs e) {
    if (objExcel != null) objExcel.Quit();
}
```

The main requirements for the creation of the program were - the possibility of free installation on a personal computer, the ability to use the system how professional autodirectory[10-12].

Consider the interface of the program below. Schematically, the work of a software product developed in the university’s laboratory and patented in the program system for electronic computers can be seen in the diagram below (Figure 6).

```
Baseline code of "ECO-365"
```

```
"ECO-365"
```

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4 Conclusions

The program module created on the basis of University laboratories ECO-365 it has been patented and is currently being tested.

Currently to admit that this module is only the 1st step in which you want to include and means of geolocation, messaging, opportunity management and creation of the personal account of each user in the environment, with the ability to share videos. It is also expected to broaden the base of the waste, as currently in the standard is not given a detailed description of possible recycling of each waste individually, are not defined a particular company or polygons for mechanical recycling, which havr in the narrow direction of the recycling of a certain list of materials.

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