Contrastive Data and Learning for Natural Language Processing

Rui Zhang  
Penn State University  
rmz5227@psu.edu  

Yangfeng Ji  
University of Virginia  
yangfeng@virginia.edu  

Yue Zhang  
Westlake University  
yue.zhang@wias.org.cn  

Rebecca J. Passonneau  
Penn State University  
rjp49@psu.edu  

1 Brief Description

Current NLP models heavily rely on effective representation learning algorithms. Contrastive learning is one such technique to learn an embedding space such that similar data sample pairs have close representations while dissimilar samples stay far apart from each other. It can be used in supervised or unsupervised settings using different loss functions to produce task-specific or general-purpose representations. While it has originally enabled the success for vision tasks, recent years have seen a growing number of publications in contrastive NLP as shown in Figure 1. This first line of works not only delivers promising performance improvements in various NLP tasks, but also provides desired characteristics such as task-agnostic sentence representation, faithful text generation, data-efficient learning in zero-shot and few-shot settings, interpretability and explainability.

In this tutorial, we aim to provide a gentle introduction to the fundamentals of contrastive learning approaches and the theory behind them. We then survey the benefits and the best practices of contrastive learning for various downstream NLP applications including Text Classification, Question Answering, Summarization, Text Generation, Interpretability and Explainability, Commonsense Knowledge and Reasoning, Vision-and-Language. This tutorial intends to help researchers in the NLP and computational linguistics community to understand this emerging topic and promote future research directions of using contrastive learning for NLP applications. ¹

Type of Tutorial: Cutting-edge  
As an emerging approach, recent years have seen a growing number of NLP papers using contrastive learning (Figure 1). Contrastive learning still has a huge potential in other applications and challenges, and we anticipate there will be even more papers in the next year before this tutorial. However, there is no tutorial yet that systematically introduces contrastive learning and its application to NLP.

Target Audience and Expected Background

This tutorial is targeted at a broad and general audience who is interested using contrastive learning for NLP tasks. The tutorial will be self-contained. The expected prerequisite only includes basic understanding of machine learning concepts such as classification, loss functions, and gradient-based optimization. We also expect the audience to be familiar with the definition of different NLP tasks.

2 Tutorial Structure and Content

This tutorial first gives an introduction to the foundation of contrastive learning and then reviews the NLP application of contrastive learning. Our tutorial covers both contrastive data augmentation for NLP and contrastive representation learning for NLP. The former focuses on the data side: how we can create contrastive data examples. This is useful not only for contrastive learning signals, but also for many other reasons such as evaluating model behaviors, augmenting data for low-resource training, producing contrastive explanation, promoting faithful text generation. The latter focuses

¹Tutorial materials are available at https://contrastive-nlp-tutorial.github.io/
on the learning algorithm side: how we can use contrastive learning broadly in different NLP tasks. Here is the outline with an estimated schedule.

Part 1: Foundations of Contrastive Learning (60 min)

- Contrastive Learning Objectives (15 min)
- Contrastive Data Sampling and Augmentation Strategies (15 min)
- Successful Applications (15 min)
- Analysis of Contrastive Learning (15 min)

Part 2: Contrastive Learning for NLP (90 min)

- Contrastive Learning in NLP Tasks (30 min)
- Task-agnostic Representation (15 min)
- Faithful Text Generation (15 min)
- Data-efficient Learning (15 min)
- Interpretability and Explainability (15 min)

Part 3: Lessons Learned, Practical Advice, and Future Directions (30 min)

- Lessons Learned (10 min)
- Practical Advice (10 min)
- Future Directions (10 min)

The following subsections give more details with reference papers for each part.

2.1 Foundations of Contrastive Learning

In the first part, we will provide a brief overview of contrastive learning foundations and introduce the most well-known contrastive learning approaches. We start with different contrastive learning objectives including Contrastive Loss (Chopra et al., 2005), Triplet Loss (Schroff et al., 2015), Lifted Structured Loss (Oh Song et al., 2016), N-pair Loss (Sohn, 2016), Noise Contrastive Estimation (NCE) (Gutmann and Hyvärinen, 2010), InfoNCE (van den Oord et al., 2018), and Soft-Nearest Neighbors Loss (Salakhutdinov and Hinton, 2007; Frostt et al., 2019). We then overview different sampling strategies to create contrastive pairs including debiased constrastive learning (Chuang et al., 2020), hard negative samples (Robinson et al., 2020), supervised contrastive learning (Khosla et al., 2020), and adversarial contrastive learning (Kim et al., 2020). We will also talk about contrastive learning with deep neural networks that have shown great successes in vision and language applications such as word2vec (Mikolov et al., 2013), SimCLR (Chen et al., 2020), SimCSE (Gao et al., 2021b), and CLIP (Radford et al., 2021). We will also discuss work on intriguing analyses of contrastive learning (Tian et al., 2020; Purushwalkam and Gupta, 2020; Xiao et al., 2021).

2.2 Contrastive Learning for NLP

In this part, we will first survey the usage of contrastive learning in different NLP tasks. Later, we will also highlight four characteristics that contrastive learning has demonstrated in addition to the promising performance improvement.

Contrastive learning has shown success in many NLP tasks. We plan cover the following: Contrastive Data Augmentation for NLP (Shen et al., 2020; Ye et al., 2021; Qu et al., 2021); Text Classification (Fang et al., 2020; Kachuee et al., 2020; Suresh and Ong, 2021; Du et al., 2021; Carlsson et al., 2021; Xiong et al., 2021; Qiu et al., 2021; Xu et al., 2021b; Klein and Nabi, 2021); Sentence Embeddings (Kim et al., 2021; Zhang et al., 2021a; Sedghamiz et al., 2021) including Quick-Thought (Logeswaran and Lee, 2018), Sentence-BERT (Reimers and Gurevych, 2019), Info-Sentence BERT (Zhang et al., 2020a), SimCSE (Gao et al., 2021b), DeCLUTR (Giorgi et al., 2020), ConSERT (Yan et al., 2021b), DialogueCSE (Liu et al., 2021a). We will also cover discourse analysis (Iter et al., 2020; Kiyomaru and Kurohashi, 2021); Information Extraction (Qin et al., 2020; Chen et al., 2021b; Wang et al., 2021d); Machine Translation (Pan et al., 2021; Vamvass and Sennrich, 2021); Question Answering (Karpukhin et al., 2020; You et al., 2021; Yang et al., 2021b; Yue et al., 2021); Summarization (Duan et al., 2019; Liu and Liu, 2021) including faithfulness (Cao and Wang, 2021), summary evaluation (Wu et al., 2020a), multilingual summarization (Wang et al., 2021a), and dialogue summarization (Liu et al., 2021d); Text Generation (Chai et al., 2021; Lee et al., 2021) including logic-consistent text generation (Shu et al., 2021), paraphrase generation (Yang et al., 2021a), grammatical error correction (Cao et al., 2021), dialogue generation (Cai et al., 2020), x-ray report generation (Liu et al., 2021b; Yan et al., 2021a), data-to-text generation (Uehara et al., 2020); Few-shot Learning (Liu et al., 2021c; Zhang et al., 2021c; Wang et al., 2021c; Luo et al., 2021; Das et al., 2021); Language Model Contrastive Pretraining (Wu et al., 2020b).
et al., 2020b; Gunel et al., 2020; Clark et al., 2020; Yu et al., 2020; Rethmeier and Augenstein, 2020, 2021; Meng et al., 2021; Li et al., 2021b); Interpretability and Explainability (Gardner et al., 2020; Liang et al., 2020; Ross et al., 2020; Chen et al., 2021a; Jacovi et al., 2021); Commonsense Knowledge and Reasoning (Klein and Nabi, 2020; Paranjape et al., 2021; Li et al., 2021a); Vision-and-Language (Zhang et al., 2020b; Li et al., 2020; Dharur et al., 2020; Cui et al., 2020; Radford et al., 2021; Xu et al., 2021a; Jia et al., 2021; Lee et al., 2021a). We will also briefly talk about other applications such as distillation and model compression (Sun et al., 2020), debiasing (Cheng et al., 2021), fact verification (Schuster et al., 2021), short text clustering (Zhang et al., 2021b), out-of-domain detection (Zeng et al., 2021; Zhou and Chen, 2021), robustness (Ma et al., 2021), code representation learning (Jain et al., 2020), active learning (Maragatina et al., 2021), knowledge representation learning (Ouyang et al., 2021), adversarial learning (Rim et al., 2021).

In addition to the performance benefit, we highlight that contrastive learning is particularly interesting for NLP because it offers four advantages:

Task-agnostic Sentence Representation As a representation learning approach, contrastive learning has demonstrated its effectiveness to learn task-agnostic sentence embeddings that can be applied across different tasks. Such progress enables efficient encoding of sentences to support large-scale semantic similarity comparison, clustering, and information retrieval via semantic search. The most successful framework is Sentence-BERT (Reimers and Gurevych, 2019) that uses siamese networks with triplet loss to learn sentence embeddings based on cosine similarity. Another example is CERT (Fang et al., 2020) that employs contrastive self-supervised learning at the sentence level with back-translation data augmentation. It outperforms BERT on 7 out of 11 natural language understanding tasks on the GLUE benchmark. Later, SimCSE (Gao et al., 2021b) uses both unsupervised denoising objective and supervised natural language inference signals to learn sentence embeddings. It achieves substantial improvements on several standard semantic textual similarity benchmarks.

Faithful and Factual Consistent Text Generation Contrastive learning is also used to improve faithfulness and factuality of data-to-text generation and abstractive summarization, which has been shown a very challenging issue with the pretrained language models that often hallucinate (Kryscinski et al., 2019; Parikh et al., 2020; Maynez et al., 2020). Shu et al. (2021) propose to improve logic-to-text generation models by designing rule-based data augmentation to create contrastive examples to cover variations of logic forms paired with diverse natural language expressions to improve the generalizability. CLIFF (Cao and Wang, 2021) propose to improve faithful and factual consistency for abstractive summarization by contrasting reference summaries as positive training data and automatically generated erroneous summaries as negative training data. Wu et al. (2020a) also propose to use contrastive learning for unsupervised reference-free summary quality evaluation.

Data-efficient Learning Another advantage of contrastive learning is to facilitate data-efficient learning when training data is not abundantly available such as in zero-shot and few-shot settings. CoDA (Qu et al., 2021) is a data augmentation framework that synthesizes contrast-enhanced and diverse examples by integrating multiple transformations over text. CLESS (Rethmeier and Augenstein, 2020) analyze data-efficient pretraining via contrastive self-supervision through pretraining data efficiency, zero to few-shot label efficiency, and long-tail generalization. CONTaiNER (Das et al., 2021) improves few-shot named entity recognition by performing contrastive learning over Gaussian distributions of token embeddings. VideoCLIP (Xu et al., 2021a) uses contrastive pretraining for zero-shot video-text understanding.

Interpretability and Explainability Contrastive learning provides a new way for promoting model interpretability and explainability. Contrast Sets (Gardner et al., 2020) evaluate local decision boundaries of models by manually perturbing the test instances in small but meaningful ways. Jacovi et al. (2021) propose to produce contrastive explanations for classification models by modifying model representation and model behavior based on contrastive reasoning. Paranjape et al. (2021) leverage prompt engineering over pretrained language models to create contrastive explanations for commonsense reasoning tasks.

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2.3 Lessons Learned, Practical Advice, and Future Directions

In this part, we will summarize our discussions of existing work with lessons learned and practical advice. We will also envision the future directions of contrastive learning for NLP such as data augmentation quality and efficiency (Wang et al., 2021b), hard negative examples (Zhang and Stratos, 2021), under-explored NLP applications (Li et al., 2021b), and large batch size (Gao et al., 2021a).

3 Reading List

We compile the a light reading list for the audience learning before coming to the tutorial:

- SimCLR (Chen et al., 2020)
- CLIP (Radford et al., 2021)
- SimCSE (Gao et al., 2021b)
- Contrast Sets (Gardner et al., 2020)

4 Diversity

Our presenters come from 3 institutions based in the U.S. and China including 3 male and 1 female researchers on different levels of academic seniority. As contrastive learning can be applied broadly, our tutorial spans many different NLP tasks and domains covering Text Classification and Sentence Embeddings, Information Extraction, Machine Translation, Question Answering, Summarization, Text Generation, Few-shot Learning, Interpretability and Explainability, Commonsense Knowledge and Reasoning, Vision-and-Language, Distillation and Model Compression. Therefore, the audience will come from diverse backgrounds.

5 Presenters

Rui Zhang is an Assistant Professor in the Computer Science and Engineering Department of Penn State University and a co-director of the PSU NLP Lab. He is one of the recipients of 2020 Amazon Research Awards. He serves as an Area Chair at NAACL 2021, EMNLP 2021, and NLPCC 2021. He co-organizes the Interactive and Executable Semantic Parsing workshop at EMNLP 2020 which attracted an international audience with 100+ researchers from diverse academic and demographic backgrounds. He has been working on contrastive learning for few-shot named entity recognition (Das et al., 2021) and text generation (Shu et al., 2021). https://ryanzhumich.github.io/

Yangfeng Ji is the William Wulf Assistant Professor in the Department of Computer Science at the University of Virginia, where he leads the Natural Language Processing group. His research interests include building machine learning models for text understanding and generation. His work on entity-driven story generation won an Outstanding Paper Award at NAACL 2018. He is a co-author of an EMNLP 2020 tutorial on The Amazing World of Neural Language Generation. https://yangfengji.net/

Yue Zhang is an Associate Professor at Westlake University. His research interests include NLP and its underlying machine learning algorithms and downstream applications. He was the area chairs of ACL (2017/18/19/20/21), COLING (2014/18), NAACL (2015/19/21), EMNLP (2015/17/19/20), EACL (2021) and IJCAI (2021). He won the best paper awards of IALP (2017), COLING (2018) and best paper honorable mention of SemEval (2020). He is the author of EMNLP 2018 tutorial on Joint models for NLP. https://frcchang.github.io/

Rebecca J. Passonneau is a Professor in the Computer Science and Engineering Department of Penn State University and a co-director of the PSU NLP Lab. Her area of research is natural language processing, with a focus on semantics and pragmatics. Her work is reported in over 130 journal and refereed conference publications. She won a Best Paper Runner Up at NAACL 2010. She is a tutorial co-chair for NAACL 2018. https://sites.psu.edu/becky/

6 Ethics Statement

As contrastive learning often involves data augmentation and manipulation, our ethical consideration mainly focuses on properly dealing with bias in the dataset. As bias and fairness created by contrastive learning algorithms are still under-explored, we will also discuss such relevant topics in the section on future directions.

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