Obstructive sleep apnea

Obstructive sleep apnea is a condition in which individuals experience pauses in breathing (apnea) during sleep, which are associated with partial or complete closure of the throat (upper airway). Complete closure can lead to apnea while partial closure allows breathing but decreases the intake of oxygen (hypopnea).

Individuals with obstructive sleep apnea may experience interrupted sleep with frequent awakenings and loud snoring. Repeated pauses in breathing lead to episodes of lower-than-normal oxygen levels (hypoxemia) and a buildup of carbon dioxide (hypercapnia) in the bloodstream. Interrupted and poor quality sleep can lead to daytime sleepiness and fatigue, impaired attention and memory, headaches, depression, and sexual dysfunction. Daytime sleepiness leads to a higher risk of motor vehicle accidents in individuals with obstructive sleep apnea. Obstructive sleep apnea is also associated with an increased risk of developing insulin resistance, which is an inability to regulate blood sugar levels effectively; high blood pressure (hypertension); heart disease; and stroke.

Frequency

Obstructive sleep apnea is a common condition. It is estimated to affect 2 to 4 percent of children and at least 10 percent of adults worldwide. Males are twice as likely as females to have obstructive sleep apnea.

Causes

The causes of obstructive sleep apnea are often complex. This condition results from a combination of genetic, health, and lifestyle factors, many of which have not been identified. Studies suggest that variations in multiple genes, each with a small effect, combine to increase the risk of developing the condition. However, it is unclear what contribution each of these genetic changes makes to disease risk. Most of the variations have been identified in single studies, and subsequent research has not verified them.

Genes thought to be associated with the development of obstructive sleep apnea are involved in many body processes. These include communication between nerve cells, breathing regulation, control of inflammatory responses by the immune system, development of tissues in the head and face (craniofacial development), the sleep-wake cycle, and appetite control.

Obesity is a major risk factor for obstructive sleep apnea as 60 to 70 percent of individuals with this condition are obese. It is thought that excess fatty tissue in the head and neck constricts airways and abdominal fat may prevent the chest and lungs from fully expanding and relaxing. Other risk factors for obstructive sleep apnea include
alcohol use; frequent nasal congestion; and blockages of the airways, such as by enlarged tonsils.

Obstructive sleep apnea often occurs on its own, without signs and symptoms affecting other parts of the body. However, it can also occur as part of a syndrome, such as mucopolysaccharidosis type I or polycystic ovary syndrome.

Inheritance Pattern
The inheritance pattern of obstructive sleep apnea is unclear. Overall, the risk of developing this condition is about 50 percent greater for first-degree relatives (such as siblings or children) of affected individuals as compared to the general public.

Other Names for This Condition
• apnea, obstructive
• obstructive apnea
• obstructive sleep apnea syndrome
• OSA
• OSAHS
• OSAS
• SAHS
• sleep apnea hypopnea syndrome
• sleep apnea syndrome, obstructive
• sleep apnea, obstructive
• sleep apnea/hypopnea syndrome
• upper airway resistance sleep apnea syndrome

Diagnosis & Management
Genetic Testing Information
• What is genetic testing?
  /primer/testing/genetictesting
• Genetic Testing Registry: Obstructive sleep apnea syndrome
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gtr/conditions/C0520679/

Research Studies from ClinicalTrials.gov
• ClinicalTrials.gov
  https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/results?cond=%22obstructive+sleep+apnea%22
Other Diagnosis and Management Resources

- American Academy of Sleep Medicine: Sleep Apnea--Treatment
  http://sleepeducation.org/essentials-in-sleep/sleep-apnea/treatment

- American Sleep Apnea Association: Sleep Apnea Treatment Options
  https://www.sleepapnea.org/treat/sleep-apnea-treatment-options/

- MedlinePlus Encyclopedia: Obstructive Sleep Apnea--Adults
  https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/000811.htm

- Stanford Children’s Health
  https://www.stanfordchildrens.org/en/topic/default?id=obstructive-sleep-apnea-90-P02026

Additional Information & Resources

Health Information from MedlinePlus

- Encyclopedia: Obstructive Sleep Apnea--Adults
  https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/000811.htm

- Health Topic: Sleep Apnea
  https://medlineplus.gov/sleepapnea.html

Additional NIH Resources

- National Center for Complementary and Integrative Health: Sleep Disorders
  https://www.nccih.nih.gov/health/sleep-disorders-in-depth

- National Heart, Lung, and Blood Institute
  https://www.nhlbi.nih.gov/health-topics/sleep-apnea

- National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke
  https://www.ninds.nih.gov/Disorders/All-Disorders/Sleep-Apnea-Information-Page

- National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke: Brain Basics: Understanding Sleep
  https://www.ninds.nih.gov/Disorders/Patient-Caregiver-Education/Understanding-Sleep

- NIH News in Health: Struggling to Sleep?
  https://newsinhealth.nih.gov/2017/07/struggling-sleep

Educational Resources

- American Academy of Dental Sleep Medicine
  https://www.aadsm.org/obstructive_sleep_apnea.php

- American Academy of Sleep Medicine
  http://sleepeducation.org/essentials-in-sleep/sleep-apnea

- American Thoracic Society: Obstructive Sleep Apnea In Children
  https://www.thoracic.org/patients/patient-resources/resources/osa-in-children.pdf
• American Thoracic Society: What Is Obstructive Sleep Apnea In Adults? 
  https://www.thoracic.org/patients/patient-resources/resources/obstructive-sleep-apnea-in-adults.pdf
• Centers for Disease Control and Prevention: Sleep and Sleep Disorders 
  https://www.cdc.gov/sleep/index.html
• Children's Hospital of Philadelphia 
  https://www.chop.edu/conditions-diseases/obstructive-sleep-apnea
• KidsHealth from Nemours 
  https://kidshealth.org/en/parents/apnea.html
• MalaCards: apnea, obstructive sleep 
  https://www.malacards.org/card/apnea_obstructive_sleep
• Merck Manual Consumer Version 
  https://www.merckmanuals.com/home/lung-and-airway-disorders/sleep-apnea/sleep-apnea

Patient Support and Advocacy Resources
• American Lung Association 
  https://www.lung.org/lung-health-diseases/lung-disease-lookup/sleep-apnea
• American Sleep Apnea Association 
  https://www.sleepapnea.org/learn/sleep-apnea/obstructive-sleep-apnea/

Scientific Articles on PubMed
• PubMed 
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=%28Sleep+Apnea,+Obstructive%5BMAJR%5D%29+AND+%28obstructive+sleep+apnea%5BTI%5D%29+AND+review%5Bpt%5D+AND+english%5Bla%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D+AND+%22last+720+days%22%5Bdp%5D

Catalog of Genes and Diseases from OMIM
• APNEA, OBSTRUCTIVE SLEEP 
  http://omim.org/entry/107650

Medical Genetics Database from MedGen
• Obstructive sleep apnea syndrome 
  https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/medgen/101045
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