THE IMPLEMENTATION OF BLENDED LEARNING-BASED MODEL
E-LEARNING MOODLE

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Abstract
The objectives of this study are: 1) Implementing blended learning model based on e-learning Moodle into learning; 2) whether the blended learning model based on Moodle e-learning can improve learning achievement. The type of research in this research is descriptive-exploratory qualitative, which explores all the things that are in the processing of questions and answers to students' steps and explores the results of the interview survey with students. The subjects in this study were 21 class B students. The research instruments were tests, surveys, questionnaires, and interviews. The results of research and discussion show the implementation of the lecture process, face to face with zoom meeting, presence in applications, assignments, and testing. From the results of the research and discussion, it is concluded that: 1) the blended learning model based on e-learning Moodle has been successfully implemented into linear learning program courses, 2) From the results of tests, questionnaires, surveys and interviews with e-based blended learning model students -learning moodle has increased their achievement and enthusiasm for learning

Keywords: Blended learning; e-learning moodle; implementation.

INTRODUCTION
The essence of learning is a process of communication in the form of oral communication between students and educators as well as between fellow students in the context of changing attitudes and behavior. (Jihad & Haris, 2013); (Sari, 2019). Through the learning process, they together become actors in the implementation of
effective learning objectives, namely learning that makes it easier for students to learn something useful such as facts, skills, values, concepts, and how to live in harmony with others, or a desired learning outcome.

The blended learning model combines two types of learning, namely e-learning or online learning and face-to-face learning. Online learning is meant by utilizing the internet network which consists of website-based learning which is also known as learning in the network. This blended learning is a combination of multimedia-based technology development, CD ROM, streaming video, email, voice mail and others by combining face-to-face learning in class. Face-to-face learning gives students the opportunity to ask questions or problems related to the material taught by the teacher. This online learning or also called distance learning, where teachers / lecturers and students can do learning outside of school / campus even though educators and students are not in one room or not face to face. Lecturers give tutorials or teachers give assignments to students which sources of subject matter can be accessed on the internet. (Musa dalam (Abdullah, 2018); (Idris, 2018)).

The blended learning model combines face-to-face learning with the help of Information and Communication Technology (ICT) with advantages, namely: 1) students interact directly with the content of learning, 2) can interact with friends, 3) discuss groups and exchanging opinions, 4) accessing e-libraries, virtual classes, 5) online assessments, 6) e-tuitions, 7) accessing and maintaining learning blogs, 8) online seminars (webinars), 9) seeing expert lecturers on YouTube, 10) online learning via video and audio, 11) virtual laboratory. (Manggabarani et al., 2016); (Wardani et al., 2018); (Rachman et al., 2019).

The composition of blended learning that is often used is the 50/50 pattern, in the time allocation available 50% face-to-face 50% online learning, some also use the 75/25 pattern, meaning 75% face-to-face meetings 25% online learning, and there are also those who apply 25/75, 25% use face-to-face learning 75% use online learning. In using this pattern, it depends on the competency analysis required, subject objectives, learner characteristics, learner characteristics and abilities and available resources. However, the main consideration in designing the composition of learning is the provision of suitable learning resources for various characteristics of learners so that learning becomes attractive, effective and efficient. In this study, a composition of 25% face to face and 75% online was used. (Amin, 2017); (Hidayat et al., 2020).

Moodle LMS is software that functions to provide facilities and an Internet-based learning environment. With a web interface, Moodle has features that are complete enough to present courses where teachers can upload learning materials. In this case, the application made uses the cloud computing model. Cloud computing is a model that allows ubiquitous computing to be done on-demand by accessing the network to compute resources, such as storage. Students can log in to the Moodle system, then choose the course provided or do enrollment. With this application, the activities of students in Moodle can be continuously monitored. (Rizal & Walidain, 2019); (Azis, 2015).

In connection with the need for innovation, it is necessary to develop an alternative learning, namely Moodle e-
learning with the objectives of the research are: 1) implementing Moodle e-learning based blended learning model into learning; 2) whether the blended learning model based on Moodle e-learning can improve learning achievement; 3) the magnitude of the increase in learning achievement with the blended learning model based on e-learning moodle.

**METHODS**

The type of research in this research is descriptive-explorative qualitative, which explores all the things that are in the processing of the questions and the steps for the answers of students and explores the results of the interview survey with students.

The research stages started from the application of blended learning based on e-learning moodle, then written test activities, class surveys, distributing questionnaires, and giving response sheets to students. Written tests are used to see how their learning outcomes are, class surveys to survey teaching and learning activities during learning, questionnaires are distributed to see how enthusiastic they are in learning, and response sheets are used to see the extent to which students' positive responses use this e-learning moodle-based blended learning model.

The subjects in this study were 21 students of the B class linear program of the Mathematics Education Study Program, FKIP Tanjungpura University.

Data collection techniques with tests, surveys, observations, and responses. Test data is used to obtain written learning outcomes tests, surveys to survey ongoing learning, written questionnaires to see students' enthusiasm for learning, and responses to see how successful the implementation of this learning model.

The research instruments were written tests, survey tests, questionnaire sheets, and student response tests.

The data analysis technique was analyzed by descriptive-explorative statistics. According to (Sugiyono, 2017), descriptive-exploratory statistics is exploring all the data that has been collected by describing or describing the data used as they are without intending to make general conclusions or generalizations. Data from the results of written tests, surveys, questionnaires, and responses were then explored descriptively to get conclusions according to the problem formulation.

**RESULTS AND DISCUSSION**

To find out student learning outcomes, a test of learning outcomes was carried out. The result of the test can be seen in Table 1.

| No | Name | Score |
|----|------|-------|
| 1  | Af   | 80,50 |
| 2  | Ag   | 75,38 |
| 3  | Ai   | 71,50 |
| 4  | Am   | 75,00 |
| 5  | An   | 75,00 |
| 6  | As   | 75,50 |
| 7  | Az   | 80,88 |
| 8  | Ca   | 72,00 |
| 9  | Jf   | 75,50 |
| 10 | Ks   | 73,50 |
| 11 | Kt   | 73,50 |
| 12 | Md   | 74,75 |
| 13 | N    | 75,00 |
| 14 | Na   | 80,88 |
| 15 | Ni   | 75,50 |
| 16 | Nu   | 75,00 |
| 17 | Rp   | 74,38 |
| 18 | Vi   | 80,50 |
| 19 | Vn   | 75,50 |
| 20 | Wh   | 82,88 |
| 21 | Wi   | 73,50 |

Sumber: siakad.untan.ac.id
From the data in Table 1, then processed with SPSS 24. The result of statistical test can be seen in Table 2.

| Table 2. Statistical test results |
|-----------------------------------|
| N Statistic | Range Statistic | Minimum Statistic | Maximum Statistic |
| Score       | 21              | 11.38              | 71.50              |

| Valid N | 21 |

| Mean Statistic | Variance Statistic |
|----------------|--------------------|
| Score          | 76.0071            |
| Statistic      | 0.69012            |
| Deviation Statistic | 3.15254 |
| Statistic      | 10.002             |

From the results of the statistical test in Table 2, it is described that the mean is 76.00 with a standard deviation of 3.16 which is in accordance with the assessment target. The survey results show an average result of 78% in the good category. The results of the questionnaire showed 89 results in the satisfactory category. From the results of student responses obtained an average of 76%.

Moodle is one of LMS type that is most often used in the learning process because it considered capable of supporting the achievement of learning success. The advantages that can be obtained by using Moodle e-Learning include time and cost efficiency, easy of access and features, flexibility of study schedules, increasing independence of students, increasing student motivation, easy of providing assessments, and accommodating many media. This convenience and advantage is in line with the advantages of using LMS in learning. (Palandi et al., 2017); (Hakim, 2013).

Therefore, many campuses try to apply e-learning in the learning process. One of them is Tanjungpura University which is the location of research by taking linear program courses as the material to be studied using the Moodle e-learning. In line with the blended learning model, universities develop e-learning Moodle as the medium. By using an internet connection, the benefits of e-learning with Moodle as a learning medium can be used as a trigger to attract students' interest in the learning process. The Moodle application is functionally known as the Course Management System or Learning Management System (LMS). Moodle is short for Modular Object Oriented Dynamic Learning Environment (Azis, 2015); (Muhammad, 2017).

The elements contained in the e-learning system include questions, community, online instructors, opportunities to work together, and multimedia. The characteristics of e-learning in the learning process are utilizing electronic technology services, taking advantage of computer advantages, using independent teaching materials stored on computers, utilizing learning schedules, curricula, results of learning progress and matters related to educational administration can be seen at any time on computers, and materials designed and prepared by professional materials builders. (Raharja et al., 2011); (Irawan & Surjono, 2018).

Some of Moodle view consist of teaching and learning process until evaluation and also the opening part can be seen in Figure 1 until 3. All figures present every important part of learning by using Blended Learning process. Learning process by using Blended Learning runs smoothly and goes well.
Figure 1. Blended learning based on e learning moodle in the lecture process

Figure 2. The process of assigning tasks in moodle e-learning

Figure 3. Process and assessment of 21 students' exam using moodle e-learning
Discussion of the implementation results with the application of e-learning that has been carried out, obtained data from the results of a questionnaire about student attitudes towards linear program courses using blended learning model based on e-learning moodle obtained questionnaire data about student attitudes with satisfactory criteria. While student activities were obtained through surveys and response data to the learning process obtained through questionnaires to determine the practicality of the media. The research data on the response of students' attitudes to the blended learning model based on e-learning moodle showed that the average student response rate was 76.00%.

The research data on student activity in using the blended learning model based on e-learning Moodle shows that the activity most accessed by students is downloading teaching materials, namely 15 students, uploading assignments of 21 students and taking quizzes of 20 students and filled out a questionnaire of 20 students. This means that from a maximum of 21 students, almost all of them have been actively involved in learning.

All lecturer activities use e-learning moodle, namely face-to-face using the zoom meeting in e-learning, presence in the application, the lecture process uses the application, collection of assignments in the application, even MID and UAS have been formatted in the application. By implementing a blended learning model based on e-learning moodle, there was an increase in learning achievement from the initial average of 70 to 76 and a positive response of 76%.

From the results of previous studies, obtained 1) The results of Aditia Rachman et al's research by applying the blended learning model in three stages all have increased with student responses reaching 78% (Rachman et al., 2019) and 2) the results of Deni Darmawan et al's research by applying Moodle and Facebook e-learning obtained expert validation of 93.33%, the percentage of products was 90.42%, and there was a significant increase when applied to ICT subjects (Darmawan & Bariyah, 2014). This indicates that the Moodle-based blended learning model is very suitable for use in learning in higher education.

CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

From the results of the research and discussion, it is concluded that: 1) the blended learning model based on e-learning Moodle has been successfully implemented into linear learning program courses, 2) From the results of tests, questionnaires, surveys and interviews with e-based blended learning model students -learning moodle has increased their achievement and enthusiasm for learning.

The suggestion in this research is that lecturers and students and institutions support each other in increasing understanding of ICT continuously towards the Industrial Revolution Era 4.0.

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