The eGVHD App has the potential to improve the accuracy of graft-versus-host disease assessment: a multicenter randomized controlled trial

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Supplemental methods

Sample and setting – Workshop description

The workshop lasted 90 to 120 minutes. It consisted of an introduction to the eGVHD App project, a short tutorial to train the “APP” group in the basic functionalities of the eGVHD App and the completion of a demographics, practice patterns and technology acceptance survey (“Survey 1”) by all participants. Both groups then received the GvHD test package and recorded their answers individually. This was followed by a usability survey (“Survey 2”) restricted to the “APP” group. The workshop concluded with a discussion of the correct answers of the test package and a summary of the most current recommendations for GvHD assessment.

Data collection points, randomization procedure and blinding

All data collection was performed during the workshop using pen and paper. Allocation to the intervention arm (“APP” group) was random and stratified. More specifically, randomization was done at the arrival of study participants based on pre-formatted randomization sheets (www.randomization.com) and order of arrival. We used randomly permuted blocks, with block sizes of 2, to compensate for the low number of participants per center. Stratification was based on professional background: (1) senior physicians (board certified hematologists), (2) junior physicians (medical doctors training in internal medicine or hematology), (3) data managers or research nurses specialized in HCT data entry or (4) other (e.g. medical students or nurses with no specific GvHD evaluation expertise). Blinding was not feasible due to the nature of the intervention.

Outcome measures – Planned sub-analyses

We planned the following sub-analyses: (1) to compare the difference in diagnosis accuracy between both groups, (2) to test for the App-effect on the accuracy of the severity scoring conditional on a GvHD diagnosis being acute (aGvHD) and chronic (cGvHD), (3) to verify whether the effect of the App depended on the type of GvHD, the severity of GvHD, professional background or center, (4) to compare the inter-rater reliability and (5) to compare the time needed to complete the full test package between both groups.
Variables and measurements

**Gold Standard**

Prior to this study, four GvHD experts (SZP, DW, AI and SJL) determined the correct diagnosis and severity score of each vignette, based on the MAGIC criteria\(^1\) for acute GvHD and the NIH 2014 guidelines\(^2\) for chronic GvHD by evaluating the ten clinical vignettes independently and returning their GvHD assessment separately to the principal investigator. The ‘gold standard’ for diagnosis and severity scoring corresponded to the answer given by at least three of the four experts. When an expert disagreed with the consensus of the other three experts, this expert was contacted separately to confirm that he/she agreed with the ‘gold standard’ answer given by the rest of the group.

Experts were healthcare professionals active in the field of allogeneic HCT, co-authors of at least one publication in the field of clinical GvHD and active members of an international GvHD consortium or working group.

**Post-test user satisfaction and experience**

Briefly, the TAM consists of six statements, referring to the extent to which the user believes the technology will improve his work performance. Statements are rated on a 7-point Likert-like scale (1= ‘extremely unlikely’ to 7= ‘extremely likely’). A median score is calculated for each item separately, with higher scores reflecting higher perceived usefulness. The PSSUQ is a 19-item questionnaire using 7-point Likert-like scales (1= ‘strongly agree’ to 7= ‘strongly disagree’), with three subscales reflecting system usefulness (items 1-8), information quality (items 9-15) and interface quality (items 16-18), respectively. PSSUQ scores are presented as median total and subscale scores, with lower scores reflecting higher user satisfaction.

**Statistical analysis**

Results were analyzed with IBM SPSS statistics version 24 and R version 3.3.3 according to the ‘intention to treat’ principle. Missing results were reported as such. Descriptive results were reported using a measure of central tendency and a measure of dispersion, as appropriate. The probability of a correct answer was compared between both groups using a mixed effects logistic regression model, for diagnosis and severity score separately. The model contained fixed effects of group (“App” versus “No App”) and professional background (the stratification variable in the randomization) and random effects of center and workshop participant. These random effects were included to handle the correlation between the workshop
participants belonging to the same center, and between the ten answers given by the same workshop participant, respectively. Odds ratio’s and 95% confidence intervals (CI) for the effect of group were reported. To verify whether the effect of the App depended on the type of the GvHD, the severity of the GvHD, professional background or center, interaction terms were added in separate models. Inter-observer agreement of the severity was evaluated by using the Brennan-Prediger’s kappa coefficient (K_{BP}) which ranges between zero (no agreement) and one (perfect agreement). This coefficient evaluates the raters’ agreement for nominal scales with more than two categories and takes into account the fact that agreement could have occurred by chance. This version of the kappa is reported instead of the classical Fleiss-Cohen kappa, since the latter is not appropriate for comparisons of conditions having a difference in distribution. Kappa’s are compared between both groups using an approach presented by Gwet and colleagues. The time needed to score the vignettes was compared between both groups using a linear mixed model, with the same fixed and random effects as in the aforementioned logistic regression model.
### Supplementary Table 1:

**Characteristics of Centers Performing Allogeneic HCT in Belgium and Participating in the Study**

| Center | Academic Center | total HCT per year | 1st alloHCT per year | % activity in Belgium | total number of participants | Senior MD | Junior MD | Data managers | Other |
|--------|----------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------------|-------|
| 1      | yes            | 130                | 76                   | 82%                   | 20                          | 8         | 8         | 4             | 0     |
| 2      | yes            | 95                 | 57                   |                       | 13                          | 5         | 4         | 3             | 1     |
| 3      | no             | 87                 | 33                   |                       | 8                           | 3         | 2         | 1             | 2     |
| 4      | yes            | 74                 | 34                   |                       | 7                           | 4         | 1         | 1             | 1     |
| 5      | yes            | 79                 | 49                   |                       | 13                          | 6         | 3         | 4             | 0     |
| 6      | yes            | 57                 | 20                   |                       | 8                           | 7         | 0         | 1             | 0     |
| 7      | yes            | 93                 | 43                   |                       | 8                           | 4         | 3         | 1             | 0     |
| 8      | no             | 39                 | 17                   | 18%                   | Declined                    | NA        | NA        | NA            | NA    |
| 9      | yes            | 47                 | 26                   | 18%                   | Declined                    | NA        | NA        | NA            | NA    |
| 10     | yes            | 31                 | 12                   | 18%                   | Declined                    | NA        | NA        | NA            | NA    |
| 11     | no             | 35                 | 15                   | 18%                   | Declined                    | NA        | NA        | NA            | NA    |

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HCT: hematopoietic stem cell transplantation; alloHCT: allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplantation; MD: medical doctor
| Vignette | Description of the Clinical Vignette                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Diagnosis            | Severity Scoring |
|----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| 1        | 1. A female adult patient receives an allogeneic stem cell transplantation for a myelodysplasia. Her post transplantation period is uneventful, but 9 months after transplantation she develops:  
• a red inflammatory rash on both arms, one month after discontinuation of immunosuppression.  
• There are no other abnormal signs or symptoms and her pulmonary function lab results are normal.  
• A biopsy of the skin of the forearm is suggestive for GVHD (likely GVHD - apoptosis in epidermal basal layer).                                                                 | Late acute GVHD      | Grade I          |
| 2        | A female adult patient receives an allogeneic stem cell transplantation for a chronic myeloid leukemia. Her pre-transplantation evaluation is unremarkable. Around day 90, she develops:  
• dyspnea when walking on flat ground.  
• A pulmonary evaluation reveals a newly decreased FEV1* of 65%, with a FEV1/VC ratio** of 0.65 and a RV*** of 110%.  
• Air trapping is present on high resolution CT scan of the lungs.  
• Infections of the respiratory tract are excluded by a normal bronchial aspirate evaluation and her cardiac function is normal.  
• Her clinical exam and laboratory results are perfectly normal except for xerostomia (dry mouth), without impact on her oral intake. | Classic Chronic GVHD | Moderate         |
|   | Four months after receiving an allogeneic stem cell transplantation, a female adult patient presents with:  
  • anorexia, daily vomiting and an unintentional weight loss of about 15% of her pre-transplantation weight.  
  • There are no other abnormal signs or symptoms and her lab results and pulmonary function tests are normal.  
  • A stomach biopsy confirms GVHD (likely GVHD - gastric pit apoptosis). | Late acute GVHD | Grade II |
|---|---|---|---|
| 4 | Four weeks after receiving an allogeneic stem cell transplantation, a male adult patient presents with:  
  • an itchy erythematous rash involving the head and neck, and anorexia with major diarrhea (10x/day, about 2000ml/day) but no abdominal pain.  
  • A colonoscopy confirms GVHD by biopsy (likely GVHD - crypt apoptosis in the intestines) and excludes a concomitant infection or drug toxicity.  
  • His lab results are normal except for a low albumin and slightly elevated creatinine.  
  • His pulmonary function tests are normal. | Classic acute GVHD | Grade III |
| 5 | A female adult patient, 6 months after her allogeneic stem cell transplantation, develops:  
  • two patches of morphea-like lesions (patches of leather-like, shiny skin) on the lower back (diameter 5cm)  
  • with an elevation of liver enzymes (ALT, AST, AP and GGT a little more than 3x the upper normal limit), without other potential confounding cause.  
  • Her pulmonary function tests are normal.  
  • She reports dyspareunia (painful intercourse) and a gynecological exam reveals vaginal adhesions and scarring. | Overlap Chronic GVHD | SEVERE |
|   |   | Two months after receiving an allogeneic stem cell transplantation, a male adult patient develops: |   |
|---|---|-------------------------------------------------|---|
|   |   | • relatively frequent diarrhea episodes (4 times/ a day) accompanied with very severely painful abdominal cramps. |   |
|   |   | • A colonoscopy confirms GVHD by biopsy (likely GVHD – apoptosis in enterocytes and destruction of crypt architecture) and excludes a concomitant infection / drug toxicity. |   |
|   |   | • His body weight is unchanged. |   |
|   |   | • Liver enzymes are slightly elevated (ALT, AST, AP and GGT slightly more than twice the upper normal limit) and bilirubin is 3.5 mg/dL, without argument for infection, drug toxicity or veno-occlusive disease. |   |
|   |   | • Except for fatigue, there are no other abnormal signs or symptoms and the rest of his lab results are normal. |   |
|   |   | • His pulmonary function tests are normal. |   |
|   |   |   |   |
|   |   | Classic acute GVHD | Grade IV |
| 7 | A male adult patient receives an allogeneic stem cell transplantation. Ten months later, he feels fine but he reports:  
• frequent muscle cramps and has noticed that some movements have become more difficult: an increasing tightness in his lower back, arms and legs is making it more difficult to his daily jog and pick up items on the ground.  
• On clinical exam, the extension of the arms and the flexion of the wrist are somewhat decreased and the ankles moderately swollen without inflammatory features.  
• No other clinical abnormalities are found than new lichen sclerosus-like changes (white patches of firm thickened/crinkled skin with a tendency to scar) that have appeared on the penis.  
• An electromyography is normal. His laboratory exams are normal, including muscle enzymes.  
• His pulmonary function tests are normal. | Classic Chronic GVHD | Moderate |
|---|---|---|---|
| 8 | Three months after her transplantation, a female adult allogeneic transplantation recipient presents with:  
• two new painful ulcerations in the mouth. Oral exam reveals lichen planus like changes and 1.5cm wide ulcerations. Microbial examination for candida and herpes are negative.  
• Weight is stable but the patient no longer tolerates sparkling drinks. Oral intake is preserved.  
• The rest of her clinical exam, pulmonary function tests and lab results are unremarkable. | Classic Chronic GVHD | MILD |
| 9 | A male adult patient, five months after receiving an allogeneic stem cell transplantation, develops:  
• a new maculopapular inflammatory red rash on the hands and feet. | Overlap Chronic GVHD | MILD |
• He also notices that his nails have become brittle and his eyes are more sensitive than before.
• The ophthalmologist confirms signs of keratoconjunctivitis sicca with a slit lamp examination. Shirmer’s test shows a 3mm tear production after 5 minutes.
• His ocular problems are totally relieved by using artificial teardrops twice a day.
• Further exams reveal normal pulmonary function tests, an unremarkable clinical exam (except for the rash and dystrophic nails).
• He has normal laboratory results except for slightly elevated alkaline phosphatase (AP) which are a little over twice the upper normal limit (2x ULN).

10 Twelve months after her allogeneic stem cell transplantation, a female adult patient develops:
• difficulties with swallowing due to non-painful xerostomia (dry mouth) and the impression that food remains stuck when she swallows.
• Her weight remains stable but she needs to chew abnormally long and drink along almost all of her solid food intakes.
• A gastroscopy confirms the presence of a new stenosis of the upper esophagus, which is successfully dilated but no biopsies are taken.
• Her other clinical, laboratory and pulmonary function test evaluations are normal, except for some superficial sclerosis bilaterally in the lower arms and legs.

| 10 | Classic Chronic GVHD | SEVERE |
|---|---|---|

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* FEV1 = forced expiratory volume in one second
**FEV1/VC = Tiffeneau index or forced expiratory volume in one second divided by vital capacity
***RV = residual volume
Supplementary Table 3: Full Binary (Correct vs Incorrect) Results of Participants for Individual GvHD vignettes

LEGEND
* missing results were considered as being incorrect; v.s.: versus; Δ: difference between
### Supplementary Table 3: Full Binary (correct vs. incorrect) Results of Participants for Individual GvHD Vignettes

| Vignette number | Gold Standard Diagnosis | Participant Diagnosis* | All participants | "APP" group | "NO APP" group | Δ "App" vs. "No App" (%) Correct Diagnosis | Gold Standard Severity Scoring | Participant Severity Scoring | All participants | "APP" group | "NO APP" group | Δ "App" vs. "No App" (%) Correct Severity Scoring |
|-----------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|-------------|----------------|--------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|-------------|----------------|---------------------------------------------|
| 1               | Late acute GVHD         | correct                | 69 (89.6%)      | 33 (89.2%) | 36 (90%)       | - 0.8%                                     | Grade I                       | correct              | 62 (80.5%)      | 33 (89.2%) | 29 (73.5%) | + 16.7%                                     |
|                 |                         | incorrect              | 8 (10.4%)       | 4 (10.8%)  | 4 (10%)        |                                            | Grade II                      | incorrect            | 15 (19.5%)      | 4 (10.8%)  | 11 (27.5%) | + 72.5%                                     |
| 2               | Late acute GVHD         | correct                | 60 (77.9%)      | 37 (100%)  | 23 (57.5%)     | + 42.5%                                     |                               |                      | 48 (62.3%)      | 37 (100%)  | 11 (27.5%) | + 72.5%                                     |
|                 |                         | incorrect              | 17 (22.1%)      | 0 (0%)     | 17 (42.5%)     |                                            |                               |                      | 29 (37.7%)      | 0 (0%)     | 29 (73.5%) |                                            |
| 3               | Classic acute GVHD      | correct                | 72 (93.5%)      | 34 (91.9%) | 38 (95%)       | - 3.1%                                     |                               |                      | 62 (80.5%)      | 35 (94.6%) | 27 (67.5%) | + 27.1%                                     |
|                 |                         | incorrect              | 5 (6.5%)        | 3 (8.1%)   | 2 (5%)         |                                            |                               |                      | 15 (19.5%)      | 2 (5.4%)   | 13 (32.5%) |                                            |
| 4               | Classic acute GVHD      | correct                | 75 (97.4%)      | 37 (100%)  | 38 (95%)       | + 5%                                       |                               |                      | 40 (51.9%)      | 33 (89.2%) | 7 (17.5%)  | + 71.7%                                     |
|                 |                         | incorrect              | 2 (2.6%)        | 0 (0%)     | 2 (5%)         |                                            |                               |                      | 37 (48.1%)      | 4 (10.8%)  | 33 (82.5%) |                                            |
| 5               | Classic Chronic GVHD    | correct                | 68 (88.3%)      | 36 (97.3%) | 32 (80%)       | + 22.1%                                     | Mild                          | correct              | 39 (50.6%)      | 19 (51.3%) | 20 (50%)   | + 1.3%                                      |
|                 |                         | incorrect              | 9 (11.7%)       | 2 (5.4%)   | 11 (27.5%)     |                                            | Mild                          | incorrect            | 38 (49.4%)      | 18 (48.6%) | 20 (50%)   |                                            |
| 6               | Classic Chronic GVHD    | correct                | 66 (85.7%)      | 35 (94.6%) | 31 (77.5%)     | + 17.1%                                     |                               |                      | 42 (54.5%)      | 30 (81.1%) | 12 (30%)   | + 51.1%                                     |
|                 |                         | incorrect              | 11 (14.3%)      | 2 (5.4%)   | 9 (22.5%)      |                                            |                               |                      | 35 (45.5%)      | 7 (18.9%)  | 28 (70%)   |                                            |
| 7               | Classic Chronic GVHD    | correct                | 72 (93.5%)      | 36 (97.3%) | 36 (90%)       | + 7.3%                                     | Moderate                      | correct              | 48 (62.3%)      | 32 (86.5%) | 16 (40%)   | + 46.5%                                     |
|                 |                         | incorrect              | 5 (6.5%)        | 1 (2.7%)   | 4 (10%)        |                                            | Moderate                      | incorrect            | 29 (37.7%)      | 5 (13.5%)  | 24 (60%)   |                                            |
| 8               | Overlap Chronic GVHD    | correct                | 68 (88.3%)      | 36 (97.3%) | 32 (80%)       | + 17.3%                                     |                               |                      | 53 (68.8%)      | 29 (78.4%) | 24 (60%)   | + 18.4%                                     |
|                 |                         | incorrect              | 9 (11.7%)       | 2 (5.4%)   | 8 (20%)        |                                            |                               |                      | 24 (31.2%)      | 8 (21.6%)  | 16 (40%)   |                                            |
| 9               | Overlap Chronic GVHD    | correct                | 72 (93.5%)      | 37 (100%)  | 35 (87.5%)     | + 12.5%                                     | Severe                        | correct              | 41 (53.2%)      | 29 (78.4%) | 12 (30%)   | + 48.4%                                     |
|                 |                         | incorrect              | 5 (6.5%)        | 0 (0%)     | 5 (12.5%)      |                                            | Severe                        | incorrect            | 36 (46.7%)      | 8 (21.6%)  | 28 (70%)   |                                            |
| 10              | Classic Chronic GVHD    | correct                | 74 (96.1%)      | 37 (100%)  | 37 (92.5%)     | + 7.5%                                     |                               |                      | 40 (51.9%)      | 25 (67.6%) | 15 (37.5%) | + 30.1%                                     |
|                 |                         | incorrect              | 3 (3.9%)        | 0 (0%)     | 3 (7.5%)       |                                            |                               |                      | 37 (48.1%)      | 12 (32.4%) | 25 (62.5%) |                                            |

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* missing results were considered as being incorrect

v.s.: versus; Δ: difference between

**Grade I**
- Mild
- Moderate
- Severe

**Grade II**
- Mild
- Moderate
- Severe

**Grade III**
- Mild
- Moderate
- Severe

**Grade IV**
- Mild
- Moderate
- Severe
Supplementary Table 4: Post-test User experience and Usability Data ("APP" group only)

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IQR: inter quartile range; TAM: Technology Assessment Model; PSSUQ: Post-Study System Usability Questionnaire
## Supplementary Table 4: Post-test User Experience and Usability Data ("APP" group only)

### Perceived Usefulness – TAM median score

| Using the "EBMT GVHD app" would... | n  | 5 (IQR 2; range: 2-7) | 6 (IQR 1; range: 5-7) | 5 (IQR 1; range: 3-7) | 6 (IQR 1; range: 4-7) | 6 (IQR 1; range: 4-7) |
|------------------------------------|----|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Enable me to accomplish tasks more quickly. | 37 |                      |                      |                      |                      |                      |
| Improve my job performance.        | 37 |                      |                      |                      |                      |                      |
| Increase my productivity.          | 37 |                      |                      |                      |                      |                      |
| Enhance my effectiveness on the job.| 37 |                      |                      |                      |                      |                      |
| Make it easier to do my job.       | 37 |                      |                      |                      |                      |                      |
| I would find the "EBMT GVHD app" useful in my job. | 37 |                      |                      |                      |                      |                      |

### System Usability – PSSUQ median score

| System use subscale score | n  | 2 (IQR 1; range 1-3) | 2 (IQR 1; range 1-5) | 2 (IQR 1; range 1-6) | 2 (IQR 1; range 1-5) | 2 (IQR 1; range 1-5) |
|---------------------------|----|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 1. Overall, I am satisfied with how easy it is to use this system. | 36 |                      |                      |                      |                      |                      |
| 2. It was simple to use this system. | 36 |                      |                      |                      |                      |                      |
| 3. I could effectively complete the tasks and scenarios using this system. | 36 |                      |                      |                      |                      |                      |
| 4. I was able to complete the tasks and scenarios quickly using this system | 36 |                      |                      |                      |                      |                      |
| 5. I was able to efficiently complete the tasks and scenarios quickly using this system. | 36 |                      |                      |                      |                      |                      |
| 6. I felt comfortable using this system. | 36 |                      |                      |                      |                      |                      |
| 7. It was easy to learn to use this system. | 36 | 1.5 (IQR 1; range 1-5) |                      |                      |                      |                      |
| 8. I believe I could become productive quickly using this system. | 36 |                      |                      |                      |                      |                      |

### Information quality subscale score

| Information quality subscale score | n  | 2 (IQR 1; range 1-3) | 2 (IQR 1; range 1-6) | 2 (IQR 1; range 1-5) | 2 (IQR 0; range 1-3) | 2 (IQR 1; range 1-3) |
|------------------------------------|----|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 9. The system gave error messages that clearly told me how to fix problems. | 26 |                      |                      |                      |                      |                      |
| 10. Whenever I made a mistake using the system, I could recover easily and quickly. | 34 |                      |                      |                      |                      |                      |
| 11. The information provided with this system was clear. | 36 |                      |                      |                      |                      |                      |
| 12. It was easy to find the information I needed. | 29 |                      |                      |                      |                      |                      |
| 13. The information provided for the system was easy to understand. | 35 |                      |                      |                      |                      |                      |
| 14. The information was effective in helping me complete the tasks and scenarios. | 35 |                      |                      |                      |                      |                      |
| 15. The organization of information on the system screens was clear. | 36 |                      |                      |                      |                      |                      |

### Interface quality subscale score

| Interface quality subscale score | n  | 2 (IQR 1; range 1-3) |
|----------------------------------|----|---------------------|
| 16. The interface (= items you use to interact with the system e.g. screen, mouse, keyboard,...) of this system was pleasant. | 35 |                      |
| 17. I liked using the interface of this system. | 35 |                      |
| 18. This system has all the functions and capabilities I expect it to have. | 36 |                      |

### Overall PSSUQ (items 1-19)

| Overall PSSUQ (items 1-19) | n  | 2 (IQR 0.4; range 1-3) |
|-----------------------------|----|------------------------|
| 19. Overall, I am satisfied with this system. | 36 |                      |

### Predicted use

| Reported level of likelihood of using the app in the future (Likert scale 1 (lowest)-10 (highest)) | n  | 8 (IQR 3; range: 1-10) |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|------------------------|
| 20. The system gave error messages that clearly told me how to fix problems.                      | 26 |                      |
| 21. Whenever I made a mistake using the system, I could recover easily and quickly.                 | 34 |                      |
| 22. The information provided with this system was clear.                                           | 36 |                      |
| 23. It was easy to find the information I needed.                                                  | 29 |                      |
| 24. The information provided for the system was easy to understand.                               | 35 |                      |
| 25. The information was effective in helping me complete the tasks and scenarios.                  | 35 |                      |
| 26. The organization of information on the system screens was clear.                              | 36 |                      |

### Actual use

| Reported level of comfort using the app in English (Likert scale 1 (lowest)-10 (highest)) | n  | 9 (IQR 2.5; range: 3-10) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|--------------------------|
| 27. Overall, I am satisfied with this system.                                             | 36 |                      |

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IQR: inter quartile range; TAM: Technology Assessment Model; PSSUQ: Post-Study System Usability Questionnaire
**Supplemental Figures**

Supplementary Figure 1 – The superiority of the eGVHD App in GvHD assessment is similar regardless of **center effect** for diagnosis (A) and severity scoring (B)

Supplementary Figure 2 – The superiority of the eGVHD App in GvHD assessment is similar regardless of **professional background** for diagnosis (A) and severity scoring (B)

Supplementary Figure 3 – The superiority of the eGVHD App in GvHD assessment is similar regardless of the **age category** of the user for diagnosis (A) and severity scoring (B)

Supplementary Figure 4 – The superiority of the eGVHD App in GvHD assessment is similar regardless of the **user self-reported experience with GvHD assessment** for diagnosis (A) and severity scoring (B)

Legend supplementary Figure 4:
User experience with GvHD assessment was categorized according to the number of HCT patients the health care professionals reported to evaluate per week: “very low” experience (less than one HCT patient per week), “low” (1 to 6 weekly contacts with HCT patients), “moderate” experience (7 to 15 weekly contacts with HCT patients); “high” experience (more than 15 weekly contacts with HCT patients)

Supplementary Figure 5 – The superiority of the eGVHD App in GvHD assessment is similar regardless of the **user self-reported comfort with GvHD assessment guidelines** for diagnosis (A) and severity scoring (B)

Legend supplementary Figure 5:
User self-reported comfort with GvHD assessment guidelines was categorized based on the pre-test survey question “How comfortable are you with using the above mentioned criteria in your daily practice on a Likert scale of 1-10 (1= Not at all comfortable; 10= extremely comfortable)”: “low” comfort (response 4 or less), “moderate” comfort (response between 5 and 7), “high” comfort (response 8 or above).
A. GvHD Diagnosis

Median number of correctly diagnosed vignettes

| Center | APP (n=37) | No APP (n=40) |
|--------|------------|---------------|
| Center 1 | 9.5        | 6            |
| Center 2 | 10         | 6.5          |
| Center 3 | 8          | 7            |
| Center 4 | 9          | 7            |
| Center 5 | 9.5        | 6            |
| Center 6 | 9          | 5            |
| Center 7 | 6.5        | 5.5          |

B. GvHD Severity Scoring

Median number of correctly scored vignettes

| Center | APP (n=37) | No APP (n=40) |
|--------|------------|---------------|
| Center 1 | 8          | 3.5           |
| Center 2 | 9          | 5.5           |
| Center 3 | 9          | 5.5           |
| Center 4 | 9          | 5             |
| Center 5 | 9          | 3             |
| Center 6 | 9          | 3             |
| Center 7 | 9          | 5             |

p=0.445
A. GvHD Diagnosis

B. GvHD Severity Scoring

| Professional Background | APP (n=37) | No APP (n=40) |
|--------------------------|------------|---------------|
| Senior physician        | 10         | 10            |
| Junior Physician        | 10         | 10            |
| Data Manager            | 10         | 10            |
| Other                    | 9          | 9             |

| Professional Background | Median number of correctly scored vignettes |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| Senior physician         | 7                                          |
| Junior Physician         | 6                                          |
| Data Manager             | 5,5                                        |
| Other                    | 7                                          |

| Professional Background | Median number of correctly scored vignettes |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| Senior physician         | 9                                          |
| Junior Physician         | 8,5                                        |
| Data Manager             | 9                                          |
| Other                    | 6,5                                        |

p=0.665
A. GvHD Diagnosis

| Age categories (years) | APP (n=37) | No APP (n=40) |
|------------------------|------------|---------------|
| <30                    | 10         | 9             |
| 31-40                  | 10         | 9             |
| 41-50                  | 10         | 9             |
| 51+                    | 6          | 7             |
| 6                      | 7          | 7             |
| 7                      | 6          | 6             |

B. GvHD Severity Scoring

| Age categories (years) | APP (n=37) | No APP (n=40) |
|------------------------|------------|---------------|
| <30                    | 9          | 9             |
| 31-40                  | 9          | 9             |
| 41-50                  | 8          | 8             |
| 51+                    | 5,5        | 4,5           |
| 4                      | 5,5        | 4,5           |
| 5                      | 5          | 5             |

Supplementary Fig 3
A. GvHD Diagnosis

User experience with GvHD assessment

B. GvHD Severity Scoring

User experience with GvHD assessment
**A. GvHD Diagnosis**

- Low: APP (n=35) = 10, No APP (n=39) = 9.5
- Moderate: APP (n=35) = 7, No APP (n=39) = 6.5
- High: APP (n=35) = 10, No APP (n=39) = 6

**User comfort with using GvHD guidelines**

- Low: APP (n=35) = 8, No APP (n=39) = 8.5
- Moderate: APP (n=35) = 5, No APP (n=39) = 4
- High: APP (n=35) = 5.5, No APP (n=39) = 3.5

**B. GvHD Severity Scoring**

- Low: APP (n=35) = 9, No APP (n=39) = 8
- Moderate: APP (n=35) = 8, No APP (n=39) = 8.5
- High: APP (n=35) = 10, No APP (n=39) = 6

**User comfort with using GvHD guidelines**
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