The timeline of "Gestational breast cancer in a patient with crohn's disease: a case report of two sisters"

| Event | Timeline |
|-------|----------|
| Diagnosing of breast cancer | May, 2014 |
| At the 30 weeks of gestation | |
| Neoadjuvant chemotherapy delivery | From May to July, 2014 |
| Modified radical mastectomy and axillary lymph nodes dissection (MRM & ALND) | August, 2014 |
| Adjuvant chemotherapy | September, 2014 |
| Radiotherapy | From October 2014 to January, 2015 |
| Tamoxifen and follow up | February and March, 2015 |
| Last follow up | From March 2015 until now |
| Past medical history of Crohn's disease | February, 2020 |
| palpable lump located in her left breast | |
| Excisional biopsy of left breast mass | |
| chest X-ray (with shielding) and abdominal ultrasonography showed no signs of metastatic disease (M0) | |
| Regular history and clinical examination, and annual mammography | |
| Regular history and clinical examination, and annual mammography | |

No signs of recurrence and without medication for Crohn's disease

**Figure 1. The timeline for patient 1.**
Family medical history included a younger sister diagnosed with breast cancer and Crohn’s Disease

The timeline of "Gestational breast cancer in a patient with Crohn's disease: a case report of two sisters"

- **Diagnosing of breast cancer**
  - May, 2014
  - Palpable lump located in her right breast and nipple discharge

- **MRM & ALND**
  - May, 2014
  - Thoracic CT and bone scintigraphy were normal and did not show any signs of metastatic disease.

- **Adjuvant chemotherapy**
  - From June to October, 2014

- **Radiotherapy**
  - November and December, 2015

- **Tamoxifen and follow up**
  - From January 2015 until now
  - Regular history and clinical examination, and annual mammography

- **Last follow up**
  - February, 2020

- **No signs of recurrence**

**Figure 2. The timeline for patient 2.**