Learning Effective Representations from Clinical Notes

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Abstract
Clinical notes are a rich source of information about patient state. However, using them effectively presents many challenges. In this work we present two methods for summarizing clinical notes into patient-level representations. The resulting representations are evaluated on a range of prediction tasks and cohort sizes. The new representations offer significant predictive performance gains over the common baselines of Bag of Words and topic model representations across all tested tasks and cohort sizes.

1. Introduction
Longitudinal clinical data are complex and high dimensional. Researchers must make challenging decisions that can have a significant impact on predictive performance and clinical findings when preparing the data for analysis. Finding a good representation for clinical data is a critical step in designing studies and constitutes a grand challenge for machine learning researchers interested in health care.

In this paper, we study how to learn good representations of clinical notes. Notes record crucial details about patient care and expert insights that cannot be found elsewhere in electronic health records (EHRs), but they also present a number of challenges to health care researchers, including high dimensionality, sparsity, and complex structure. A good representation of clinical text should directly mitigate or admit simple strategies for overcoming these challenges. Moreover, it should be useful across a wide range of clinical prediction tasks and research questions and require minimal task-specific customization.
We take a deep learning approach to constructing *data-driven representations of clinical text* that address these challenges and overcome the shortcomings of text representations that are commonly used in clinical informatics research. In particular, we describe two approaches based on deep learning techniques commonly used in natural language processing (NLP): the first approach, *embed and aggregate*, uses GloVe (Pennington et al., 2014) to learn low-dimensional, dense embeddings of clinical terms. We then derive patient-level representations from the term embeddings using simple operations, e.g., max pooling, across individual notes and sequences of notes. In the second approach, we use recurrent neural nets (RNNs) (Elman, 1990) with an embedding layer to directly learn hidden representations of terms, notes, and patients simultaneously.

We trained both approaches on a large corpus of clinical notes from a major US research hospital. We evaluated the resulting patient representations using simple linear classifiers on cohort sizes ranging from 125 to 4,000 patients to predict complex clinical outcomes and diagnoses. Across all outcomes and cohort sizes, our patient embeddings outperformed baseline representations based on bag of words (BOW) and topic models by large margins.

The remainder of this paper is organized as follows: we discuss the challenges and desiderata of effective representations of clinical text in greater detail in section 2. We describe our data, methods, and experimental results in section 3, section 4, and section 5, respectively. We conclude with a discussion of related work (section 6) and the implications and limitations of our work with an eye toward future work (section 7).

## 2. Background

Clinical text is one of the richest sources of information about patients and health care that can be found in EHRs. Researchers utilize the text in clinical notes for a variety of applications: phenotyping (Ford et al., 2016; Agarwal et al., 2016), pharmacovigilance (LePendu et al., 2013; Harpaz et al., 2014), and modeling risk (Ghassemi et al., 2014; Halpern et al., 2012). A number of studies have shown that adding text as an input alongside physiologic measurements boosts the performance of clinical prediction models by significant margins (Ghassemi et al., 2014; Caballero Barajas and Akella, 2015).

The standard representation for clinical text is bag of words (BOW), which represents a document as counts over a predefined vocabulary. BOW is intuitive and easy to construct and manipulate. It admits simple heuristics for dimensionality reduction (e.g., discarding words that are too frequent or infrequent) and schemes for incorporating information about relative frequency, e.g., TF-IDF. However, BOW fails to fully address many of the challenges presented by clinical text, leading health informatics researchers to seek alternatives (Halpern et al., 2012; Jung et al., 2015; Choi et al., 2016b; Miotto et al., 2016).

First, *clinical notes are intrinsically high dimensional* due to their diversity of topics, specialized vocabulary, and combinatorial nature. Naive representations such as BOW can yield input (feature) vectors with hundreds of thousands of dimensions. Patient cohorts, on the other hand, commonly number in the tens to hundreds, even at hospitals with millions of digital records. This invokes the “curse of dimensionality,” making statistical models difficult to train without aggressive dimensionality reduction or regularization.

In a related problem, *clinical text data are also inherently sparse*: phrases describing important clinical concepts may occur in only a handful of records. This makes it difficult
to discover a reliable statistical relationship between an outcome and such phrases, as well as the concepts they denote. This problem is exacerbated by noise and ambiguity in clinical text: “tachycardia” may alternatively be described as a “rapid heart rate” or “arrhythmia.” One can easily imagine cases where the common BOW dimensionality reduction heuristic of discarding rare terms actually removes all mentions of an important concept.

Clinical notes also exhibit a hierarchical sequential structure: a longitudinal patient record includes a time series of notes, each itself consisting of a sequence of words. This poses a trade-off between simplicity and fidelity when choosing a representation: directly modeling this “sequence of sequences” structure requires a complex model architecture and most likely a large amount of training data. In contrast, representing a patient history as a BOW is simple and flexible but discards information about time and order. There is a spectrum of choices between these extremes, but they often involve only slightly less complexity (Choi et al., 2016a) or ad hoc decisions about, e.g., windowing time (Schuler et al., 2016).

In this paper, we present two methods for representing clinical text that occupy different points on the simplicity-richness spectrum. We evaluate the representations within the framework of transfer learning — we first learn how to represent patients using a source task with no or relatively plentiful labels, and then use the learned representations for new target tasks in which we learn to predict future events from small training samples. The resulting models are then evaluated on held out test patients. The first method, embed-and-aggregate, is very simple and requires no external labels for supervision. The second method uses recurrent neural nets to explicitly model the sequential nature of the notes, and is supervised using labels derived from contemporaneous diagnosis codes.

3. Data

Our data set includes records collected over a five year period for patients in a major US research hospital. These records were extracted into a clinical data warehouse, where they were cleaned and de-identified before being made available for research purposes. Each patient’s data comprises a timestamped series of encounters with care providers over the five year period. Encounters generate both structured and unstructured data. The structured data typically consists of discrete codes from controlled vocabularies for diagnoses, medications, and procedures, along with quantitative measurements such as vitals and laboratory measurements. The unstructured data consists of the free text of clinical notes written by care providers documenting each encounter and other aspects of patient care. In all, the warehouse contains tens of millions of encounters and clinical notes for several million patients. However, the effective size of the data is much smaller (roughly a million notes for a hundred thousand patients) after it has been filtered for usable data as described below.

Text processing

The text of the clinical notes was first processed using the National Center for Biomedical Ontology (NCBO) Annotator (LePendu et al., 2013), which extracts occurrences of terms in an expansive vocabulary of biomedical terms compiled from a collection of controlled terminologies and biomedical ontologies. The NCBO Annotator further flags each mention for negation (e.g., “atrial fibrillation was ruled out”) and family history (e.g., “The patients
father had hypertension”). Following annotation, each note is converted into a BOW rep-
resentation and any terms that are not recognized as biomedical concepts are discarded. 
This is per institutional policy and not a specific research choice.

Finally, terms are normalized to unique biomedical concepts using the Unified Medical 
Language System MetaThesaurus, which provides a mapping of strings to Concept Unique 
Identifiers (CUIs) (Bodenreider, 2004). We retained negated concepts as distinct elements 
in our vocabulary because negative findings are often informative. Finally, we removed 
concepts that appeared in fewer than 50 or more than 10 million notes. This resulted in a 
final vocabulary of 107,388 CUIs. For the remainder of this paper, we will refer to CUIs as 
“words” for convenience. We discuss implications of this text processing in section 4 and 
section 7.

Data splits

Each patient’s longitudinal record was split into two “eras,” a label era that includes the 
last six months of the record and an input era comprising the 12 months prior to the label 
era. We derived labels for target learning tasks, e.g., mortality, from structured data in the 
label era only. Clinical notes from the input era form the inputs for the target tasks. We 
trained embedding models (and topic model baselines) on data from the input era exclusively.

We retained only those patients with usable labels and one or more non-empty annotated 
clinical notes in their input era, yielding a final data set of 115,232 patients and 2,735,6487 
notes. This final set was then split into training, validation, and test sets with 69,417, 
11,290, and 34,525 patients and 1,644,841, 275,684, and 815,122 notes, respectively.

4. Methods

We approach learning to represent patient clinical notes in the framework of transfer learn-
ing, in which we learn to represent a patient’s clinical notes on a source task, and use the 
resulting representations for new target tasks.

Embed and Aggregate

In this approach, we break up the source task into two phases. First, we learn word embed-
dings using methods such as GloVe or word2vec. These embeddings are then aggregated into 
patient level embeddings using simple functions —min, mean, and max —applied element-
wise to the embedding dimensions. Note that this aggregation is over two levels —word 
embeddings are first combined into note representations, and then into patient level rep-
resentations. Neither phase uses external labels, and are unsupervised. We explored word 
embeddings learned from both clinical text and from biomedical research article abstracts 
as detailed below.

GloVe embeddings learned from clinical notes

We used GloVe to learn word embeddings from clinical text using a range of dimensionality 
and context sizes. In order to overcome the loss of the ordering of words in our input 
corpus, we adopted a technique used for learning embeddings of medical codes (Choi et al.,
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2016a, b), which are naturally unordered, and represent each note using 2 random orderings of its words. We ran GloVe for 25 iterations.

**Word embeddings from research article abstracts**

We also evaluated word embeddings learned from 350,000 biomedical journal article abstracts in (De Vine et al., 2014). Terms in the abstract text were mapped to UMLS CUIs, and the embeddings were learned using the word2vec skip-gram model with a window size of 5 and dimensionality of 200. Embeddings for 52,000 CUIs are publicly available.¹ and approximately 28,000 of those are in our vocabulary. We refer to these embeddings as MCEMJ (Medical Concept Embeddings from Medical Journals).

**Aggregation of word embeddings**

We constructed fixed length representations of the patients using simple functions – min, mean, and max – applied element-wise to the word embeddings within each note. We explored a range of embedding sizes, along with concatenation of embeddings resulting from different aggregation methods, and concatenation of embeddings learned from different data sources.

**Recurrent neural nets**

In this approach, we use recurrent neural nets whose inputs are a sequence of bag of words vectors representing the clinical notes for a given patient’s input era. This approach jointly learns word-, note-, and patient-level embeddings. Models are trained using input era data only and are then used as fixed feature extractors for the target tasks.

**Neural Net Supervision**

Supervision for the recurrent neural net source task was provided by Clinical Classification Software (CCS)² codes derived from structured diagnosis codes from the input era. CCS maps 12,856 diagnosis codes into 254 broad disease categories such as lung cancer or cardiac dysrhythmias, and have previously been used as supervision labels for the training of recurrent neural nets (Choi et al., 2016a) because it dramatically reduces the label space. We formulated learning as a multi-task sequence classification problem in which the final hidden state of the net is used as a representation for a multi-task problem with CCS labels aggregated over the patient’s input era. In preliminary experiments, this approach consistently outperformed providing supervision at each step using only that encounter’s codes.

**Architecture**

As in other work using recurrent nets to model patient data, the input to our recurrent nets were many-hot vectors representing the unordered bag of words for each note (Choi et al., 2016a). Typically, the first layer of the network multiplies an embedding matrix by this vector, effectively summing the embeddings to arrive at a note level representation that is

¹. https://github.com/clinicalml/embeddings
². https://www.hcup-us.ahrq.gov/toolssoftware/ccs/ccs.jsp
input to recurrent cells. However, we found that applying an element-wise maximum to the embeddings at each time-step significantly improved performance in the target tasks.

Finally, we explored using Long Short-Term Memory (LSTM) (Hochreiter and Schmidhuber, 1997) and Gated Recurrent Units (GRU) (Cho et al., 2014) as recurrent cells. We found that, consistent with (Choi et al., 2016a), GRUs consistently outperformed LSTMs. Thus, our final experiments used GRUs with max aggregation of word embeddings.

**Learning details**

We used \texttt{tanh} activations, dropout with drop probability 0.2, and a dense layer with binary cross-entropies for the multi-task supervision. Networks were trained with RMSProp (Tieleman and Hinton, 2012) for 100 epochs using a batch size of 32 and maximum sequence length of 50, with longer sequences truncated to keep the most recent notes. The models were implemented in Keras 1.2.0 (Chollet, 2015) with a Tensorflow 0.12.1 backend (Abadi et al., 2016) on an NVIDIA GeForce GTX TITAN X GPU.

We explored initializing the embedding layer of our recurrent nets using word embeddings learned from the clinical notes or from research article abstracts. We found that random initialization consistently outperformed initialization with pre-trained embeddings.

**Baselines - Bag of words and topic models**

We compared the learned representations against BOW and topic model representations of words and notes respectively. For the BOW experiments, we limited the vocabulary to the 15,000 most frequent words in each training subsample. Word counts were then summed over each patient’s input notes. Latent Dirichlet Allocation was used to fit a topic model on training notes using Gensim (Rehurek and Sojka, 2010). The model was then used to estimate topic distributions for validation and test set notes. 300 topics were fit over two passes through the training notes. The topic distributions for each note were aggregated into patient-level representations using mean and max pooling.
5. Experiments

Our primary evaluation consists of 9 prediction tasks in which representations derived from clinical notes from the input eras of training patients are used to fit linear models predicting the occurrence of clinical outcomes in the patients’ label eras. The resulting models are evaluated on held out test patients. The prediction targets include three complex outcomes – all causes mortality, inpatient admissions, and emergency room visits – in addition to the six more prevalent CCS diagnosis code categories - cardiac dysrhythmias; diabetes mellitus without complication; disorders of lipid metabolism; essential hypertension; spondylosis, invertebral disc disorders, other back problems; and thyroid disorders. Note that the former targets were not used in any source task, while the latter targets were used in supervision of the RNN models, although in they were contemporaneous with the inputs instead of occurring in the future in that case.

For each task and representation, we take 20 random subsamples of training patients, balanced to 20% prevalence of positive cases. The various patient representations for these subsamples are used to fit L2 regularized logistic regression models, tuned by 5-fold cross validation on each training subsample. This process is repeated with N = 125, 250, 500, 1000, 2000, and 4000 random training patients in each subsample. Models fit to each subsample are evaluated on a set of test patients with the natural prevalence of the outcomes. Figure 2 and Figure 3 show plots of performance on the three complex outcomes and one CCS code target (cardiac dysrhythmias), as function of training set size. We include representative examples of class of representation, including baselines based on topic models and BOW. Results for all experiments are presented in table form in Appendix A.

For the embed-and-aggregate representations, it was advantageous to concatenate the min, mean and max aggregated embeddings derived from both the clinical notes and research article abstracts. We report results for this representation along with the best performing embed-and-aggregate representation using just clinical notes. Among the RNN representations, we found that the max aggregated GRU with 600 hidden units and random initialization generally performed best across all tasks and subsample sizes.

For all outcomes, we see the same general pattern: the RNN-based representation was dominant at small sample sizes (N less than 1000), but for larger training sets, the embed-and-aggregate features and BOW baseline rapidly caught up and, in some cases, surpassed the RNN (ER visits for the embeddings, mortality for both). This suggests that the difference in performance is attributable at least in part to dimensionality: the embeddings have 3-4 times as many features as the RNN, BOW another order of magnitude more. For very small values of N, these high dimensional data make learning very difficult and require greater regularization. As the number of examples approaches the number of features, (1000 examples or more), the classifier is better able to exploit the the higher dimensional representations.

For the CCS code outcomes, the RNN representation maintained a consistent advantage over the other methods, even as the sample size increases. This is likely because supervision of the RNN models includes these outcomes, albeit in the input era instead of in the future. The source task training encourages the RNN to encode information about past diagnoses, which is unsurprisingly useful for predicting future diagnostic codes. One could easily imagine closing the gap with the RNN by simply appending past diagnoses (or some
representation thereof) to the embeddings, which already perform quite well at small values of $N$.

Both of the proposed representations dominate the topic model-based features, which have been a popular representation for clinical text in recent years (Halpern et al., 2012; Ghassemi et al., 2014; Miotto et al., 2016). What is more, the topic model baseline is outperformed by the BOW baseline at even modest sample sizes (500 examples or more). One could imagine a variety of schemes for trying to improve topic model-based performance, such as using more topics or including supervision, but previous work casts doubt on whether this will be successful (Halpern et al., 2012).

**Intrinsic evaluation of word embeddings**

Word embeddings are typically evaluated using analogy-like tasks that test whether or not the geometry of the word embeddings recapitulates known relationships between words. We evaluated the word level embeddings learned from clinical text, research article abstracts, and through the recurrent net models using the Medical Relatedness Property framework developed in (Choi et al., 2016b). In this framework, we test whether word embeddings express known may treat and may prevent relationships between drugs and indications using vector arithmetic. For instance, if $d_1, d_2, m_1,$ and $m_2$ denote two drugs and indications respectively, and the relation $r$ holds for $(d_1, m_1)$ and $(d_2, m_2)$, we check whether or not the following holds for their respective embeddings:

$$e_{d_1} - e_{m_1} + e_{m_2} \approx e_{d_2}$$

More precisely, the quality metric is the ratio of concepts for which at least one of the top-40 neighbors of $e_{d_1} - e_{m_1} + e_{m_2}$ satisfies the relation $r$ with $m_2$. Results are shown in Table 1.

| Embedding method | May-Treat (%) | May-Prevent (%) |
|------------------|---------------|-----------------|
| GloVe            | 9.23          | 10.21           |
| MCEMJ            | 8.25          | 6.81            |
| GRU              | 1.26          | 0.43            |

Table 1: Evaluation of the Medical Relatedness Property for two relations: May-Treat and May-Prevent.

Interestingly, we found that GloVe embeddings performed better than the MCEMJ embeddings, despite randomized word orders and a significantly larger vocabulary. In addition, embeddings from randomly initialized neural models perform poorly at this task despite their effectiveness in the patient level prediction tasks, suggesting that word level evaluations are not particularly predictive of utility in such tasks.

**6. Related Work**

There has been a great deal of research showing the utility of clinical text for a variety of applications, including pharmacovigilance (LePendu et al., 2013), coding (Perotte et al.,
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predictive modeling (Ghassemi et al., 2014; Yu et al., 2015), and phenotyping (Ford et al., 2016). BOW is the standard representation of choice, though often in combination with substantial preprocessing. One of the longstanding goals of clinical informaticists who work with text is to eliminate some or all of these preprocessing steps. For example, Jung et al. (2015) found that across a number of clinical data mining questions, using NCBO Annotator used in this work yielded comparable performance to a more computationally intensive commercial NLP pipeline including syntactic parsing and part-of-speech tagging.

Although our results suggest they may be superseded by word embeddings, topic models such as latent Dirichlet allocation (Blei et al., 2003) have been a popular choice for learning low-dimensional representations of clinical text. Halpern et al. (2012) found that topics underperformed BOW when used as features in a prediction model. Our results contradict theirs, but that is likely explained by our much larger training corpus. Chen et al. (2015) showed a high level of agreement between topic models trained on corpora from different institutions, indicating that they may provide a generic representation that can cross boundaries. Our results using the MCEMJ embeddings (De Vine et al., 2014) suggest the same may be true of embeddings.

Miotto et al. (2016) use a topic model to preprocess clinical notes before combining them with counts over structured clinical data. This combined representation is then fed into an autoencoder, followed by a random forest classifier to predict future diagnoses. This complex pipeline makes it difficult to evaluate the individual contributions of any one part.

Inspired by recent successes of word embedding models like word2vec (Mikolov et al., 2013) and GloVe (Pennington et al., 2014), a number of health care researchers have sought to learn embeddings of medical words or concepts (Minarro-Giménez et al., 2013). De Vine et al. (2014) trained the MCEMJ embeddings we used in our experiments, while Choi et al. (2016b) focused on designing quantitative evaluations of how well embeddings capture known medical concepts. None of this work, however, evaluated the utility of their embeddings as features in predictive models. Liu et al. (2016) described an innovative way to leverage embeddings to perform transfer learning in low data regimes like ours. They provide a useful initial bias by rescaling each feature proportional to its similarity with the prediction target based on text descriptions of each.

There is a growing interest in directly modeling sequential clinical data without ad hoc feature engineering. Lipton et al. (2015) and Choi et al. (2016a) apply RNNs to time series of physiology and codes, respectively, while Razavian et al. (2016) applies a convolutional network to longitudinal lab results. Several recent works have modeled sequences of clinical notes as time series of topics (Ghassemi et al., 2014, 2015; Caballero Barajas and Akella, 2015). Our work stands out in two ways: first, we focus on the small patient cohort regime, whereas these prior works use far larger training sets. Second, we find that a conceptually simple approach, embed-and-aggregate, is competitive with a more complex architecture.

7. Discussion

We have presented two methods for representing clinical notes that offer compelling advantages over BOW and topic model representations across a range of tasks and cohort sizes. The embed-and-aggregate method in particular represents a sweet spot in the performance-
complexity trade-off because it is remarkably simple to learn, distribute and use, requiring little in the way of specialized hardware or software.

Our work has important limitations. First, the evaluation tasks are not entirely in the spirit of the work; targets like future inpatient admissions and diagnoses are actually plentiful since they can be derived from structured EHR data. It would be preferable to evaluate on prediction targets derived from clinician chart review for rare or subtle diagnoses, and to evaluate them in cohorts of patients that reflect intended usage instead of the general population. It is for such targets that improved patient representations can have the greatest impact.

Second, our methods start with highly processed abstracts of the raw text. This processing trades off information about the text for simplicity and ease of use. However, it may also leave a lot of performance on the table. We found that embeddings learned from randomized orderings of the processed notes performs better in our evaluations than embeddings learned from the full text of journal abstracts. In fairness, however, the latter embeddings were tuned through intrinsic evaluations rather than prediction performance.

Our results also beg the question of why recurrent neural net representations, which more explicitly model the structure of the data, do not offer a more significant performance advantage than the embed-and-aggregate. We suspect this is because we do not in fact have enough data and good supervision to support the training of a higher capacity model. We note that the best embed-and-aggregate representations have significantly higher dimensionality than the best RNN representation. Finally, we have not addressed interpretability and portability of the representations across institutions.

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Figure 2: Target task performance as a function of training set size. (a) Cardiac dysrhythmia diagnosis. (b) Mortality. The dimensionality of each representation is in parentheses.
Figure 3: Target task performance as a function of training set size. (a) Future ER visit. (b) Future admission. The dimensionality of each representation is in parentheses.
# Appendices

## A. Full Results

| N    | Task                     | Model                                      | AUROC (SEM) |
|------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-------------|
| 125  | Mortality                | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)          | 0.8401 (0.0028) |
| 125  | Mortality                | GRU, max pool, random init (600)          | 0.8458 (0.0019) |
| 125  | Mortality                | GRU, max pool, random init (300)          | 0.8531 (0.002)  |
| 125  | Mortality                | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)          | 0.8338 (0.0022) |
| 125  | Mortality                | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)           | 0.7243 (0.0177)  |
| 125  | Mortality                | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)          | 0.8108 (0.0038)  |
| 125  | Mortality                | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)      | 0.8041 (0.0043)  |
| 125  | Mortality                | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.8242 (0.0019) |
| 125  | Mortality                | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)     | 0.8128 (0.0034)  |
| 125  | Mortality                | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.8185 (0.0046) |
| 125  | Mortality                | LDA; max pool (300)                       | 0.7774 (0.0024)  |
| 125  | Mortality                | LDA; max and mean pool (600)              | 0.7546 (0.0137)  |
| 125  | Mortality                | LDA; mean pool (300)                      | 0.7112 (0.0035)  |
| 125  | ER visit                 | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)          | 0.7285 (0.0037)  |
| 125  | ER visit                 | GRU, max pool, random init (600)          | 0.7408 (0.0039)  |
| 125  | ER visit                 | GRU, max pool, random init (300)          | 0.7258 (0.0124)  |
| 125  | ER visit                 | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)          | 0.7102 (0.0134)  |
| 125  | ER visit                 | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)           | 0.6011 (0.0144)  |
| 125  | ER visit                 | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)          | 0.6884 (0.013)   |
| 125  | ER visit                 | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)      | 0.7184 (0.0124)  |
| 125  | ER visit                 | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.7336 (0.0065)  |
| 125  | ER visit                 | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)     | 0.7296 (0.0068)  |
| 125  | ER visit                 | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.7203 (0.0065)  |
| 125  | ER visit                 | LDA; max pool (300)                       | 0.6396 (0.0045)  |
| 125  | ER visit                 | LDA; max and mean pool (600)              | 0.6358 (0.0081)  |
| 125  | ER visit                 | LDA; mean pool (300)                      | 0.6068 (0.0117)  |
| 125  | Inpatient Admission      | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)          | 0.7496 (0.005)   |
| 125  | Inpatient Admission      | GRU, max pool, random init (600)          | 0.7326 (0.0181)  |
| 125  | Inpatient Admission      | GRU, max pool, random init (300)          | 0.7645 (0.0042)  |
| 125  | Inpatient Admission      | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)          | 0.7394 (0.0132)  |
| 125  | Inpatient Admission      | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)           | 0.6298 (0.0156)  |
| 125  | Inpatient Admission      | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)          | 0.7363 (0.0026)  |
| 125  | Inpatient Admission      | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)      | 0.7434 (0.0037)  |
| 125  | Inpatient Admission      | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.7306 (0.0126)  |
| 125  | Inpatient Admission      | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)     | 0.7409 (0.0037)  |
| 125  | Inpatient Admission      | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.7271 (0.0124)  |
| 125  | Inpatient Admission      | LDA; max pool (300)                       | 0.7121 (0.0019)  |
| 125  | Inpatient Admission      | LDA; max and mean pool (600)              | 0.6984 (0.0057)  |
| 125  | Inpatient Admission      | LDA; mean pool (300)                      | 0.6317 (0.0132)  |
| N   | Task                                | Model                                                                 | AUROC (SEM)   |
|-----|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| 125 | Cardiac dysrhythmias                | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)                                      | 0.7196 (0.0028) |
| 125 | Cardiac dysrhythmias                | GRU, max pool, random init (600)                                      | 0.7099 (0.0119) |
| 125 | Cardiac dysrhythmias                | GRU, max pool, random init (300)                                      | 0.7301 (0.0038) |
| 125 | Cardiac dysrhythmias                | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)                                      | 0.7239 (0.0026) |
| 125 | Cardiac dysrhythmias                | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)                                       | 0.5668 (0.0133) |
| 125 | Cardiac dysrhythmias                | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)                                      | 0.6921 (0.004)  |
| 125 | Cardiac dysrhythmias                | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)                                  | 0.6829 (0.0037) |
| 125 | Cardiac dysrhythmias                | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500)                          | 0.6844 (0.0102) |
| 125 | Cardiac dysrhythmias                | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)                                 | 0.679 (0.0074)   |
| 125 | Cardiac dysrhythmias                | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100)                          | 0.6884 (0.0038) |
| 125 | Cardiac dysrhythmias                | LDA; max pool (300)                                                   | 0.6554 (0.0097) |
| 125 | Cardiac dysrhythmias                | LDA; max and mean pool (600)                                          | 0.6222 (0.0123) |
| 125 | Cardiac dysrhythmias                | LDA; mean pool (300)                                                  | 0.5976 (0.0078) |
| 125 | Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.      | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)                                      | 0.7365 (0.0026) |
| 125 | Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.      | GRU, max pool, random init (600)                                      | 0.7241 (0.0122) |
| 125 | Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.      | GRU, max pool, random init (300)                                      | 0.74 (0.0024)   |
| 125 | Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.      | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)                                      | 0.72 (0.0052)   |
| 125 | Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.      | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)                                       | 0.5747 (0.0096) |
| 125 | Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.      | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)                                      | 0.6756 (0.0095) |
| 125 | Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.      | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)                                  | 0.6587 (0.0083) |
| 125 | Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.      | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500)                          | 0.6617 (0.0094) |
| 125 | Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.      | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)                                 | 0.6648 (0.0035) |
| 125 | Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.      | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100)                          | 0.6693 (0.0046) |
| 125 | Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.      | LDA; max pool (300)                                                   | 0.609 (0.0142)   |
| 125 | Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.      | LDA; max and mean pool (600)                                          | 0.6098 (0.0109) |
| 125 | Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.      | LDA; mean pool (300)                                                  | 0.5638 (0.0084) |
| 125 | Spondylosis (back pain)             | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)                                      | 0.7099 (0.0168) |
| 125 | Spondylosis (back pain)             | GRU, max pool, random init (600)                                      | 0.7345 (0.0034) |
| 125 | Spondylosis (back pain)             | GRU, max pool, random init (300)                                      | 0.6955 (0.0193) |
| 125 | Spondylosis (back pain)             | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)                                      | 0.7075 (0.006)   |
| 125 | Spondylosis (back pain)             | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)                                       | 0.589 (0.0095)   |
| 125 | Spondylosis (back pain)             | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)                                      | 0.678 (0.0042)   |
| 125 | Spondylosis (back pain)             | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)                                  | 0.6679 (0.0057) |
| 125 | Spondylosis (back pain)             | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500)                          | 0.6602 (0.0097) |
| 125 | Spondylosis (back pain)             | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)                                 | 0.6587 (0.0091) |
| 125 | Spondylosis (back pain)             | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100)                          | 0.6797 (0.0046) |
| 125 | Spondylosis (back pain)             | LDA; max pool (300)                                                   | 0.6073 (0.0121) |
| 125 | Spondylosis (back pain)             | LDA; max and mean pool (600)                                          | 0.5632 (0.0128) |
| 125 | Spondylosis (back pain)             | LDA; mean pool (300)                                                  | 0.5483 (0.0061) |
| N  | Task                           | Model                                      | AUROC (SEM)   |
|----|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|---------------|
| 125| Disorders of lipid metabolism | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)          | 0.6972 (0.0062) |
| 125| Disorders of lipid metabolism | GRU, max pool, random init (600)          | 0.7089 (0.0033) |
| 125| Disorders of lipid metabolism | GRU, max pool, random init (300)          | 0.6944 (0.0151) |
| 125| Disorders of lipid metabolism | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)          | 0.697 (0.0026)  |
| 125| Disorders of lipid metabolism | Baseline - Bag of Words (150000)          | 0.5598 (0.0071) |
| 125| Disorders of lipid metabolism | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)          | 0.6197 (0.0077) |
| 125| Disorders of lipid metabolism | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)      | 0.6011 (0.0124) |
| 125| Disorders of lipid metabolism | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (1500)     | 0.6243 (0.0086) |
| 125| Disorders of lipid metabolism | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)     | 0.6259 (0.007)  |
| 125| Disorders of lipid metabolism | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.6224 (0.0103) |
| 125| Disorders of lipid metabolism | LDA; max pool (300)                       | 0.571 (0.0104)  |
| 125| Disorders of lipid metabolism | LDA; max and mean pool (600)              | 0.5839 (0.0063) |
| 125| Disorders of lipid metabolism | LDA; mean pool (300)                      | 0.5392 (0.0061) |
| 125| Essential hypertension        | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)          | 0.7173 (0.0116) |
| 125| Essential hypertension        | GRU, max pool, random init (600)          | 0.7076 (0.0114) |
| 125| Essential hypertension        | GRU, max pool, random init (300)          | 0.7324 (0.0025) |
| 125| Essential hypertension        | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)          | 0.7162 (0.003)  |
| 125| Essential hypertension        | Baseline - Bag of Words (150000)          | 0.5563 (0.0071) |
| 125| Essential hypertension        | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)          | 0.6444 (0.0115) |
| 125| Essential hypertension        | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (900)          | 0.6452 (0.0083) |
| 125| Essential hypertension        | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (1500)     | 0.6499 (0.0087) |
| 125| Essential hypertension        | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)     | 0.6433 (0.0069) |
| 125| Essential hypertension        | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.6409 (0.0118) |
| 125| Essential hypertension        | LDA; max pool (300)                       | 0.6206 (0.0073) |
| 125| Essential hypertension        | LDA; max and mean pool (600)              | 0.5951 (0.0095) |
| 125| Essential hypertension        | LDA; mean pool (300)                      | 0.5514 (0.0059) |
| 125| Thyroid disorders             | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)          | 0.6574 (0.0094) |
| 125| Thyroid disorders             | GRU, max pool, random init (600)          | 0.6902 (0.0151) |
| 125| Thyroid disorders             | GRU, max pool, random init (300)          | 0.6907 (0.0057) |
| 125| Thyroid disorders             | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)          | 0.6452 (0.0052) |
| 125| Thyroid disorders             | Baseline - Bag of Words (150000)          | 0.5346 (0.0055) |
| 125| Thyroid disorders             | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)          | 0.6388 (0.0054) |
| 125| Thyroid disorders             | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)      | 0.6141 (0.0063) |
| 125| Thyroid disorders             | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (1500)     | 0.6238 (0.008)  |
| 125| Thyroid disorders             | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)     | 0.6124 (0.0096) |
| 125| Thyroid disorders             | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.6265 (0.0079) |
| 125| Thyroid disorders             | LDA; max pool (300)                       | 0.5737 (0.0077) |
| 125| Thyroid disorders             | LDA; max and mean pool (600)              | 0.553 (0.0079)  |
| 125| Thyroid disorders             | LDA; mean pool (300)                      | 0.525 (0.0054)  |
| N   | Task            | Model                                | AUROC (SEM)   |
|-----|-----------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| 250 | Mortality       | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)     | 0.849 (0.0012)|
| 250 | Mortality       | GRU, max pool, random init (600)     | 0.8577 (0.0013)|
| 250 | Mortality       | GRU, max pool, random init (300)     | 0.8628 (0.001)|
| 250 | Mortality       | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)     | 0.8429 (0.0014)|
| 250 | Mortality Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)  | 0.7959 (0.0157)|
| 250 | Mortality      | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)     | 0.8241 (0.0014)|
| 250 | Mortality      | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900) | 0.8278 (0.0025)|
| 250 | Mortality      | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500)  | 0.8379 (0.0021)|
| 250 | Mortality      | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.8317 (0.0016)|
| 250 | Mortality      | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.8443 (0.0022)|
| 250 | Mortality      | LDA; max pool (300)                  | 0.8080 (0.0019)|
| 250 | Mortality      | LDA; max and mean pool (600)         | 0.7972 (0.0024)|
| 250 | Mortality      | LDA; mean pool (300)                 | 0.7359 (0.0127)|
| 250 | ER visit       | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)     | 0.7487 (0.0028)|
| 250 | ER visit       | GRU, max pool, random init (600)     | 0.7556 (0.0022)|
| 250 | ER visit       | GRU, max pool, random init (300)     | 0.7452 (0.0024)|
| 250 | ER visit       | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)     | 0.7447 (0.0036)|
| 250 | ER visit       | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)      | 0.7038 (0.0113)|
| 250 | ER visit       | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)     | 0.7426 (0.0028)|
| 250 | ER visit       | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900) | 0.7446 (0.0069)|
| 250 | ER visit       | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.7593 (0.0028)|
| 250 | ER visit       | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.7433 (0.0046)|
| 250 | ER visit       | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.7538 (0.0024)|
| 250 | ER visit       | LDA; max pool (300)                  | 0.6591 (0.0093)|
| 250 | ER visit       | LDA; max and mean pool (600)         | 0.6545 (0.0126)|
| 250 | ER visit       | LDA; mean pool (300)                 | 0.6516 (0.0089)|
| 250 | Inpatient Admission | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)  | 0.7631 (0.0042)|
| 250 | Inpatient Admission | GRU, max pool, random init (600)   | 0.7702 (0.0029)|
| 250 | Inpatient Admission | GRU, max pool, random init (300)   | 0.7832 (0.002)|
| 250 | Inpatient Admission | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)  | 0.7641 (0.0025)|
| 250 | Inpatient Admission | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000) | 0.708 (0.016)|
| 250 | Inpatient Admission | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)  | 0.7504 (0.0028)|
| 250 | Inpatient Admission | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900) | 0.7613 (0.003)|
| 250 | Inpatient Admission | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.7572 (0.0044)|
| 250 | Inpatient Admission | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.7594 (0.0038)|
| 250 | Inpatient Admission | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.7544 (0.0036)|
| 250 | Inpatient Admission | LDA; max pool (300)                  | 0.7287 (0.0022)|
| 250 | Inpatient Admission | LDA; max and mean pool (600)        | 0.7249 (0.0031)|
| 250 | Inpatient Admission | LDA; mean pool (300)                | 0.6865 (0.0025)|
| N  | Task Model                                          | AUROC (SEM)       |
|----|----------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| 250| Cardiac dysrhythmias GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200) | 0.7267 (0.0026)   |
| 250| Cardiac dysrhythmias GRU, max pool, random init (600) | 0.7418 (0.0019)   |
| 250| Cardiac dysrhythmias GRU, max pool, random init (300) | 0.7434 (0.0019)   |
| 250| Cardiac dysrhythmias GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500) | 0.7238 (0.0018)   |
| 250| Cardiac dysrhythmias Baseline - Bag of Words (15000) | 0.6511 (0.012)    |
| 250| Cardiac dysrhythmias MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600) | 0.7077 (0.0032)   |
| 250| Cardiac dysrhythmias GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900) | 0.7032 (0.0025)   |
| 250| Cardiac dysrhythmias GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.7 (0.0109)      |
| 250| Cardiac dysrhythmias GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.6989 (0.0032)   |
| 250| Cardiac dysrhythmias GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.7067 (0.0027)   |
| 250| Cardiac dysrhythmias LDA; max pool (300)          | 0.6762 (0.0014)   |
| 250| Cardiac dysrhythmias LDA; max and mean pool (600) | 0.6693 (0.0014)   |
| 250| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200) | 0.7437 (0.0047)   |
| 250| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. GRU, max pool, random init (600) | 0.7579 (0.0024)   |
| 250| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. GRU, max pool, random init (300) | 0.7541 (0.0017)   |
| 250| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500) | 0.7393 (0.0022)   |
| 250| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. Baseline - Bag of Words (15000) | 0.6135 (0.0133)   |
| 250| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600) | 0.696 (0.0029)    |
| 250| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900) | 0.6775 (0.0047)   |
| 250| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.6905 (0.004)    |
| 250| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.6767 (0.0098)   |
| 250| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.6887 (0.004)    |
| 250| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. LDA; max pool (300) | 0.6584 (0.0016)   |
| 250| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. LDA; max and mean pool (600) | 0.6431 (0.0078)   |
| 250| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. LDA; max pool (300) | 0.5694 (0.0086)   |
| 250| Spondylosis (back pain) GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200) | 0.7396 (0.0028)   |
| 250| Spondylosis (back pain) GRU, max pool, random init (600) | 0.7462 (0.0029)   |
| 250| Spondylosis (back pain) GRU, max pool, random init (300) | 0.7426 (0.0028)   |
| 250| Spondylosis (back pain) GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500) | 0.7264 (0.0027)   |
| 250| Spondylosis (back pain) Baseline - Bag of Words (15000) | 0.651 (0.0035)    |
| 250| Spondylosis (back pain) MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600) | 0.6962 (0.0034)   |
| 250| Spondylosis (back pain) GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900) | 0.6838 (0.0036)   |
| 250| Spondylosis (back pain) GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.6811 (0.0102)   |
| 250| Spondylosis (back pain) GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.6897 (0.0043)   |
| 250| Spondylosis (back pain) GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.6969 (0.0036)   |
| 250| Spondylosis (back pain) LDA; max pool (300) | 0.6475 (0.0036)   |
| 250| Spondylosis (back pain) LDA; max and mean pool (600) | 0.6367 (0.0075)   |
| 250| Spondylosis (back pain) LDA; mean pool (300) | 0.5649 (0.008)    |
| N  | Task                          | Model                                                                 | AUROC (SEM) |
|----|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| 250| Disorders of lipid metabolism | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)                                     | 0.714 (0.0021) |
| 250| Disorders of lipid metabolism | GRU, max pool, random init (600)                                     | 0.7204 (0.0033) |
| 250| Disorders of lipid metabolism | GRU, max pool, random init (300)                                     | 0.7212 (0.0027) |
| 250| Disorders of lipid metabolism | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)                                     | 0.7099 (0.0023) |
| 250| Disorders of lipid metabolism | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)                                     | 0.6057 (0.0042) |
| 250| Disorders of lipid metabolism | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)                                     | 0.6522 (0.0038) |
| 250| Disorders of lipid metabolism | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)                                 | 0.6506 (0.006) |
| 250| Disorders of lipid metabolism | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500)                         | 0.6505 (0.0047) |
| 250| Disorders of lipid metabolism | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)                                 | 0.6555 (0.0045) |
| 250| Disorders of lipid metabolism | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100)                         | 0.6576 (0.0044) |
| 250| Disorders of lipid metabolism | LDA; max pool (300)                                                  | 0.604 (0.0075) |
| 250| Disorders of lipid metabolism | LDA; max and mean pool (600)                                         | 0.5942 (0.0092) |
| 250| Disorders of lipid metabolism | LDA; mean pool (300)                                                 | 0.5618 (0.0043) |
| 250| Essential hypertension        | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)                                     | 0.7373 (0.0023) |
| 250| Essential hypertension        | GRU, max pool, random init (600)                                     | 0.7399 (0.003) |
| 250| Essential hypertension        | GRU, max pool, random init (300)                                     | 0.7413 (0.0027) |
| 250| Essential hypertension        | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)                                     | 0.731 (0.0028) |
| 250| Essential hypertension        | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)                                      | 0.5942 (0.0113) |
| 250| Essential hypertension        | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)                                     | 0.6749 (0.0027) |
| 250| Essential hypertension        | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)                                 | 0.668 (0.0031) |
| 250| Essential hypertension        | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500)                         | 0.6726 (0.0037) |
| 250| Essential hypertension        | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)                                 | 0.6629 (0.0092) |
| 250| Essential hypertension        | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100)                         | 0.6776 (0.0037) |
| 250| Essential hypertension        | LDA; max pool (300)                                                  | 0.6378 (0.0075) |
| 250| Essential hypertension        | LDA; max and mean pool (600)                                         | 0.6173 (0.0097) |
| 250| Essential hypertension        | LDA; mean pool (300)                                                 | 0.5715 (0.0074) |
| 250| Thyroid disorders             | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)                                     | 0.682 (0.0048) |
| 250| Thyroid disorders             | GRU, max pool, random init (600)                                     | 0.7261 (0.003) |
| 250| Thyroid disorders             | GRU, max pool, random init (300)                                     | 0.7215 (0.0027) |
| 250| Thyroid disorders             | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)                                     | 0.6602 (0.0038) |
| 250| Thyroid disorders             | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)                                      | 0.5773 (0.0092) |
| 250| Thyroid disorders             | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)                                     | 0.6631 (0.0092) |
| 250| Thyroid disorders             | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)                                 | 0.6421 (0.004) |
| 250| Thyroid disorders             | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500)                         | 0.6511 (0.0092) |
| 250| Thyroid disorders             | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)                                 | 0.6506 (0.0047) |
| 250| Thyroid disorders             | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100)                         | 0.6584 (0.0038) |
| 250| Thyroid disorders             | LDA; max pool (300)                                                  | 0.6048 (0.0012) |
| 250| Thyroid disorders             | LDA; max and mean pool (600)                                         | 0.5802 (0.0078) |
| 250| Thyroid disorders             | LDA; mean pool (300)                                                 | 0.5415 (0.004) |
| N   | Task               | Model                                      | AUROC (SEM)   |
|-----|--------------------|--------------------------------------------|---------------|
| 500 | Mortality          | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)          | 0.8534 (0.0009) |
| 500 | Mortality          | GRU, max pool, random init (600)          | 0.8659 (0.0009) |
| 500 | Mortality          | GRU, max pool, random init (300)          | 0.866 (0.0007) |
| 500 | Mortality          | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)          | 0.8493 (0.0008) |
| 500 | Mortality Oct      | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)           | 0.851 (0.0013) |
| 500 | Mortality Oct      | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)          | 0.8273 (0.0018) |
| 500 | Mortality          | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)      | 0.8336 (0.0018) |
| 500 | Mortality Oct      | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.8521 (0.0017) |
| 500 | Mortality Oct      | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)     | 0.845 (0.0015) |
| 500 | Mortality Oct      | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.8556 (0.0014) |
| 500 | Mortality Oct      | LDA; max pool (300)                       | 0.8261 (0.0019) |
| 500 | Mortality          | LDA; mean pool (300)                      | 0.8169 (0.0014) |
| 500 | ER visit           | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)          | 0.7577 (0.0016) |
| 500 | ER visit           | GRU, max pool, random init (600)          | 0.7609 (0.0012) |
| 500 | ER visit           | GRU, max pool, random init (300)          | 0.7565 (0.0024) |
| 500 | ER visit           | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)          | 0.76 (0.0014) |
| 500 | ER visit           | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)           | 0.7401 (0.0127) |
| 500 | ER visit           | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)          | 0.7588 (0.0027) |
| 500 | ER visit           | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)      | 0.7676 (0.0012) |
| 500 | ER visit           | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.771 (0.0013) |
| 500 | ER visit           | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)     | 0.7692 (0.0015) |
| 500 | ER visit           | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.7794 (0.0014) |
| 500 | ER visit           | LDA; max pool (300)                       | 0.6982 (0.0034) |
| 500 | ER visit           | LDA; mean pool (300)                      | 0.719 (0.0016) |
| 500 | ER visit           | LDA; mean pool (300)                      | 0.6942 (0.0024) |
| 500 | Inpatient Admission| GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)          | 0.7786 (0.0021) |
| 500 | Inpatient Admission| GRU, max pool, random init (600)          | 0.7836 (0.0021) |
| 500 | Inpatient Admission| GRU, max pool, random init (300)          | 0.7878 (0.002) |
| 500 | Inpatient Admission| GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)          | 0.7757 (0.0013) |
| 500 | Inpatient Admission| Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)           | 0.7608 (0.0015) |
| 500 | Inpatient Admission| MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)          | 0.7632 (0.0016) |
| 500 | Inpatient Admission| GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)      | 0.7695 (0.0021) |
| 500 | Inpatient Admission| GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.7774 (0.002) |
| 500 | Inpatient Admission| GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)     | 0.7744 (0.0017) |
| 500 | Inpatient Admission| GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.7782 (0.0017) |
| 500 | Inpatient Admission| LDA; max pool (300)                       | 0.7423 (0.0027) |
| 500 | Inpatient Admission| LDA; mean pool (300)                      | 0.7459 (0.0015) |
| 500 | Inpatient Admission| LDA; mean pool (300)                      | 0.7126 (0.0024) |
| N   | Task                        | Model                                             | AUROC (SEM)   |
|-----|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| 500 | Cardiac dysrhythmias        | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)                  | 0.7336 (0.0025) |
| 500 | Cardiac dysrhythmias        | GRU, max pool, random init (600)                  | 0.7526 (0.0013) |
| 500 | Cardiac dysrhythmias        | GRU, max pool, random init (300)                  | 0.7493 (0.0014) |
| 500 | Cardiac dysrhythmias        | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)                  | 0.737 (0.0011)  |
| 500 | Cardiac dysrhythmias        | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)                   | 0.6797 (0.0138) |
| 500 | Cardiac dysrhythmias        | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)                  | 0.7215 (0.0023) |
| 500 | Cardiac dysrhythmias        | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)              | 0.7184 (0.0026) |
| 500 | Cardiac dysrhythmias        | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (1500)             | 0.7272 (0.0023) |
| 500 | Cardiac dysrhythmias        | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)             | 0.719 (0.0022)  |
| 500 | Cardiac dysrhythmias        | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100)     | 0.726 (0.0019)  |
| 500 | Cardiac dysrhythmias        | LDA; max pool (300)                               | 0.6819 (0.0012) |
| 500 | Cardiac dysrhythmias        | LDA; max and mean pool (600)                      | 0.6808 (0.0008) |
| 500 | Cardiac dysrhythmias        | LDA; mean pool (300)                              | 0.6422 (0.001)  |
| 500 | Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)                | 0.7557 (0.0014) |
| 500 | Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. | GRU, max pool, random init (600)             | 0.773 (0.002)   |
| 500 | Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. | GRU, max pool, random init (300)             | 0.764 (0.0013)  |
| 500 | Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)                | 0.7537 (0.0018) |
| 500 | Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)              | 0.6697 (0.0133) |
| 500 | Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)           | 0.7094 (0.0015) |
| 500 | Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)       | 0.7049 (0.0026) |
| 500 | Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.7119 (0.0025) |
| 500 | Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)        | 0.7081 (0.0022) |
| 500 | Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.7152 (0.0035) |
| 500 | Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. | LDA; max pool (300)                            | 0.6677 (0.0014) |
| 500 | Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. | LDA; max and mean pool (600)                     | 0.6561 (0.0085) |
| 500 | Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. | LDA; mean pool (300)                           | 0.5949 (0.0098) |
| 500 | Spondylosis (back pain)     | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)                 | 0.7481 (0.002)  |
| 500 | Spondylosis (back pain)     | GRU, max pool, random init (600)                 | 0.76 (0.0011)   |
| 500 | Spondylosis (back pain)     | GRU, max pool, random init (300)                 | 0.7523 (0.0019) |
| 500 | Spondylosis (back pain)     | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)                 | 0.739 (0.0011)  |
| 500 | Spondylosis (back pain)     | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)                  | 0.6713 (0.0132) |
| 500 | Spondylosis (back pain)     | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)                 | 0.7052 (0.0019) |
| 500 | Spondylosis (back pain)     | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)             | 0.7092 (0.0029) |
| 500 | Spondylosis (back pain)     | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500)    | 0.7078 (0.0035) |
| 500 | Spondylosis (back pain)     | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)            | 0.7086 (0.0021) |
| 500 | Spondylosis (back pain)     | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100)    | 0.7137 (0.0021) |
| 500 | Spondylosis (back pain)     | LDA; max pool (300)                             | 0.6686 (0.0018) |
| 500 | Spondylosis (back pain)     | LDA; max and mean pool (600)                     | 0.6655 (0.0015) |
| 500 | Spondylosis (back pain)     | LDA; mean pool (300)                            | 0.6046 (0.0038) |
| N   | Task                        | Model                                                                 | AUROC (SEM)     |
|-----|-----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| 500 | Disorders of lipid metabolism | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)                                     | 0.7284 (0.002)  |
| 500 | Disorders of lipid metabolism | GRU, max pool, random init (600)                                    | 0.7389 (0.0016) |
| 500 | Disorders of lipid metabolism | GRU, max pool, random init (300)                                    | 0.739 (0.0013)  |
| 500 | Disorders of lipid metabolism | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)                                    | 0.7275 (0.0017) |
| 500 | Disorders of lipid metabolism | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)                                     | 0.6276 (0.0126) |
| 500 | Disorders of lipid metabolism | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)                                    | 0.6631 (0.0039) |
| 500 | Disorders of lipid metabolism | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)                                 | 0.6664 (0.0032) |
| 500 | Disorders of lipid metabolism | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500)                        | 0.6728 (0.0038) |
| 500 | Disorders of lipid metabolism | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)                                | 0.6698 (0.004)  |
| 500 | Disorders of lipid metabolism | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100)                        | 0.68 (0.0026)   |
| 500 | Disorders of lipid metabolism | LDA; max pool (300)                                                  | 0.6233 (0.0034) |
| 500 | Disorders of lipid metabolism | LDA; max and mean pool (600)                                         | 0.6199 (0.0066) |
| 500 | Disorders of lipid metabolism | LDA; mean pool (300)                                                 | 0.5779 (0.0051) |
| 500 | Essential hypertension      | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)                                    | 0.7517 (0.0031) |
| 500 | Essential hypertension      | GRU, max pool, random init (600)                                    | 0.7592 (0.0019) |
| 500 | Essential hypertension      | GRU, max pool, random init (300)                                    | 0.7547 (0.0022) |
| 500 | Essential hypertension      | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)                                    | 0.7479 (0.0016) |
| 500 | Essential hypertension      | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)                                     | 0.66 (0.0019)   |
| 500 | Essential hypertension      | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)                                    | 0.6893 (0.0021) |
| 500 | Essential hypertension      | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)                                 | 0.692 (0.0021)  |
| 500 | Essential hypertension      | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500)                        | 0.6967 (0.0021) |
| 500 | Essential hypertension      | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)                                | 0.6911 (0.0022) |
| 500 | Essential hypertension      | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100)                        | 0.6958 (0.0024) |
| 500 | Essential hypertension      | LDA; max pool (300)                                                  | 0.6146 (0.0082) |
| 500 | Essential hypertension      | LDA; max and mean pool (600)                                         | 0.6533 (0.002)  |
| 500 | Essential hypertension      | LDA; mean pool (300)                                                 | 0.575 (0.0094)  |
| 500 | Thyroid disorders           | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)                                    | 0.7046 (0.0019) |
| 500 | Thyroid disorders           | GRU, max pool, random init (600)                                    | 0.7447 (0.0028) |
| 500 | Thyroid disorders           | GRU, max pool, random init (300)                                    | 0.7344 (0.003)  |
| 500 | Thyroid disorders           | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)                                    | 0.6779 (0.0024) |
| 500 | Thyroid disorders           | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)                                     | 0.6319 (0.002)  |
| 500 | Thyroid disorders           | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)                                    | 0.6958 (0.0023) |
| 500 | Thyroid disorders           | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)                                 | 0.6663 (0.0019) |
| 500 | Thyroid disorders           | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500)                        | 0.6923 (0.0032) |
| 500 | Thyroid disorders           | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)                                | 0.6685 (0.0043) |
| 500 | Thyroid disorders           | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100)                        | 0.6914 (0.003)  |
| 500 | Thyroid disorders           | LDA; max pool (300)                                                  | 0.6128 (0.0015) |
| 500 | Thyroid disorders           | LDA; max and mean pool (600)                                         | 0.6011 (0.008)  |
| 500 | Thyroid disorders           | LDA; mean pool (300)                                                 | 0.544 (0.0063)  |
| N   | Task                  | Model                                         | AUROC (SEM)     |
|-----|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1000| Mortality             | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)             | 0.8588 (0.0007) |
| 1000| Mortality             | GRU, max pool, random init (600)             | 0.8735 (0.0007) |
| 1000| Mortality             | GRU, max pool, random init (300)             | 0.8728 (0.0005) |
| 1000| Mortality             | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)             | 0.8566 (0.0008) |
| 1000| Mortality             | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)              | 0.8777 (0.0006) |
| 1000| Mortality             | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)             | 0.8641 (0.0012) |
| 1000| Mortality             | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)         | 0.8408 (0.0015) |
| 1000| Mortality             | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (1500)        | 0.8578 (0.0014) |
| 1000| Mortality             | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)        | 0.8532 (0.0012) |
| 1000| Mortality             | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (2100)        | 0.8632 (0.0011) |
| 1000| Mortality             | LDA; max pool (300)                          | 0.8432 (0.0013) |
| 1000| Mortality             | LDA; max and mean pool (600)                 | 0.8382 (0.0013) |
| 1000| Mortality             | LDA; mean pool (300)                         | 0.7933 (0.0015) |
| 1000| ER visit              | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)             | 0.7663 (0.001)  |
| 1000| ER visit              | GRU, max pool, random init (600)             | 0.7763 (0.0009) |
| 1000| ER visit              | GRU, max pool, random init (300)             | 0.7676 (0.0009) |
| 1000| ER visit              | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)             | 0.7649 (0.0011) |
| 1000| ER visit              | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)              | 0.7678 (0.0009) |
| 1000| ER visit              | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)             | 0.7719 (0.0014) |
| 1000| ER visit              | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)         | 0.7765 (0.0007) |
| 1000| ER visit              | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (1500)        | 0.7793 (0.0008) |
| 1000| ER visit              | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)        | 0.7783 (0.0008) |
| 1000| ER visit              | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (2100)        | 0.7803 (0.001)  |
| 1000| ER visit              | LDA; max pool (300)                          | 0.7211 (0.0015) |
| 1000| ER visit              | LDA; max and mean pool (600)                 | 0.7336 (0.0015) |
| 1000| ER visit              | LDA; mean pool (300)                         | 0.7148 (0.002)  |
| 1000| Inpatient Admission   | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)             | 0.7896 (0.0009) |
| 1000| Inpatient Admission   | GRU, max pool, random init (600)             | 0.7945 (0.0008) |
| 1000| Inpatient Admission   | GRU, max pool, random init (300)             | 0.7952 (0.0009) |
| 1000| Inpatient Admission   | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)             | 0.7831 (0.0008) |
| 1000| Inpatient Admission   | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)              | 0.7812 (0.0008) |
| 1000| Inpatient Admission   | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)             | 0.7804 (0.0014) |
| 1000| Inpatient Admission   | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)         | 0.7798 (0.0012) |
| 1000| Inpatient Admission   | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (1500)        | 0.7854 (0.0009) |
| 1000| Inpatient Admission   | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)        | 0.7838 (0.0011) |
| 1000| Inpatient Admission   | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (2100)        | 0.7874 (0.0015) |
| 1000| Inpatient Admission   | LDA; max pool (300)                          | 0.7589 (0.0017) |
| 1000| Inpatient Admission   | LDA; max and mean pool (600)                 | 0.7603 (0.0016) |
| 1000| Inpatient Admission   | LDA; mean pool (300)                         | 0.7338 (0.0016) |
| N   | Task                   | Model                                      | AUROC (SEM)     |
|-----|------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1000| Cardiac dysrhythmias   | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)           | 0.7435 (0.0012) |
| 1000| Cardiac dysrhythmias   | GRU, max pool, random init (600)           | 0.7574 (0.0009) |
| 1000| Cardiac dysrhythmias   | GRU, max pool, random init (300)           | 0.7549 (0.001)  |
| 1000| Cardiac dysrhythmias   | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)           | 0.7425 (0.002)  |
| 1000| Cardiac dysrhythmias   | Base line - Bag of Words (15000)           | 0.7272 (0.001)  |
| 1000| Cardiac dysrhythmias   | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)           | 0.7401 (0.001)  |
| 1000| Cardiac dysrhythmias   | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)       | 0.7325 (0.0011) |
| 1000| Cardiac dysrhythmias   | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.7394 (0.0016) |
| 1000| Cardiac dysrhythmias   | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)      | 0.7338 (0.001)  |
| 1000| Cardiac dysrhythmias   | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.7408 (0.0012) |
| 1000| Cardiac dysrhythmias   | LDA; max pool (300)                        | 0.6941 (0.0016) |
| 1000| Cardiac dysrhythmias   | LDA; max and mean pool (600)               | 0.6923 (0.0015) |
| 1000| Cardiac dysrhythmias   | LDA; mean pool (300)                       | 0.6587 (0.0017) |
| 1000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200) | 0.7645 (0.0015) |
| 1000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. | GRU, max pool, random init (600) | 0.7885 (0.0099) |
| 1000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. | GRU, max pool, random init (300) | 0.7734 (0.0013) |
| 1000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500) | 0.7587 (0.0012) |
| 1000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000) | 0.7226 (0.0018) |
| 1000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600) | 0.7384 (0.0018) |
| 1000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (900) | 0.7169 (0.0015) |
| 1000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.7341 (0.0018) |
| 1000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)      | 0.7256 (0.0019) |
| 1000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.7384 (0.0019) |
| 1000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. | LDA; max pool (300)                       | 0.6806 (0.0018) |
| 1000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. | LDA; max and mean pool (600)               | 0.6834 (0.0018) |
| 1000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic. | LDA; mean pool (300)                       | 0.6325 (0.0019) |
| 1000| Spondylosis (back pain) | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)           | 0.7556 (0.0013) |
| 1000| Spondylosis (back pain) | GRU, max pool, random init (600)           | 0.7667 (0.0009) |
| 1000| Spondylosis (back pain) | GRU, max pool, random init (300)           | 0.7599 (0.0009) |
| 1000| Spondylosis (back pain) | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)           | 0.7469 (0.0011) |
| 1000| Spondylosis (back pain) | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)           | 0.7252 (0.001)  |
| 1000| Spondylosis (back pain) | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.7229 (0.0015) |
| 1000| Spondylosis (back pain) | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)      | 0.7229 (0.0015) |
| 1000| Spondylosis (back pain) | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.7283 (0.0016) |
| 1000| Spondylosis (back pain) | LDA; max pool (300)                        | 0.6802 (0.0018) |
| 1000| Spondylosis (back pain) | LDA; max and mean pool (600)               | 0.6827 (0.0017) |
| 1000| Spondylosis (back pain) | LDA; mean pool (300)                       | 0.6281 (0.0025) |
| N   | Task                  | Model                                   | AUROC (SEM)  |
|-----|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------|--------------|
| 1000| Disorders of lipid metabolism | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)        | 0.7443 (0.0015) |
| 1000| Disorders of lipid metabolism | GRU, max pool, random init (600)       | 0.7509 (0.0011) |
| 1000| Disorders of lipid metabolism | GRU, max pool, random init (300)       | 0.7481 (0.0013) |
| 1000| Disorders of lipid metabolism | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)       | 0.7331 (0.0016) |
| 1000| Disorders of lipid metabolism | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)        | 0.6787 (0.0022) |
| 1000| Disorders of lipid metabolism | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)       | 0.6954 (0.0016) |
| 1000| Disorders of lipid metabolism | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)   | 0.6905 (0.0018) |
| 1000| Disorders of lipid metabolism | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.6989 (0.0017) |
| 1000| Disorders of lipid metabolism | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)  | 0.6904 (0.0023) |
| 1000| Disorders of lipid metabolism | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.7014 (0.0019) |
| 1000| Disorders of lipid metabolism | LDA; max pool (300)                     | 0.6375 (0.002)  |
| 1000| Disorders of lipid metabolism | LDA; max and mean pool (600)           | 0.6442 (0.002)  |
| 1000| Disorders of lipid metabolism | LDA; mean pool (300)                    | 0.6601 (0.0056) |
| 1000| Essential hypertension  | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)       | 0.7659 (0.001)  |
| 1000| Essential hypertension  | GRU, max pool, random init (600)       | 0.7741 (0.0017) |
| 1000| Essential hypertension  | GRU, max pool, random init (300)       | 0.7662 (0.0008) |
| 1000| Essential hypertension  | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)       | 0.7637 (0.0011) |
| 1000| Essential hypertension  | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)        | 0.6902 (0.0019) |
| 1000| Essential hypertension  | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)       | 0.7086 (0.0014) |
| 1000| Essential hypertension  | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)   | 0.7045 (0.0016) |
| 1000| Essential hypertension  | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.7104 (0.0013) |
| 1000| Essential hypertension  | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)  | 0.7057 (0.0019) |
| 1000| Essential hypertension  | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.7141 (0.0016) |
| 1000| Essential hypertension  | LDA; max pool (300)                     | 0.6681 (0.0016) |
| 1000| Essential hypertension  | LDA; max and mean pool (600)           | 0.6703 (0.0016) |
| 1000| Essential hypertension  | LDA; mean pool (300)                    | 0.6133 (0.0062) |
| 1000| Thyroid disorders      | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)       | 0.7148 (0.0017) |
| 1000| Thyroid disorders      | GRU, max pool, random init (600)       | 0.7667 (0.0023) |
| 1000| Thyroid disorders      | GRU, max pool, random init (300)       | 0.7532 (0.0019) |
| 1000| Thyroid disorders      | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)       | 0.6998 (0.0015) |
| 1000| Thyroid disorders      | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)        | 0.6687 (0.0021) |
| 1000| Thyroid disorders      | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)       | 0.7268 (0.0016) |
| 1000| Thyroid disorders      | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)   | 0.6823 (0.0019) |
| 1000| Thyroid disorders      | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.7128 (0.0019) |
| 1000| Thyroid disorders      | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)  | 0.6945 (0.0018) |
| 1000| Thyroid disorders      | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.7134 (0.0015) |
| 1000| Thyroid disorders      | LDA; max pool (300)                     | 0.6219 (0.0019) |
| 1000| Thyroid disorders      | LDA; max and mean pool (600)           | 0.6293 (0.0023) |
| 1000| Thyroid disorders      | LDA; mean pool (300)                    | 0.5721 (0.0036) |
| N      | Task               | Model                                      | AUROC (SEM)          |
|--------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| 2000   | Mortality          | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)          | 0.8624 (0.0004)      |
| 2000   | Mortality          | GRU, max pool, random init (600)          | 0.8792 (0.0004)      |
| 2000   | Mortality          | GRU, max pool, random init (300)          | 0.877 (0.0004)       |
| 2000   | Mortality          | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)          | 0.8612 (0.0005)      |
| 2000   | Mortality          | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)            | 0.894 (0.001)        |
| 2000   | Mortality          | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)          | 0.8744 (0.0006)      |
| 2000   | Mortality          | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)      | 0.8839 (0.0006)      |
| 2000   | Mortality          | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.8934 (0.0006)   |
| 2000   | Mortality          | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)     | 0.8914 (0.0009)      |
| 2000   | Mortality          | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.8661 (0.001)    |
| 2000   | Mortality          | LDA; max pool (300)                       | 0.8486 (0.0007)      |
| 2000   | Mortality          | LDA; max and mean pool (600)              | 0.8483 (0.0004)      |
| 2000   | Mortality          | LDA; mean pool (300)                      | 0.8089 (0.0009)      |
| 2000   | ER visit           | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)          | 0.7737 (0.0005)      |
| 2000   | ER visit           | GRU, max pool, random init (600)          | 0.7817 (0.0005)      |
| 2000   | ER visit           | GRU, max pool, random init (300)          | 0.7757 (0.0008)      |
| 2000   | ER visit           | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)          | 0.7723 (0.0005)      |
| 2000   | ER visit           | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)            | 0.7759 (0.0007)      |
| 2000   | ER visit           | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)          | 0.7805 (0.0009)      |
| 2000   | ER visit           | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)      | 0.782 (0.0006)       |
| 2000   | ER visit           | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.7867 (0.0007)   |
| 2000   | ER visit           | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)     | 0.7845 (0.0008)      |
| 2000   | ER visit           | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.787 (0.0004)    |
| 2000   | ER visit           | LDA; max pool (300)                       | 0.7368 (0.0014)      |
| 2000   | ER visit           | LDA; max and mean pool (600)              | 0.7497 (0.0011)      |
| 2000   | ER visit           | LDA; mean pool (300)                      | 0.7334 (0.0011)      |
| 2000   | Inpatient Admission| GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)          | 0.7938 (0.0006)      |
| 2000   | Inpatient Admission| GRU, max pool, random init (600)          | 0.8034 (0.0007)      |
| 2000   | Inpatient Admission| GRU, max pool, random init (300)          | 0.8008 (0.0008)      |
| 2000   | Inpatient Admission| GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)          | 0.7882 (0.0009)      |
| 2000   | Inpatient Admission| Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)            | 0.7944 (0.0009)      |
| 2000   | Inpatient Admission| MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)          | 0.7906 (0.0006)      |
| 2000   | Inpatient Admission| GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)      | 0.7942 (0.0007)      |
| 2000   | Inpatient Admission| GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.7966 (0.0007)   |
| 2000   | Inpatient Admission| GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)     | 0.7974 (0.0008)      |
| 2000   | Inpatient Admission| GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.7944 (0.0008)   |
| 2000   | Inpatient Admission| LDA; max pool (300)                       | 0.7701 (0.0012)      |
| 2000   | Inpatient Admission| LDA; max and mean pool (600)              | 0.7748 (0.0013)      |
| 2000   | Inpatient Admission| LDA; mean pool (300)                      | 0.7503 (0.0011)      |
| N   | Task                                | Model                                      | AUROC (SEM)   |
|-----|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|---------------|
| 2000| Cardiac dysrhythmias                | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)          | 0.7506 (0.001) |
| 2000| Cardiac dysrhythmias                | GRU, max pool, random init (600)          | 0.7629 (0.0009) |
| 2000| Cardiac dysrhythmias                | GRU, max pool, random init (300)          | 0.7638 (0.0008) |
| 2000| Cardiac dysrhythmias                | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)          | 0.7499 (0.0009) |
| 2000| Cardiac dysrhythmias                | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)           | 0.7418 (0.001) |
| 2000| Cardiac dysrhythmias                | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)          | 0.7495 (0.0006) |
| 2000| Cardiac dysrhythmias                | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)      | 0.7431 (0.0007) |
| 2000| Cardiac dysrhythmias                | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.7544 (0.0007) |
| 2000| Cardiac dysrhythmias                | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)     | 0.7452 (0.0007) |
| 2000| Cardiac dysrhythmias                | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.7505 (0.001) |
| 2000| Cardiac dysrhythmias                | LDA; max pool (300)                       | 0.6993 (0.0009) |
| 2000| Cardiac dysrhythmias                | LDA; max and mean pool (600)              | 0.7025 (0.0011) |
| 2000| Cardiac dysrhythmias                | LDA; mean pool (300)                      | 0.6734 (0.0013) |
| 2000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.      | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)          | 0.7741 (0.0007) |
| 2000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.      | GRU, max pool, random init (600)          | 0.7994 (0.0008) |
| 2000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.      | GRU, max pool, random init (300)          | 0.7829 (0.0006) |
| 2000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.      | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)          | 0.7672 (0.0007) |
| 2000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.      | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)           | 0.7499 (0.002) |
| 2000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.      | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)          | 0.7592 (0.0011) |
| 2000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.      | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)      | 0.7408 (0.0011) |
| 2000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.      | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.7625 (0.0009) |
| 2000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.      | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)     | 0.7452 (0.0011) |
| 2000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.      | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.7481 (0.0017) |
| 2000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.      | LDA; max pool (300)                       | 0.6921 (0.0014) |
| 2000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.      | LDA; max and mean pool (600)              | 0.6984 (0.0013) |
| 2000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.      | LDA; mean pool (300)                      | 0.6464 (0.0012) |
| 2000| Spondylosis (back pain)             | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)          | 0.7609 (0.0008) |
| 2000| Spondylosis (back pain)             | GRU, max pool, random init (600)          | 0.7732 (0.0005) |
| 2000| Spondylosis (back pain)             | GRU, max pool, random init (300)          | 0.7662 (0.0008) |
| 2000| Spondylosis (back pain)             | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)          | 0.7519 (0.0004) |
| 2000| Spondylosis (back pain)             | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)           | 0.7286 (0.0009) |
| 2000| Spondylosis (back pain)             | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)          | 0.7342 (0.0011) |
| 2000| Spondylosis (back pain)             | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)      | 0.7393 (0.0009) |
| 2000| Spondylosis (back pain)             | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.7453 (0.0009) |
| 2000| Spondylosis (back pain)             | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)     | 0.7409 (0.0011) |
| 2000| Spondylosis (back pain)             | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.7403 (0.0009) |
| 2000| Spondylosis (back pain)             | LDA; max pool (300)                       | 0.6971 (0.0007) |
| 2000| Spondylosis (back pain)             | LDA; max and mean pool (600)              | 0.7027 (0.0009) |
| 2000| Spondylosis (back pain)             | LDA; mean pool (300)                      | 0.6482 (0.0011) |
| N   | Task                              | Model                                      | AUROC (SEM)   |
|-----|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|---------------|
| 2000| Disorders of lipid metabolism     | GRU; max pool, PubMed init (200)          | 0.7523 (0.001) |
| 2000| Disorders of lipid metabolism     | GRU; max pool, random init (600)          | 0.7624 (0.0009) |
| 2000| Disorders of lipid metabolism     | GRU; max pool, random init (300)          | 0.7596 (0.0009) |
| 2000| Disorders of lipid metabolism     | GRU; max pool, PubMed init (500)          | 0.7428 (0.001) |
| 2000| Disorders of lipid metabolism     | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)           | 0.7106 (0.0015) |
| 2000| Disorders of lipid metabolism     | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)          | 0.7149 (0.0011) |
| 2000| Disorders of lipid metabolism     | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)      | 0.7086 (0.0013) |
| 2000| Disorders of lipid metabolism     | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)     | 0.7221 (0.0011) |
| 2000| Disorders of lipid metabolism     | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.7163 (0.0011) |
| 2000| Disorders of lipid metabolism     | LDA; max pool (300)                       | 0.6545 (0.0013) |
| 2000| Disorders of lipid metabolism     | LDA; max and mean pool (600)              | 0.6628 (0.0017) |
| 2000| Disorders of lipid metabolism     | LDA; mean pool (300)                      | 0.6219 (0.0014) |
| 2000| Essential hypertension            | GRU; max pool, PubMed init (200)          | 0.7758 (0.0008) |
| 2000| Essential hypertension            | GRU; max pool, random init (600)          | 0.7878 (0.0009) |
| 2000| Essential hypertension            | GRU; max pool, random init (300)          | 0.7759 (0.0011) |
| 2000| Essential hypertension            | GRU; max pool, PubMed init (500)          | 0.7737 (0.0005) |
| 2000| Essential hypertension            | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)           | 0.7176 (0.0013) |
| 2000| Essential hypertension            | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)          | 0.7272 (0.0011) |
| 2000| Essential hypertension            | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)      | 0.7204 (0.0011) |
| 2000| Essential hypertension            | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.7328 (0.0008) |
| 2000| Essential hypertension            | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)     | 0.7213 (0.0008) |
| 2000| Essential hypertension            | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.7259 (0.0012) |
| 2000| Essential hypertension            | LDA; max pool (300)                       | 0.6785 (0.0012) |
| 2000| Essential hypertension            | LDA; max and mean pool (600)              | 0.6824 (0.0014) |
| 2000| Essential hypertension            | LDA; mean pool (300)                      | 0.6355 (0.0014) |
| 2000| Thyroid disorders                 | GRU; max pool, PubMed init (200)          | 0.7281 (0.001) |
| 2000| Thyroid disorders                 | GRU; max pool, random init (600)          | 0.7819 (0.0012) |
| 2000| Thyroid disorders                 | GRU; max pool, random init (300)          | 0.769 (0.001) |
| 2000| Thyroid disorders                 | GRU; max pool, PubMed init (500)          | 0.713 (0.0011) |
| 2000| Thyroid disorders                 | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)           | 0.7008 (0.0022) |
| 2000| Thyroid disorders                 | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)          | 0.7482 (0.0013) |
| 2000| Thyroid disorders                 | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)      | 0.7043 (0.0008) |
| 2000| Thyroid disorders                 | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)     | 0.7401 (0.0012) |
| 2000| Thyroid disorders                 | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.7135 (0.001) |
| 2000| Thyroid disorders                 | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.7264 (0.0015) |
| 2000| Thyroid disorders                 | LDA; max pool (300)                       | 0.6343 (0.0015) |
| 2000| Thyroid disorders                 | LDA; max and mean pool (600)              | 0.6451 (0.0014) |
| 2000| Thyroid disorders                 | LDA; mean pool (300)                      | 0.5896 (0.0049) |
| N   | Task              | Model                                                             | AUROC (SEM)   |
|-----|------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| 4000| Mortality        | GRU; max pool, PubMed init (200)                                | 0.8661 (0.0002) |
| 4000| Mortality        | GRU; max pool, random init (600)                                | 0.8831 (0.0003) |
| 4000| Mortality        | GRU; max pool, random init (300)                                | 0.8801 (0.0003) |
| 4000| Mortality        | GRU; max pool, PubMed init (500)                                | 0.866 (0.0003)  |
| 4000| Mortality        | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)                                 | 0.907 (0.0005)  |
| 4000| Mortality        | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)                                | 0.882 (0.0005)  |
| 4000| Mortality        | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)                            | 0.8921 (0.0006)  |
| 4000| Mortality        | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (1500)                           | 0.9015 (0.0006)  |
| 4000| Mortality        | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)                           | 0.9002 (0.0006)  |
| 4000| Mortality        | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100)                    | 0.9078 (0.0006)  |
| 4000| Mortality        | LDA; max pool (300)                                             | 0.8558 (0.0007)  |
| 4000| Mortality        | LDA; max and mean pool (600)                                    | 0.8584 (0.0006)  |
| 4000| Mortality        | LDA; mean pool (300)                                            | 0.8189 (0.0006)  |
| 4000| ER visit         | GRU; max pool, PubMed init (200)                                | 0.7763 (0.0005)  |
| 4000| ER visit         | GRU; max pool, random init (600)                                | 0.7856 (0.0005)  |
| 4000| ER visit         | GRU; max pool, random init (300)                                | 0.7791 (0.0005)  |
| 4000| ER visit         | GRU; max pool, PubMed init (500)                                | 0.7761 (0.0003)  |
| 4000| ER visit         | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)                                 | 0.7836 (0.0006)  |
| 4000| ER visit         | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)                                | 0.7871 (0.0005)  |
| 4000| ER visit         | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)                            | 0.7873 (0.0007)  |
| 4000| ER visit         | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (1500)                           | 0.7927 (0.0006)  |
| 4000| ER visit         | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)                           | 0.7912 (0.0006)  |
| 4000| ER visit         | GloVe 500; min, max, max pool (2100)                            | 0.7947 (0.0006)  |
| 4000| ER visit         | LDA; max pool (300)                                             | 0.7443 (0.0006)  |
| 4000| ER visit         | LDA; max and mean pool (600)                                    | 0.7594 (0.0005)  |
| 4000| ER visit         | LDA; mean pool (300)                                            | 0.7414 (0.0008)  |
| 4000| Inpatient Admission | GRU; max pool, PubMed init (200)                          | 0.7995 (0.0004)  |
| 4000| Inpatient Admission | GRU; max pool, random init (600)                          | 0.8111 (0.0005)  |
| 4000| Inpatient Admission | GRU; max pool, random init (300)                          | 0.8069 (0.0004)  |
| 4000| Inpatient Admission | GRU; max pool, PubMed init (500)                          | 0.7939 (0.0003)  |
| 4000| Inpatient Admission | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)                          | 0.8062 (0.0006)  |
| 4000| Inpatient Admission | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)                          | 0.7989 (0.0005)  |
| 4000| Inpatient Admission | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)                          | 0.8027 (0.0005)  |
| 4000| Inpatient Admission | GloVe 300; min, max, max pool (1500)                          | 0.8085 (0.0005)  |
| 4000| Inpatient Admission | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)                          | 0.8053 (0.0005)  |
| 4000| Inpatient Admission | GloVe 500; min, max, max pool (2100)                          | 0.8099 (0.0005)  |
| 4000| Inpatient Admission | LDA; max pool (300)                          | 0.7801 (0.0006)  |
| 4000| Inpatient Admission | LDA; max and mean pool (600)                          | 0.7864 (0.0006)  |
| 4000| Inpatient Admission | LDA; mean pool (300)                          | 0.7615 (0.0005)  |
| N   | Task                          | Model                                                                 | AUROC (SEM) |
|-----|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| 4000| Cardiac dysrhythmias          | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)                                     | 0.7559 (0.0005) |
| 4000| Cardiac dysrhythmias          | GRU, max pool, random init (600)                                     | 0.7718 (0.0005) |
| 4000| Cardiac dysrhythmias          | GRU, max pool, random init (300)                                     | 0.7675 (0.0005) |
| 4000| Cardiac dysrhythmias          | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)                                     | 0.7536 (0.0005) |
| 4000| Cardiac dysrhythmias          | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)                                      | 0.756 (0.0009) |
| 4000| Cardiac dysrhythmias          | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)                                     | 0.7577 (0.0007) |
| 4000| Cardiac dysrhythmias          | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)                                 | 0.7523 (0.0006) |
| 4000| Cardiac dysrhythmias          | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500)                         | 0.7617 (0.0007) |
| 4000| Cardiac dysrhythmias          | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)                                | 0.7549 (0.0005) |
| 4000| Cardiac dysrhythmias          | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100)                         | 0.7629 (0.0005) |
| 4000| Cardiac dysrhythmias          | LDA; max pool (300)                                                  | 0.7086 (0.001) |
| 4000| Cardiac dysrhythmias          | LDA; max and mean pool (600)                                         | 0.7135 (0.0009) |
| 4000| Cardiac dysrhythmias          | LDA; mean pool (300)                                                 | 0.6808 (0.0008) |
| 4000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.| GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)                                     | 0.7816 (0.0006) |
| 4000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.| GRU, max pool, random init (600)                                     | 0.8076 (0.0007) |
| 4000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.| GRU, max pool, random init (300)                                     | 0.7909 (0.0004) |
| 4000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.| GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)                                     | 0.7746 (0.0006) |
| 4000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.| Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)                                      | 0.7741 (0.0011) |
| 4000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.| MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)                                     | 0.775 (0.0009) |
| 4000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.| MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (900)                                     | 0.7557 (0.0009) |
| 4000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.| GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500)                         | 0.7796 (0.0008) |
| 4000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.| GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)                                | 0.7638 (0.0008) |
| 4000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.| GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100)                         | 0.7814 (0.0008) |
| 4000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.| LDA; max pool (300)                                                  | 0.7037 (0.0009) |
| 4000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.| LDA; max and mean pool (600)                                         | 0.7129 (0.001) |
| 4000| Diabetes mellitus w/o complic.| LDA; mean pool (300)                                                 | 0.6578 (0.0014) |
| 4000| Spondylisis (back pain)       | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)                                     | 0.7644 (0.0003) |
| 4000| Spondylisis (back pain)       | GRU, max pool, random init (600)                                     | 0.7776 (0.0003) |
| 4000| Spondylisis (back pain)       | GRU, max pool, random init (300)                                     | 0.7708 (0.0003) |
| 4000| Spondylisis (back pain)       | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)                                     | 0.7556 (0.0004) |
| 4000| Spondylisis (back pain)       | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)                                      | 0.7429 (0.0008) |
| 4000| Spondylisis (back pain)       | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)                                     | 0.7442 (0.0007) |
| 4000| Spondylisis (back pain)       | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500)                         | 0.7544 (0.0005) |
| 4000| Spondylisis (back pain)       | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)                                | 0.753 (0.0007) |
| 4000| Spondylisis (back pain)       | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100)                         | 0.7577 (0.0008) |
| 4000| Spondylisis (back pain)       | LDA; max pool (300)                                                  | 0.7046 (0.0006) |
| 4000| Spondylisis (back pain)       | LDA; max and mean pool (600)                                         | 0.7127 (0.0006) |
| 4000| Spondylisis (back pain)       | LDA; mean pool (300)                                                 | 0.6624 (0.0011) |
| N  | Task                          | Model                                      | AUROC (SEM)          |
|----|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| 4000 | Disorders of lipid metabolism | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)          | 0.7591 (0.0006)      |
| 4000 | Disorders of lipid metabolism | GRU, max pool, random init (600)          | 0.7698 (0.0004)      |
| 4000 | Disorders of lipid metabolism | GRU, max pool, random init (300)          | 0.7650 (0.0007)      |
| 4000 | Disorders of lipid metabolism | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)          | 0.7491 (0.0006)      |
| 4000 | Disorders of lipid metabolism | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)           | 0.7365 (0.0001)      |
| 4000 | Disorders of lipid metabolism | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)          | 0.7294 (0.0008)      |
| 4000 | Disorders of lipid metabolism | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)      | 0.7227 (0.0006)      |
| 4000 | Disorders of lipid metabolism | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)     | 0.7262 (0.0007)      |
| 4000 | Disorders of lipid metabolism | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.739 (0.0007) |
| 4000 | Disorders of lipid metabolism | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.7381 (0.0008) |
| 4000 | Disorders of lipid metabolism | LDA; max pool (300)                       | 0.6674 (0.0014)      |
| 4000 | Disorders of lipid metabolism | LDA; max and mean pool (600)              | 0.6789 (0.0013)      |
| 4000 | Disorders of lipid metabolism | LDA; mean pool (300)                      | 0.6388 (0.001)       |
| 4000 | Essential hypertension        | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)          | 0.7825 (0.0005)      |
| 4000 | Essential hypertension        | GRU, max pool, random init (600)          | 0.7961 (0.0006)      |
| 4000 | Essential hypertension        | GRU, max pool, random init (300)          | 0.7838 (0.0004)      |
| 4000 | Essential hypertension        | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)          | 0.7815 (0.0006)      |
| 4000 | Essential hypertension        | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)           | 0.7432 (0.0011)      |
| 4000 | Essential hypertension        | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)          | 0.7364 (0.0008)      |
| 4000 | Essential hypertension        | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)      | 0.7325 (0.0007)      |
| 4000 | Essential hypertension        | GloVe 300 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (1500) | 0.7466 (0.0007) |
| 4000 | Essential hypertension        | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)     | 0.7355 (0.0008)      |
| 4000 | Essential hypertension        | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.7462 (0.0008) |
| 4000 | Essential hypertension        | LDA; max pool (300)                       | 0.6913 (0.0007)      |
| 4000 | Essential hypertension        | LDA; max and mean pool (600)              | 0.6988 (0.0009)      |
| 4000 | Essential hypertension        | LDA; mean pool (300)                      | 0.6479 (0.0012)      |
| 4000 | Thyroid disorders             | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (200)          | 0.7392 (0.0006)      |
| 4000 | Thyroid disorders             | GRU, max pool, random init (600)          | 0.7934 (0.0008)      |
| 4000 | Thyroid disorders             | GRU, max pool, random init (300)          | 0.7773 (0.0007)      |
| 4000 | Thyroid disorders             | GRU, max pool, PubMed init (500)          | 0.7234 (0.0006)      |
| 4000 | Thyroid disorders             | Baseline - Bag of Words (15000)           | 0.7301 (0.0021)      |
| 4000 | Thyroid disorders             | MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (600)          | 0.7641 (0.001)       |
| 4000 | Thyroid disorders             | GloVe 300; min, mean, max pool (900)      | 0.7169 (0.0008)      |
| 4000 | Thyroid disorders             | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)     | 0.7592 (0.0008)      |
| 4000 | Thyroid disorders             | GloVe 500; min, mean, max pool (1500)     | 0.7281 (0.0006)      |
| 4000 | Thyroid disorders             | GloVe 500 + MCEMJ; min, mean, max pool (2100) | 0.7585 (0.0008) |
| 4000 | Thyroid disorders             | LDA; max pool (300)                       | 0.6455 (0.0012)      |
| 4000 | Thyroid disorders             | LDA; max and mean pool (600)              | 0.6585 (0.001)       |
| 4000 | Thyroid disorders             | LDA; mean pool (300)                      | 0.6061 (0.0013)      |