“AN IMPERATIVE ANALYSIS OF SECURITY ISSUES AND CHALLENGES WITH BIG DATA IN SMB’S”

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Abstract: The current research study entitled “An Imperative Analysis of Security Issues and Challenges with Big Data in SMB’s”. Innovation of new technology and its adoption contributes not only increasing the business values but as well facilities the business growth and agility to an organization. Many organizations including leading SMB's of India understand the concept of security issues of big Data and started taken sincere actions against the same. Information security is critical important for Internet enterprises. System security adopts techniques such as redundancy, network separation, access control, authentication and encryption. In current research paper respondents opinion were statistically analyzed with One Way ANOVA with the help of SPSS Software and the obtained P value was highly significant therefore the results concluded that null hypothesis \( H_0 \): There is no significant relationship between Big data Security, risks and Benefits among SMB’s in India is rejected and alternate hypothesis which states that \( H_1 \): There is a significant relationship between Big data Security, risks and Benefits among SMB’s in India is accepted and proved. Thus the current research endeavour concludes the various linguistic characteristics of big data analytics and security concerns of big data, which finally recommends the security techniques and its utilities among all the developing Big data Analytics especially in SMB’s in India. Concluding these researches will be helpful postulating future trends in Big Data Analytics Security issues.

KeyWords:- Big Data, Data Security, Data Privacy, SMB’s, Technology, India.

1. INTRODUCTION

Big data is a collective term referring to data that is so large and complex that it exceeds the processing capability of conventional data management systems and software techniques. As every thing has its own Pros and Cons , Big data also have big problems and benefits. "Data becomes big data when individual data stops mattering and only a large collection of it or analyses derived from it are of value. With many big data analyzing technologies, insights can be derived to enable better decision making for critical development areas such as health care, economic productivity, energy, and natural disaster prediction.”[1] The term Big Data appeared for the first time in 1998 in a Silicon Graphics (SGI) slide deck by John Mashey having the title Big Data and the Next Wave of Infra Stress. The first book mentioning Big Data is a data mining book that came to fore in 1998 too by Weiss and Indrukya. [2] The first academic paper having the word Big Data in the title appeared in the year 2000 in a paper by Diebold.

Characteristics of Big data are elaborated in Figure 1 below:

- **Volume**: challenging to load and process (how to index, retrieve)
- **Variety**: different data types and degree of structure (how to query semi-structured data)
- **Velocity**: real-time processing influenced by rate of data arrival

The Indian SME industry has grown significantly over the years owing to a rise in better opportunities that can sustain the growth of such businesses. Be it the growing investment opportunities or greater adoption of innovative technology,
Indian SMEs are now emerging as one of the most important market players in recent times. They are also expected to surpass traditional corporates in terms of growth and revenue generation within the next couple of years. According to a report by The Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises, the Indian SME sector has emerged as one of the fastest growing industries in the country over the past couple of decades. **This industry is also playing a vital role in facilitating employment generation** and is helping in the industrialisation of rural and backwards areas, thus, reducing regional disparities, and assuring more equitable distribution of national income and wealth.[3]

It has taken over 50 years of collective effort from both the government and the people of India to facilitate the growth of the SME sector so far. However, along the way, some industry experts identified clearly defined the issue of Big data Security and Privacy within this space that require immediate resolution in order to ease business operations in India. [4]

With the remarkable improvement of data innovation, huge information application prompts the advancement of capacity, system and PC field. It additionally brings new security issues. This security challenge caused by huge information has pulled in the consideration of data security and mechanical group area. This paper outlines the attributes of enormous information data security, and concentrates on finish of security issues under the huge information field and the motivations to the advancement of data security innovation. At long last, this paper viewpoints the future and pattern of huge information data security.

## 2. REVIEW OF LITERATURE

A detailed Literature has been reviewed to make the study relevant. Few key observations obtained from Literature cited are elaborated below:

Lindell et al. (2002) [5] presents an enhanced usage of the two party cases, utilizing Yao's confused circuits (GCs). Du and Atallah gives proclamation of SMC issue and different minimum squares estimators for disjoint arrangements of data.[12]

## 3. RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

| RESEARCH METHODOLOGY |
|-----------------------|
| **Objectives of Research** |
| - To analyze issues and Challenges of Big Data Security among SMB’s. |
| - To provide insight on the effects of perceived risks, requirements and benefits in big data security for SMB’s. |

| **Hypothesis of Research** |
| *H₀*: There is no significant relationship between Big data Security, risks and Benefits among SMB’s in India. |

| **Research Design** |
| Exploratory – To know the parameters and formulate the hypotheses. Analytical – To analyze the parameters found out. |

| **Selected SMB’s under study** |
| Dr B Lal Clinical Laboratory Private Limited, Jaipur |
| Gravita India Limited, Jaipur |
| Elektrolites (Power) Pvt. Ltd., Jaipur |

| **Sampling Design** |
| Stratified Random sampling Method |

| **Sample Size** |
| (a)Employees of Selected SMB’s (Sample Size= 300) |
Data collection Techniques
Primary Data collection – A framed set of questionnaire for customers of two wheelers in Rajasthan
Secondary Data Collection – Research reports of IT Companies, SMB, Big Data Entrepreneurs Companies, Annual reports, Management books, journals, research papers etc.

Analytical tools For Pilot Study
Cronbach’s alpha for reliability and Kaiser Meyer’s Rank Test for Variability

Statistical Analysis for hypothesis testing
Chi Square Test, Multivariate ANOVA, Students‘t’ test.

4. RESULTS AND ANALYSIS

4.1 Demographic Details of respondents
Demographic study means study of both quantitative and qualitative aspects of selected human population. Quantitative aspects include composition, age, gender, size, and structure of the population. Qualitative aspects are the research specific factors such as current usage status of two wheeler, etc. Demographic variables of current research study are evaluated in table 1 below.

| Sample characteristic | Category   | No of Respondents |
|-----------------------|------------|-------------------|
| Gender                | Male       | 69%               |
|                       | Female     | 31%               |
| Age Group ( Years)    | 18-25      | 16%               |
|                       | 26-30      | 24%               |
|                       | 31-35      | 31%               |
|                       | 36-40      | 19%               |
|                       | Above 40   | 10%               |

Company size | Percentage |
-------------|------------|
1 - 10       | 4.55%      |
10 -50       | 27.27%     |
50 - 100     | 4.55%      |
100 -250     | 9.09%      |
higher than 250 | 54.55% |
Total        | 100%       |

Business Sector | Percentage |
----------------|------------|
Finance         | 50.00%     |
ICT sector      | 27.27%     |
Consumer goods  | 9.09 %     |
Other           | 13.64%     |
Total           | 100%       |

Role in the company | Percentage |
---------------------|------------|
Owner                | 4.55%      |
IT manager           | 31.82%     |
Employee             | 63.64%     |
Total                | 100%       |

In short, small and mid-sized businesses have focused an appropriate level of concern on the business risks that affect those most. Another important query arises is the mechanism to reduce these security of big data concerns and predicting and postulating the suggestive ways which can be beneficial for protecting the business specially its big data security. These issues are elaborated below:

4.2 Security challenges and issues investigation among SMB's[19]
Be that as it may, regardless of attention to the dangers they face and lucidity about the most ideal approaches to relieve them, a striking number of little and moderate sized organizations trail the best in class, as well as need even the
It can be stated that more than 33% of these organizations work with no assurance against infections and spam. Numerous others are ensured just considerably measures: reinforcement/recuperation for servers however not desktops for instance, or antivirus point arrangements that can't secure portable endpoints or safeguard against quick evolving, quick moving, complex dangers that utilization different systems to assault advanced resources. As Ray Boggs, Vice-President of SMB explore for IDC puts it, "obviously SMBs know better, yet they are time and again centered around business openings outside the organization to focus on the dangers they are taking comfortable." What's stopping them? Through the survey, SMBs report the familiar constraints of staffing, time, and budget, as shown in Figure 3.

5. IMPACT STUDY

To evaluate the monetary size of the dangers these organizations confront, the overview asked members who had endured security breaks or information misfortune to stock the conditions dependable. What's more, as Figure 3 points of interest, those conditions emphatically look like the stock of SMB security dangers detailed in Figure.
Figure 4 Causes Cited for Security breach of Data Loss

Not surprisingly, a cross-comparison of Figure 4 against Figure 2 shows that security incidents and data losses are concentrated exactly where SMB gaps and shortfalls leave vulnerabilities. Here are just a few examples:

- 44% of breaches involve compromised mobile device-endpoints like laptops and PDAs that are overlooked in many SMB security plans
- 39% involve sabotage, human error, or poor procedures while SMB security concentrates on threats from outside the network
- 35% of breaches involve failures in backup processes-known vulnerabilities for SMB servers, desktops, and laptops Solid, regular backup practices can mitigate the risks of inevitable hardware failures, but lapses may have serious consequences

Hypothesis Testing

In current research study on results obtained above of respondents the values were statistically analyzed above Likert’s scale values with one way ANOVA by using SPSS and results are as mentioned:

![ANOVA Table]

Respondents opinion were statistically analyzed with One Way ANOVA with the help of SPSS Software and the obtained P value was highly significant therefore the results concluded that null hypothesis $H_0$: There is no significant relationship between Big data Security, risks and Benefits among SMB’s in India is rejected and alternate hypothesis which states that $H_1$: There is a significant relationship between Big data Security, risks and Benefits among SMB’s in India is accepted and proved.

Few observations based on respondents reported for protection of Big data in SMB are as described:[18]

- Standards of Protection
  Misfortunes and business dangers like these are a bit much. Notwithstanding when staff, time, and spending limitations obstruct an efficient arrangement, little and medium size organizations can enhance their security pose with straightforward, financially savvy assurance measures may have impact.

- Awareness about Security Details
  A portion of the best things in IT security are free. Data assets won't keep specialized protections up to the moment, yet occasional reports like the Symantec Internet Security Threat Report can keep even the littlest business mindful of patterns in the danger condition, and how best to guard against them.

- Data endorsement
  They might be dull and tedious; however reinforcements even manual reinforcements offer a portion of the most noteworthy returns accessible
among IT activities. Insurance against cataclysmic event, equipment disappointment, or more all human mistake gives a business congruity and trust despite an extensive variety of dangers. Incorporate off-site stockpiling of scrambled information as a feature of a develop reinforcement and recuperation program.

- **Security And Protection Within Organization**
  
  Worker mistake, misrepresentation, and vandalism can bargain an organization's most touchy and important data and lawfully required divulgences can savage its notoriety. Basic strategies and controls-beginning with end of copy or convenient information stores-can generously enhance your security act. The Payment Card Industry offers superb direction on information security, fitting for individuals and nonmembers alike.

- **Security in Physical Form**
  
  By a long shot the most established part of information insurance, physical security still positions high in significance. Strategies for screen-locking, end-of-day shutdown, resource labeling and following, and others are anything but difficult to execute regularly as basic as keeping the correct entryways bolted. Furthermore, every one of them cuts the chances of the most pessimistic scenario information misfortune situation, when a gadget containing basic information falls under a criminal's control for an expanded time with low shot of presentation. At the point when the time comes to put resources into overhauling your electronic security, here are three extra standards to consider:

- **Layered Security Mechanism**
  
  Dangers heighten, and even advanced securities can come up short against new assaults. Multi-layer barriers secure against neighborhood leaps forward or single-point disappointments of any one innovation or technique. The most recent protection top to bottom techniques join antivirus and antispm programming with firewalls, interruption counteractive action, gadget and application control, and fix administration arrangements.

- **Installation of wide-ranging of Security Mechanism**
  
  Profundity is basic, yet don't disregard broadness. Security designs should cover desktops, portable PCs, and informing servers. Cell phones whether conveyed in by pariahs or taken out by workers are the most hard to supervise, enhancing framework effectiveness and give general framework effectiveness and give general distributed storage works on start to guarantee client information and access specialist are the examination bearing of future safe enormous information utility and registering. At present, more things should be done in cryptograph looking and reduplicate information evacuating.

5. CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

To handle big data and to work with it and obtaining benefits from it a branch of science has come up and is evolving, called Data Science. Data Science is the branch of science that deals with discovering knowledge from huge sets of data, mostly unstructured and semi structured, by virtue of data inference and exploration.[15] Symantec's most recent security offering, Symantec Protection Suite (SPS), is outlined, scaled, and evaluated to meet SMB security and information assurance prerequisites. The main suite offering far reaching assurance crosswise over tablets, servers, informing doors, and reinforcement and recuperation situations, SPS conveys demonstrated insurance for business data and PCs, guards against forceful new malware and spam dangers, and moves down and rapidly recoups PCs and data in case of a problem.[16,17] Data security in huge information condition is a promising field in data security. This paper acquaints affect with data security from SMB's parts of huge information security. As a rule, enhancing framework effectiveness and give general distributed storage works on start to guarantee client information and access specialist are the examination bearing of future safe enormous information utility and registering. At present, more things should be done in cryptograph looking and reduplicate information evacuating.

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