Redesign Prototype of Fintech Application

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Abstract. The development of Fintech's business in Indonesia helps maximize the use of technology to change, sharpen, or improve various financial aspects ranging from payment methods, transferring funds, obtaining funds, loans to asset management can begin to be accelerated and shortened using technology. However, considering technology that is not well prepared will have an impact on a poor user experience. The DANA application still requires UI / UX difficulties on transactions so it does not meet user expectations. Assessing user-centered design can help in user-related issues. Supporting user-centered design has been supported by various techniques, methods, tools, procedures and processes that help design interactive systems that are more user-centered. Data mining methods used are interviews with end users and literature studies. New design and prototype recommendations according to usability test results. A total of seven participants tested the usability of the new transaction prototype. The expected results of this design help overcome/control the user in conducting transactions.

Keywords: Fintech application, Data mining methods, User-centered design

1 Introduction

At present the Startup business is growing so rapidly one of them is fintech (Financial technology) [1][2]. The emergence of fintech helps maximize the use of technology to change, sharpen, or accelerate various aspects of financial services ranging from payment methods, fund transfers, fund collection, loans to asset management can then be accelerated and shortened using technology [3][4].

In Indonesia, there are currently around 113 fintech startups registered with OJK. One of them is the DANA application [5]. DANA application (Dompet Digital Indonesia) [6] is a digital payment service on an open platform basis[7]. FUNDS are useful for storing money online or as a digital wallet[8], this application offers several services to support various electronic transactions, such as e-commerce transactions, top-up credit, electricity bill payments, and other transactions [9][10].

To win the fierce startup business competition, it is necessary to improve the quality of one of them through the user interface[11]. The purpose of the user interface is to improve usability and of course user experience. User Interface and User Experience (UI/UX) play an important role in the development of an application because the design of an application must be neat and organized [12]. Besides the User Interface and User Experience (UI/UX) must be in accordance with user requirements of the application to be built. User Interface and User Experience (UI/UX) are built by looking at the user needs for an application that will be built starting from the display design, features, and various other needs[12].

The DANA application still has shortcomings in UI/UX. These deficiencies regarding the features/menus available are incomplete so users have difficulty when they want to do something. For example, when a user wants to cancel a payment transaction, the user cannot cancel it and has to wait 1x24 hours for the order to be automatically canceled and also when the user wants to delete the transaction history the user cannot do so because there is no option/option to delete the transaction history. The redesign on the user interface needs to be done to facilitate the user in the transaction and increase the value of user experience[13].

The user-centered design approach can help in problems related to the user[14]. The user-centered design approach has been supported by a variety of techniques, methods, tools, procedures, and processes that help design interactive systems that are more user-centered. Data mining methods used are interviews with end-users and literature studies [15]. New design and prototype recommendations refer to the results of usability testing. The expected outcome of this design is to help overcome the difficulties/ constraints of the user in making transactions.

2 Method

The method used in the study in accordance with the problems to be solved in this study is an incomplete feature on the payment menu. How to find solutions to
Persona functions so that we understand the user’s character so that it can help us in making application designs. Finally, the recapitulation of the results of mapping the problems found, into User Journey Mapping. In the User Journey, Mapping Data obtained are then analyzed in order to obtain a picture of the problems and needs and then provide solutions to user difficulties.

2.5 Stage 5 - Making the Wireframe Prototype

This stage is the stage to get as many ideas as possible in designing a product with reference to the results of the previous analysis. At this stage, we can design the interaction design including making information architecture, making low-fidelity / wireframing, making prototypes then doing usability testing to check the effectiveness of designs that have been made[22].

A wireframe is a concept or blueprint design of the application design to be made. Wireframes function to describe the workflow of a task or feature and display any information that needs to be displayed on each page. Wireframes usually do not pay attention to aesthetics or beauty visually. Visual beauty will be done in the high-fidelity design phase. The creation of a wireframe must refer to the sitemap or menu frame that has been created. A prototype is a stage to implement the design in the form of prototypes of the best ideas that have been selected at the decide stage. The prototype produced at this stage is in the form of a high-fidelity prototype so that it can be used in interacting with users[19].

2.6 Stage 6 - Usability Testing

Usability testing is one of the design processes in UCD which is carried out to find out whether a product meets the usability criteria by involving users in testing. The redesigned interface design must be able to solve the UX-related problems that have been previously defined[15].

3 Result and Discussion

The discussion of this research is carried out in several stages to produce application designs according to user needs.

3.1 Design of Information Architecture

On the Funds menu application available are Home, History, Pay, Pocket, and Me. On the homepage menu, there are 4 sub-menus namely scan, fill balance, send, request. On the scan menu, there is a QR scan which is useful when making payment transactions using a QR code. In the top-up/balance menu, the balance using the code can be via debit card, bank transfer, agent, and others. On the send menu, we can send money to users of FUN through the QR code scan or using a telephone number. In the menu ask to be used when going to collect money or joint venture with us to determine the nominal amount. Friends can use the QR code or via the link sent via Whatsapp / other apps. In addition to the sub-menu on the homepage, we can also see the contents of the balance and notifications as well as various options if the user

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wants to make payments/purchases of credit, electricity, water, BPJS, and so on. In the history menu, there are two sub-menus, namely in progress and completed. The in-progress sub-menu displays the history of transactions that are being carried out or have not been paid while completed, which contains a number of completed or failed transactions. On the pay menu, we can make payments using a QR code scan or by using a user card given a transaction number that can be paid through a bank or credit card. In the pocket, the menu contains various vouchers. Vouchers are obtained from FUNDS. To be able to do this game, users must have made transactions using the DANA application. In the pocket menu, there are a number of sub-menus such as vouchers, games, will expire, and others. Finally, there is my menu. On my menu, there is user account information, user QR code, and re-verification (premium), underneath there, are also subcategories of feature categories such as balances, saved cards, and manage bills. In addition, there are subcategories of general information categories such as tutorials, help center, terms and conditions, privacy policy. And finally, the application settings category sub-menu which contains settings, app version, and exits.

**Table 1. Various obstacles encountered by users in the DANA application and its solutions**

| No | New difficulties / needs | User’s Thoughts / Emotion | Opportunity |
|----|--------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| 1  | There is no order cancellation feature | Sad, disappointed | Add an order cancellation feature in the Payment Options menu section |
| 2  | Absence of erasing transaction history feature | disappointed | Add the delete history per transaction feature |
| 3  | Too many advertisement s | angry | Reduces advertisements that appear |
| 4  | Barcodes cannot be read when transferring money | Angry, annoyed, disappointed | Check the barcode if there are stains/dirt covering the QR code, clean the user's camera, check the internet connection |

According to the table 1, there are various obstacles encountered by users in the DANA application and its solutions. Constraints contained in the DANA application include: the user has difficulty when scanning for payment, the user cannot cancel the transaction and also cannot delete the transaction history. For constraints in the field of user interface related to the absence of buttons/options for canceling and deleting transaction history, a redesign of the DANA application by adding the cancel transaction feature in the payment feature also adds a delete history feature in the transaction history display. Before redesigning the application, make a persona first. Personas made can help in making application redesign.

**3.2 Making application redesign**

In making application redesign after making analysis and persona, we make wireframes. A wireframe is a rough framework or sketch for structuring items on web pages before the actual design process begins. To design the UI Designer wireframe, you can use handprints on paper or use special wireframing design tools. Visually the wireframe is only in the form of lines and boxes that govern the layout of the elements on the website. With the wireframe, web developers are greatly helped by their work so that the development process can be structured and directed.
3. Design Improvements

Based on the results of usability testing, improvements made are to add the order cancellation button to the transaction history in progress and add the option / delete history button to the completed transaction.

4 Conclusion

From the discussion that has been done, it can be concluded that in the DANA application there are still some shortcomings in terms of UI / UX. These deficiencies regarding the features/menu of the availability of the menu Clear transaction history and order cancellation menu, so that the proposed design improvements using the User-centered design (UCD) method where the proposed improvement design results, then conducted Usability Testing by distributing questionnaires and interviews resulting in an average of resource persons feeling agree with some additional menu proposals on the transaction and provide satisfaction for users and facilitate users in making transactions.

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