The Role of Facebook in Activating Local Tourism: An Analytical Study

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Abstract:

The development of the world today in information and communication technologies has affected all aspects of the economic life of the countries, especially with the emergence of the Internet and new media through social networks such as Facebook, Twitter, Instagram, and others. With the emergence of social networks on the Internet, marketing services, especially tourism services, depend on the human factor through exchanging information about tourist areas, traditional products, hotels, and others. The new era has begun to depend on consumers and their contribution to promoting services and places. With the rapid development of social networks, especially Facebook, the importance of harnessing these sites to serve the tourism industry in the countries of the world in general and Algeria, in particular, has emerged. The tourism industry depends mainly on the views of consumers and the spread of information among them, which opened a wide door to identify the places of tourism and hotels and offer services to visiting people and benefiting from their services. This positively affects other users who may one day be tourists in the same areas. Therefore, this study aims to highlight the role of social networks and their contribution to the activation of tourism in general and local tourism in particular. This is taking the Facebook network as a model by analysing the Facebook page beaches of Annaba and answering the following fundamental question: to what extent does Facebook contribute to the activation of local tourism in Algeria?

Keywords: Social Networking, Facebook, Tourism, Local Tourism

JEL Classification: Z3, M3.

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1. Introduction

The technologies, tools and means used in marketing and tourism activism in the world have diversified in the first decade of the present century, the most prominent of which is the international trends of information technology applications in electronic marketing. There was an urgent need to pursue these developments and the tourism industry’s importance in many countries. Therefore, appropriate means must be found for them to benefit, where marketing is the primary tool in the development of tourism by providing the tourist product of attractive types to the local and regional markets. The tourism industry is a concept based on three pillars; it is oriented to the tourist, depends on satisfying diverse and varied needs and desires, and that tourism marketing as a modern and renewable concept depends on workers’ efforts in tourist establishments. The second aspect is the nature of the tourism industry itself. Tourism was well-known as a social and humanitarian activity before it became a personal and tangible entity. Tourism marketing aims to help the institution provide a clear picture of the tourism service and create a good impression for tourists in the target markets (Mohamed Mohamed Faradj Abdel Samie. April 2016).

Furthermore, the emergence of the Internet and social networks have emerged the need and urgency to exploit the latter in the activation of tourism; for example, on the Facebook network, there are many pages on the definition of tourist purposes.
1.1 Problematic

In this sense, the problem of this study focuses on the role of social networks, especially Facebook, and their role in activating local tourism in Algeria. This network is known for its wide use and ease of use, as well as for providing a wide range of user interactions.

To address this problem, we asked the following question:

To what extent does Facebook contribute to the activation of local tourism in Algeria?

1.2 Study Community

The social networking community Facebook represents the beaches of Annaba, established in 2012, related to the definition of the beaches of Annaba as a local tourist destination.

1.3 Sample Study:

The sample of the study in the publications of the page for the whole two months of September and October 2016 to analyze information and recent publications, as the State is known as a recent development in the completion of tourism facilities and hotels, which is a magnet tourist attraction excellence.

1.4 Curriculum used

An analytical descriptive study based on the descriptive approach (content analysis) in the analysis of the electronic media material of this page. It depends on describing and analyzing the phenomenon to reach the desired results. This method is also considered the most suitable for our study, especially regarding electronic publishing.

2. Basic concepts

2.1 Tourism definition

Tourism: is an activity of an individual or a group of individuals that makes the transition from one place to another or from one country to another to perform a particular task or visit a particular place or several places or for leisure purposes. It results in the knowledge of other civilizations and cultures, the addition of new information and observations and the meeting of peoples and nationalities. It creates many jobs, industries and investments to serve the activity, raise the level of peoples' performance and culture, and disseminate their history, civilizations, customs and traditions. It is now an essential and promising industry based on science and culture (Bana Damraoui. 5 April 2016).

2.2 Local tourism

Alternatively, as some call it, domestic tourism is an internal activity of the same State, i.e. by the inhabitants of a given country travelling from their place of residence for tourism. At least 80 kilometres from their home or place of residence within the borders of the same country (Bana Damraoui. 5 April 2016) for 24 hours and does not exceed the limits of the year upon return to the original residence.
2.3 Social networks

Social Networking "is a website that allows users to chat and exchange information, opinions, ideas and problems through profiles, photos, chat rooms, etc. Twitter, Facebook, MySpace, YouTube (Abdulkarim Ali Al-Dhibisi, Zuhair Yassine Tahat, 2013).

2.4 Facebook

Facebook is one of the most important social networking sites. It is a social forum and an easy technology base in which the user can do what he wants (Abbas Mustafa Sadiq, 2008).

The world's most famous social networking sites were listed at Harvard University in 2004, with a total of nine billion dollars.

The Dictionary of Media and Communication

Facebook: "A social networking site founded in 2004 that allows for the publication of private pages. It was first developed in the service of students, faculty and staff but expanded to include all people". (Hosni Awad, 2011)

The statistics for Facebook published by the Digital Buzz Blog in January 2011 include (Saoud Saleh Kateb, 13-15 December 2011):
- The average number of friends per user is 130 friends.
- 48% of site users aged 18-34 visit their Facebook page after waking up, of whom 28% do so before they get out of bed.
- The proportion of users over 35 is increasing steadily and now accounts for more than 30% of the total users.
- Users aged 18-24 years are the fastest growing by 74% per year.
- 72% of Internet users in the United States are on Facebook, and users of the site outside the United States of America are 70% of the total users.
- 20 million applications are installed daily.
- More than 200 million people access the site via their mobile phones.
- 48% of young people said that Facebook had become their news source.

3. The role of social networking Facebook in activating local tourism

Social networking sites play an essential role in promoting tourism. They create an interactive atmosphere that allows Internet users to be positive by sharing information and publishing videos and photos via Facebook and Internet sites.

Information technology and communication media have expanded the range of technological options and solutions to promote and increase tourist market access through e-media promotion, especially video and other services such as instant messaging and e-mail (Salma Fathy, 21 November 2016).

Since the Facebook network is known for its use and outreach and a great development for the number of users and is also easy to use, the holiday attracts people to resort to it to identify tourist areas, especially in the interior areas of the country, including the Facebook page Annaba beaches, which is the basis of this analysis. The tourism areas in
the State of Annaba, especially the beaches, where this page brings together many users from several areas inside and outside the country, making it essential in activating local tourism in the State.

4. Analytical Study

Table 1: shows the study sample page:

| Page                  | Logo                  | Number of subscribers |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| "The beaches of Annaba" | "We seek the best"     | users 116 592         |

Source: Current Study

The above table shows the definition of the sample page of the study "Beaches of Annaba City", where a logo was carried "we strive for the best". It is a page dedicated to introducing the beaches of Annaba, as it publishes the most beautiful beaches in a way that attracts the attention of users who can be tourists for a day in the region based on the information drawn from the page. Clearly, it shows through the analytical study of the page interaction of many users about getting to know each tourist spot and how to access it by requesting names and addresses.

Fig. 1: shows the services available on the page:

Source: Current Study

The data are shown in Figure (01), including the services on the Facebook page promoting local tourism in Annaba, especially its beaches. It also presents that the pages provided various interactive services, including a journal, which contains all the content added by the visitors to the page. This is by showing Facebook accounts and comments since the beginning of the establishment of pages with a good archive that can be easily browsed and read all responses and interactions, both written and visual.

As for "who we are" ñieñueDañsVotre ville Annaba ñôNOIëALA PAGE" OFFICIAL of: the beaches of Annaba. (Like) the icon is also available in a clickable icon that captures and impresses fans of the page, is a qualitative addition to the page, and increases the interaction of fans (audience) on activating tourism in Annaba state over the network.
Table (02): shows the Contents of the study sample page

| Content Sample study page | percentage |
|---------------------------|------------|
| Add photos                | 46.71%     |
| Add videos                | 2.06%      |
| Add captions              | 51.23%     |
| Total                     | 100%       |

Source: Current Study

Contributing messages to individuals’ interaction (navigation) opens the door to entering into dialogue with others and can form a network of people united by opinion and ideas, and style of writing or obsession. Which is the subject of an essential commentator on them, the available images have formed the highest percentage. Most of the pages of Annaba contained many images, which in turn contain the content, which has been shared and thus replicated many times, the image is sometimes informed of the word. Followed by messages on the areas that the images of the campaign are of exceptionally high proportions came content containing an intellectually open path that reflects the thinking of commentators.

While the added videos were very few, they focused mainly on publishing images.

Table (03): shows the participation of the page audience via another social contact site:

| Share a page audience | percentage |
|-----------------------|------------|
| Facebook              | 100%       |
| Twitter               | 00%        |
| Instagram             | 00%        |
| Others remember       | 100%       |

Source: Current Study

The above figure shows how popular and broad the interaction of the page's visitors is by measuring other social sites. The participation of the page’s audience via social networking sites allows for broadening the definition of the beaches and other tourist areas mentioned on the page and its audience from one site to another. The "Annaba Beaches" page has many beaches and contents to allow for multiple visions and the interaction of the public with a shape event that has a particular focus on the state of Annaba and its beaches by placing the page footprint on the content.

Table (04) shows the textual content of the study sample page:

| The textual content of the sample study page | percentage |
|---------------------------------------------|------------|
| Labels for beaches and tourist areas        | 17.25%     |
| Questions about area labels included in publications | 18.16%   |
| Expressions of admiration in the areas included in the publications | 35.41%   |
| Welcome phrases to the city of Annaba       | 12.57%     |
| User states participating in the page       | 13.61%     |
| Criticism of users                         | 3%         |
| Total                                       | 100%       |

Source: Current Study
There were also several questions on their part, or by the author of the page itself, to test the participants’ culture about what they know about the beaches of Annaba, whether the user is from the state or outside, and dominated the commentaries on a large area of interaction between them through the definition of tourism purposes and beauty.

Also, the users’ desire to visit them has become apparent, which makes them a tourist by day, thanks to what is published on the page.

**Table (05): shows the contents of the pictures of the study sample page:**

| Contents of images           | percentage |
|-----------------------------|------------|
| Beaches                     | 27.25%     |
| Hotels                      | 3.53%      |
| Streets                     | 13.27%     |
| Roads and directions        | 7.96%      |
| Mosques                     | 1.76%      |
| Other                       | 6.19%      |
| **Total**                   | **100%**   |

*Source: Current Study*

The images dominated a large part of the publications, ranging from high-altitude beaches, trends, roads, streets, hotels and mosques, to a lesser extent, as well as pictures of illegal immigrants and their arrival news.

The picture carries several meanings that the text cannot convey or influence the participants as much as the latter, which made the page dominated by the blue colour of the beaches and created a significant interaction between the participants.

In addition to some of the hotels (Sheraton Annaba, Sibus, Majestic...) and two pictures of the mosques, the founder of the page tried to draw the attention of the participants to the tourism services available in Annaba in addition to the religious traditions and values through the image of the mosque.

The photographs were taken in a masterful way of the natural beauty of the state and may make anyone as soon as they see it want to visit the beaches of Annaba and establish tourism there.

**Table (06): shows the contents of the video for the study sample page**

| Contents of the video sample study page | percentage |
|----------------------------------------|------------|
| Definition of beaches                  | 30%        |
| Advertising for hotels                 | 28.57%     |
| Identify trends and methods            | 42.85%     |
| **Total**                              | **100%**   |

*Source: Current Study*
The videos were a small part of the page’s publications compared to the pictures and the text content. The contents were mainly based on roads and trends, followed by the beaches and hotels (Sabri hotel). The video was overshadowed by some of the videos of the hotel Sabri, the last video published within the period of the study was silent and did not include any identification of the destination or naming of the beach. Here it can be said that these contents did not serve the definition of the tourist destination as shown in the goals of the page and remained all Unknown destinations for participants who wish to visit the state of Annaba and the exact areas that have been published through the videos were not enough to highlight the aesthetic aspect of nature and charming beaches.

Table (07): Links to available pages in the study sample page:

| Pages                        | Available / Unavailable | percentage |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| Ministry of Tourism page     | 1                       | 50%        |
| Responsible for the page     | 1                       | 50%        |
| Links to other tourist pages | x                       | 00%        |
| Total                        | 2                       | 100%       |

Table Source: Current Study

On the right side of the city page of Annaba, there are two icons for two pages, the Ministry of Tourism page and the page of the official responsible for Annaba beaches.

Table (08): Tools for activating local tourism through the page:

| Tools for activating local tourism through the page | Available / Unavailable | percentage |
|----------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| Use multimedia information to describe tourist areas and their components | 1                       | 100%       |
| Maps and tourist guides                           | x                       | 00%        |
| Robots for other tourist pages                     | x                       | 00%        |
| Total                                              | 1                       | 100%       |

The (x) symbol has been set to indicate what is not available on the page.
A code (1) is used to indicate what is available on the page.

Source: Current Study

The activation of the local tourism tools across the page shores of Annaba is limited were confined to the use of multimedia media (photos and videos ...) showing tourist areas or rather the beach that can be touring the state, either maps and guides and tourist links to other tourist pages were non-existent, except for the appearance of side The Ministry of Tourism page and a particular music page.

The page remains an attempt well of its founder the definition the destinations of tourist Annaba state, especially beaches, because many shortcomings remain, as it should be
strengthened for tourists, which means the state and its beaches with information because stirring curiosity pictures and videos bearing tourist destinations without defined and determine access method is difficult for the participant and the user of the page that wants to travel in the state.

Table (09): Role of the page in activating local tourism:

| The role of the page in activating tourism in the state of Annaba | percentage |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|------------|
| Dissemination of information for tourist purposes             | 64.25%     |
| Interaction on published tourist information                   | 35.75%     |
| View tourist statistics                                        | 00%        |
| News about tourism in the region                               | 00%        |
| Total                                                          | 100%       |

Source: Current Study

Facebook page (The beaches of Annaba) city is a serious attempt to introduce maritime tourism in the state of Annaba (beach tourism). The many elements constitute an element to activate tourism in the state. However, the page generally showed the significant role of social networking networks, specifically Facebook, in activating local tourism in the state.

5. Conclusion
5.1 Study Results

Through the analysis of the Facebook page "The beaches of the city of Annaba," the following results were found:
- Diversity of services available on the page.
- The page knows almost daily additions of photos, comments and videos to fewer tourist areas that constitute the most famous beaches.
- Lack of links to other tourist pages with two addresses for two pages, one private and the other for the Ministry of Tourism.
- The diversity of the page’s textual content has impressed the participants in the state and its beaches.
- The content of the images on the beaches of affection in the state has been a prominent tourist destination.
- The videos published in the period of study were very few, and their contents were presented in a presentation of trends, roads and some tourist structures.
- The page plays a significant role in activating tourism, especially beach tourism in Annaba.
- There is an apparent lack of tools to activate local tourism through the page.
5.2 Study Recommendations

- Extend the dependence on images widely at the expense of texts, videos and others because of their great importance as a holder of information.
- The need to place each publication attached to the information required for the destination, name, address and more information.
- Providing the page with a tourist guide may make use of it significant.
- Publish information and photos of some tourist facilities and services that reassure the tourist participant to provide the necessities he needs during his visit to the destination.
- The need to expand the areas of publishing. Focusing on the beaches alone may not achieve the desired impact.

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