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Prediction of amino acid pairs sensitive to mutations in the spike protein from SARS related coronavirus

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Abstract

In this study, we analyzed the amino acid pairs affected by mutations in two spike proteins from human coronavirus strains 229E and OC43 by means of random analysis in order to gain some insight into the possible mutations in the spike protein from SARS-CoV. The results demonstrate that the randomly unpredictable amino acid pairs are more sensitive to the mutations. The larger is the difference between actual and predicted frequencies, the higher is the chance of mutation occurring. The effect induced by mutations is to reduce the difference between actual and predicted frequencies. The amino acid pairs whose actual frequencies are larger than their predicted frequencies are more likely to be targeted by mutations, whereas the amino acid pairs whose actual frequencies are smaller than their predicted frequencies are more likely to be formed after mutations. These findings are identical to our several recent studies, i.e. the mutations represent a process of degeneration inducing human diseases.

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1. Introduction

Although the severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS) has gone after hitting the world for several months, everyone is intuitively expecting the possible return of SARS in the near future, and human logic seems to have such an assumption, i.e. if the SARS would return, it would be another mutated form following its first battle with humans. This is possible because the accumulating evidence shows that there are several mutations in SARS related coronavirus (SARS-CoV). So far 15 point mutations have been documented in SARS-CoV proteins: two in the 221 amino-acid-long membrane glycoprotein \[2,15,17,24\], three in the 1255 amino-acid-long spike glycoprotein \[2,15,17,24\] and ten in the 7073 amino-acid-long replicase polyprotein \[2,8,11,15–17,24\]. Naturally we would expect these three SARS-CoV proteins to have other forms of mutations rather than those documented, and the new mutations would lead to the difficulties in diagnosis and treatment of SARS.

An intriguing question is whether or not we can predict the new mutations of SARS-CoV. If so, it would be greatly helpful for identification of SARS-CoV, and a great advance in understanding of the evolutionary process in SARS-CoV. Also, it would be useful for studying the mutant patterns in other human coronavirus, which would give us some insight into the mutations in coronavirus.

Among encoded structural replicase, spike, envelope, membrane, nucleocapsid proteins from human SARS-CoV, the spike protein is incorporated into the viral envelope. The spike proteins of coronaviruses are large, type I membrane glycoproteins that are responsible for both binding to receptors on host cells and for membrane fusion. The spike proteins of some coronaviruses are cleaved into S1 and S2 subunits. S proteins also contain important virus-neutralizing epitopes, and amino acid changes in the spike proteins can dramatically affect the virulence and in vitro host cell tropism of the virus \[6,7,22\]. Still at present it is only the spike glycoprotein, in which a considerable amount of mutations has been documented. Using the Blastp program to align three spike glycoproteins from humans, we find little cue on the likelihood of which amino acid would mutate in SARS spike glycoprotein.

In the past three years, we have developed two models to analyze the primary structure in proteins \[25\] conducted a series of studies on mutations in different proteins \[26–34\]. Our studies show there is a clearly probabilistic pattern in the amino acids, which are subject to mutations. In this
study, we use our model to analyze two spike glycoproteins from human coronavirus in order to gain the insight on the prediction of amino acid pairs being sensitive to mutations in human SARS-CoV.

2. Materials and methods

The amino acid sequences of the spike glycoproteins were obtained from the Swiss-Protein data bank [1]. The accession number is P59594 for human SARS-CoV with 3 point mutations [2,15,17,24], P15423 for human coronavirus strain 229E with 38 point mutations [3–5,10,12,20–23] and P36334 for human coronavirus strain OC43 with 80 point mutations [10,13,14,18]. In order to determine the amino acid pairs probabilistically sensitive to mutations, we conduct the following calculations [25], which is briefly described follows with the SARS-CoV spike protein as the example.

2.1. Amino acid pairs in spike proteins

The spike protein from human SARS-CoV consists of 1255 amino acids. The first and second amino acids are considered as an amino acid pair, the second and third as another pair, the third and fourth, until the 1254th and 1255th, thus there are 1254 pairs. Because there are 20 types of amino acids, an amino acid pair can be composed from any of 20 types of amino acids so there are 400 types of theoretically possible amino acid pairs. Again there are 1254 pairs in the spike protein, which are more than 400 types of theoretically possible amino acid pairs, clearly some of 400 types should appear more than once. Meanwhile we may expect that some of 400 types are absent from the spike protein. Similarly there are 1172 and 1352 amino acid pairs in the spike proteins from strain 229E and OC43, respectively.

2.2. Actual frequency and randomly predicted frequency in amino acid pairs

The randomly predicted frequency is governed by the simple permutation principle [9]. For example, there are 39 arginines (R) and 96 serines (S) in SARS-CoV spike protein, the random frequency of amino acid pair “RS” would be 3 (39/1255 × 96/1254 × 1254 = 2.983). Actually we can find three “RS”’s in the spike protein, so the actual frequency of “RS” is 3. Hence, we have three relationships between actual and predicted frequencies, i.e. the actual frequency is smaller than, equal to and larger than the predicted frequency, respectively.

2.3. Randomly predictable present amino acid pairs in SARS-CoV spike protein

As described in the last section, the predicted frequency of randomly present pair “RS” would be 3 and “RS” does appear 3 times in the spike protein, so the presence of “RS” is randomly predictable.

2.4. Randomly unpredictable present amino acid pairs in SARS-CoV spike protein

There are 84 alanines (A) in SARS-CoV spike protein, the frequency of random presence of “AA” would be 6 (84/1255 × 83/1254 × 1254 = 5.555), i.e. there would be 6 “AA”’s in the spike protein. In fact, the “AA” appears 10 times in the spike protein, so the presence of “AA” is randomly unpredictable. This illustrates the case that the actual frequency of “AA” is larger than its predicted frequency. Another case is that the actual frequency is smaller than the predicted one. For example, there are 91 valines (V) in the spike protein and the predicted frequency of “AV” is 6 (84/1255 × 91/1254 × 1254 = 6.091), whereas the actual frequency is only three.

2.5. Randomly predictable absent amino acid pairs in SARS-CoV spike protein

There are 11 tryptophans (W) in SARS-CoV spike protein, the frequency of random presence of “RW” would be 0 (39/1255 × 11/1254 × 1254 = 0.342), i.e. the “RW” would not appear in the spike protein, which is true in the real situation. Thus the absence of “RW” is randomly predictable.

2.6. Randomly unpredictable absent amino acid pairs in SARS-CoV spike protein

There are 99 threonines (T) in SARS-CoV spike protein, the frequency of random presence of “RT” would be 3 (39/1255 × 99/1254 × 1254 = 3.076), i.e. there would be three “RT”’s in the spike protein. However, no “RT” is found in this protein, therefore the absence of “RT” from the spike protein is randomly unpredictable.

2.7. Mutations in randomly predictable and unpredictable amino acid pairs

A point missense mutation results in two amino acid pairs being substituted by another two. As each pair has its actual and predicted frequencies, the difference between them represents a probabilistic measure for the comparison in substituted and substituting amino acid pairs before and after mutation. After calculating the predicted frequency and comparing with the actual frequency, we can classify the substituted amino acid pairs into the predictable/unpredictable amino acid pairs.

3. Results

Table 1 details the appearance of theoretically possible types of amino acids in three spike proteins, for example,
Table 1  
Number of theoretical types of amino acid pairs in the spike proteins from different human coronaviruses  

| Appearance | SARS-CoV | Strain 229E | Strain OC43 |
|------------|----------|-------------|-------------|
| No.        | Number   | Percentage  | Number   | Percentage  | Number   | Percentage  |
| 0          | 59       | 14.75       | 86       | 21.5        | 66       | 16.5        |
| 1          | 76       | 19          | 78       | 19.5        | 61       | 15.25       |
| 2          | 61       | 15.25       | 60       | 15          | 56       | 14          |
| 3          | 51       | 12.75       | 45       | 11.25       | 55       | 13.75       |
| 4          | 46       | 11.5        | 43       | 10.75       | 41       | 10.25       |
| 5          | 36       | 9.5         | 18       | 4.5         | 35       | 8.75        |
| 6          | 22       | 5.5         | 19       | 4.75        | 30       | 7.5         |
| 7          | 15       | 3.75        | 14       | 3.5         | 17       | 4.25        |
| 8          | 15       | 3.75        | 12       | 3           | 11       | 2.75        |
| 9          | 7        | 1.75        | 8        | 2           | 11       | 2.75        |
| 10         | 4        | 1           | 7        | 1.75        | 6        | 1.5         |
| 11         | 4        | 1           | 5        | 1.25        | 6        | 1.5         |
| 12         | 3        | 0.75        | 4        | 1           |          |             |
| 13         | 1        | 0.25        | 0        | 0           |          |             |
| 14         | 0        | 0           | 0        | 0           |          |             |
| 15         | 0        | 0           | 1        | 0.25        | 0        | 0           |
| 16         | 0        | 0           | 0        | 0           |          |             |
| 17         | 0        | 0           | 0        | 0           |          |             |
| 18         | 0        | 0           | 0        | 0           |          |             |
| 19         | 0        | 0           | 0        | 0           |          |             |
| 20         | 0        | 0           | 1        | 0.25        | 0        | 0           |

the third row shows how many types do not appear. From the viewpoint of amino acid pairs, no matter the length of a protein is, the number of its theoretically possible types cannot be more than 400, and therefore the difference between proteins is either how many types of theoretically possible amino acid pairs appear or how many times a theoretically possible type of amino acid pair repeats or both. Table 1 shows 59, 86 and 66 types are absent from the spike protein of SARS-CoV, strain 229E and strain OC43 (third row in the Table), respectively. Still Table 1 shows that 76, 78 and 61 types appear once in the spike protein of SARS-CoV, strain 229E and strain OC43 (fourth row in the Table), respectively, and so on. The absent types include 17 randomly predictable and 42 randomly unpredictable with regard to SARS-CoV spike protein, 37 randomly predictable and 49 randomly unpredictable with regard to strain 229E spike protein, and 12 randomly predictable and 54 randomly unpredictable with regard to strain OC43 spike protein.

Still we can classify the present amino acid pairs as randomly predictable and unpredictable with respect to theoretically possible types and pairs, because some theoretically possible types appear many times (from row 5 to row 23 in Table 1). The columns 3, 4, 5 and 6 in Table 2 show how many predictable and unpredictable types and pairs in human spike proteins. When corresponding the position of each mutation to predictable pairs and unpredictable pairs, we find that a vast majority of mutations occurs at the unpredictable pairs (columns 7, 8, 9 and 10 in Table 2).

Fig. 1 shows the ratios of frequency difference (AF−PF) versus mutation number per each type of substituted amino acid pairs in spike proteins. It can be seen that there is a general tendency in the ratios, i.e. the larger the difference, the higher the chance of mutation occurring. Therefore, the difference between actual and predicted frequencies indicates the potential chance of mutation occurring in amino acid pairs.

Table 2  
Occurrence of mutations with respect to randomly predictable and unpredictable amino acid pairs in the spike proteins from different human coronaviruses  

| Spike protein | Amino acid pairs | Type | Number | Percentage | Pairs | Number | Percentage | Mutations | Number | Percentage | Ratio | Mutations/types | Mutations/pairs |
|---------------|------------------|------|--------|------------|-------|--------|------------|-----------|--------|------------|-------|---------------|----------------|
| SARS-CoV      | Predictable      | 86   | 25.22  | 226       | 18.02 | 0      | 0          | 0/86      | 0      | 0          | 0/226 | 0/0           | 0/0            |
|               | Unpredictable    | 255  | 74.78  | 1028      | 81.98 | 3      | 100        | 3/255     | 0.012  | 3/1028      | 0.003 | 0.012         | 0.003          |
| Strain 229E   | Predictable      | 81   | 25.8   | 206       | 17.58 | 1      | 2.63       | 0/81      | 0/206  | 0/0        | 0/255 | 0/0           | 0/0            |
|               | Unpredictable    | 233  | 74.2   | 966       | 82.42 | 37     | 37/233     | 0.159     | 37/966 | 0.038      | 37/379 | 0.105         | 0.038          |
| Strain OC43   | Predictable      | 97   | 29.04  | 286       | 21.15 | 4      | 5          | 4/97      | 0.041  | 4/286       | 0.014 | 4/0.041       | 0.014          |
|               | Unpredictable    | 277  | 70.96  | 1066      | 78.85 | 76     | 76/277     | 0.28    | 76/1066 | 0.071      | 76/787 | 0.097          | 0.071          |
Fig. 1. Ratios of difference between actual and predicted frequencies versus mutations per theoretically possible type of amino acid pair in the spike proteins from different human coronaviruses.

Fig. 2. Sum of differences between actual and predicted frequencies in substituted and substituting amino acid pairs in the spike proteins from different human coronaviruses (the data are presented as mean ± S.E.).
Table 3

| Mutation position | Substituted pairs | Substituting pairs | Mutation position | Substituted pairs | Substituting pairs | Mutation position | Substituted pairs | Substituting pairs |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 77                | 3                 | -4                | 98                | 6                 | 4                 | 29                | 3                 | 0                 |
| 244               | 2                 | -5                | 120               | 2                 | -2                | 29                | 3                 | 1                 |
| 577               | 7                 | 2                 | 176               | 3                 | -1                | 40                | -2                | -2                |
|                   |                   |                   | 210               | 3                 | 0                 | 62                | -5                | -2                |
|                   |                   |                   | 223               | -3                | -6                | 63                | -2                | 0                 |
|                   |                   |                   | 230               | 2                 | -3                | 115               | 3                 | -2                |
|                   |                   |                   | 230               | 2                 | 0                 | 115               | 3                 | 0                 |
|                   |                   |                   | 248               | 16                | -1                | 116               | 3                 | 1                 |
|                   |                   |                   | 270               | 6                 | 2                 | 152               | -2                | 2                 |
|                   |                   |                   | 295               | -3                | -3                | 161               | -1                | 1                 |
|                   |                   |                   | 300               | 1                 | 1                 | 167               | 0                 | 0                 |
|                   |                   |                   | 307               | 5                 | 5                 | 173               | 3                 | -2                |
|                   |                   |                   | 336               | 4                 | 2                 | 173               | 3                 | -2                |
|                   |                   |                   | 401               | 2                 | 2                 | 190               | 1                 | -1                |
|                   |                   |                   | 414               | -4                | 3                 | 222               | 2                 | 3                 |
|                   |                   |                   | 424               | 2                 | 5                 | 248               | 1                 | 3                 |
|                   |                   |                   | 430               | 4                 | 1                 | 252               | 2                 | -1                |
|                   |                   |                   | 441               | -1                | -9                | 272               | 5                 | -4                |
|                   |                   |                   | 444               | -2                | 5                 | 283               | 3                 | 0                 |
|                   |                   |                   | 462               | 4                 | 0                 | 288               | 2                 | -3                |
|                   |                   |                   | 481               | -1                | -6                | 291               | 3                 | 2                 |
|                   |                   |                   | 488               | 4                 | 2                 | 303               | 1                 | -3                |
|                   |                   |                   | 530               | 9                 | 2                 | 308               | 4                 | 2                 |
|                   |                   |                   | 577               | 3                 | -7                | 329               | 3                 | 1                 |
|                   |                   |                   | 578               | -3                | -1                | 334               | -2                | -1                |
|                   |                   |                   | 590               | 11                | 1                 | 451               | 4                 | -4                |
|                   |                   |                   | 642               | -3                | 5                 | 454               | -3                | 0                 |
|                   |                   |                   | 681               | 1                 | 1                 | 467               | 0                 | 2                 |
|                   |                   |                   | 700               | -3                | 1                 | 488               | 1                 | -3                |
|                   |                   |                   | 711               | 4                 | 1                 | 496               | 4                 | -1                |
|                   |                   |                   | 714               | 3                 | -1                | 544               | 1                 | -1                |
|                   |                   |                   | 765               | 5                 | -2                | 557               | 1                 | 7                 |
|                   |                   |                   | 775               | 3                 | 1                 | 566               | 5                 | -5                |
|                   |                   |                   | 846               | 0                 | -4                | 570               | -1                | 1                 |
|                   |                   |                   | 871               | 1                 | -3                | 579               | 1                 | 0                 |
|                   |                   |                   | 917               | 6                 | -5                | 587               | 6                 | 0                 |
|                   |                   |                   | 971               | -1                | 2                 | 603               | 1                 | -1                |
|                   |                   |                   | 1005              | 1                 | 3                 | 612               | 0                 | -5                |
|                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   | 630               | 3                 | 4                 |
|                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   | 641               | -1                | 2                 |
|                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   | 665               | 5                 | -3                |
|                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   | 694               | -1                | 5                 |
|                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   | 700               | 0                 | -2                |
|                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   | 728               | -3                | -2                |
|                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   | 756               | -4                | -1                |
|                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   | 783               | 0                 | 0                 |
|                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   | 802               | 1                 | 0                 |
|                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   | 817               | 3                 | 0                 |
|                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   | 824               | 2                 | -2                |
|                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   | 833               | 3                 | 2                 |
|                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   | 884               | 4                 | 9                 |
|                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   | 896               | 3                 | 4                 |
|                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   | 912               | 1                 | -2                |
|                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   | 915               | 3                 | -2                |
|                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   | 933               | 2                 | 2                 |
|                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   | 944               | -2                | 2                 |
|                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   | 955               | 1                 | 8                 |
|                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   | 955               | 1                 | -1                |
|                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   | 969               | -3                | -1                |
|                   |                   |                   |                   |                   |                   | 975               | 0                 | 1                 |
As the point missense mutations substitute one type of amino acid to another one, we can gain some insight into the mutation tendency after comparing the difference between actual and predicted frequencies in substituted and substituting amino acid pairs. For the numerical analysis, we calculate the difference between actual frequency (AF) and predicted frequency (PF) in amino acid pairs before and after mutation, i.e. \( \Sigma (AF - PF) \). For instance, a mutation at position 244 substitutes “I” to “T” which results in two amino acid pairs “DI” and “IW” changing to “DT” and “TW”, because the amino acid is “D” at position 243 and “W” at position 245. The actual frequency and predicted frequency are 7 and 5 for “DI”, 1 and 1 for “IW”, 2 and 6 for “DT”, and 0 and 1 for “TW”, respectively. Thus, the difference between actual frequency and predicted frequency is 2 with regard to the substituted amino acid pairs, i.e. \( (7 - 5) + (1 - 1) = 2 \), and -5 with regard to the substituting amino acid pairs, i.e. \( (2 - 6) + (0 - 1) = -5 \). In this way, we can compare the frequency difference in the amino acid pairs affected by mutations. Fig. 2 shows the difference between actual and predicted frequencies in both substituted and substituting amino acid pairs in spike proteins. It can be seen that the substituting pairs distribute more centrally and symmetrically than the substituted pairs do. The sum of differences between actual and predicted frequencies is statistically smaller in substituting amino acid pairs than in substituted ones in Table 3 (the Student’s \( t \)-test, \( P < 0.05 \)). These statistical differences suggest that the mutations lead to the deduction of difference between actual and predicted frequencies. From a probabilistic viewpoint, this means that the mutations are more likely to occur, and these findings are similar to the results in our recent studies [26–34].

As mentioned in Section 2, the actual frequency can be equal to, larger than or smaller than the predicted frequency. Accordingly we can look at these relationships with respect to the substituted (Table 4) and substituting (Table 5) pairs. Table 4 reveals that more than 75% of mutations occur at the pairs, whose actual frequency is larger than their predicted frequency in Table 3. The statistical differences suggest that the mutations lead to the deduction of difference between actual and predicted frequencies.

### Table 3 (Continued)

| SARS-CoV | \( \Sigma (AF - PF) \) | Strain 229E | \( \Sigma (AF - PF) \) | Strain OC43 | \( \Sigma (AF - PF) \) |
|----------|----------------------|------------|----------------------|------------|----------------------|
| Mutation position | Substituted pairs | Substituting pairs | Mutation position | Substituted pairs | Substituting pairs | Mutation position | Substituted pairs | Substituting pairs |
| 993 | 4 | 4 |
| 1012 | 2 | -6 |
| 1016 | 1 | 0 |
| 1039 | 4 | -1 |
| 1058 | 1 | -2 |
| 1059 | -2 | -4 |
| 1074 | 4 | 1 |
| 1080 | 4 | 0 |
| 1160 | 0 | 2 |
| 1190 | 1 | 2 |
| 1195 | 6 | 2 |
| 1197 | -1 | 1 |
| 1202 | -3 | 3 |
| 1211 | 3 | 0 |
| 1220 | 2 | 2 |
| 1231 | 0 | 2 |
| 1246 | 5 | -6 |
| 1265 | 0 | -3 |
| 1331 | 2 | 0 |
| 1342 | 3 | -2 |

AF: actual frequency; PF: predicted frequency.

### Table 4

Classification of substituted amino acid pairs with respect to mutations in the spike proteins from different human coronaviruses

| Spike protein | Amino acid pairs | Mutations in SARS-CoV | Mutations in strain 229E | Mutations in strain OC43 |
|---------------|------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
|               | Number | Percentage | Number | Percentage | Number | Percentage |
| Predictable   | AF = PF | AF = PF | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2.63 | 4 | 5 |
| Unpredictable | AF > PF | AF > PF | 1 | 33.33 | 12 | 31.88 | 19 | 25.75 |
|               | AF > PF | AF = PF | 2 | 66.67 | 10 | 26.32 | 20 | 25 |
|               | AF > PF | AF < PF | 0 | 0 | 10 | 26.32 | 23 | 28.75 |
|               | AF < PF | AF < PF | 0 | 0 | 3 | 7.69 | 9 | 11.25 |
|               | AF < PF | AF < PF | 0 | 0 | 2 | 5.26 | 5 | 6.25 |

AF: actual frequency; PF: predicted frequency.
duced by mutations is to reduce the difference between actual and predicted frequencies (Table 2), although these 3 spike proteins are constructed by different types of amino acid pairs which repeat the sequences of the spike protein from SARS-CoV, as these amino acid pairs seem to be more vulnerable to mutations (Fig. 1). With these sensitive amino acid pairs in mind, we can easily determine their possible mutation points. Combining the results with our previous studies, our model suggests that the mutations go along a path (Fig. 2), which is probabilistically more likely to occur. As such a path is less energy- and time-consuming, in fact, the documented evidence in literature still cannot suggest whether or not the mutations belong to degeneration in the spike protein from human SARS-CoV.

If the potential mutations in the spike protein from SARS-CoV would go along a probabilistically easy pathway, according to the results obtained from our analysis, we should pay more attention to the amino acid pairs with the following characteristics for potential mutations, i.e. the amino acid pairs with large difference between actual and predicted frequencies and their actual frequencies larger than their predicted frequencies. Table 5 lists the amino acid pairs whose actual frequencies are larger than predicted frequencies. These amino acid pairs are 66.67%, 60.52 and 69% of total amino acid pairs in SARS-CoV, strain 229E and strain OC43, respectively.

4. Discussion

In this study, we have analyzed the amino acid pairs affected by mutations in three spike proteins in order to gain some insight into the possible mutations from SARS-CoV. Firstly, the present results demonstrate that the randomly unpredictable amino acid pairs are more sensitive to the mutations (Table 2), although these 3 spike proteins are constructed by different types of amino acid pairs which repeat different times (Table 1). Furthermore, the larger the difference between actual and predicted frequencies is, the higher the chance of mutation occurring is (Fig. 1). The effect induced by mutations is to reduce the difference between actual and predicted frequencies (Fig. 2). Finally, the amino acid pairs whose actual frequencies are larger than their predicted frequencies are more likely to be targeted by mutations (Table 4), whereas the amino acid pairs whose actual frequencies are smaller than their predicted frequencies are more likely to be formed after mutations (Table 5). These findings are identical to our recently publications [26–34].

Table 5 Classification of substituting amino acid pairs with respect to mutations in the spike proteins from different human coronaviruses

| Amino acid pairs | Mutations in SARS-CoV | Mutations in strain 229E | Mutations in strain OC43 |
|------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| I                | II                    | Number | Percentage | Number | Percentage | Number | Percentage |
| AF = 0, PF > 0   | AF = 0, PF > 0        | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          |
| AF = 0, PF > 0   | AF = PF = 0           | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          |
| AF = 0, PF > 0   | AF = PF > 0           | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          |
| AF = 0, PF > 0   | AF = PF > 0           | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          |
| AF = 0, PF > 0   | AF = PF > 0           | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          |
| AF = 0, PF > 0   | AF = PF > 0           | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          |
| AF = 0, PF > 0   | AF = PF > 0           | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          |
| AF = 0, PF > 0   | AF = PF > 0           | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          |
| AF = 0, PF > 0   | AF = PF > 0           | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          |
| AF = 0, PF > 0   | AF = PF > 0           | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          |
| AF = 0, PF > 0   | AF = PF > 0           | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          |
| AF = 0, PF > 0   | AF = PF > 0           | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          |
| AF = 0, PF > 0   | AF = PF > 0           | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          |
| AF = 0, PF > 0   | AF = PF > 0           | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          |
| AF = 0, PF > 0   | AF = PF > 0           | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          |
| AF = 0, PF > 0   | AF = PF > 0           | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          |
| AF = 0, PF > 0   | AF = PF > 0           | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          |
| AF = 0, PF > 0   | AF = PF > 0           | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          |
| AF = 0, PF > 0   | AF = PF > 0           | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          |
| AF = 0, PF > 0   | AF = PF > 0           | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          |
| AF = 0, PF > 0   | AF = PF > 0           | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          |
| AF = 0, PF > 0   | AF = PF > 0           | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          |
| AF = 0, PF > 0   | AF = PF > 0           | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          |
| AF = 0, PF > 0   | AF = PF > 0           | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          |
| AF = 0, PF > 0   | AF = PF > 0           | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          |
| AF = 0, PF > 0   | AF = PF > 0           | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          |
| AF = 0, PF > 0   | AF = PF > 0           | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          |
| AF = 0, PF > 0   | AF = PF > 0           | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          | 0      | 0          |

* It indicates one or both substituting amino acid pairs with their actual frequency smaller than predicted frequency. These amino acid pairs are 66.67%, 60.52 and 69% of total amino acid pairs in SARS-CoV, strain 229E and strain OC43, respectively.
the positions of “FN” at positions from 526 to 530, at which the highly possible mutations would be more likely to occur. This hypothesis can be supported by the mutations found in other proteins, such as human collagen α5(IV) chain precursor [29], p53 protein [34] and so on. In such a manner, we could predict the potential mutations in the spike protein from human SARS-CoV with possible amino acid pairs and positions.

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References

Table 6

| Difference between actual and predicted frequencies | Actual frequency | Predicted frequency |
|-----------------------------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| 0                                                   | NF               | 11 5                |
| 6                                                   | DV               | 11 5                |
| 6                                                   | FN               | 11 5                |
| 5                                                   | HT               | 6 1                 |
| 5                                                   | TS               | 13 8                |
| 5                                                   | YV               | 12 7                |
| 4                                                   | AA               | 10 6                |
| 4                                                   | QI               | 7 3                 |
| 4                                                   | UI               | 9 5                 |
| 4                                                   | IA               | 9 5                 |
| 4                                                   | PF               | 8 4                 |
| 4                                                   | TO               | 8 4                 |
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