Erratum: Optical identifications and spectroscopy of a faint radio source sample: the nature of the sub-mJy population

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The paper ‘Optical identifications and spectroscopy of a faint radio source sample: the nature of the sub-mJy population’ was published in Mon. Not. R. Astron. Soc. 304, 199–217 (1999).

Owing to a typesetting error, the first part of Fig. 2 was accidentally cropped. The first page of Fig. 2 is reproduced here in its correct form.
Figure 2. EFOSC1 spectra of the 34 spectroscopically observed objects. The abscissae are wavelengths in Å, while the ordinate are monochromatic fluxes in arbitrary units. Below each spectrum, the corresponding $R$ CCD image (when available, otherwise the $F_k$ photographic plate image) is shown. Contour levels of the radio emission corresponding to 2, 4, 6, 8, 12, 15, 20, 30, 50, 75, 100 $\mu$Jy are plotted superimposed on each optical image. The size of each image is $1 \times 1$ arcmin$^2$ (in a few cases, where the object was close to the limit of the CCD, only one of the two dimensions is 1 arcmin) except for numbers 15–10 and 38–30, whose images are $1.5 \times 1.5$ arcmin$^2$ because of the radio emission extent.