Balancing Histone Deacetylase (HDAC) Inhibition and Drug-likeness: Biological and Physicochemical Evaluation of Class I Selective HDAC Inhibitors

Linda Schäker-Hübner, Reza Haschemi, Thomas Büch, Fabian B. Kraft, Birke Brumme, Andrea Schöler, Robert Jenke, Jens Meiler, Achim Aigner, Gerd Bendas, and Finn K. Hansen*
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SUPPLEMENTAL TABLES AND FIGURES

Cytotoxicity Screening of 6d and 10a-c.

**Figure S1.** Representative dose response curves (mean ± SEM plotted from three independent experiments) of selected compounds at the T-47D breast cancer cell line.
Figure S2. Representative dose response curves (mean ± SEM plotted from three independent experiments) of selected compounds at the MCF-7 breast cancer cell line.

Figure S3. Representative dose response curves (mean ± SEM plotted from three independent experiments) of selected compounds at the BT-474 breast cancer cell line.
IC$_{50}$-shift experiments.

Figure S4. Dependence of preincubation time as indicated and IC$_{50}$ values of VK-1 at selected HDAC isoforms. Experiments were performed in triplicates.

Table S1. Dependence of preincubation time and HDAC1 IC$_{50}$ values for selected inhibitors and HDAC isoforms, including P95 intervals. Experiments were performed in triplicates.

| Preincubation time $^a$ | 5 min | 15 min | 30 min | 60 min | 120 min |
|-------------------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| vorinostat              | 103.9 (95.6 – 113.0) $^b$ | 111.0 (102.4 – 120.4) $^b$ | 99.0 (92.6 – 106.0) $^b$ | 110.0 (101.1 – 119.8) $^b$ | 110.5 (97.2 – 125.6) $^b$ |
| 6d                      | 54.1 (48.2 – 60.8) $^b$ | 53.5 (46.0 – 62.2) $^b$ | 44.5 (37.8 – 52.3) $^b$ | 40.8 (33.8 – 49.3) $^b$ | 25.4 (21.8 – 29.6) $^b$ |
| 10c                     | 53.0 (47.0 – 59.8) $^b$ | 48.9 (44.0 – 54.4) $^b$ | 34.7 (31.6 – 38.1) $^b$ | 27.9 (24.8 – 31.4) $^b$ | 20.7 (18.4 – 23.4) $^b$ |
| VK-1                    | 93.0 (79.6 – 108.8) $^b$ | n.d. | 57.4 (47.0 – 70.2) $^b$ | 48.3 (42.4 – 55.0) $^b$ | 35.6 (31.3 – 40.5) $^b$ |
| entinostat              | 500.4 (445.5 – 561.8) $^b$ | 489.2 (425.5 – 562.5) $^b$ | 419.9 (370.5 – 475.9) $^b$ | 387.7 (345.4 – 435.3) $^b$ | 345.3 (303.7 – 392.5) $^b$ |

$^a$ preincubation at 20°C; $^b$ 95% confidence intervals for IC$_{50}$ [nM]; n.d.: not determined.
Table S2. Dependence of preincubation time and HDAC2 IC$_{50}$ values for selected inhibitors and HDAC isoforms, including P95 intervals. Experiments were performed in triplicates.

| preincubation time $^a$ | 5 min     | 15 min    | 30 min     | 60 min     | 120 min    |
|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|
| vorinostat              | 188.7     | 186.2     | 185.9      | 0.1814     | 0.2144     |
|                         | (170.3 – 209.0) $^b$ | (172.2 – 201.3) $^b$ | (168.8 – 204.8) $^b$ | (127.3 – 257.3) $^b$ | (190.3 – 241.5) $^b$ |
| 6d                      | 98.2      | 89.0      | 83.0       | 77.4       | 63.2       |
|                         | (85.6 – 112.7) $^b$ | (78.0 – 101.4) $^b$ | (74.6 – 92.2) $^b$ | (66.0 – 90.8) $^b$ | (54.6 – 73.2) $^b$ |
| 10c                     | 117.4     | 106.4     | 109.0      | 84.0       | 78.1       |
|                         | (102.1 – 135.2) $^b$ | (89.8 – 126.2) $^b$ | (101.1 – 117.6) $^b$ | (75.8 – 93.1) $^b$ | (69.9 – 87.3) $^b$ |
| VK-I                    | n.d.      | n.d.      | n.d.       | n.d.       | n.d.       |
| entinostat              | 515.7     | 467.7     | 396.3      | 384.6      | 334.5      |
|                         | (463.1 – 574.4) $^b$ | (423.8 – 516.2) $^b$ | (356.4 – 440.2) $^b$ | (353.9 – 418.0) $^b$ | (294.9 – 379.3) $^b$ |

$^a$ preincubation at 20°C; $^b$ 95% confidence intervals for IC$_{50}$ [nM]; n.d.: not determined.

Table S3. Dependence of preincubation time and HDAC3 IC$_{50}$ values for selected inhibitors and HDAC isoforms, including P95 intervals. Experiments were performed in triplicates.

| preincubation time $^a$ | 5 min     | 15 min    | 30 min     | 60 min     | 120 min    |
|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|
| vorinostat              | 124.3     | n.d.      | 119.2      | 119.6      | 112.2      |
|                         | (112.8 – 137.0) $^b$ | n.d.      | (106.7 – 133.2) $^b$ | (105.3 – 135.9) $^b$ | (97.6 – 129.0) $^b$ |
| 6d                      | n.d.      | n.d.      | n.d.       | n.d.       | n.d.       |
| 10c                     | n.d.      | n.d.      | n.d.       | n.d.       | n.d.       |
| VK-I                    | 794.5     | n.d.      | 432.2      | 298.8      | 171.2      |
|                         | (539.3 – 1270) $^b$ | n.d.      | (321.8 – 595.5) $^b$ | (250.4 – 358.6) $^b$ | (139.4 – 211.2) $^b$ |
| entinostat              | 1225      | n.d.      | 428.8      | 357.2      | 162.7      |
|                         | (994.9 – 1512) $^b$ | n.d.      | (365.0 – 503.7) $^b$ | (291.1 – 438.6) $^b$ | (137.2 – 192.9) $^b$ |

$^a$ preincubation at 20°C; $^b$ 95% confidence intervals for IC$_{50}$ [nM]; n.d.: not determined.
Determination of binding mechanism via *Progression-Method*.

**MICHALIS-MENTEN** constant (\(K_m\))

**A**

HDAC1 Michaelis-Menten  
\[K_m = 10.03 \mu M\]

**B**

HDAC3 Michaelis-Menten  
\[K_m = 8.49 \mu M\]

**Figure S5.** \(K_m\) determination for HDAC1 (A) and HDAC3 (B) using a series of substrate concentrations. Steady-state velocities [\(\mu M*s^{-1}\)] (mean ± SD) were plotted against the corresponding substrate concentrations [\(\mu M]\] and fitted to the **MICHALIS-MENTEN** equation yielding the respective **MICHALIS-MENTEN** constants: \(K_m\) HDAC1 = 10.03 \(\mu M\); \(K_m\) HDAC3 = 8.49 \(\mu M\). Experiments were performed in triplicates.
Figure S6. Slow-binding characteristics of entinostat and VK-1. The apparent first-order rate constants $k_{\text{obs}}$ (mean ± SD) were plotted against the corresponding inhibitor concentrations [I]. The resulting curves were fitted to Eq. 5. (S6A–C) Inhibitor concentrations are indicated. A) entinostat at HDAC1, the relationship between $k_{\text{obs}}$ and [I] indicates slow-binding Mechanism II; B) entinostat/HDAC3, the relationship between $k_{\text{obs}}$ and [I] indicates slow-binding Mechanism II; C) VK-1/HDAC3, the relationship between $k_{\text{obs}}$ and [I] indicates slow-binding Mechanism II. Experiments were performed in triplicates.
100-fold *Jump-Dilution* experiments.

**Figure S7.** Progression curves of 100fold *Jump-Dilution* experiment (HDAC1) of VK-1. Inhibitor concentrations are indicated on the right. **Vorinostat** and **entinostat** are included as reference inhibitors. Fluorescence of cleaved AMC is measured in relative fluorescence units (RFU). When compared to vehicle the final slope of the respective progression curve roughly indicates the amount of free enzyme. Final slope [RFU*min⁻¹]: **vehicle** [DMSO 1%] = 111.9; **vorinostat** [0.011 µM] = 105.0; **entinostat** [0.011 µM] = 78.4; **VK-1** [0.0045 µM] = 39.2. Experiments were performed in triplicates.
Figure S8. Progression curves of 100fold Jump-Dilution experiments at HDAC3. Inhibitor concentrations are indicated on the right. Vorinostat is included as reference inhibitor. Fluorescence of cleaved AMC is measured in relative fluorescence units (RFU). When compared to vehicle the final slope of the respective progression curves roughly indicates the amount of free enzyme. Final slope [RFU*min⁻¹]: vehicle [DMSO 1%] = 56.7; vorinostat [0.011 μM] = 50.8. A) Jump-Dilution experiment of entinostat, final slope [RFU*min⁻¹]: entinostat [0.035 μM] = 4.65.; B) Jump-Dilution experiment of VK-1, final slope [RFU*min⁻¹]: VK-1 [0.030 μM] = 2.51. Experiments were performed in triplicates.
Docking of 6d (LSH-A33), 10c (LSH-A54) and VK-1

**Figure S9.** Model Building based on PDB ID: 4LY1. **A)** Crystal structure of the catalytic domain of human HDAC2 in complex with inhibitor 6c (PDB: 4LY1)[1]. **B)** Docking pose of inhibitor 6c in human HDAC1 (PDB: 5ICN)[2]. The ligand is colored orange, the Zn$^{2+}$-ion is shown as a grey sphere, sodium and potassium are shown as green and purple spheres respectively. The protein backbone is shown as light-blue cartoon including the wheat-colored protein surface surrounding the ligand. Side chain amino acids that show specific interactions with the ligand as well as the ligands are depicted as sticks. Polar interactions are represented by dashed, yellow lines.

**Figure S10.** Ligand RMSD vs. interface_delta plots for the docking of the 4LY1-ligand to the human HDAC1 enzyme (PDB: 5ICN). It was plotted against the best scoring model.
Figure S11. Ligand RMSD vs. interface_delta plots for 6d (LSH-A33) (A), VK-1 (B) and 10c (LSH-A54) (C) after the focus refinement docking. 6d (LSH-A33) and VK-1 are plotted against the best scoring model. 10c (LSH-A54) is plotted against the model with the highest accordance to the predicted binding modes of 6d (LSH-A33) and VK-1.
Modified Wound Healing Assay at MCF-7 Breast Cancer Cells.

**Figure S12.** Modified wound healing assay at MCF-7 cells and the impact of vehicle (1% DMSO) or selected HDACi (10 µM): Representative pictures of the time-dependent wound closure. Incubation time, and HDACi or vehicle as indicated.
EXPERIMENTAL SECTION

General Information & Chemistry.

Chemicals were obtained from abcr GmbH, Acros Organics, Carbolution Chemicals, Fluorochem, Sigma-Aldrich, TCI Chemicals or VWR and used without further purification. Technical grade solvents were distilled prior to use. For all HPLC purposes, acetonitrile in HPLC-grade quality (HiPerSolv CHROMANORM, VWR) was used. Water was purified with a Milli-Q Simplicity 185 Water Purification System (Merck Millipore). Air-sensitive reactions were carried out under argon atmosphere utilizing standard Schlenk techniques. Thin-layer chromatography (TLC) was carried out on prefabricated plates (silica gel 60, F254, Merck). Components were visualized either by irradiation with ultraviolet light (254 nm or 366 nm) or by staining appropriately. Column Chromatography was carried out on silica gel (NORMASIL 60®, 40-63 μm, VWR or MACHEREY-NAGEL silica gel 60®, 40-63 μm). If no solvent is stated an aqueous solution was prepared with purified water. Mixtures of two or more solvents are specified as “solvent A”/”solvent B”; 67:33; (v/v), meaning that 100 mL of the respective mixture consists of 67 mL of “solvent A” and 33 mL of “solvent B”. The uncorrected melting points were determined using a Büchi Melting Point M-565 apparatus. Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy (NMR): Proton (1H), boron (11B), carbon (13C) and fluorine (19F {1H}) NMR spectra were recorded either on a Bruker Avance III HD 400 MHz at a frequency of 400 MHz (1H), 128 MHz (11B), 101 MHz (13C) and 377 MHz (19F), a Varian/Agilent Mecury-plus-400 at a frequency of 400 MHz (1H), 128 MHz (11B), 101 MHz (13C) and 376 MHz (19F) or a Varian/Agilent Mecury-plus-300 at a frequency of 300 MHz (1H), 96 MHz (11B), 75 MHz (13C) and 282 MHz (19F). The chemical shifts are given in parts per million (ppm). As solvents deuterated chloroform
(chloroform-\textit{d}), deuterated methanol (methanol-\textit{d}_4) and deuterated dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO-\textit{d}_6) were used. The residual solvent signal (chloroform-\textit{d}): $^1$H NMR: 7.26 ppm, $^{13}$C NMR: 77.1 ppm; DMSO-\textit{d}_6: $^1$H NMR: 2.50 ppm, $^{13}$C NMR: 39.52 ppm; Methanol-\textit{d}_4: $^1$H NMR: 3.31 ppm, 4.87 ppm, $^{13}$C NMR: 49.00 ppm) was used for calibration. The multiplicity of each signal is reported as singlet (s), doublet (d), triplet (t), quartet (q), multiplet (m) or combinations thereof. Multiplicities and coupling constants are reported as measured and might disagree with the expected values. In the case of the peptoid compounds 8a-c, 9a-c, and 10a-c, and due to the well-known phenomenon of \textit{cis}/\textit{trans}-amide bond rotamerism in peptoids\cite{3,4}, certain $^1$H and $^{13}$C NMR signals can occur as two distinct sets of signals. In this case, the assigned signals correspond to the major rotamer conformation. $^{19}$F NMR spectra were recorded proton-decoupled if not stated otherwise. \textbf{Mass Spectrometry:} High resolution electrospray ionisation mass spectra (HRMS-ESI) were acquired either with a \textit{Bruker Daltonik GmbH} micrOTOF coupled to a \textit{LC Packings} Ultimate HPLC system and controlled by micrOTOFControl3.4 and HyStar 3.2-LC/MS or with a \textit{Bruker Daltonik GmbH} ESI-qTOF Impact II coupled to a \textit{Dionex UltiMateTM 3000 UHPLC} system and controlled by micrOTOFControl 4.0 und HyStar 3.2-LC/MS. Low resolution electrospray ionisation mass spectra (LRMS-ESI) were acquired with an \textit{Advion} expression® compact mass spectrometer (CMS) coupled with an automated TLC plate reader Plate Express® (\textit{Advion}). \textbf{High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC):} For analytical purposes either a \textit{Gynkotek} Gina 50 HPLC system (Detector: \textit{Gynkotek} UVD340U, Pump: \textit{Dionex} P680 HPLC pump, column oven: \textit{Dionex} STH 585) with a Nucleodur 100-5 C18 ec (250 x 4.6 mm, \textit{Macherey Nagel}) column, a \textit{Thermo Fisher Scientific UltiMateTM 3000 UHPLC} system with a Nucleodur 100-5 C18 (250 x 4.6 mm, \textit{Macherey Nagel}). A flow rate of 1 mL/min and a temperature of 25 °C were set. A \textit{Varian} ProStar system with a Nucleodur 110-5 C18 HTec
(150 x 32 mm, Macherey Nagel) column with 14 mL/min was used for preparative purposes. Detection was implemented by UV absorption measurement at a wavelength of \( \lambda = 220 \) nm and \( \lambda = 250 \) nm. Bidest. \( \text{H}_2\text{O} \) (A) and MeCN (B) were used as eluents with an addition of 0.1% TFA for eluent A. For analytical purposes after column equilibration for 5 min a linear gradient from 5% A to 95% B in 7 min followed by an isocratic regime of 95% B for 10 min. For preparative purposes after column equilibration for 5 min a linear gradient from 5% A to 95% B in 15 min followed by an isocratic regime of 95% B for 10 min was used. **Purity:** The purity of all final compounds was 95% or higher. Purity was determined via HPLC at 250 nm using the protocols described above, if not stated otherwise.

The following compounds were synthesized according to literature and used without further purification: *tert*-butyl (4-bromo-2-nitrophenyl)carbamate\(^5\), *tert*-butyl (3-nitro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)carbamate\(^6\), methyl 4-(aminomethyl)benzoate hydrochloride\(^7\), methyl 4-({\(N\)-[2-(benzylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-4-(dimethylamino)benzamido} methyl)benzoate\(^8\), methyl 4-({\(N\)-[2-(cyclohexylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-4-(dimethylamino)benzamido}methyl)benzoate\(^9\), methyl 4-({\(N\)-[2-(\(tert\)-butylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-4-(dimethylamino)benzamido}methyl)benzoate\(^9\).

*tert*-Butyl (2-nitro-4-[4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl]phenyl)carbamate (2). Compound 2 was synthesized via MiYAURO-borylation based on literature.\(^{10}\) Under argon and using standard SCHLENK-techniques *tert*-butyl (4-bromo-2-nitrophenyl)carbamate\(^5\) (1) (2.00 g, 6.30 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was dissolved in anhydrous DMF (15 mL). Anhydrous KOAc (1.26 g, 12.6 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) was added and the mixture was purged with argon followed by addition of PdCl\(_2\)(dppf) (230 mg, 0.32 mmol, 0.05 equiv.) and bis(pinacolato)diboron (1.93 g, 7.57 mmol, 1.2 equiv.). Subsequently, the reaction mixture was heated to 80°C for 18 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC (cyclohexane/EtOAc; 85:15; v/v) using alizarin staining\(^{11}\) for detection
(366nm). Upon completion the reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc (500 mL), filtered through Celite® and the resulting organic layer was washed with 1 M HCl (2 x 100 mL), half saturated NaHCO₃-solution (2 x 100 mL) and brine (2 x 150 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered before the solvent was evaporated. For the purification of the crude product by flash column chromatography (cyclohexane/EtOAc; gradient: 95:5 → 80:20; v/v) SiO₂ was pre-conditioned with H₃BO₃ (5 %; m/m). Flash column chromatography afforded the desired product (2) as yellow solid.

Purification of the crude product by flash column chromatography (cyclohexane/EtOAc; gradient: 95:5 → 80:20; v/v) SiO₂ was pre-conditioned with H₃BO₃ (5 %; m/m). Flash column chromatography afforded the desired product (2) as yellow solid.

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**tert-Butyl (2-nitro-4-[pyridin-2-yl]phenyl)carbamate (3f).** Under argon and using standard SCHLENK-techniques tert-butyl (2-nitro-4-[4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl]phenyl)carbamate (2) (300 mg, 0.83 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was dissolved in anhydrous DMF (4 mL). Anhydrous Cs₂CO₃ (540 mg, 1.66 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) was added and the mixture was purged with argon followed by addition of PdCl₂(dppf) (31.0 mg, 42.0 µmol, 0.05 equiv.) and 2-bromopyridine (385 mg, 240 µL, 2.47 mmol, 3.0 equiv.). Subsequently, the reaction mixture was heated to 85 °C for 16 h under argon. Upon completion, indicated by TLC, the reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc (100 mL) and the organic layer was washed with half saturated NaHCO₃-solution (2 x 50 mL), H₂O (2 x 50 mL) and brine (2 x 50 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated under reduced pressure. Purification of the crude product by flash column chromatography (cyclohexane/EtOAc; 90:10; v/v) afforded the desired products as yellow solid (137 mg, 0.44 mmol, 53 %); mp. 197.7 – 198.8 °C; Rf = 0.28 (cyclohexane/EtOAc; 90:10; v/v);
**1H NMR** (400 MHz, Chloroform-\textit{d}) \( \delta = 9.75 \) (s, 1H), 8.87 (d, \( J = 2.2 \) Hz, 1H), 8.74 – 8.65 (m, 2H), 8.28 (ddd, \( J = 9.0, 2.2, 0.6 \) Hz, 1H), 7.83 – 7.72 (m, 2H), 7.30 – 7.25 (m, 1H), 1.56 (s, 9H); **13C NMR** (101 MHz, Chloroform-\textit{d}) \( \delta \) 154.5, 152.2, 149.9, 137.3, 136.4, 136.3, 133.9, 133.2, 124.1, 122.9, 121.0, 120.1, 82.2, 28.4; **HRMS-ESI** (\textit{m/z}): \([\text{M}+\text{H}]^+\) calcd for C\textsubscript{16}H\textsubscript{17}N\textsubscript{3}O\textsubscript{4}: 316.1292, found: 316.1296.

**General procedure I for the synthesis of the compounds 3a-e and 3g-i.** Compounds 3a-e and 3g-i were prepared based on literature.\[6\] To a solution of \textit{tert}-butyl (4-bromo-2-nitrophenyl)carbamate (1) (600 mg, 1.90 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in toluene (5.0 mL) Na\textsubscript{2}CO\textsubscript{3}-solution (3.0 mL, 2 M) and the respective boronic acid (2.10 mmol, 1.1 equiv.), dissolved in EtOH (3.0 mL), was added. The reaction mixture was exposed to ultrasonication for 10 minutes under argon and subsequently, Pd(PPh\textsubscript{3})\textsubscript{4} (110 mg, 95.0 nmol, 0.05 equiv.) was added. This solution was refluxed for 16 h under argon. Upon completion, indicated by TLC, the reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc (50 mL) and the organic layer was washed with half saturated NaHCO\textsubscript{3}-solution (2 x 30 mL, all compounds), 1 M HCl (2 x 30 mL, 3a-c and 3g-i), H\textsubscript{2}O (2 x 30 mL, all compounds) and brine (2 x 30 mL, all compounds), dried over Na\textsubscript{2}SO\textsubscript{4}, filtered and evaporated. Purification of the crude product afforded the desired products as yellow or orange solids.

**\textit{tert}-Butyl (3-nitro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)carbamate (3a).** Synthesis according to General Procedure I. Flash column chromatography (cyclohexane/EtOAc; gradient: 99:1 \(\rightarrow\) 95:5; \textit{v/v}) afforded the desired product as an orange solid (430 mg, 1.37 mmol, 72 %); \( R_f = 0.52 \) (cyclohexane/EtOAc; 95:5; \textit{v/v}); **1H NMR** (400 MHz, Chloroform-\textit{d}) \( \delta = 9.67 \) (s, 1H), 8.63 (d, \( J = 8.9 \) Hz, 1H), 8.42 (d, \( J = 2.3 \) Hz, 1H), 7.85 (dd, \( J = 8.9, 2.3 \) Hz, 1H), 7.63 – 7.55 (m, 2H), 7.52 – 7.43 (m, 2H), 7.42 – 7.36 (m, 1H), 1.56 (s, 9H); **HRMS-ESI** (\textit{m/z}): \([2\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+\) calcd for C\textsubscript{17}H\textsubscript{18}N\textsubscript{2}O\textsubscript{4}: 651.2425, found: 651.2410. Analytical data matches with literature.\[6\]
**tert-Butyl (4'-fluoro-3-nitro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)carbamate (3b).** Synthesis according to General Procedure I. Flash column chromatography (cyclohexane/EtOAc; gradient: 98:2 → 95:5; v/v) afforded the desired product as an orange solid (421 mg, 1.25 mmol, 66%); **mp.** 158.0 – 159.2 °C; **Rf = 0.50** (cyclohexane/EtOAc; 95:5; v/v); **^1H NMR** (300 MHz, Chloroform-**d**) δ = 9.66 (s, 1H), 8.63 (dt, J = 8.9, 0.4 Hz, 1H), 8.37 (dd, J = 2.3, 0.4 Hz, 1H), 7.79 (ddd, J = 8.9, 2.3, 0.5 Hz, 1H), 7.59 – 7.50 (m, 2H), 7.21 – 7.10 (m, 2H), 1.56 (d, J = 0.4 Hz, 9H); **^13C NMR** (101 MHz, Chloroform-**d**) δ = 163.0 (d, J = 248.0 Hz), 152.3, 136.3, 135.1, 134.5 (d, J = 3.5 Hz), 134.3, 134.1, 128.5 (d, J = 8.3 Hz), 123.7, 121.4, 116.2 (d, J = 21.6 Hz), 82.2, 28.4; **^19F NMR** (282 MHz, Chloroform-**d**) δ = -114.2; **HRMS-ESI (m/z):** [M+Na]^+ calcld for C_{17}H_{17}FN_{2}O_{4}: 355.1065, found: 355.1075.

**tert-Butyl (2-nitro-4-[thiophen-2-yl]phenyl)carbamate (3c).** Synthesis according to General Procedure I. Flash column chromatography (cyclohexane/EtOAc; gradient: 97:3 → 95:5; v/v) afforded the desired product as an orange solid (400 mg, 1.25 mmol, 66%); **mp.** 128.8 – 130.9 °C; **Rf = 0.59** (cyclohexane/EtOAc; 95:5; v/v); **^1H NMR** (400 MHz, Chloroform-**d**) δ = 9.65 (s, 1H), 8.59 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 8.40 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.81 (ddd, J = 8.9, 2.3, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 7.37 – 7.29 (m, 2H), 7.10 (dd, J = 5.1, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 1.56 (s, 9H); **^13C NMR** (101 MHz, Chloroform-**d**) δ = 152.3, 141.5, 136.2, 135.0, 133.1, 128.9, 128.5, 125.8, 124.1, 122.5, 121.3, 82.2, 28.4; **HRMS-ESI (m/z):** [M+Na]^+ calcld for C_{15}H_{16}N_{2}O_{4}S: 343.0723, found: 343.0730.

**tert-Butyl (2-nitro-4-[pyridin-4-yl]phenyl)carbamate (3d).** Synthesis according to General Procedure I. Flash column chromatography (cyclohexane/EtOAc; gradient: 67:33 → 50:50; v/v) afforded the desired product as yellow solid (355 mg, 1.35 mmol, 71%); **mp.** 103.8 – 105.9 °C; **Rf = 0.21** (cyclohexane/EtOAc; 67:33; v/v); **^1H NMR** (300 MHz, Chloroform-**d**) δ = 9.77 – 9.70 (m, 1H), 8.75 – 8.68 (m, 3H), 8.50 (dd, J = 2.3, 0.4 Hz, 1H), 7.89 (ddd, J = 8.9, 2.3, 0.6 Hz, 1H),
7.56 – 7.47 (m, 2H), 1.56 (s, 9H); $^{13}$C NMR (75 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) $\delta = 152.1, 150.6, 145.5, 136.6, 136.2, 133.9, 131.8, 124.2, 121.6, 121.1, 82.5, 28.3; $^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) $\delta = 152.2, 149.4, 148.0, 136.3, 135.8, 134.1, 134.1, 134.0, 131.8, 124.1, 123.9, 121.6, 82.3, 28.3; HRMS-ESI ($m/z$): [M+H]$^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{17}\text{N}_{3}\text{O}_{4}$: 316.1292, found: 316.1305.

tert-Butyl (2-nitro-4-[pyridin-3-yl]phenyl)carbamate (3e). Synthesis according to General Procedure I. Flash column chromatography (cyclohexane/EtOAc; 67:33; v/v) afforded the desired product as yellow solid (292 mg, 0.93 mmol, 49%); mp. 110.9 – 112.3 °C; $R_f = 0.36$ (cyclohexane/EtOAc; 67:33; v/v); $^1$H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) $\delta = 9.71$ (s, 1H), 8.85 (dd, $J = 2.4, 0.8$ Hz, 1H), 8.70 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 1H), 8.64 (dd, $J = 4.8, 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.42 (d, $J = 2.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.88 (dddd, $J = 7.9, 2.3, 1.7, 0.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.84 (ddd, $J = 8.9, 2.3, 0.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.44 – 7.36 (m, 1H), 1.56 (s, 9H); $^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) $\delta = 152.2, 149.4, 148.0, 136.3, 135.8, 134.1, 134.1, 134.0, 131.8, 124.1, 123.9, 121.6, 82.3, 28.3; HRMS-ESI ($m/z$): [M+H]$^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{17}\text{N}_{3}\text{O}_{4}$: 316.1292, found: 316.1296.

tert-Butyl (4-[6-fluoropyridin-3-yl]-2-nitrophenyl)carbamate (3g). Synthesis according to General Procedure I. Flash column chromatography (cyclohexane/EtOAc; 95:5; v/v) afforded the desired product as yellow solid (466 mg, 1.44 mmol, 76%); mp. 147.5 – 148.1 °C; $R_f = 0.25$ (cyclohexane/EtOAc; 95:5; v/v); $^1$H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) $\delta = 9.70$ (s, 1H), 8.71 (d, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 1H), 8.44 (d, $J = 2.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.38 (d, $J = 2.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.98 (dddd, $J = 8.5, 7.4, 2.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.79 (dd, $J = 8.9, 2.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.05 (dd, $J = 8.5, 3.1$ Hz, 1H), 1.56 (s, 9H); $^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) $\delta = 163.6$ (d, $J = 240.8$ Hz), 152.2, 145.8 (d, $J = 15.1$ Hz), 139.5 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz), 136.3, 135.9, 134.0, 132.3, 130.6, 124.0, 121.8, 110.0 (d, $J = 37.8$ Hz), 82.4, 28.4; $^{19}$F NMR (377 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) $\delta = -68.9$; HRMS-ESI ($m/z$): [M+H]$^+$ calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{16}\text{FN}_{3}\text{O}_{4}$: 334.1198, found: 334.1197.
**tert-Butyl (4-[2-fluoropyridin-3-yl]-2-nitrophenyl)carbamate (3h).** Synthesis according to General Procedure I. Flash column chromatography (cyclohexane/EtOAc; 90:10; v/v) afforded the desired product as yellow solid (166 mg, 0.50 mmol, 55%); **mp.** 84.1 – 85.6 °C; **Rf** = 0.21 (cyclohexane/EtOAc; 90:10; v/v); **1H NMR** (300 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ = 9.72 (s, 1H), 8.70 (dt, J = 9.0, 0.3 Hz, 1H), 8.43 (ddd, J = 2.3, 1.0, 0.4 Hz, 1H), 8.24 (ddd, J = 4.9, 1.9, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (ddd, J = 9.9, 7.5, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.84 (ddd, J = 8.9, 2.3, 1.7, 0.5 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (ddd, J = 7.4, 4.8, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 1.56 (s, 9H); **13C NMR** (75 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ = 176.5, 160.4 (d, J = 240.3 Hz), 152.9, 147.3 (d, J = 14.9 Hz), 140.3 (d, J = 4.0 Hz), 136.1, 135.9 (d, J = 3.9 Hz), 127.7 (d, J = 5.2 Hz), 126.0 (d, J = 3.5 Hz), 122.2 (d, J = 4.6 Hz), 121.2 82.4, 28.3; **19F NMR** (282 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ = -70.6; **HRMS-ESI (m/z):** [M–H]⁻ calcd for C_{16}H_{16}F_{3}O_{4}: 332.1052, found: 332.1042.

**tert-Butyl (4-[2-fluoropyridin-4-yl]-2-nitrophenyl)carbamate (3i).** Synthesis according to General Procedure I. Flash column chromatography (cyclohexane/EtOAc; 95:5; v/v) afforded the desired product as yellow solid (434 mg, 1.31 mmol, 69%); **mp.** 131.0 – 132.8 °C; **Rf** = 0.28 (cyclohexane/EtOAc; 95:5; v/v); **1H NMR** (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ = 9.76 (s, 1H), 8.75 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 8.49 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.34 – 8.27 (m, 1H), 7.88 (ddd, J = 9.0, 2.3, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (dt, J = 5.3, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (td, J = 1.6, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 1.56 (s, 9H); **13C NMR** (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ = 164.7 (d, J = 239.0 Hz), 152.1, 151.0 (d, J = 8.4 Hz), 148.7 (d, J = 15.6 Hz), 137.1, 136.1, 133.9, 130.6 (d, J = 3.5 Hz), 124.3, 121.6, 119.0 (d, J = 4.1 Hz), 106.9 (d, J = 38.5 Hz), 82.6, 28.3; **19F NMR** (377 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ = -67.1; **HRMS-ESI (m/z):** [M+H]⁺ calcd for C_{16}H_{16}F_{3}O_{4}: 334.1198, found: 334.1195.

**General procedure II for the synthesis of the compounds 4a-i.** The respective tert-butyl (2-nitrophenyl)carbamate derivative 3a-i (1.0 equiv.) was dissolved in MeOH/DCM (75:25; v/v,
40 mL/mmol) and Pd(C) (5%) (0.1 equiv.) was added. The reaction mixture was purged with hydrogen three times and left stirring at room temperature 2 – 16 h. Upon completion, indicated by TLC, the organic layer was filtered through Celite®. The Celite® pad was washed thoroughly with MeOH/DCM (50:50; v/v) or EtOAc and the resulting organic layer was evaporated, affording the respective product as white, greyish or yellow solid.

**tert-Butyl (3-amino-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)carbamate (4a).** Starting from 3a (353 mg, 1.11 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) the reaction according to General Procedure II provided 4a as white crystals (317 mg, 1.11 mmol, quant.); mp. 152.4 – 153.3 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ = 7.57 – 7.49 (m, 2H), 7.44 – 7.37 (m, 2H), 7.35 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.34 – 7.29 (m, 1H), 7.08 – 7.01 (m, 2H), 6.32 (s, 1H), 3.83 (s, 2H), 1.53 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ = 154.0, 140.9, 139.4, 128.8, 127.3, 127.1, 125.1, 125.0, 124.6, 119.2, 116.8, 80.9, 28.5; HRMS-ESI (m/z): [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₁₇H₂₀N₂O₂: 285.1598, found: 285.1605.

**tert-Butyl (3-amino-4'-fluoro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)carbamate (4b).** Starting from 3b (340 mg, 1.02 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) the reaction according to General Procedure II provided 4b as white crystals (305 mg, 1.01 mmol, 99%); mp. 186.0 – 187.8 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ = 7.52 – 7.42 (m, 2H), 7.33 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.14 – 7.03 (m, 2H), 6.97 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 6.29 (s, 1H), 3.92 (s, 2H), 1.53 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ = 162.4 (d, J = 246.1 Hz), 153.8, 139.7, 138.3, 136.9 (d, J = 2.9 Hz), 128.5 (d, J = 8.0 Hz), 125.0, 124.3, 118.7, 116.3, 115.5 (d, J = 21.4 Hz), 80.8, 28.4; ¹⁹F NMR (377 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ = -116.0; HRMS-ESI (m/z): [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₁₇H₁₉FN₂O₂: 303.1503, found: 303.1512.

**tert-Butyl (2-amino-[2-thiophen-2-yl]phenyl)carbamate (4c).** Starting from 3c (340 mg, 1.06 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) the reaction according to General Procedure II provided 4c as greyish orange solid (308 mg, 1.06 mmol, quant.); mp. 161.3 – 162.9 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ
= 7.30 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (td, J = 4.6, 3.9, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 7.08 – 7.03 (m, 2H), 7.02 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.23 (s, 1H), 3.80 (s, 2H), 1.52 (s, 9H); $^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) $\delta$ = 153.7, 144.1, 140.0, 132.3, 127.9, 124.8, 124.7, 124.4, 122.8, 117.5, 115.0, 80.7, 28.3; HRMS-ESI (m/z): [M+H]$^+$ calcld for C$_{15}$H$_{18}$N$_2$O$_2$S: 291.1162, found: 291.1167.

**tert-Butyl (2-amino-4-[pyridin-4-yl]phenyl)carbamate (4d).** Starting from 3d (275 mg, 0.87 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) the reaction according to General Procedure II provided 4d as pale-yellow solid (250 mg, 0.87 mmol, quant.); mp. 178.9 – 182.1 °C (decomp.); $^1$H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) $\delta$ = 8.67 – 8.58 (m, 2H), 7.52 – 7.43 (m, 3H), 7.08 (dd, J = 8.2, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.37 (s, 1H), 3.60 (s, 2H), 1.53 (s, 9H); $^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) $\delta$ = 153.7, 149.9, 148.4, 140.0, 135.5, 126.4, 124.8, 121.6, 118.6, 116.2, 81.1, 77.5, 77.2, 76.8, 28.5; HRMS-ESI (m/z): [M+H]$^+$ calcld for C$_{16}$H$_{19}$N$_3$O$_2$: 286.1550, found: 286.1562.

**tert-Butyl (2-amino-4-[pyridin-3-yl]phenyl)carbamate (4e).** Starting from 3e (872 mg, 2.77 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) the reaction according to General Procedure II provided 4e as pale-yellow solid (637 mg, 1.53 mmol, 81%); mp. 172.8 °C (decomp.); $^1$H NMR (300 MHz, Chloroform-d) $\delta$ = 8.79 (dd, J = 2.4, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 8.55 (dd, J = 4.8, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (ddd, J = 7.9, 2.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (ddd, J = 7.9, 4.8, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.05 – 6.93 (m, 2H), 6.39 (s, 1H), 3.81 (s, 2H), 1.52 (s, 9H); $^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) $\delta$ = 153.9, 148.1, 148.0, 140.3, 136.6, 135.5, 134.5, 125.2, 125.1, 123.7, 118.6, 116.2, 81.0, 28.5; HRMS-ESI (m/z): [M+H]$^+$ calcld for C$_{16}$H$_{19}$N$_3$O$_2$: 286.1566, found: 286.1562.

**tert-Butyl (2-amino-4-[pyridin-2-yl]phenyl)carbamate (4f).** Starting from 3f (120 mg, 0.38 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) the reaction according to General Procedure II provided 4f as yellow solid (108 mg, 0.38 mmol, quant.); mp. 106.2 – 107.6 °C; $^1$H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) $\delta$ = 8.66 (dt, J = 4.9, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.74 (td, J = 7.7, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (dt, J = 8.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d,


\[ J = 2.0 \text{ Hz}, 1H \), 7.49 (d, \( J = 8.3 \text{ Hz}, 1H \), 7.37 (dd, \( J = 8.3, 2.0 \text{ Hz}, 1H \), 7.22 (ddd, \( J = 7.3, 4.8, 1.3 \text{ Hz}, 1H \), 6.44 (s, 1H), 3.84 (s, 2H), 1.52 (s, 9H); \( ^{13} \text{C NMR} \) (101 MHz, Chloroform-\( d \)) \delta = 156.8, 153.7, 149.1, 139.3, 137.4, 126.9, 123.8, 122.1, 120.7, 118.7, 116.6, 80.9, 28.5; \( ^{19} \text{F NMR} \) (377 MHz, Chloroform-\( d \)) \delta = -70.6; \( \text{HRMS-ESI (m/z): [M+H]}^+ \) calcd for C\(_{16}\)H\(_{18}\)FN\(_3\)O\(_2\): 304.1456, found: 304.1460.

**tert-Butyl (2-amino-4-[6-fluoropyridin-3-yl]phenyl)carbamate (4g).** Starting from 3g (420 mg, 1.26 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) the reaction according to General Procedure II provided 4g as pale pink crystals (335 mg, 1.11 mmol, 88 %); \( ^{1} \text{H NMR} \) (400 MHz, Chloroform-\( d \)) \delta = 8.35 (d, \( J = 2.5 \text{ Hz}, 1H \), 7.89 (td, \( J = 8.0, 2.6 \text{ Hz}, 1H \), 7.40 (d, \( J = 8.2 \text{ Hz}, 1H \), 7.00 – 6.91 (m, 3H), 6.33 (s, 1H), 3.91 (s, 2H), 1.53 (s, 9H); \( ^{13} \text{C NMR} \) (101 MHz, Chloroform-\( d \)) \delta = 160.5 (d, \( J = 240.4 \text{ Hz}, 1H \), 153.8, 146.2 (d, \( J = 14.7 \text{ Hz}, 1H \), 140.6 (d, \( J = 4.5 \text{ Hz}, 1H \), 138.8, 131.5 (d, \( J = 5.0 \text{ Hz}, 1H \), 126.0, 124.6, 123.6 (d, \( J = 28.0 \text{ Hz}, 1H \), 121.9 (d, \( J = 4.3 \text{ Hz}, 1H \), 120.9, 118.5, 81.1, 28.5; \( ^{19} \text{F NMR} \) (376 MHz, Chloroform-\( d \)) \delta = -70.6; \( \text{HRMS-ESI (m/z): [M+H]}^+ \) calcd for C\(_{16}\)H\(_{18}\)FN\(_3\)O\(_2\): 304.1456, found: 304.1460.
**tert-Butyl (2-amino-4-[2-fluoropyridin-4-yl]phenyl)carbamate (4i).** Starting from 3i (1.05 g, 3.46 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) the reaction according to General Procedure II provided 4i as grey solid (913 mg, 3.01 mmol, 87 %); **mp.** 161.8 – 163.4 °C (decomp.); **1H NMR** (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ = 8.21 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (dt, J = 5.4, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.11 – 7.00 (m, 3H), 6.36 (s, 1H), 3.85 (s, 2H), 1.53 (s, 9H); **13C NMR** (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ = 164.6 (d, J = 237.7 Hz), 153.8 (d, J = 8.3 Hz), 153.6, 148.0 (d, J = 15.6 Hz), 139.9, 134.5 (d, J = 3.4 Hz), 126.9, 124.6, 119.4 (d, J = 3.9 Hz), 118.7, 116.2, 106.8 (d, J = 38.0 Hz), 81.2, 28.5; **19F NMR** (377 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ = -68.4; **HRMS-ESI (m/z):** [M+H]+ calcd for C_{16}H_{18}FN_{3}O_{2}: 304.1456, found: 304.1465.

**General procedure III for the synthesis of the compounds 5a-i.** To a suspension of 4-acetamidobenzoic acid (100 mg, 0.56 mmol, 1.2 equiv.) in dry DMF (2 mL), EDC•HCl (270 mg, 1.41 mmol, 3.0 equiv.), HOBt•H_{2}O (215 mg, 1.41 mmol, 3.0 equiv.) and DIPEA (305 mg, 400 μL, 2.35 mmol, 5.0 equiv.) were added and the reaction mixture was allowed to stir at room temperature until a clear solution had formed. Subsequently, the respective amine 4a-i (0.47 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), dissolved in dry DCM (1 mL), was added and the reaction mixture was allowed to stir at room temperature for 16 h. Upon completion, the reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc (75 mL) and the organic layer was washed with half saturated NaHCO_{3}-solution (2 x 40 mL, all compounds), 1 M HCl (2 x 40 mL, 5a-c and 5g-i), H_{2}O (2 x 40 mL, all compounds) and brine (2 x 40 mL, all compounds), dried over Na_{2}SO_{4}, filtered and evaporated. Purification of the crude product afforded the desired products as pale-yellow or white solids.

**tert-Butyl (3-[4-acetamidobenzamido]-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)carbamate (5a).** Synthesis according to General Procedure III. Flash column chromatography (DCM/MeOH/TEA; 98.5:1.5:0.1; v/v/v) afforded the desired product as a white solid (141 mg, 0.32 mmol, 67 %);
mp. > 227.4 °C (decomp.); Rf = 0.29 (DCM/MeOH/TEA; 95:5:0.1; v/v/v); 1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ = 10.25 (s, 1H), 9.84 (s, 1H), 8.77 (s, 1H), 7.94 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.85 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.74 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.68 – 7.61 (m, 3H), 7.51 (dd, J = 8.5, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 2.10 (s, 3H), 1.47 (s, 9H); 13C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ = 168.8, 164.9, 153.4, 142.6, 139.3, 135.9, 131.1, 130.1, 128.6, 128.3, 127.3, 126.4, 124.1, 124.1, 123.7, 118.2, 79.8, 28.0, 24.1; HRMS-ESI (m/z): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C26H27N3O4: 468.1894, found: 468.1902.

tert-Butyl (3-[4-acetamidobenzamido]-4'-fluoro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)carbamate (5b). Synthesis according to General Procedure III. Flash column chromatography (DCM/MeOH/TEA; gradient; 99.5:0.5:0.1 → 98.5:1.5:0.1; v/v/v) afforded the desired product as a white solid (122 mg, 0.26 mmol, 56 %); mp. > 221.8 °C (decomp.); Rf = 0.25 (DCM/MeOH/TEA; 97.5:2.5:0.1; v/v/v); 1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ = 10.24 (s, 1H), 9.83 (s, 1H), 8.77 (s, 1H), 7.94 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.83 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.74 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.71 – 7.66 (m, 2H), 7.63 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (dd, J = 8.5, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.34 – 7.24 (m, 2H), 2.09 (s, 3H), 1.47 (s, 9H); 13C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ = 168.8, 164.9, 153.4, 142.6, 135.8 (d, J = 3.3 Hz), 134.8, 131.1, 130.1, 128.6, 128.3 (d, J = 8.2 Hz), 128.3, 124.0, 123.9 (d, J = 35.6 Hz), 118.2, 115.7 (d, J = 21.3 Hz), 79.8, 28.0, 24.1; 19F NMR (377 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ = -115.7; HRMS-ESI (m/z): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C26H26FN3O4: 486.1800, found: 486.1796.

tert-Butyl (2-[4-acetamidobenzamido]-4-[thiophen-2-yl]phenyl)carbamate (5c). Synthesis according to General Procedure III. Flash column chromatography (DCM/MeOH/TEA; 98:2:0.1; v/v/v) afforded the desired product as a white solid (79.3 mg, 0.18 mmol, 38 %); mp. > 214.7 °C (decomp.); Rf = 0.29 (DCM/MeOH/TEA; 95:5:0.1; v/v/v); 1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ = 10.25 (s, 1H), 9.83 (s, 1H), 8.72 (s, 1H), 7.97 – 7.91 (m, 2H), 7.82 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.16 – 7.10 (m, 2H), 6.68 – 6.62 (m, 2H), 4.35 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.10 (s, 3H), 1.47 (s, 9H); 13C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ = 169.7, 164.9, 153.4, 142.6, 135.8 (d, J = 3.3 Hz), 134.8, 131.1, 130.1, 128.6, 128.3 (d, J = 8.2 Hz), 128.3, 124.0, 123.9 (d, J = 35.6 Hz), 118.2, 115.7 (d, J = 21.3 Hz), 79.8, 28.0, 24.1; 19F NMR (377 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ = -115.7; HRMS-ESI (m/z): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C26H26FN3O4: 486.1800, found: 486.1796.
7.77 – 7.71 (m, 2H), 7.60 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.54 – 7.48 (m, 2H), 7.45 (dd, J = 3.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (dd, J = 5.1, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.09 (s, 3H), 1.46 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ = 168.8, 165.0, 153.3, 142.7, 142.6, 131.1, 130.1, 129.6, 128.6, 128.5, 128.2, 125.4, 124.2, 123.4, 122.8, 122.5, 118.1, 79.8, 28.0, 24.2; HRMS-ESI (m/z): [M+Na]⁺ calcd for C₂₄H₂₅N₃O₄S: 474.1458, found: 474.1439.

**tert-Butyl (2-[4-acetamidobenzamido]-4-[pyridin-4-yl]phenyl)carbamate (5d).** Synthesis according to General Procedure III. Flash column chromatography (DCM/MeOH/TEA; gradient; 98:2:0.1 → 94:6:0.1; v/v/v) afforded the desired product as a pale-yellow solid (128 mg, 0.29 mmol, 62%); mp. > 153.9 °C (decomp.); Rf = 0.34 (DCM/MeOH/TEA; 90:10:0.1; v/v/v); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ = 10.25 (s, 1H), 9.87 (s, 1H), 8.84 (s, 1H), 8.65 – 8.59 (m, 2H), 7.97 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.76 – 7.72 (m, 3H), 7.70 – 7.65 (m, 3H), 2.10 (s, 3H), 1.47 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ = 168.8, 165.1, 153.2, 150.3, 146.1, 142.6, 133.0, 132.4, 129.9, 128.7, 128.2, 124.5, 123.9, 123.8, 120.8, 118.2, 80.0, 28.0, 24.2; HRMS-ESI (m/z): [M+H]⁺ calcd for C₂₅H₂₆N₄O₄: 447.2027, found: 447.2022.

**tert-Butyl (2-[4-acetamidobenzamido]-4-[pyridin-3-yl]phenyl)carbamate (5e).** Synthesis according to General Procedure III. Flash column chromatography (DCM/MeOH/TEA; gradient; 98:2:0.1 → 94:6:0.1; v/v/v) afforded the desired product as a white solid (134 mg, 0.30 mmol, 64%); mp. > 215.4 °C (decomp.); Rf = 0.42 (DCM/MeOH/TEA; 90:10:0.1; v/v/v); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ = 10.25 (s, 1H), 9.86 (s, 1H), 8.88 (dd, J = 2.4, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 8.80 (s, 1H), 8.56 (dd, J = 4.7, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (ddd, J = 8.0, 2.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.98 – 7.92 (m, 2H), 7.90 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.77 – 7.72 (m, 2H), 7.70 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (dd, J = 8.5, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (ddd, J = 8.0, 4.8, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 2.10 (s, 3H), 1.47 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ = 168.8, 165.0, 153.3, 148.3, 147.3, 142.6, 134.8, 133.7, 132.6, 131.9, 130.1, 128.6, 128.2, 124.4,
124.1, 123.9, 123.9, 118.1, 79.9, 28.0, 24.1; \textbf{HRMS-ESI (m/z)}: [M+H]$^+$ calcd for C$_{25}$H$_{26}$N$_4$O$_4$: 447.2027, found: 447.2034.

\textit{tert-Butyl (2-[4-acetamidobenzamido]-4-[pyridin-2-yl]phenyl)carbamate (5f).} Starting from 4f (90 mg, 0.32 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) synthesis according to General Procedure III. Flash column chromatography (DCM/MeOH/TEA; gradient; 98:2:0.1 → 96:4:0.1; \textit{v/v/v}) afforded the desired product as a white solid (99.2 mg, 0.22 mmol, 69\%); \textbf{mp.} > 220.2 °C (decomp.); R$_f$ = 0.65 (DCM/MeOH/TEA; 90:10:0.1; \textit{v/v/v}), \textbf{1H NMR} (400 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) δ = 10.25 (s, 1H), 9.88 (s, 1H), 8.77 (s, 1H), 8.65 (ddd, \textit{J} = 4.8, 1.8, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 8.28 (d, \textit{J} = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.98 – 7.94 (m, 2H), 7.95 – 7.91 (m, 2H), 7.87 (ddd, \textit{J} = 8.0, 7.3, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.77 – 7.70 (m, 3H), 7.33 (ddd, \textit{J} = 7.3, 4.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 2.10 (s, 3H), 1.47 (s, 9H); \textbf{13C NMR} (101 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) δ = 168.8, 165.0, 155.1, 153.2, 149.5, 142.5, 137.2, 134.2, 132.8, 129.6, 128.6, 128.2, 124.4, 123.6, 123.4, 122.4, 119.8, 118.1, 79.9, 28.0, 24.1; \textbf{HRMS-ESI (m/z)}: [M+H]$^+$ calcd for C$_{25}$H$_{26}$N$_4$O$_4$: 447.2027, found: 447.2035.

\textit{tert-Butyl (2-[4-acetamidobenzamido]-4-[6-fluoropyridin-3-yl]phenyl)carbamate (5g).} Synthesis according to General Procedure III. Flash column chromatography (DCM/MeOH/TEA; 97.5:2.5:0.1; \textit{v/v/v}) afforded the desired product as a white solid (175 mg, 0.38 mmol, 81\%); \textbf{mp.} > 228.4 °C (decomp.); R$_f$ = 0.38 (DCM/MeOH/TEA; 90:10:0.1; \textit{v/v/v}), \textbf{1H NMR} (400 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) δ = 10.25 (s, 1H), 9.86 (s, 1H), 8.80 (s, 1H), 8.53 (d, \textit{J} = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 8.31 – 8.21 (m, 1H), 7.94 (d, \textit{J} = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.88 (d, \textit{J} = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.74 (d, \textit{J} = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.70 (d, \textit{J} = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (dd, \textit{J} = 8.5, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (dd, \textit{J} = 8.6, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 2.10 (s, 3H), 1.47 (s, 9H); \textbf{13C NMR} (101 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) δ = 168.8, 165.0, 162.4 (d, \textit{J} = 236.5 Hz), 153.3, 145.0 (d, \textit{J} = 15.1 Hz), 142.6, 140.00 (d, \textit{J} = 8.0 Hz), 133.4 (d, \textit{J} = 3.9 Hz), 132.0, 131.4, 130.1, 128.6, 128.2, 124.4, 124.0, 123.9, 118.2, 109.7 (d, \textit{J} = 37.8 Hz), 79.9, 28.0, 24.2; \textbf{19F NMR} (377 MHz,
DMSO-$d_6$ $\delta = -71.3$; **HRMS-ESI ($m/z$):** [M+Na]$^+$ calcd for C$_{25}$H$_{25}$FN$_4$O$_4$: 487.1752, found: 487.1733.

**tert-**Butyl (2-[4-acetamidobenzamido]-4-[2-fluoropyridin-3-yl]phenyl)carbamate (5h). Synthesis according to General Procedure III. Flash column chromatography (DCM/MeOH/TEA; gradient; 99.5:0.5:0.1 → 96.5:3.5:0.1; v/v/v) afforded the desired product as a white solid (98.1 mg, 0.21 mmol, 45%); **mp. > 223.8 °C (decomp.);** $R_f = 0.18$ (DCM/MeOH/TEA; 96.5:3.5:0.1; v/v/v); **$^1$H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) $\delta = 10.24$ (s, 1H), 9.86 (s, 1H), 8.83 (s, 1H), 8.23 (dt, $J = 4.9, 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 8.11 (ddd, $J = 10.0, 7.5, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.94 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2H), 7.80 (t, $J = 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.72 (dd, $J = 10.0, 8.6$ Hz, 3H), 7.52 – 7.43 (m, 2H), 2.09 (s, 3H), 1.47 (s, 8H); **$^{13}$C NMR** (101 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) $\delta = 168.8, 165.0, 159.5$ (d, $J = 237.1$ Hz), 153.3, 146.3 (d, $J = 14.9$ Hz), 142.6, 141.1 (d, $J = 4.1$ Hz), 132.1, 129.7, 128.8 (d, $J = 5.0$ Hz), 128.6, 128.2, 126.3 (d, $J = 3.4$ Hz), 125.8 (d, $J = 3.2$ Hz), 123.7, 122.7 (d, $J = 4.1$ Hz), 122.2 (d, $J = 28.1$ Hz), 118.1, 79.9, 28.0, 24.1; **$^{19}$F NMR** (377 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) $\delta = -71.9$; **HRMS-ESI ($m/z$):** [M+Na]$^+$ calcd for C$_{25}$H$_{25}$FN$_4$O$_4$: 487.1752, found: 487.1730.

**tert-**Butyl (2-[4-acetamidobenzamido]-4-[2-fluoropyridin-4-yl]phenyl)carbamate (5i). Synthesis according to General Procedure III. Flash column chromatography (DCM/MeOH/TEA; 99:1:0.1; v/v/v) afforded the desired product as a white solid (141 mg, 0.30 mmol, 64%); **mp. > 141.4 °C (decomp.);** $R_r = 0.22$ (DCM/MeOH/TEA; 97.5:2.5:0.1; v/v/v); **$^1$H NMR** (300 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) $\delta = 10.26$ (s, 1H), 9.88 (s, 1H), 8.87 (s, 1H), 8.28 (d, $J = 5.3$ Hz, 1H), 8.01 (d, $J = 2.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.99 – 7.92 (m, 2H), 7.81 – 7.70 (m, 4H), 7.67 (dt, $J = 5.4, 1.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.49 (p, $J = 0.7$ Hz, 1H), 2.10 (s, 3H), 1.47 (s, 9H); **$^{13}$C NMR** (75 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) $\delta = 168.8, 165.1, 164.2$ (d, $J = 234.3$ Hz), 153.1, 152.3 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz), 148.1 (d, $J = 15.9$ Hz), 142.6, 133.8, 131.0 (d, $J = 3.5$ Hz), 129.7, 128.7, 128.2, 125.0, 124.3, 123.5, 119.2 (d, $J = 3.7$ Hz), 118.1, 106.0 (d, $J = 38.7$ Hz),
80.0, 28.0, 24.1; $^{19}$F NMR (282 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) $\delta$ = -68.8; HRMS-ESI ($m/z$): [M+Na]$^+$ calcd for C$_{25}$H$_{25}$FN$_4$O$_4$: 487.1752, found: 487.1737.

**General procedure IV for the synthesis of the compounds 6a-i and 10a-c.** The respective Boc-protected intermediate 5a-i or 9a-c (1.0 equiv.) was dissolved in DCM/TFA (80:20; v/v, 20 mg/mL) at 0°C. Subsequently, the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and left stirring for 1 – 3 h. Upon completion, indicated by TLC, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. Afterwards, the oily residue was dissolved in EtOAc (50 – 200 mL) and the resulting organic layer was washed with NaHCO$_3$-solution (5%; 3 x 30 – 75 mL), and brine (2 x 30 – 75 mL), dried over Na$_2$SO$_4$, filtered and evaporated, yielding the desired products as pale yellow or off-white solids.

**4-Acetamido-$N$-(4-amino-[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)benzamide (6a).** Starting from 5a (135 mg, 0.30 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) synthesis according to General Procedure IV provided 6a as white solid (85.3 mg, 0.25 mmol, 83 %); mp. > 211.9 °C (decomp.); $^1$H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) $\delta$ = 10.20 (s, 1H), 9.64 (s, 1H), 8.01 – 7.93 (m, 2H), 7.76 – 7.68 (m, 2H), 7.58 – 7.54 (m, 2H), 7.53 (d, $J = 2.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.39 (t, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 2H), 7.33 (dd, $J = 8.3$, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.26 – 7.21 (m, 1H), 6.87 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 5.09 (s, 2H), 2.09 (s, 3H); $^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) $\delta$ = 168.7, 164.9, 142.7, 142.1, 140.2, 128.8, 128.7, 128.7, 128.2, 126.0, 125.5, 124.7, 124.6, 123.8, 118.0, 116.5, 24.1; HRMS-ESI ($m/z$): [M+H]$^+$ calcd for C$_{21}$H$_{19}$N$_3$O$_2$: 346.1550, found: 346.1558.

**4-Acetamido-$N$-(4-amino-4'-fluoro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-yl)benzamide (6b).** Starting from 5b (98.2 mg, 0.21 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) synthesis according to General Procedure IV provided 6b as an off-white solid (75.0 mg, 0.21 mmol, quant.); mp. 225.3 – 226.7 °C (decomp.); $^1$H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) $\delta$ = 10.23 (s, 1H), 9.64 (s, 1H), 8.01 – 7.93 (m, 2H), 7.76 – 7.67 (m, 2H), 7.63 – 7.53 (m, 2H), 7.49 (d, $J = 2.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.29 (dd, $J = 8.3$, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.25 – 7.17 (m, 2H),
6.86 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 5.10 (s, 2H), 2.09 (s, 3H); $^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) $\delta = 168.8, 164.9, 161.0$ (d, $J = 242.5$ Hz), 142.7, 142.2, 136.7 (d, $J = 3.0$ Hz), 128.7 (2C), 127.3 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz), 127.2, 124.7, 124.5, 123.8, 118.0, 116.6, 115.5 (d, $J = 21.1$ Hz), 24.1; $^{19}$F NMR (376 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) $\delta = -117.5$; HRMS-ESI ($m/z$): [M+H]$^+$ calcd for C$_{21}$H$_{18}$FN$_3$O$_2$: 364.1456, found: 364.1475.

4-Acetamido-$N$-(2-amino-5-[thiophen-2-yl]phenyl)benzamide (6c). Starting from 5c (50.1 mg, 0.11 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) synthesis according to General Procedure IV provided 6c as grey solid (37.9 mg, 0.11 mmol, quant.); mp. 225.3 °C, > 232.5 °C (decomp.); $^1$H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) $\delta = 10.20$ (s, 1H), 9.63 (s, 1H), 8.00 – 7.93 (m, 2H), 7.74 – 7.67 (m, 2H), 7.47 (d, $J = 2.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.35 (dd, $J = 5.1, 1.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.29 (dd, $J = 8.3, 2.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.24 (dd, $J = 3.6, 1.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.05 (dd, $J = 5.1, 3.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.82 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 1H), 5.14 (s, 2H), 2.09 (s, 3H); $^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) $\delta = 168.7, 164.9, 144.2, 143.0, 142.2, 128.7, 128.6, 128.2, 123.9, 123.8, 123.6, 122.3, 121.0, 118.0, 116.4, 24.1; HRMS-ESI ($m/z$): [M+H]$^+$ calcd for C$_{19}$H$_{17}$N$_3$O$_2$S: 352.1114, found: 352.1117.

4-Acetamido-$N$-(2-amino-5-[pyridin-4-yl]phenyl)benzamide (6d). Starting from 5d (94.2 mg, 0.21 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) synthesis according to General Procedure IV provided 6d as yellow solid (46.2 mg, 0.13 mmol, 62 %); mp. > 256.3 °C (decomp.); $^1$H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) $\delta = 10.45$ (s, 1H), 9.75 (s, 1H), 8.54 – 8.47 (m, 2H), 8.04 – 7.96 (m, 2H), 7.79 – 7.71 (m, 2H), 7.70 (d, $J = 2.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.62 – 7.56 (m, 2H), 7.50 (dd, $J = 8.4, 2.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 5.44 (s, 2H), 2.10 (s, 3H); $^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) $\delta = 168.8, 165.0, 149.8, 147.0, 144.9, 142.3, 128.7, 128.5, 125.2, 124.8, 124.0, 123.6, 119.7, 118.0, 116.3, 24.1; HRMS-ESI ($m/z$): [M+H]$^+$ calcd for C$_{20}$H$_{18}$N$_4$O$_2$: 347.1503, found: 347.1518.
4-Acetamido-N-(2-amino-5-[pyridin-3-yl]phenyl)benzamide (6e). Starting from 5e (103 mg, 0.23 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) synthesis according to General Procedure IV provided 6e as an off-white solid (70.3 mg, 0.20 mmol, 87%); mp. > 165.6 °C (decomp.); \( \text{\(^1H\) NMR} \) (300 MHz, DMSO-\(d_6\)) \( \delta = 10.20 \text{ (s, 1H)}, 9.65 \text{ (s, 1H)}, 8.79 \text{ (s, 1H)}, 8.44 \text{ (d, } J = 4.7 \text{ Hz, 1H)}, 8.00 – 7.91 \text{ (m, 3H)}, 7.74 – 7.67 \text{ (m, 2H)}, 7.57 \text{ (d, } J = 2.2 \text{ Hz, 1H)}, 7.43 – 7.35 \text{ (m, 2H)}, 6.90 \text{ (d, } J = 8.3 \text{ Hz, 1H)}, 5.20 \text{ (s, 2H)}, 2.09 \text{ (s, 3H)}; \( \text{\(^{13}C\) NMR} \) (75 MHz, DMSO-\(d_6\)) \( \delta = 168.7, 164.9, 147.0, 146.6, 143.5, 142.2, 135.6, 132.7, 128.7, 128.7, 125.0, 124.8, 124.6, 123.8, 123.8, 118.0, 116.6, 24.1; \text{HRMS-ESI (m/z)}: [M+H]\(^+\) calcd for C\(_{20}\)H\(_{18}\)N\(_4\)O\(_2\): 347.1503, found: 347.1520.

4-Acetamido-N-(2-amino-5-[pyridin-2-yl]phenyl)benzamide (6f). Starting from 5f (49.9 mg, 0.11 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) synthesis according to General Procedure IV provided 6f as cream coloured solid (35.2 mg, 0.10 mmol, 91%); mp. 217.3 – 219.1 °C; \( \text{\(^1H\) NMR} \) (400 MHz, DMSO-\(d_6\)) \( \delta = 10.20 \text{ (s, 1H)}, 9.65 \text{ (s, 1H)}, 8.54 \text{ (dt, } J = 4.6, 1.4 \text{ Hz, 1H)}, 8.01 – 7.94 \text{ (m, 3H)}, 7.80 – 7.67 \text{ (m, 5H)}, 7.19 \text{ (ddd, } J = 6.0, 4.8, 2.7 \text{ Hz, 1H)}, 6.86 \text{ (d, } J = 8.4 \text{ Hz, 1H)}, 5.27 \text{ (s, 2H)}, 2.09 \text{ (s, 3H)}; \( \text{\(^{13}C\) NMR} \) (101 MHz, DMSO-\(d_6\)) \( \delta = 168.7, 165.0, 156.1, 149.1, 144.5, 142.1, 136.9, 128.7, 126.6, 125.3, 124.8, 123.3, 120.9, 118.4, 118.0, 115.9, 24.1; \text{HRMS-ESI (m/z)}: [M+H]\(^+\) calcd for C\(_{20}\)H\(_{18}\)N\(_4\)O\(_2\): 347.1503, found: 347.1506.

4-Acetamido-N-(2-amino-5-[6-fluoropyridin-3-yl]phenyl)benzamide (6g). Starting from 5g (144 mg, 0.31 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) synthesis according to General Procedure IV provided 6g as an off-white solid (107 mg, 0.29 mmol, 94%); mp. > 300.3 °C (decomp.); \( \text{\(^1H\) NMR} \) (400 MHz, DMSO-\(d_6\)) \( \delta = 10.20 \text{ (s, 1H)}, 9.65 \text{ (s, 1H)}, 8.42 \text{ (dt, } J = 2.0, 0.9 \text{ Hz, 1H)}, 8.14 \text{ (td, } J = 8.3, 2.7 \text{ Hz, 1H)}, 8.00 – 7.93 \text{ (m, 2H)}, 7.74 – 7.67 \text{ (m, 2H)}, 7.55 \text{ (d, } J = 2.2 \text{ Hz, 1H)}, 7.37 \text{ (dd, } J = 8.4, 2.3 \text{ Hz, 1H)}, 7.19 \text{ (dd, } J = 8.6, 2.8 \text{ Hz, 1H)}, 6.89 \text{ (d, } J = 8.3 \text{ Hz, 1H)}, 5.20 \text{ (s, 2H)}, 2.09 \text{ (s, 3H)}; \( \text{\(^{13}C\) NMR} \) (101 MHz, DMSO-\(d_6\)) \( \delta = 168.7, 165.0, 161.7 \text{ (d, } J = 234.2 \text{ Hz), 143.9 \text{ (d, } J = 14.9 \text{ Hz), 143.5,}
142.2, 138.9 (d, J = 7.9 Hz), 134.3 (d, J = 4.4 Hz), 128.72, 128.66, 125.0, 124.8, 123.8, 123.5, 118.0, 116.5, 109.4 (d, J = 37.6 Hz), 24.1; ¹⁹F NMR (377 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ = -73.1; HRMS-ESI (m/z): [M+H]+ calcd for C₂₀H₁₇F₄N₄O₂: 365.1408, found: 365.1403.

4-Acetamido-N-(2-amino-5-[2-fluoropyridin-3-yl]phenyl)benzamide (6h). Starting from 5h (77.0 mg, 0.17 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) synthesis according to General Procedure IV provided 6h as an off-white solid (58.5 mg, 0.16 mmol, 94%); mp. 216.4 – 218.0 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ = 10.20 (s, 1H), 9.64 (s, 1H), 8.11 (dt, J = 4.9, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.02 (ddd, J = 10.5, 7.5, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.98 – 7.94 (m, 2H), 7.74 – 7.67 (m, 2H), 7.48 (t, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (ddd, J = 7.5, 4.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (dt, J = 8.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.29 (s, 2H), 2.09 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ = 168.7, 165.0, 159.5 (d, J = 236.5 Hz), 144.8 (d, J = 15.0 Hz), 143.7, 142.2, 140.1 (d, J = 4.7 Hz), 128.7, 128.6, 127.1 (d, J = 3.5 Hz), 126.8 (d, J = 3.1 Hz), 123.3, 123.0 (d, J = 27.8 Hz), 122.6 (d, J = 4.1 Hz), 120.6 (d, J = 5.3 Hz), 118.0, 116.0, 24.1; ¹⁹F NMR (377 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ = -71.9; HRMS-ESI (m/z): [M+H]+ calcd for C₂₀H₁₇F₄N₄O₂: 365.1408, found: 365.1410.

4-Acetamido-N-(2-amino-5-[2-fluoropyridin-4-yl]phenyl)benzamide (6i). Starting from 5i (94.3 mg, 0.20 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) synthesis according to General Procedure IV provided 6i as an off-white solid (50.5 mg, 0.14 mmol, 70%); mp. 259.8 – 262.1 °C (decomp.); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ = 10.20 (s, 1H), 9.63 (s, 1H), 8.16 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 8.02 – 7.92 (m, 2H), 7.77 – 7.66 (m, 3H), 7.60 – 7.53 (m, 2H), 7.35 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 5.47 (s, 2H), 2.09 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ = 168.7, 165.1, 164.4 (d, J = 233.2 Hz), 153.0 (d, J = 8.7 Hz), 147.7 (d, J = 16.4 Hz), 145.6, 142.2, 128.8, 128.6, 125.7, 125.3, 123.4, 122.8 (d, J = 3.5 Hz), 118.0, 117.9 (d, J = 3.3 Hz), 116.0, 104.2 (d, J = 38.6 Hz),
24.1; $^{19}$F NMR (282 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) $\delta = -69.5$; HRMS-ESI ($m/z$): [M+Na]$^+$ calcd for C$_{20}$H$_{17}$FN$_4$O$_2$: 387.1228, found: 387.1238.

**General procedure V for the synthesis of the compounds 8a-c.** The respective methyl benzoate 7a-c (1.0 equiv.) was dissolved in THF/MeOH (90:10; $v/v$, 15 mg/mL) and a NaOH-solution (50 mg/mL, 2.5 equiv.) was added. The reaction mixture was heated to 40 °C for 2 – 24 h. Upon completion of the reaction, 1 M HCl (3.0 equiv.) was added, and the resulting solution was concentrated in vacuo and diluted with H$_2$O/EtOAc (50:50, $v/v$). Upon phase separation the aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (3 x). Subsequently, the combined organic phases were washed with brine (2 x 75 mL), dried over Na$_2$SO$_4$, filtered and evaporated under reduced pressure, yielding the desired products 8a-c as white solids.

4-({N-[2-(Benzylationo)-2-oxoethyl]-4-(dimethylamino)benzamido}methyl)benzoic acid (8a). Starting from 7a (690 mg, 1.50 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) synthesis according to General Procedure V provided 8a as white solid (463 mg, 1.04 mmol, 69%); mp. 172.9 – 174.8 °C (decomp.); $^1$H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) $\delta = 12.87$ (s, 1H), 8.44 (t, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.94 (d, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 2H), 7.41 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 2H), 7.37 – 7.20 (m, 9H), 6.69 – 6.61 (m, 2H), 4.71 (s, 2H), 4.31 (d, $J = 5.8$ Hz, 2H), 3.92 (s, 2H), 2.92 (s, 6H); $^{13}$C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) $\delta = 171.8$, 168.2, 167.2, 151.3, 142.7, 139.2, 129.7, 129.6, 128.6 (2C), 128.3, 127.3, 126.9, 121.9, 111.0, 51.1 (confirmed by $^1$H-$^{13}$C-HSQC), 49.0 (confirmed by $^1$H-$^{13}$C-HSQC), 42.2, 39.7; HRMS-ESI ($m/z$): [M+H]$^+$ calcd for C$_{26}$H$_{27}$N$_3$O$_4$: 446.2074, found: 446.2086.

4-({N-[2-(Cyclohexylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-4-(dimethylamino)benzamido}methyl)benzoic acid (8b). Starting from 7b (300 mg, 0.66 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) synthesis according to General Procedure V provided 8b as white solid (274 mg, 0.63 mmol, 95%); mp. 222.1 – 223.5 °C (decomp.); $^1$H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) $\delta = 12.92$ (s, 1H), 7.93 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.77 (d,
$J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.40 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.33 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 6.68 (d, $J = 8.5$ Hz, 2H), 4.65 (s, 2H), 3.81 (s, 2H), 3.55 (qd, $J = 8.8, 7.2, 5.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.93 (s, 6H), 1.75 – 1.60 (m, 4H), 1.53 (dt, $J = 12.7, 3.9$ Hz, 1H), 1.32 – 1.14 (m, 2H), 1.11 (tt, $J = 12.7, 6.3$ Hz, 3H); $^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) δ = 171.7, 167.1, 166.8, 151.2, 142.7, 129.6, 129.6, 128.6, 127.8, 122.0, 111.0, 51.2 (confirmed by $^1$H-$^{13}$C-HSQC), 48.8 (confirmed by $^1$H-$^{13}$C-HSQC), 47.6, 39.5 (confirmed by $^1$H-$^{13}$C-HSQC), 32.3, 25.2, 24.5; HRMS-ESI ($m/z$): [M+H]$^+$ calcd for C$_{25}$H$_{31}$N$_3$O$_4$: 438.2387, found: 438.2380.

4-({N-[2-(tert-Butylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-4-(dimethylamino)benzamido}methyl)benzoic acid (8c). Starting from 7c (300 mg, 0.71 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) synthesis according to General Procedure V provided 8c as white solid (269 mg, 0.65 mmol, 98 %); mp. 228.7 – 230.8 °C (decomp.); $^1$H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) δ = 7.96 – 7.89 (m, 2H), 7.47 (s, 1H), 7.39 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 2H), 7.36 – 7.29 (m, 2H), 6.71 – 6.64 (m, 2H), 4.64 (s, 2H), 3.78 (s, 2H), 2.93 (s, 6H), 1.23 (s, 9H); $^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) δ = 171.7, 167.3, 167.2, 151.2, 142.8, 129.7, 129.6, 128.6, 127.6, 122.1, 111.0, 51.8, 50.3, 49.2, 39.4 (confirmed by $^1$H-$^{13}$C-HSQC), 28.5; HRMS-ESI ($m/z$): [M+H]$^+$ calcd for C$_{23}$H$_{29}$N$_3$O$_4$: 412.2231, found: 412.2223.

General procedure VI for the synthesis of the compounds 9a-c. To a suspension of the respective carboxylic acid 8a-c (200 mg, 1.2 equiv.) in dry DMF (2 mL), EDC•HCl (3.0 equiv.), HOBr•H$_2$O (3.0 equiv.) and DIPEA (5.0 equiv.) were added, and the reaction mixture was allowed to stir at room temperature until a clear solution has formed. Subsequently, 4d (1.0 equiv.), dissolved in dry DCM (1 mL), was added and the reaction mixture was allowed to stir at room temperature for 16 h. Upon completion, the reaction mixture was diluted with EtOAc (150 mL) and the organic layer was washed with H$_2$O (2 x 50 mL) and brine (2 x 50 mL), dried over Na$_2$SO$_4$,
filtered and evaporated. Purification of the crude product by flash column chromatography (DCM/MeOH/TEA; 97:3:0.1; v/v/v) afforded the desired products as pale-yellow solids.

*tert*-Butyl 2-[4-(N-[2-(benzylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-4-(dimethylamino)benzamido)methyl]benzamido]-4-(pyridin-4-yl)phenyl carbamate (9a). Starting from 8a (200 mg, 0.45 mmol, 1.2 equiv.) and 4d (108 mg, 0.38 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) synthesis according to General Procedure VI provided 9a as pale-yellow solid (148 mg, 0.21 mmol, 55 %); mp. 136.7 – 138.8 °C (decomp.); \(R_f = 0.11\) (DCM/MeOH/TEA; 97:3:0.1; v/v/v); \(^1\)H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-\(d_6\)) \(\delta = 9.96\) (s, 1H), 8.85 (s, 1H), 8.66 – 8.60 (m, 2H), 8.47 (t, \(J = 6.0\) Hz, 1H), 8.01 (s, 1H), 7.99 (d, \(J = 2.0\) Hz, 2H), 7.78 (d, \(J = 8.6\) Hz, 1H), 7.71 – 7.66 (m, 3H), 7.49 (d, \(J = 8.0\) Hz, 2H), 7.38 – 7.31 (m, 4H), 7.29 – 7.23 (m, 3H), 6.70 – 6.63 (m, 2H), 4.74 (s, 2H), 4.33 (d, \(J = 5.9\) Hz, 2H), 3.94 (s, 2H), 2.94 (s, 6H), 1.47 (s, 9H); \(^{13}\)C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-\(d_6\)) \(\delta = 171.8, 168.2, 165.4, 153.2, 151.2, 150.2, 146.1, 141.7, 139.2, 133.1, 133.0, 132.3, 129.7, 128.6, 128.4, 128.3, 128.0, 127.3, 126.8, 124.6, 124.1, 123.7, 120.8, 110.9, 80.0, 42.1, 28.0; HRMS-ESI (m/z): [M+H]\(^+\) calcd for C\(_{42}\)H\(_{44}\)N\(_6\)O\(_5\): 713.3446, found: 713.3453.

*tert*-Butyl 2-[4-(N-[2-(cyclohexylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-4-(dimethylamino)benzamido)methyl]benzamido]-4-(pyridin-4-yl)phenyl carbamate (9b). Starting from 8b (200 mg, 0.46 mmol, 1.2 equiv.) and 4d (108 mg, 0.38 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) synthesis according to General Procedure VI provided 9b as pale-yellow solid (162 mg, 0.23 mmol, 61 %); mp. > 150.9 °C (decomp.); \(R_f = 0.12\) (DCM/MeOH/TEA; 97:3:0.1; v/v/v); \(^1\)H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-\(d_6\)) \(\delta = 9.96\) (s, 1H), 8.85 (s, 1H), 8.67 – 8.59 (m, 2H), 7.99 (dd, \(J = 5.3, 3.0\) Hz, 3H), 7.83 – 7.74 (m, 2H), 7.72 – 7.63 (m, 3H), 7.47 (d, \(J = 8.0\) Hz, 2H), 7.35 (d, \(J = 8.3\) Hz, 2H), 6.69 (d, \(J = 8.6\) Hz, 2H), 4.69 (s, 2H), 3.84 (s, 2H), 3.62 – 3.53 (m, 1H), 2.93 (s, 6H), 1.77 – 1.37 (m, 4H), 1.47 (s, 9H), 1.36 – 1.02 (m, 6H); \(^{13}\)C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-\(d_6\)) \(\delta = 171.7, 166.9, 165.4, 153.2, 151.2,
150.2, 146.2, 141.8, 133.1, 133.0, 132.3, 129.7, 128.7, 128.6, 128.0, 128.0, 124.5, 124.1, 123.8, 120.8, 111.0, 80.0, 47.6, 39.7, 32.3, 28.0, 25.2, 24.5; **HRMS-ESI (m/z):** [M+H]^+ calcd for C_{41}H_{48}N_{6}O_{5}: 705.3759, found: 705.3762.

**tert-Butyl** \[2\text{-}[4\text{-}(\text{N}\text{-}[2\text{-}(\text{tert}-\text{butylamino})\text{-}2\text{-oxoethyl}]\text{-}4\text{-}(\text{dimethylamino})\text{benzamido})\text{methyl}]\text{benzamido}\text{-}4\text{-}(\text{pyridin}-4\text{-yl})\text{phenyl}]\text{carbamate} (9c).** Starting from 8c (200 mg, 0.49 mmol, 1.2 equiv.) and 4d (117 mg, 0.41 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) synthesis according to General Procedure VI provided 9c as pale-yellow solid (162 mg, 0.24 mmol, 59%); **mp.** > 148.8 °C (decomp.); **Rf** = 0.11 (DCM/MeOH/TEA; 97:3:0.1; v/v/v); **^1H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-\text{d}_6) \(\delta = 9.96\) (s, 1H), 8.85 (s, 1H), 8.66 – 8.60 (m, 2H), 7.99 (dd, \(J = 5.3, 3.0\) Hz, 3H), 7.77 (d, \(J = 8.6\) Hz, 1H), 7.72 – 7.65 (m, 3H), 7.52 – 7.41 (m, 3H), 7.34 (d, \(J = 8.3\) Hz, 2H), 6.69 (d, \(J = 8.8\) Hz, 2H), 4.68 (s, 2H), 3.81 (s, 2H), 2.94 (s, 6H), 1.47 (s, 9H), 1.26 (s, 9H); **^13C NMR** (101 MHz, DMSO-\text{d}_6) \(\delta = 171.7, 167.3, 165.4, 153.2, 151.2, 150.2, 146.2, 141.9, 133.1, 133.0, 132.3, 129.8, 128.7, 128.6, 128.0, 124.5, 124.1, 123.8, 120.8, 111.0, 80.0, 51.9, 50.3, 49.0, 28.5, 28.0; **HRMS-ESI (m/z):** [M+H]^+ calcd for C_{39}H_{46}N_{6}O_{5}: 679.3602, found: 679.3604.

**N-\text{[(2-Amino-5-\text{(pyridin}-4\text{-yl})\text{phenyl}][carbamoyl]benzyl}]-\text{N-\text{[2-(benzylamino)-2-oxoethyl}]\text{-}4-(\text{dimethylamino})\text{benzamido}} (10a).** Starting from 9a (97.2 mg, 0.14 mmol, 1 equiv.) synthesis according to General Procedure IV provided 10a as yellow solid (81.5 mg, 0.13 mmol, 93%); **mp.** 114.1, > 131.8 °C (decomp.); **^1H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-\text{d}_6 + TFA (1.0 equiv.)) \(\delta = 9.75\) (s, 1H), 8.71 (d, \(J = 6.6\) Hz, 2H), 8.49 (t, \(J = 6.1\) Hz, 1H), 8.22 (d, \(J = 6.4\) Hz, 2H), 8.03 (d, \(J = 8.1\) Hz, 2H), 7.98 (d, \(J = 2.4\) Hz, 1H), 7.83 (dd, \(J = 8.7, 2.3\) Hz, 1H), 7.46 (d, \(J = 8.0\) Hz, 2H), 7.39 – 7.22 (m, 7H), 6.93 (d, \(J = 8.7\) Hz, 1H), 6.67 (d, \(J = 8.7\) Hz, 2H), 4.74 (s, 2H), 4.33 (d, \(J = 5.9\) Hz, 2H), 3.93 (s, 2H), 2.94 (s, 6H); **^13C NMR** (101 MHz, DMSO-\text{d}_6 + TFA (1.0 equiv.)) \(\delta = 171.7, 168.2, 165.7, 155.1, 151.2, 148.3, 141.3, 141.2, 139.3, 133.3, 128.8, 128.6,
128.3, 128.2, 127.6, 127.3, 126.8, 123.2, 120.6, 119.8, 115.8, 111.0, 51.4, 49.5, 42.1; **HRMS-ESI (m/z):** [M+H]+ calcd for C_{37}H_{36}N_{6}O_{3}: 613.2922, found: 613.2926.

**N-(4-[[2-Amino-5-(pyridin-4-yl)phenyl]carbamoyl]benzyl)-N-[2-(cyclohexylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-4-(dimethylamino)benzamide (10b).** Starting from 9b (119 mg, 0.17 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) synthesis according to General Procedure IV provided 10b as yellow solid (96.9 mg, 0.16 mmol, 94 %); **mp.** 120.3, > 137.4 °C (decomp.); **^1H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6 + TFA (1.0 equiv.)) δ = 9.77 (s, 1H), 8.71 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 8.20 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 8.03 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.97 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.81 (dd, J = 8.7, 2.5 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.94 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 6.69 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 4.69 (s, 2H), 3.84 (s, 2H), 3.64 – 3.53 (m, 1H), 2.94 (s, 6H), 1.70 (ddt, J = 24.0, 12.4, 3.5 Hz, 2H), 1.55 (dt, J = 13.1, 3.9 Hz, 1H), 1.36 – 1.02 (m, 6H); **^13C NMR** (101 MHz, DMSO-d_6 + TFA (1.0 equiv.)) δ = 171.7, 166.9, 165.6, 154.9, 151.2, 148.2, 141.5, 141.3, 133.3, 128.8, 128.6, 128.2, 127.5, 127.2, 123.2, 122.2, 120.6, 119.9, 115.9, 111.0, 51.4, 49.1, 47.6, 32.4, 25.2, 24.5; **HRMS-ESI (m/z):** [M+Na]+ calcd for C_{36}H_{40}N_{6}O_{3}: 627.3054, found: 627.3078.

**N-(4-[[2-Amino-5-(pyridin-4-yl)phenyl]carbamoyl]benzyl)-N-[2-(tert-butylamino)-2-oxoethyl]-4-(dimethylamino)benzamide (10c).** Starting from 9c (116 mg, 0.17 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) synthesis according to General Procedure IV provided 10c as yellow solid (98.9 mg, 0.17 mmol, quant.); **mp.** 108.7, > 136.6 °C (decomp.); **^1H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-d_6 + TFA (1.0 equiv.)) δ = 9.77 (s, 1H), 8.72 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 8.22 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 8.03 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.99 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (dd, J = 8.7, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (s, 1H), 7.44 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.94 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 4.68 (s, 2H), 3.81 (s, 2H), 2.94 (s, 6H), 1.26 (s, 9H); **^13C NMR** (101 MHz, DMSO-d_6 + TFA (1.0 equiv.)) δ = 171.7, 167.4, 165.7, 155.2, 151.1, 148.3, 141.4, 141.2, 133.3, 128.7, 128.6, 128.2, 127.6, 127.5, 127.2, 123.2, 122.5,
120.7, 119.8, 115.9, 111.1, 51.8, 50.3, 49.3, 39.8, 28.5; **HRMS-ESI (m/z): [M+H]^+** calcd for C_{34}H_{38}N_{6}O_{3}: 579.3078, found: 579.3080.

**HDAC Assays**

**Preincubation assay for HDAC1-3 and HDAC6.** *In vitro* inhibitory activity against HDAC1-3 and HDAC6 was determined using a modified protocol based on our previously published assay.\(^{[12]}\) For compounds and controls, 3fold serial dilutions of the respective DMSO-stock solution in assay buffer (50 mM Tris–HCl, pH 8.0, 137 mM NaCl, 2.7 mM KCl, 1.0 mM MgCl_2•6 H_2O, 0.1 mg/mL BSA), were prepared and 5.0 µL of this serial dilutions were transferred into OptiPlate-96 black micro-plates (PerkinElmer). Then, 25 µL assay buffer and 10 µL enzyme solution (human recombinant HDAC1 (BPS Bioscience, Catalog# 50051); HDAC2 (BPS Bioscience, Catalog# 50052); HDAC3/NcoR2 (BPS Bioscience, Catalog# 50003); HDAC6 (BPS Bioscience, Catalog# 50006) were added. Enzyme and inhibitor were preincubated at 25 °C for 60 minutes (HDAC1-3) or 15 minutes (HDAC6). Afterwards, the fluorogenic substrate ZMAL (Z-Lys(Ac)-AMC\(^{[13]}\); 10 µL; 75 µM in assay buffer) was added. The total assay volume (50 µL, max. 1% DMSO) was incubated at 37 °C for 90 min. Subsequently, 50 µL trypsin solution (0.4 mg/mL trypsin in buffer: 50 mM Tris–HCl, pH 8.0, 100 mM NaCl) was added, followed by additional 30 minutes of incubation at 37 °C. Fluorescence (excitation: 355 nm, emission: 460 nm) was measured using an Ascent Fluoroskan microplate reader (Thermo Scientific). Compounds were tested at least twice in duplicates; the 50% inhibitory concentration (IC\(_{50}\)) was determined by plotting normalized dose response curves using nonlinear regression (Prism 9 for MacOS).

**IC\(_{50}\)-shift experiments at HDAC1-3.** For IC\(_{50}\)-shift experiments we used the preincubation assay for HDAC1-3 as stated above and varied the preincubation period as follows: HDAC1-3
enzymes and the respective inhibitor dilutions were preincubated at 20 °C for 5 to 120 minutes. Afterwards, the assay protocol was continued as stated above. Compounds were tested in triplicates and the assay was rerun if necessary. The respective IC<sub>50</sub> values and P95 confidence intervals were determined using Prism 9 for MacOS.

**Determination of binding kinetics via the Progression Method.**<sup>[14]</sup> HDAC1 and HDAC3 deacetylase activities were evaluated at varying inhibitor concentrations. Appropriate inhibitor concentrations were chosen based on the previously determined IC<sub>50</sub> values. To ensure substrate excess during the experiment, the substrate concentration was set to five times <i>K</i><sub>m</sub>. <i>K</i><sub>m</sub> was determined using a series of substrate concentrations. The respective steady-state velocities were plotted against the corresponding substrate concentrations [<i>S</i>] and fitted to the MICHALIS-MENTEN equation (<i>K</i><sub>m</sub> HDAC1 = 10.03 µM; <i>K</i><sub>m</sub> HDAC3 = 8.49 µM). For the progression curves, the respective enzyme was incubated with the fluorogenic substrate and inhibitor in assay buffer (90 µL; 50 mM Tris–HCl, pH 8.0, 137 mM NaCl, 2.7 mM KCl, 1.0 mM MgCl₂•6 H₂O, 0.1 mg/mL BSA) and 10 µL trypsin solution (50 ng/µL; buffer: 50 mM Tris–HCl, pH 8.0, 100 mM NaCl). The total assay volume (100 µL) contained the following final concentrations: HDAC1 (Lot #: 200109; 220 pg/µL), HDAC3 (Lot #: 190327; 260 pg/µL), Z-Lys(Ac)-AMC<sup>[13]</sup> (50.0 µM for HDAC1, 42.5 µM for HDAC3) and trypsin (5 ng/µL<sup>[15]</sup> for HDAC1&3). *In situ* AMC release was monitored continuously by fluorescence readings (excitation: 355 nm, emission: 460 nm; Ascent Fluoroskan microplate reader, Thermo Scientific) recorded every 0.5 min for 60 or 90 minutes at 37°C. The relationship between AMC concentration and relative fluorescence units (RFU) was determined and the measured RFU were transformed into the respective AMC concentration in µM. Within the steady-state timeframe (HDAC1: 25 – 90 min; HDAC3: 15 – 60 min) the data of each progression curve were fit to either obtain the apparent first-order rate
constant $k_{\text{obs}}$ (Eq. 1) or the linear conversion rates $v_1$ and $v_0$, respectively (Eq. 2). For fast-on / fast-off inhibitors the ratio $v_1/v_0$ was plotted against the corresponding inhibitor concentrations. The resulting curves were fit to Eq. 3 to determine the $K_i$ values. The apparent first-order rate constants $k_{\text{obs}}$ derived from the respective progression curves of slow-binding inhibitors were replotted against the corresponding inhibitor concentrations [I] and the curves were either fit to Eq. 4 or Eq. 6. Compounds were tested in triplicates and the assay was rerun if necessary. Data were fitted to the relevant equations using Prism 9 for MacOS.

**100-fold Jump-Dilution experiments.** In assay buffer (50 mM Tris–HCl, pH 8.0, 137 mM NaCl, 2.7 mM KCl, 1.0 mM MgCl$_2$·6 H$_2$O, 0.1 mg/mL BSA) HDAC1 (22 ng/µL) or HDAC3 (26 ng/µL) were incubated with an inhibitor-concentrate (at least 10fold IC$_{50}$) or blank (DMSO 1%) for 1 hour at room temperature. Afterwards, this “incubation-mix” was diluted 100fold either in the presence of the respective inhibitors at their original concentrations or solely with assay buffer. Substrate and trypsin (10 µL; 50 ng/µL; buffer: 50 mM Tris–HCl, pH 8.0, 100 mM NaCl) were added to all samples. The total assay volume (100 µL) contained the following final concentrations: HDAC1 (Lot #: 200109; 220 pg/µL), HDAC3 (Lot #: 190327; 260 pg/µL), Z-Lys(Ac)-AMC$^{[13]}$ (HDAC1: 50.0 µM; HDAC3: 42.5 µM) and trypsin (5 ng/µL$^{[15]}$ for HDAC1&3). The time-dependent in situ AMC release was monitored continuously by fluorescence readings (excitation: 355 nm, emission: 460 nm; TECAN Infinite® 200 PRO M Nano$^+$ microplate reader) recorded every 0.5 min for 60 or 90 minutes at 37°C.

**Physicochemical Properties**

$\text{LogD}_7.4$. $\text{LogD}_7.4$ was determined using the OECD slow-stirring method.$^{[16,17]}$ In short, a glass vial (20x40 mm) was equipped with a magnetic stirring bar (10 mm; PTFE covered, cylindrical),
a sample of the respective test substance (0.1 – 1.0 mg), 2.0 mL 1-octanol-saturated PBS buffer (pH = 7.4; 137 mM NaCl, 2.7 mM KCl, 10 mM Na₂HPO₄, 1.8 mM KH₂PO₄) and 2.0 mL PBS-saturated 1-octanol. The vial was firmly sealed, placed on a magnetic stirrer and the biphasic system was left stirring (1000 rpm) at 25 °C for 48 h. 4 h into the experiment all vials were checked for residual suspended solid test substance. Vials with residual solid particles were excluded from the experiment. After 48 h the stirring was stopped, and the phases were separated. The concentration of the test substance in the respective 1-octanol and PBS buffer phase was quantified by comparison with a six-point calibration curve using HPLC/UV detection. As detection wavelength a local maximum between 230 nm and 350 nm was selected individually for each test substance. LogD₇.₄ values were determined by performing three slow-stirring experiments (three independent experimental units). HPLC quantification of each 1-octanol or PBS buffer phase was carried out in duplicates.

**Solubility.** The solubility of test substances in PBS buffer (pH = 7.4; 137 mM NaCl, 2.7 mM KCl, 10 mM Na₂HPO₄, 1.8 mM KH₂PO₄) was determined using the OECD flask method. In short, in a glass vial (20x40 mm) was equipped with a magnetic stirring bar (10 mm; PTFE covered, cylindrical), a pulverized sample of the respective test substance (1.5 – 5.0 mg) and 3.0 mL PBS buffer was added. The vial was firmly sealed, placed on a magnetic stirrer and the system was left stirring (1000 rpm) at 25 °C for 72 h. All vials were checked periodically for residual suspended solid test substance. Vials without residual solid particles were excluded from the experiment. After 72 h the stirring was stopped, and the remaining particles were filtered off using a syringe filter (PTFE membrane, pore size: 0.45 µm). The concentration of the test substance in the PBS buffer phase was quantified by comparison with a six-point calibration curve using HPLC/UV detection. The detection wavelength was selected individually for each test substance.
Substance (local maximum between 230 nm and 350 nm). Solubility was determined by performing two independent experiments. HPLC quantification of each PBS buffer phase was carried out in duplicate.

**Docking**

**Docking studies of 6d** (LSH-A33), **10c** (LSH-A54) and **VK-1** to human HDAC1 with RosettaLigand. The crystal structure of human HDAC1 (PDB: 5ICN)\(^2\) was obtained from the Protein Data Bank (PDB, www.rcsb.org). Chain A, corresponding to the metastasis-associated protein MTA1, chain C, corresponding to a histone 4 based peptide inhibitor, and inositol-6-phosphate were deleted. All heteroatom records were removed, except for the metal ions (one zinc atom and two potassium atoms). The structure was optimized to the closest local energy minimum using RosettaRelax with coordinate constraints on the backbone and metal ion restraints.\(^{19}\) Ligand input files for **6d** (LSH-A33), **10c** (LSH-A54) and **VK-1** were created with ChemDraw. An initial 3D conformer with hydrogen atoms was constructed in Chem3D and energetically minimized using the MM2 force field, followed by the production of an ensemble of 1000 low-energy conformers with BCL:ConformerGenerator.\(^{20}\) One conformer was placed in the binding pocket of HDAC1. A constraint file was constructed using the known distance of the zinc binding of ortho-aminoanilides.\(^{1}\) Ligand docking was performed with RosettaLigand for an initial 5000 models. All models with a negative interface score were subsequently submitted to another round of focused refinement using RosettaLigand. For **VK-1** and **6d** (LSH-A33) the best scoring models were identified by their predicted binding energy.\(^{21–23}\) The model for **10c** (LSH-A54) was chosen by the highest binding mode conformity to the predicted **VK-1** and **6d** (LSH-A33) binding modes.
Rosetta version 3.12 was used. The following commands were executed throughout the modeling process:

- Relax input starting structures:

  rosetta/source/bin/relax.linuxgccrelease -s 5ICN_prepared.pdb rosetta/source/database/
  -constrain_relax_to_start_coords -in:auto_setup_metals -nstruct 25 -out:prefix relaxed_
  -ignore_unrecognized_res -overwrite -ignore_waters False

- Options for RosettaLigand:

  -in:file:extra_res_fa ligand.params
  -packing
    -ex1
    -ex2
    -no_optH false
    -flip_HNQ true
    -ignore_ligand_chi true
  -parser
    -protocol dock.xml
  -mistakes
    -restore_pre_talaris_2013_behavior true
  -constraints:cst_file constraint_5ICN_aminoanilid.cst
  -out:path:all ../output/

- RosettaScripts protocol for executing RosettaLigand:

```xml
<ROSETTASCRIPTS>
  <SCOREFXNS>
    <ScoreFunction name="ligand_soft_rep" weights="ligand_soft_rep"> </ScoreFunction>
    <ScoreFunction name="hard_rep" weights="ligand"> </ScoreFunction>
  </SCOREFXNS>

  <LIGAND.Areas>
    <Ligand.Area name="inhibitor_dock_sc" chain="X" cutoff="6.0" add_nbr_radius="true"
    all_atom_mode="false"/>
    <Ligand.Area name="inhibitor_final_sc" chain="X" cutoff="6.0" add_nbr_radius="true"
    all_atom_mode="false"/>
    <Ligand.Area name="inhibitor_final_bb" chain="X" cutoff="7.0" add_nbr_radius="false"
    all_atom_mode="true" Calpha_restraints="0.3"/>
  </LIGAND.Areas>

  <INTERFACE_BUILDERS>
    <InterfaceBuilder name="side_chain_for_docking" ligand_areas="inhibitor_dock_sc"/>
    <InterfaceBuilder name="side_chain_for_final" ligand_areas="inhibitor_final_sc"/>
</ROSETTASCRIPTS>
```
<InterfaceBuilder name="backbone" ligand_areas="inhibitor_final_bb" extension_window="3"/>
</INTERFACE_BUILDERS>

<MovingMapBuilders>
  <MoveMapBuilder name="docking" sc_interface="side_chain_for_docking" minimize_water="false"/>
  <MoveMapBuilder name="final" sc_interface="side_chain_for_final" bb_interface="backbone" minimize_water="false"/>
</MovingMapBuilders>

<ScoringGrids ligand_chain="X" width="15">
  <ClassicGrid grid_name="classic" weight="1.0"/>
</ScoringGrids>

<Movers>
  <StartFrom name="startFrom" chain="X">
    <Coordinates x="22.45" y="-18.57" z="1.00"/>
  </StartFrom>
  <ConstraintSetMover name="constraint" add_constraints="true" cst_file="/constraint_5ICN_aminoanilid.cst"/>
  <Transform name="transform" chain="X" box_size="7.0" move_distance="0.2" angle="20" cycles="500" repeats="1" temperature="5"/>
  <HighResDocker name="high_res_docker" cycles="6" repack_every_Nth="3" scorefn="ligand_soft_rep" movemap_builder="docking"/>
  <FinalMinimizer name="final" scorefn="hard_rep" movemap_builder="final"/>
  <ClearConstraintsMover name="clearconstraints"/>
  <InterfaceScoreCalculator name="add_scores" chains="X" scorefn="hard_rep"/>
</Movers>

<Protocols>
  <Add mover_name="startFrom"/>
  <Add mover_name="constraint"/>
  <Add mover_name="transform"/>
  <Add mover_name="high_res_docker"/>
  <Add mover_name="final"/>
  <Add mover_name="clearconstraints"/>
  <Add mover_name="add_scores"/>
</Protocols>
</RosettaScript>

- Executing RosettaLigand:

```
cat ./listof_pdbs_5ICN | parallel -j 10 bash run_dock_parallel.sh
```

- run_dock_parallel.sh file:

```
PDB=$1

rosetta/source/bin/rosetta_scripts.linuxgccrelease -s $PDB -database rosetta/database -ignore_waters False -in:auto_setup_metals @option.txt -nstruct 200
```
Biological Evaluation

Cell culture. For western blot and migration assay, MCF-7 human breast cancer cells were cultivated in DMEM (high glucose) medium (Sigma Aldrich, St. Louis, MO, USA) and supplemented with 10% FCS, 1% L-glutamine, 100 U/mL penicillin and 100 μg/mL streptomycin (all reagents were acquired from Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc.; Waltham, MA, USA). Cells were incubated at 37 °C in a humidified atmosphere containing 5% (v/v) CO₂. For subcultivation, cells were detached at a confluency of about 90% with EDTA solution (0.2 g/L EDTA × 4 Na, Sigma Aldrich) for 5 min at 37 °C. Test for absence of mycoplasmas were performed routinely using MycoSPY® PCR detection kit (Biontex, Munich, Germany). Cell identity was evaluated using STR profile analysis. For the WST-8 cell viability assay and the clonogenic survival assay, MCF-7, BT-474, and T47D cells were obtained by ATTC (Manassas, VA, USA). All cells were cultivated at in a humidified incubator (37°C, 5% CO₂). Cells were grown in RPMI-1640 medium (“normal culture medium”; Thermo-Fisher, Waltham, MA, USA) supplemented with 20% (v/v) heat-inactivated fetal bovine serum (FBS), 1 mM sodium pyruvate, and 2 mM L-glutamine. Cells were monitored for mycoplasma contamination using the Venor GeM PCR kit (Minerva Biolabs, Berlin, Germany).

WST-8 cell viability assay. For the evaluation of HDACi effects on tumor cell viability, breast cancer cell lines (MCF-7, BT-474, or T47D, respectively) were seeded in a 96-well plate (Greiner 96-well, F-Bottom) in 100 μl “normal culture medium” in a density of 1000 cells per well, sparing the external wells, which were filled with culture medium without cells. After 24 h cells were treated with the respective inhibitor (concentration range: 0.001 – 16 μM) for 120 h. Cellular viability was determined using WST-8 (water soluble tetrazolium) reagent, according to manufacturer’s protocol (PromoCell, Colorimetric Cell Viability Kit I). In brief, 10 μL of WST-8
reagent was added to the cells, incubated for 60 min and absorbance was measured at 450 nm against a reference wavelength of 620 nm. For each condition three independent experiments were performed.

**Clonogenic survival assay.** In addition to the WST-8 assay, effects of HDACi on cell survival were monitored using the clonogenic assay. In brief, $5 \times 10^5$ cells growing in 25 cm$^2$ cell culture flasks were treated with the respective agent, i.e., vehicle (DMSO), HDACi (3.0 µM) or left untreated for 48 h. Afterwards, cells were trypsinized and counted using a hemocytometer. 750 cells per condition were re-seeded into a 6-well plate and incubated in normal culture medium (without any further treatment) for 5 days. Thereafter, the medium was aspirated. The colonies were gently washed with PBS, and then stained by use of 0.5 % (w/v) crystal violet in methanol. The colonies were incubated for 30 min with the staining solution, then gently washed with deionized H$_2$O and dried at room temperature. Colonies were counted manually under blinded conditions. For each treatment three independent experiments were performed. Plating efficiency:

\[
\text{Plating efficiency} = \frac{\text{number of colonies} \times 100}{\text{number of seeded cells}}.
\]

**Western blot.** Tumor cells were centrifuged (450 g, 4 min, 22°C) and lysed with cell extraction buffer (Thermo Fisher), supplemented with 0.1 mM PMSF, Halt™ Protease Inhibitor (Thermo Fisher) and Natriumorthovanadat (Thermo Fisher). Precast gels with a polymerization degree of 4 - 15% were used (Mini-PROTEAN® TGX™ Stain-Free™; Bio-Rad Laboratories GmbH, Munich, Germany). Proteins were transferred to Trans-Blot Turbo®-PVDF membrane (Bio-Rad). The membrane was blocked with skimmed milk powder in Tris-buffered saline-Tween 20 (with 0.2% Tween 20) for 60 min, followed by three washing cycles of 10 min using Tris-buffered saline-Tween 20. Afterwards, membranes were incubated with primary antibodies for αTubulin, ac.-αTubulin, Histon H3 and ac.-Histin H3 (Cell Signal, rabbit) for a total of 60 min at room
temperature and then incubated at 4°C overnight. Membranes were rinsed again three times before applying the secondary anti-rabbit IgG HRP-conjugated mAbs (Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Texas, USA) for 90 min. Primary antibodies were diluted 1:500 and the secondary antibody was diluted 1:20,000. After rinsing of the secondary antibody, membranes were detected using Clarity™ ECL Western Blotting Substrate (Bio-Rad). For quantitative determination, the StainFree™ technique was employed (Bio-Rad), as well as normalization, against the housekeeping protein GAPDH, which allows the imaging of whole lysates in SDS-PAGE before blotting and normalization against the total protein. Pixel density analysis was performed with the IMAGE LAB software (Bio-Rad).

**Migration assay.** 3D printed (size: 0.5 mm gap) culture-inserts (custom made) were used for pre-cast wound area before $5 \times 10^5$ MCF-7 cells were seeded on uncoated 24-well plates (Starlab GmbH, Hamburg, Germany), in total. After preincubation with DMSO (1%) or HDACi (10µM) for 24 h medium was removed, wells were washed once with PBS and fresh FCS-free medium with same inhibitor added. Wound healing was observed for 97 h with 10-fold magnification using a Axiovert 200 microscope (Carl-Zeiss, Jena, Germany). Migration speed was quantified as reduced scratch wound over time.

**PAINS Analysis.** All compounds were reviewed for pan-assay interference (PAINS) using [http://zinc15.docking.org/patterns/home/](http://zinc15.docking.org/patterns/home/). No compound was flagged as PAINS.
Determination of Lipophilicity and Solubility (Example)

General information concerning the HPLC measurement:

2 Vorinostat logD_{7.4} / solubility

**MN Nucleodur 100-5 C18 ec**

| Sample Name          | Vorinostat 0.xx mg/ml | Injection Volume: | 10,0 – 100,0 |
|----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------|
| Vial Number          | GA1                   | Channel:          | UV_VIS_3     |
| Sample Type          | unknown               | Wavelength:       | 240.0        |
| Control Program      | Linda_LogP_1,5ml_5-95_19min | Bandwidth: | 2            |
| Quantif. Method      | Auswertung            | Dilution Factor:  | 1,0000       |
| Recording Time       | 07.03.19              | Sample Weight:    | 1,0000       |
| Run Time (min)       | 19,00                 | Sample Amount:    | 1,0000       |

1) Calibration of standard curve of **vorinostat**

- **0.18 mg/mL (injection volume: 10µL)**
- **0.15 mg/mL (injection volume: 10µL)**
- **0.10 mg/mL (injection volume: 10µL)**
- **0.05 mg/mL (injection volume: 10µL)**
0.02 mg/mL (injection volume: 10µL)

2) Determination of solubility of vorinostat

### Solubility Experiment I (1)

| No. | Ret.Time min | Peak Name | Height mAU | Area mAU*min | Rel.Area % | Amount | Type |
|-----|--------------|-----------|------------|--------------|------------|--------|------|
| 1   | 8.54         | n.a.      | 682,247    | 37,299       | 100.00     | n.a.   | BMB* |
| Total |              |           | 682,247    | 37,299       | 100.00     | 0.000  |      |

### Solubility Experiment I (2)

| No. | Ret.Time min | Peak Name | Height mAU | Area mAU*min | Rel.Area % | Amount | Type |
|-----|--------------|-----------|------------|--------------|------------|--------|------|
| 1   | 8.54         | n.a.      | 681,020    | 37,301       | 100.00     | n.a.   | BMB* |
| Total |              |           | 681,020    | 37,301       | 100.00     | 0.000  |      |

### Solubility Experiment II (1)

| No. | Ret.Time min | Peak Name | Height mAU | Area mAU*min | Rel.Area % | Amount | Type |
|-----|--------------|-----------|------------|--------------|------------|--------|------|
| 1   | 8.54         | n.a.      | 699,536    | 38,410       | 100.00     | n.a.   | BMB* |
| Total |              |           | 699,536    | 38,410       | 100.00     | 0.000  |      |

### Solubility Experiment II (2)

| No. | Ret.Time min | Peak Name | Height mAU | Area mAU*min | Rel.Area % | Amount | Type |
|-----|--------------|-----------|------------|--------------|------------|--------|------|
| 1   | 8.54         | n.a.      | 701,908    | 38,416       | 100.00     | n.a.   | BMB* |
| Total |              |           | 701,908    | 38,416       | 100.00     | 0.000  |      |
2) Determination of vorinostat logD$_{7.4}$

### Aqueous Phase I (1)

| No. | Ret.Time (min) | Peak Name | Height (mAU) | Area (mAU*min) | Rel.Area (%) | Amount (mAU) | Type |
|-----|---------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|------|
| 1   | 8.54          | n.a.      | n.a.         | 791.021        | 43.318       | 100.00       | n.a. |
| Total|               |            |              | 791.021        | 43.318       | 100.00       | n.a. |

### Aqueous Phase I (2)

| No. | Ret.Time (min) | Peak Name | Height (mAU) | Area (mAU*min) | Rel.Area (%) | Amount (mAU) | Type |
|-----|---------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|------|
| 1   | 8.54          | n.a.      | n.a.         | 791.202        | 43.315       | 100.00       | n.a. |
| Total|               |            |              | 791.202        | 43.315       | 100.00       | n.a. |

### Aqueous Phase II (1)

| No. | Ret.Time (min) | Peak Name | Height (mAU) | Area (mAU*min) | Rel.Area (%) | Amount (mAU) | Type |
|-----|---------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|------|
| 1   | 8.54          | n.a.      | n.a.         | 391.227        | 21.685       | 100.00       | n.a. |
| Total|               |            |              | 391.227        | 21.685       | 100.00       | n.a. |

### Aqueous Phase II (2)

| No. | Ret.Time (min) | Peak Name | Height (mAU) | Area (mAU*min) | Rel.Area (%) | Amount (mAU) | Type |
|-----|---------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|------|
| 1   | 8.54          | n.a.      | n.a.         | 391.208        | 21.702       | 100.00       | n.a. |
| Total|               |            |              | 391.208        | 21.702       | 100.00       | n.a. |

### Aqueous Phase III (1)

| No. | Ret.Time (min) | Peak Name | Height (mAU) | Area (mAU*min) | Rel.Area (%) | Amount (mAU) | Type |
|-----|---------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|------|
| 1   | 8.54          | n.a.      | n.a.         | 570.888        | 31.241       | 100.00       | n.a. |
| Total|               |            |              | 570.888        | 31.241       | 100.00       | n.a. |

### Aqueous Phase III (2)

| No. | Ret.Time (min) | Peak Name | Height (mAU) | Area (mAU*min) | Rel.Area (%) | Amount (mAU) | Type |
|-----|---------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|------|
| 1   | 8.54          | n.a.      | n.a.         | 568.182        | 31.236       | 100.00       | n.a. |
| No. | Ret.Time | Peak Name | Height | Area | Rel.Area | Amount | Type |
|-----|----------|-----------|--------|------|----------|--------|------|
| 1   | 8.54     | n.a.      | 168.602| 9.815| 100.00   | n.a.   | BMB* |
| Total|          |           | 168.602| 9.815| 100.00   | n.a.   | 0.000|

| No. | Ret.Time | Peak Name | Height | Area | Rel.Area | Amount | Type |
|-----|----------|-----------|--------|------|----------|--------|------|
| 1   | 8.54     | n.a.      | 167.240| 9.854| 100.00   | n.a.   | BMB* |
| Total|          |           | 167.240| 9.854| 100.00   | n.a.   | 0.000|

| No. | Ret.Time | Peak Name | Height | Area | Rel.Area | Amount | Type |
|-----|----------|-----------|--------|------|----------|--------|------|
| 1   | 8.54     | n.a.      | 78.620 | 4.652| 100.00   | n.a.   | BMB* |
| Total|          |           | 78.620 | 4.652| 100.00   | n.a.   | 0.000|

| No. | Ret.Time | Peak Name | Height | Area | Rel.Area | Amount | Type |
|-----|----------|-----------|--------|------|----------|--------|------|
| 1   | 8.54     | n.a.      | 166.602| 9.815| 100.00   | n.a.   | BMB* |
| Total|          |           | 166.602| 9.815| 100.00   | n.a.   | 0.000|

| No. | Ret.Time | Peak Name | Height | Area | Rel.Area | Amount | Type |
|-----|----------|-----------|--------|------|----------|--------|------|
| 1   | 8.54     | n.a.      | 118.564| 6.933| 100.00   | n.a.   | BMB* |
| Total|          |           | 118.564| 6.933| 100.00   | n.a.   | 0.000|
3) Calculation of solubility & logD$_{7.4}$ of vorinostat.

| Phase O = octanol; W = aqueous | Area [mAU*min] | Dilution Factor (1 = no dilution) | Injection Volume [µL] | Vorinostat [mg/mL] | Vorinostat Mean of Duplicate [mg/mL] |
|-------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|
| WP I                          | 43.3156        | 1                                | 50                    | 0.031604           | 0.031604                             |
| WP I                          | 43.3153        | 1                                | 50                    | 0.031604           | 0.031604                             |
| WP II                         | 21.6846        | 1                                | 50                    | 0.017171           | 0.017177                             |
| WP II                         | 21.7022        | 1                                | 50                    | 0.017183           |                                     |
| WP III                        | 31.2413        | 1                                | 50                    | 0.023548           | 0.023546                             |
| WP III                        | 31.2357        | 1                                | 50                    | 0.023544           |                                     |
| OP III                        | 6.9755         | 10                               | 10                    | 0.235420           | 0.234708                             |
| OP III                        | 6.9328         | 10                               | 10                    | 0.233996           |                                     |
| OP II                         | 4.6516         | 10                               | 10                    | 0.157890           | 0.157494                             |
| OP II                         | 4.6279         | 10                               | 10                    | 0.157099           |                                     |
| OP I                          | 9.6153         | 10                               | 10                    | 0.323490           | 0.324131                             |
| OP I                          | 9.6537         | 10                               | 10                    | 0.324771           |                                     |
| Solubility I                  | 37.2993        | 2                                | 10                    | 0.251580           | 0.251584                             |
| Solubility I                  | 37.3005        | 2                                | 10                    | 0.251588           |                                     |
| Solubility II                 | 38.4096        | 2                                | 10                    | 0.258988           | 0.259009                             |
| Solubility II                 | 38.4160        | 2                                | 10                    | 0.259031           |                                     |

LogD$_{7.4}$ (I) $= 1.010978$  
Solubility (I) $= 0.251584$

LogD$_{7.4}$ (II) $= 0.962323$  
Solubility (II) $= 0.259009$

LogD$_{7.4}$ (III) $= 0.998616$  
Solubility (III) $= 0.25530$

LogD$_{7.4}$ $= 0.99$  
SD $= 0.00371$
Synthetic NMR SPECTRA OF SYNTHESIZED COMPOUNDS BY NUMBER

Synthesis of fragment compounds 6a-i

\[ \text{H MNR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d)} \text{ of 2.} \]
$^{11}$B NMR (128 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 2.

$^1$H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 3a.
$^1$H NMR (300 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 3b.

$^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 3b.
$^{19}$F NMR (282 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 3b.

$^1$H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 3c.
$^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 3c.

$^{1}$H NMR (300 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 3d.
$^{13}$C NMR (75 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 3d.

$^1$H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 3e.
$^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 3e.

$^1$H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 3f.
$^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 3f.

$^1$H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 3g.
$^1$H NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) of 3g.

$^{19}$F NMR (377 MHz, Chloroform-d) of 3g.
$^1$H NMR (300 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 3h.

$^{13}$C NMR (75 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 3h.
$^{19}$F NMR (282 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 3h.

$^1$H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 3i.
$^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 3i.

$^{19}$F NMR (377 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 3i.
$^{1}$H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 4a.

$^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 4a.
$^1$H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 4b.

$^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 4b.
\[ ^{19}F\text{ NMR (377 MHz, Chloroform-}d\text{)}\text{ of 4b.} \]

\[ ^{1}H\text{ NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-}d\text{)}\text{ of 4c.} \]
$\text{C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 4c.}$

$\text{H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 4d.}$
$^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 4d.

$^1$H NMR (300 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 4e.
$\text{C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 4e.}$

$\text{H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 4f.}$
$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 4f.

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 4g.
$^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 4g.

$^{19}$F NMR (377 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 4g.
$^1$H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 4h.

$^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 4h.
$^{19}$F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 4h.

$^1$H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 4i.
$^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 4i.

$^{19}$F NMR (377 MHz, Chloroform-$d$) of 4i.
$^1$H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 5a.

$^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 5a.
$^{1}$H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 5b.

$^{13}$C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 5b.
$^{19}$F NMR (377 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 5b.

$^1$H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 5c.
$^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 5c.

$^1$H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 5d.
$^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) 5d.

$^1$H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 5e.
$^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) 5e.

$^1$H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 5f.
$^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) 5f.

$^1$H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 5g.
$^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 5g.

$^{19}$F NMR (377 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 5g.
$^1$H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 5h.

$^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) 5h.
$^{19}$F NMR (377 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of $5h$. 

$^{1}$H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of $5i$. 

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$^{13}$C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 5i.

$^{19}$F NMR (282 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 5i.
$^{1}H$ NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-$d_{6}$) of 6a.

$^{13}C$ NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-$d_{6}$) of 6a.
$^1$H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 6b.

$^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 6b.
$^{19}$F NMR (376 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 6b.

$^1$H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 6c.
$^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 6c.

$^1$H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 6d.
$^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 6d.

$^1$H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 6e.
$^{13}$C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 6e.

$^1$H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 6f.
$^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 6f.

$^1$H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 6g.
$^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 6g.

$^{19}$F NMR (377 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 6g.
$^1$H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 6h.

$^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 6h.
$^{19}$F NMR (377 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 6h.

$^1$H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 6i.
$^{13}$C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 6i.

$^{19}$F NMR (282 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) 6i.
Synthesis of full-sized inhibitors 10a-c

1H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) of 8a.

13C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d6) of 8a.
$^1$H, $^{13}$C HSQC (75 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 8a.

$^1$H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 8b.
$^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 8b.

$^1$H, $^{13}$C HSQC (101 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 8b.
$^{1}H$ NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 8c.

$^{13}C$ NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 8c.
$^1$H, $^{13}$C HSQC (101 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 8c.
$^1$H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 9a.

$^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 9a.
$^1$H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 9b.

$^{13}$C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$) of 9b.
\(^1\text{H NMR}\) (400 MHz, DMSO-\(d_6\)) of 9c.

\(^{13}\text{C NMR}\) (101 MHz, DMSO-\(d_6\)) of 9c.
$^1$H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$ + TFA (1.0 equiv.)) of 10a.

$^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$ + TFA (1.0 equiv.)) of 10a.
$^1$H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$ + TFA (1.0 equiv.)) of 10b.

$^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-$d_6$ + TFA (1.0 equiv.)) of 10b.
$^1$H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-$_d$$_6$ + TFA (1.0 equiv.)) of 10c.

$^{13}$C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-$_d$$_6$ + TFA (1.0 equiv.)) of 10c.
HPLC CHROMATOGRAMS OF TARGET COMPOUNDS

HPLC chromatogram of 6a. *(Thermo Fisher Scientific UltiMate™ 3000).*

| No. | Ret.Time min | Peak Name | Height mAU | Area mAU*min | Rel.Area % | Amount | Type |
|-----|--------------|-----------|------------|--------------|------------|--------|------|
| 1   | 10.36        | n.a.      | 5.942      | 0.496        | 0.14       | n.a.   | MB*  |
| 2   | 11.77        | n.a.      | 15.996     | 0.978        | 0.27       | n.a.   | BM*  |
| 3   | 11.93        | n.a.      | ############ | 360.758     | 99.38      | n.a.   | M*   |
| 4   | 12.05        | n.a.      | 13.347     | 0.765        | 0.21       | n.a.   | MB*  |
| **Total:** |              |           | ############ | 362.997     | 100.00     | 0.000  |      |

HPLC chromatogram of 6b. *(Thermo Fisher Scientific UltiMate™ 3000).*

| No. | Ret.Time min | Peak Name | Height mAU | Area mAU*min | Rel.Area % | Amount | Type |
|-----|--------------|-----------|------------|--------------|------------|--------|------|
| 1   | 11.83        | n.a.      | 31.204     | 1.975        | 0.46       | n.a.   | BM*  |
| 2   | 11.93        | n.a.      | 16.330     | 1.065        | 0.25       | n.a.   | M*   |
| 3   | 12.11        | n.a.      | ############ | 419.956     | 98.53      | n.a.   | M*   |
| 4   | 12.21        | n.a.      | 11.567     | 0.424        | 0.10       | n.a.   | MB*  |
| 5   | 12.72        | n.a.      | 14.623     | 1.184        | 0.28       | n.a.   | BM*  |
| 6   | 12.81        | n.a.      | 12.802     | 1.019        | 0.24       | n.a.   | MB*  |
| 7   | 15.66        | n.a.      | 7.928      | 0.594        | 0.14       | n.a.   | BMB* |
| **Total:** |              |           | ############ | 426.216     | 100.00     | 0.000  |      |
HPLC chromatogram of **6c**. *(Thermo Fisher Scientific UltiMate™ 3000).*

| No. | Ret. Time (min) | Peak Name | Height (mAU) | Area (mAU*min) | Rel. Area (%) | Amount | Type |
|-----|----------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|---------------|--------|------|
| 1   | 10.65          | n.a.      | 1,214        | 0.081          | 0.25          | n.a.   | BMB  |
| 2   | 11.71          | n.a.      | 2,363        | 0.197          | 0.61          | n.a.   | BMB  |
| 3   | 12.00          | n.a.      | 426,477      | 31,563         | 97.12         | n.a.   | BM   |
| 4   | 12.30          | n.a.      | 1,305        | 0.106          | 0.33          | n.a.   | MB   |
| 5   | 12.74          | n.a.      | 0,782        | 0.079          | 0.24          | n.a.   | BMB  |
| 6   | 13.34          | n.a.      | 1,662        | 0.199          | 0.61          | n.a.   | BM   |
| 7   | 14.09          | n.a.      | 2,093        | 0.211          | 0.65          | n.a.   | BMB  |
| 8   | 16.16          | n.a.      | 0,817        | 0.066          | 0.20          | n.a.   | BMB  |
|     | **Total:**     |           | **436,713**  | **32,500**     | **100.00**    | 0.000  |      |

HPLC chromatogram of **6d**. *(Thermo Fisher Scientific UltiMate™ 3000).*

| No. | Ret. Time (min) | Peak Name | Height (mAU) | Area (mAU*min) | Rel. Area (%) | Amount | Type |
|-----|----------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|---------------|--------|------|
| 1   | 10.39          | n.a.      | 105,704      | 5,699          | 1.64          | n.a.   | BM  *|
| 2   | 10.51          | n.a.      | 332,688      | 95.60          | n.a.          | Mb*    |
| 3   | 10.85          | n.a.      | 30,107       | 2,723          | 0.78          | n.a.   | bMB |
| 4   | 11.00          | eb59      | 39,995       | 2,669          | 0.77          | n.a.   | BMB  |
| 5   | 11.32          | n.a.      | 59,093       | 4,218          | 1.21          | n.a.   | BMB* |
|     | **Total:**     |           | **347,998**  | **100.00**     | **0.000**     |        |      |
HPLC chromatogram of 6e. *(Thermo Fisher Scientific UltiMate™ 3000).*

| No. | Ret.Time (min) | Peak Name | Height (mAU) | Area (mAU*min) | Rel.Area (%) | Amount | Type |
|-----|---------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|--------------|--------|------|
| 1   | 9.91          | n.a.      | 15,339       | 2,096          | 0.47         | n.a.   | BMB* |
| 2   | 10.43         | n.a.      | #           | 436,027        | 97.70        | n.a.   | BMB* |
| 3   | 10.88         | n.a.      | 6,874        | 0.548          | 0.12         | n.a.   | BMB  |
| 4   | 11.26         | n.a.      | 25,179       | 1,583          | 0.35         | n.a.   | BMB  |
| 5   | 11.45         | n.a.      | 71,702       | 4,346          | 0.97         | n.a.   | BMB  |
| 6   | 11.91         | n.a.      | 25,318       | 1,679          | 0.38         | n.a.   | BMB  |
|     |               |           |              |                |              |        |      |
| Total: |           |   #       | 446,276      | 100.00         | 0.00         |        |      |

HPLC chromatogram of 6f. *(Thermo Fisher Scientific UltiMate™ 3000).*

| No. | Ret.Time (min) | Peak Name | Height (mAU) | Area (mAU*min) | Rel.Area (%) | Amount | Type |
|-----|---------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|--------------|--------|------|
| 1   | 10.43         | n.a.      | 1,289        | 0.091          | 0.26         | n.a.   | BMB* |
| 2   | 10.62         | n.a.      | 465,009      | 33,538         | 97.30        | n.a.   | BMB* |
| 3   | 11.55         | n.a.      | 1,464        | 0.129          | 0.37         | n.a.   | BMB* |
| 4   | 12.12         | n.a.      | 7,679        | 0.552          | 1.60         | n.a.   | BMB* |
| 5   | 14.95         | n.a.      | 0.820        | 0.059          | 0.17         | n.a.   | BMB  |
| 6   | 16.09         | n.a.      | 1,337        | 0.100          | 0.29         | n.a.   | BMB  |
|     |               |           |              |                |              |        |      |
| Total: |           |   #       | 477,599      | 34,470         | 100.00       | 0.00   |      |
HPLC chromatogram of 6g. (Thermo Fisher Scientific UltiMate™ 3000).

HPLC chromatogram of 6h. (Thermo Fisher Scientific UltiMate™ 3000).
HPLC chromatogram of 6i. *(Thermo Fisher Scientific UltiMate® 3000).*

| No. | Ret. Time (min) | Peak Name | Height (mAU) | Area (mAU*min) | Rel. Area (%) | Amount (% Type) |
|-----|----------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|
| 1   | 10.37          | n.a.      | 5,366        | 0.386          | 0.21          | n.a. BMB*       |
| 2   | 10.84          | n.a.      | 3,683        | 0.232          | 0.12          | n.a. BMB*       |
| 3   | 11.00          | eb59      | 4,867        | 0.303          | 0.16          | n.a. BMB        |
| 4   | 11.30          | n.a.      | 20,195       | 1,204          | 0.65          | n.a. BMB*       |
| 5   | 11.47          | n.a.      | 3,535        | 0.232          | 0.12          | n.a. BMB*       |
| 6   | 11.91          | n.a.      | #1#          | 181,550        | 97.74         | n.a. BM*        |
| 7   | 12.07          | n.a.      | #1#          | 24,752         | 1,837         | 0.99 n.a. MB*   |
| Total: |                  |           | #1#          | 185,744        | 100.00        | 0.000           |

HPLC chromatogram of 10a. *(Thermo Fisher Scientific UltiMate® 3000).*

| No. | Ret. Time (min) | Peak Name | Height (mAU) | Area (mAU*min) | Rel. Area (%) | Amount (Type)  |
|-----|----------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|
| 1   | 10.90          | n.a.      | 2,292        | 0.118          | 0.18          | n.a. BMB*      |
| 2   | 11.02          | n.a.      | 25,283       | 1,594          | 2.38          | n.a. BMB*      |
| 3   | 11.13          | n.a.      | 15,218       | 0.976          | 1.46          | n.a. BMB*      |
| 4   | 11.26          | n.a.      | 977,066      | 63,808         | 95.15         | n.a. BMB*      |
| 5   | 11.84          | n.a.      | 3,761        | 0.324          | 0.48          | n.a. BMB*      |
| 6   | 12.06          | n.a.      | 3,370        | 0.243          | 0.36          | n.a. BMB*      |
| Total: |                  |           | #1#          | 67,064         | 100.00        | 0.000          |
HPLC chromatogram of **10b**. *(Thermo Fisher Scientific UltiMate™ 3000).*

| No. | Ret.Time (min) | Peak Name | Height (mAU) | Area (mAU*min) | Rel.Area (%) | Amount | Type |
|-----|----------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|--------------|--------|------|
| 1   | 9.90           | n.a.      | 3.332        | 0.386          | 0.88         | n.a.   | BMB* |
| 2   | 10.93          | n.a.      | 0.760        | 0.051          | 0.12         | n.a.   | BMB  |
| 3   | 11.17          | n.a.      | 4.561        | 0.405          | 0.93         | n.a.   | BM*  |
| 4   | 11.30          | n.a.      | 621.934      | 41.872         | 95.92        | n.a.   | MB*  |
| 5   | 11.97          | n.a.      | 0.807        | 0.053          | 0.12         | n.a.   | BMB* |
| 6   | 12.19          | n.a.      | 5.264        | 0.496          | 1.14         | n.a.   | BMB  |
| 7   | 12.55          | n.a.      | 0.866        | 0.068          | 0.16         | n.a.   | MB*  |
| 8   | 12.73          | n.a.      | 0.493        | 0.055          | 0.13         | n.a.   | BMB  |
| 9   | 13.38          | n.a.      | 0.630        | 0.083          | 0.19         | n.a.   | BMB* |
| 10  | 15.63          | n.a.      | 1.216        | 0.099          | 0.23         | n.a.   | BMB* |
| 11  | 16.14          | n.a.      | 0.946        | 0.085          | 0.19         | n.a.   | BMB* |
| Total |              |           | 640.808      | 43.652         | 100.00       | 0.000  |

WVL: 250 nm
HPLC chromatogram of 10c. *(Thermo Fisher Scientific UltiMate™ 3000).*

| No. | Ret.Time (min) | Peak Name | Height (mAU) | Area (mAU*min) | Rel.Area (%) | Amount | Type |
|-----|----------------|------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|--------|------|
| 1   | 10,96          | n.a.       | 3,031        | 0,182          | 0,32         | n.a.   | BM * |
| 2   | 11,08          | n.a.       | 848,015      | 55,935         | 97,68        | n.a.   | MB*  |
| 3   | 11,76          | n.a.       | 8,716        | 0,691          | 1,21         | n.a.   | BMB   |
| 4   | 11,95          | n.a.       | 2,004        | 0,128          | 0,22         | n.a.   | BM * |
| 5   | 12,04          | n.a.       | 0,872        | 0,060          | 0,10         | n.a.   | MB*  |
| 6   | 15,63          | n.a.       | 1,666        | 0,131          | 0,23         | n.a.   | BMB   |
| 7   | 16,12          | n.a.       | 1,475        | 0,134          | 0,23         | n.a.   | BMB* |
| Total|                |            | 865,780      | 57,262         | 100,00       | 0,000  |

*WVL: 250 nm*
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