Supporting Information: Gas permeation of sulfur thin-films and potential as a barrier material

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Received: date; Accepted: date; Published: date

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S1. Contextualization of novelty statements for the major areas of novelty identified in this work

The following sections describe the search methodology used to contextualize the novelty of our proposed research and understand the surrounding science in the areas of sulfur-derived polymers (ESI Section S2.1) and sulfur-based barrier materials (ESI Section S2.2). In all cases, a selection of relevant references have been included in the main manuscript and full research notes can be obtained from the authors upon request.

S1.1 Contextualization of novelty statement for sulfur-derived polymers

| Key idea for contextualization: |
|-------------------------------|
| Scope of academic research on sulfur-derived polymeric materials. |
| Subject area(s): |
| Sulfur and polymer chemistry |
| Selected database(s) or search method and date of search: |
| Google scholar; 1 April 2019 |
| Initial keyword(s) / Search String(s) / Chemical Structure(s) |
| Sulfur polymers |
| Number of search results and refinement string(s): |
| About 1,810,000 |
| Final number of results to be analysed: |
| First 10 pages of results; 100 references |
| Explanation of how results were analysed: |
| Skim read the titles and looked at citation count to access the impact of the work. Read a small selection of papers seeking to identify prominent authors and key research in the field. |
| Summary of results (if not included in the publication): |
| Came across the key term of ‘inverse vulcanization.’ Further investigation of the area identified the paper “The use of elemental sulfur as an alternative feedstock for polymeric material” as a seminal work in the area.¹ |
| Were additional keywords / search methods identified: |
| Yes – see additional CON statement(s) |
| No – search concluded |
| Time spent: 1 hour |
Key idea for contextualization:
Scope of academic research on sulfur-derived polymeric materials.

Subject area(s):
Sulfur and polymer chemistry

Selected database(s) or search method and date of search:
Google scholar; 1 April 2019

Initial keyword(s) / Search String(s) / Chemical Structure(s)
The use of elemental sulfur as an alternative feedstock for polymeric materials

Number of search results and refinement string(s):
391

Final number of results to be analysed:
391

Explanation of how results were analysed:
The titles and first three lines of the abstracts as provided by google scholar were read. Papers of particular interest, especially review papers were selected and read in depth.

Summary of results (if not included in the publication):
A range of applications and review articles were identified, providing background reading for the project. No evidence of references associated with the study of gas permeation through these materials was identified. Several key reviews were selected for further study including:
“Recent Approaches for the Direct Use of Elemental Sulfur in the Synthesis and Processing of Advanced Materials”
“Sulfur and Its Role In Modern Materials Science”
“Green chemistry and polymers made from sulfur”
Citations of these papers were selected for examination.

Were additional keywords / search methods identified:
Yes – see additional CON statement(s)

No – search concluded

Time spent: 5 hours
**Key idea for contextualization:**
Scope of academic research on sulfur-derived polymeric materials.

**Subject area(s):**
Sulfur and polymer chemistry

**Selected database(s) or search method and date of search:**
Google scholar; 4-8 April 2019

**Initial keyword(s) / Search String(s) / Chemical Structure(s)**
“Recent Approaches for the Direct Use of Elemental Sulfur in the Synthesis and Processing of Advanced Materials”
“Sulfur and Its Role In Modern Materials Science”
“Green chemistry and polymers made from sulfur”

**Number of search results and refinement string(s):**
Respectively:
94 results
76 results
39 results

**Final number of results to be analysed:**
209

**Explanation of how results were analysed:**
The titles and first three lines of the abstracts as provided by google scholar were read. Papers of particular interest, especially review papers were selected and read in depth.

**Summary of results (if not included in the publication):**
A range of applications and review articles were identified, providing background reading for the project. No evidence of references associated with the study of gas permeation through these materials was identified.

Judged at this point a sufficient overview of the field had been obtained.

**Were additional keywords / search methods identified:**
Yes – see additional CON statement(s).

**No – search concluded**

**Time spent: 3 days**
### S1.2 Contextualization of novelty statement for barrier materials

| Key topic for contextualization: | Understanding of barrier materials, desirable features, and gas permeability of common materials |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Subject area(s):                | Barrier materials                                                                                |
| Selected database(s) or search method and date of search: | Google scholar; 1 May 2019                                                                    |
| Initial keyword(s) / Search String(s) / Chemical Structure(s) | permeance of barrier materials                                                                 |
| Number of search results and refinement string(s):       | About 13,900                                                                                   |
| Final number of results to be analysed: | Ca. 100                                                                                         |
| Explanation of how results were analysed:                 | The titles and abstracts were scanned, particularly for review articles.                         |
| Summary of results (if not included in the publication):  |                                                                                                |
| Key works identified:                                  | “Plastics Design Library : Permeability Properties of Plastics and Elastomers : A Guide to Packaging and Barrier Materials (2nd Edition)” Contained extensive information on barrier materials and standard test methods. Subsequent searches easily identified permeability data on common barrier materials under exposure for a range of common materials. Cellophane and PVDC were selected for comparison. |
| Were additional keywords / search methods identified:    | Yes – see additional CON statement(s)                                                          |
| No – search concluded                                      |                                                                                                 |
| Time spent: 8 hours                                        |                                                                                                 |
### S1.3 Contextualization of Novelty Statement for sulfur membrane materials

| Key Novelty Claim(s): | Sulfur membranes have not been characterized for gas permeability. |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Subject area(s):     | Membrane science                                                    |
| Selected database(s) or search method and date of search: | Scifinder; 29 May 2019 |
| Initial keyword(s) / Search String(s) / Chemical Structure(s) | Sulfur membrane |
| Number of search results and refinement string(s): | 30 |
| Final number of results to be analysed: | 30 |
| Explanation of how results were analysed: | The titles and abstracts were read. |
| Summary of results (if not included in the publication): | No relevant papers were identified. The closest was a paper on a Li2S containing composite used as a battery electrode. |
| Were additional keywords / search methods identified: | Yes – see additional CON statement(s) |
| No – search concluded | |
| Time spent: | 1 hour |
Key Novelty Claim(s):
Sulfur membranes have not been characterized for gas permeability.

Subject area(s):
Membrane science

Selected database(s) or search method and date of search:
Google scholar; last repeated 29 May 2019

Initial keyword(s) / Search String(s) / Chemical Structure(s)
sulfur-based membrane gas separation

Number of search results and refinement string(s):
About 4500

Final number of results to be analysed:
200

Explanation of how results were analysed:
The titles and abstracts were read of papers in the first 20 pages of results.

Summary of results (if not included in the publication):
One relevant paper was identified.
“Direct Utilization of Elemental Sulfur in the Synthesis of Microporous Polymers for Natural Gas Sweetening”

Were additional keywords / search methods identified:
Yes – see additional CON statement(s)

Time spent: 1 hour
| Key Novelty Claim(s):          |
|-------------------------------|
| Sulfur membranes have not been characterized for gas permeability. |

| Subject area(s):               |
|--------------------------------|
| Membrane science               |

| Selected database(s) or search method and date of search: |
|--------------------------------------------------------|
| Google scholar; last repeated 29 May 2019               |

| Initial keyword(s) / Search String(s) / Chemical Structure(s) |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| Elemental sulfur membrane gas separation                    |

| Number of search results and refinement string(s):         |
|------------------------------------------------------------|
| About 48300                                                 |

| Final number of results to be analysed:                     |
|------------------------------------------------------------|
| 200                                                         |

| Explanation of how results were analysed:                   |
|------------------------------------------------------------|
| The titles and abstracts were read of papers in the first 20 pages of results. |

| Summary of results (if not included in the publication):    |
|------------------------------------------------------------|
| One relevant paper was identified.                          |
| “Direct Utilization of Elemental Sulfur in the Synthesis of Microporous Polymers for Natural Gas Sweetening” |

| Were additional keywords / search methods identified:       |
|------------------------------------------------------------|
| Yes — see additional CON statement(s)                      |

| No – search concluded                                      |
|------------------------------------------------------------|

| Time spent:                                                |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 hour                                                    |
S2. Experimental Section

S2.1 Thermogravimetric analysis (TGA)

One TGA study was undertaken on sulfur powder (S₈) to check the phase transition under N₂ atmosphere over a period time of 5 h. To summarize, the TGA results show that S₈ didn’t show obvious mass loss until 200 °C, and the mass loss after 200 °C is due to sublimation. The temperature profile used was equilibrate to 50 °C, then ramped to 300 °C at 10 °C/min under N₂ environment.

![TGA data for sulfur powder (S₈)](image)

**Fig S1.** TGA data for sulfur powder (S₈) using the mass at 50 °C as the reference for the relative mass calculation.
S.2 Differential Thermal Analysis (DTA)

One DTA study was undertaken on sulfur powder (S₈) to check the phase transition under N₂ atmosphere over a period time of 5 h. To summarize, the DTA results show that S₈ experienced 3 phase transitions during the testing time. The phase transition was happened at 103.8 °C, 109.6 °C and 172.4 °C. The membrane was hence processed at temperatures above the third phase transition point, i.e., 175 °C, due to the fast mobility and lower viscosity of the melt observed at this temperature.

**Fig S2.** DTA data for sulfur powder (S₈) during the first cycle.
S2.3 PXRD data of elemental sulfur (control) and sulfur membranes

**Fig S3.** PXRD of aluminium sample holder.

**Fig S4.** PXRD of PES support.
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